



# First measurement of transverse-spin-dependent azimuthal asymmetries in the Drell-Yan process

UNIVERSITÀ  
DEGLI STUDI  
DI TORINO  
  
ALMA UNIVERSITAS  
TAURINENSIS



**BAKUR PARSAMYAN**

University of Turin and INFN section of Turin

on behalf of the COMPASS Collaboration

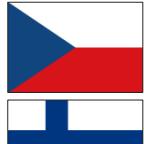


“25th International Workshop  
on Deep Inelastic Scattering  
and Related Topics”



University of Birmingham  
Birmingham, United Kingdom  
3-7 April 2017

# COMPASS collaboration



24 institutions from 13 countries – nearly 250 physicists



## Common Muon and Proton Apparatus for Structure and Spectroscopy

- CERN SPS north area
- Fixed target experiment
- Taking data since 2002

### Wide physics program

#### COMPASS-I

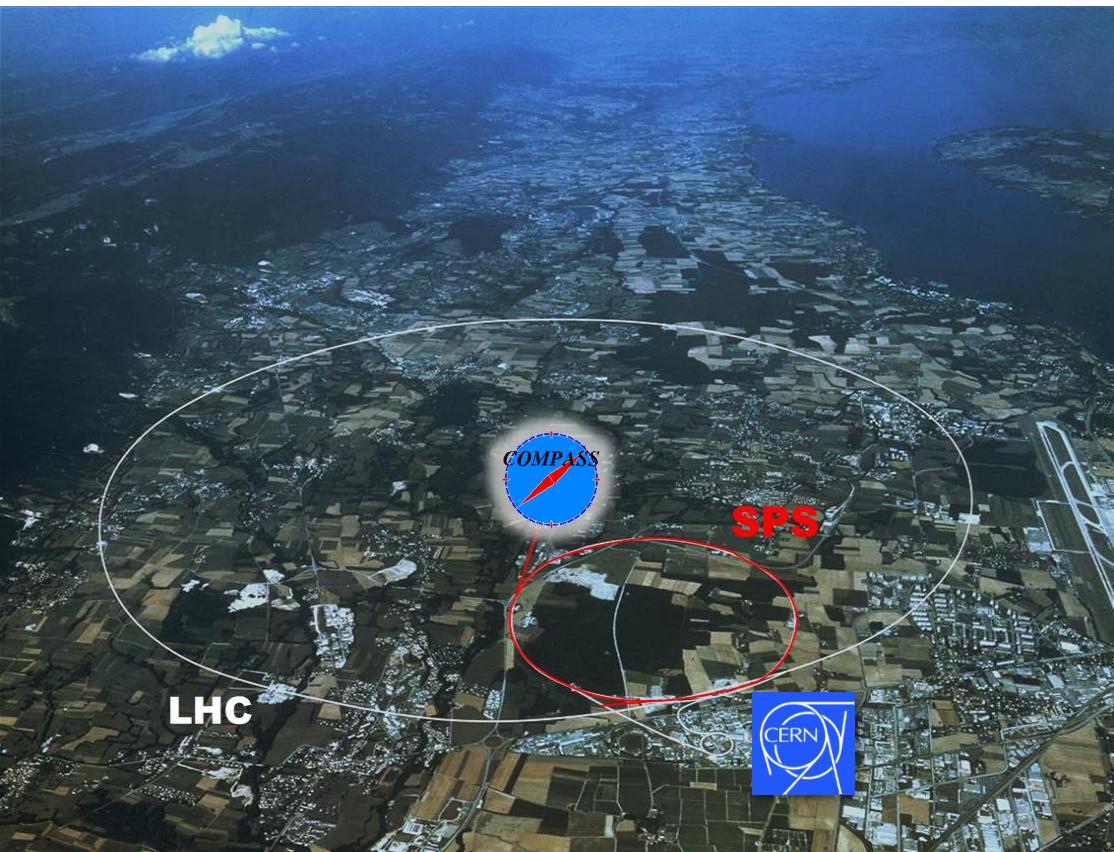
- Data taking 2002-2011
- Muon and hadron beams
- Nucleon spin structure
- Spectroscopy

See talks by B. Badelek, E. Kabuss,  
M. Stolarski, A. Szabelski and B.P.

#### COMPASS-II

- Data taking 2012-2018
- Primakoff
- DVCS (GPD+SIDIS)
- Polarized Drell-Yan

Talk by A. Ferrero and this talk



COMPASS web page: <http://wwwcompass.cern.ch>



# XIV International Workshop on Hadron Structure and Spectroscopy

Longitudinal and Transverse Spin Structure of the Nucleon

Fragmentation Functions

Search for Glueballs, Hybrid Mesons and Multiquark States

Meson Spectroscopy

TMDs, GPDs and GTMDs

New opportunities for physics beyond colliders

Cosmic rays and accelerator physics

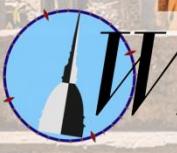
## Local Organizing Committee

Maxim Alexeev  
Antonio Amoroso  
Michela Chiosso  
Riccardo Longo  
Daniele Panzieri (Chair)  
Bakur Parsamyan

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# WHSS17

April 2-5, 2017  
Cortona, Italy



## International Advisory Committee

Mauro Anselmino (INFN/Univ.Torino, Italy)

Harut Avakian (JLAB, VA/USA)

Alessandro Bacchetta (INFN/Univ.Pavia, Italy)

Paula Bordalo (LIP Lisbon, Portugal)

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Adam Szczepaniak (Univ. Indiana, USA)

Andrzej Sandacz (NCBJ, Warsaw, Poland)

Oleg Teryaev (JINR, Dubna, Russia)

If we were now in Tuscany for IWHSS-2017 COMPASS workshop...



# Introduction: COMPASS setup, SIDIS and Drell-Yan



*A glass of Prosecco for the start*

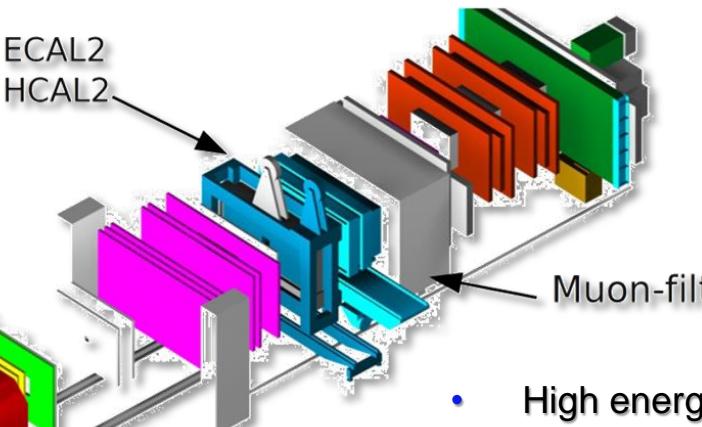
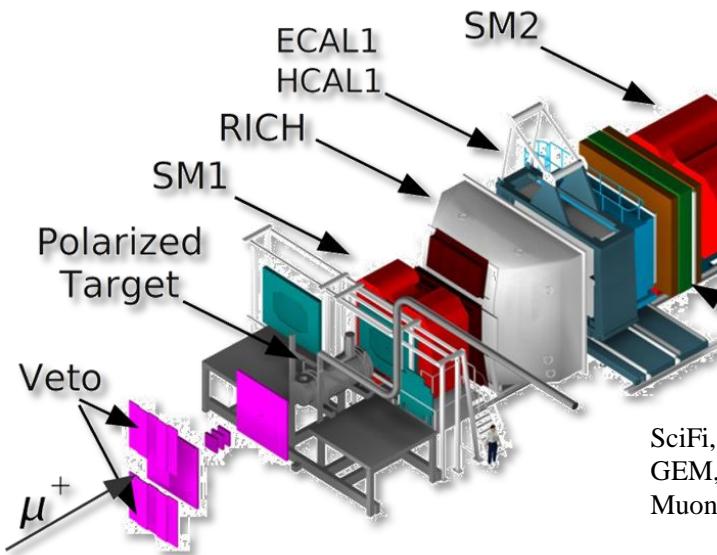
# COMPASS experimental setup: Phase I (muon program)

## COmmon Muon Proton Apparatus for Structure and Spectroscopy

CERN SPS North Area.

Two stages spectrometer LAS+SAS

- Large Angle Spectrometer (SM1 magnet)
- Small Angle Spectrometer (SM2 magnet)



- High energy beam
- Large angular acceptance
- Broad kinematical range
- Momentum, tracking and calorimetric measurements, PID

SciFi, Silicon, MicroMegas,  
GEM, MWPC, DC, Straw,  
Muon wall

Longitudinally polarized (80%)  $\mu^+$  beam:

Energy: 160/200 GeV/c, Intensity:  $2 \cdot 10^8 \mu^+$ /spill (4.8s).

Target: Solid state ( ${}^6\text{LiD}$  or  $\text{NH}_3$ )

- ${}^6\text{LiD}$  2-cell configuration. Polarization (L & T)  $\sim 50\%$ , f  $\sim 0.38$
- $\text{NH}_3$  3-cell configuration. Polarization (L & T)  $\sim 80\%$ , f  $\sim 0.14$

**Data-taking years: 2002-2011**

$Q^2$

(GeV $^2$ )

**COMPASS  
HERMES  
JLab6**

$W^2 = 100$

$W^2 = 25$

$W^2 = 4$

$x$

$\theta_{Ch}$

(mrad)

$e$

$\pi$

$K$

$p$

$\gamma$

$\eta$

$\rho$

$\omega$

$\Delta$

$\chi$

$\psi$

$\phi$

$\zeta$

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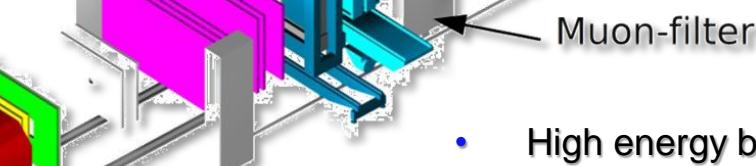
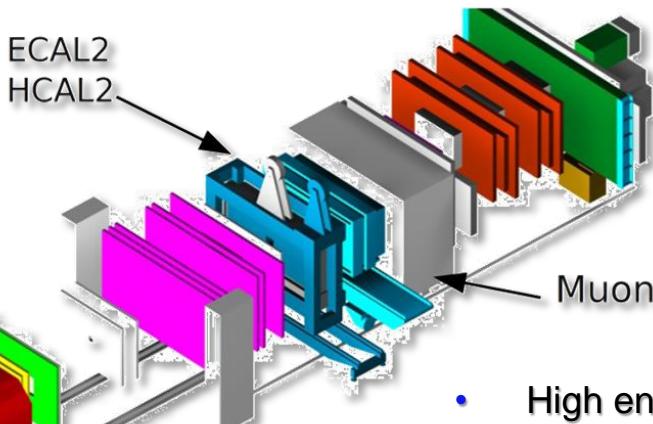
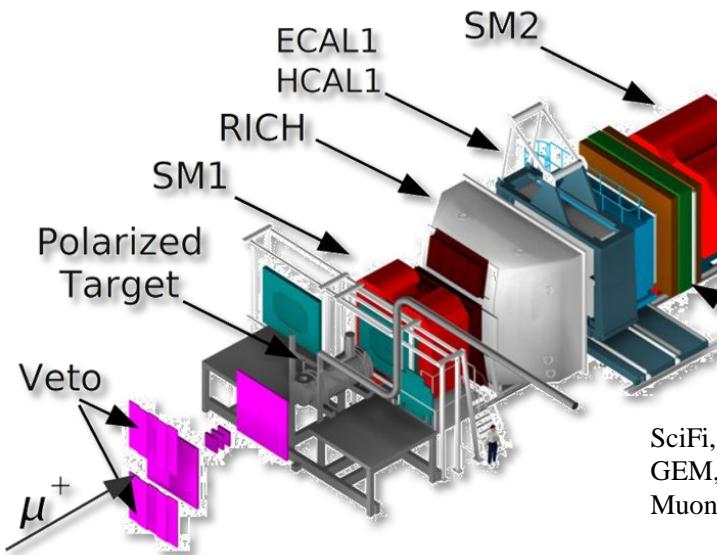
# COMPASS experimental setup: Phase II (DY program)

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CERN SPS North Area.

Two stages spectrometer LAS+SAS

- Large Angle Spectrometer (SM1 magnet)
- Small Angle Spectrometer (SM2 magnet)



- High energy beam
- Large angular acceptance
- Broad kinematical range
- **Momentum, tracking**

SciFi, Silicon, MicroMegas,  
GEM, MWPC, DC, Straw,  
Muon wall, **VD, DC5, new DAQ...**

High energy  $\pi^-$  beam:

Energy: 190 GeV/c, Intensity:  $10^8 \pi/s$

Target: Solid state

- NH<sub>3</sub> 2-cell configuration. Polarization T ~ 80%, f ~ 0.22
- Data is collected simultaneously for the two target spin orientations.  
Periodic polarization reversal to minimize systematic effects

**Data-taking years: 2014(test), 2015, 2018**

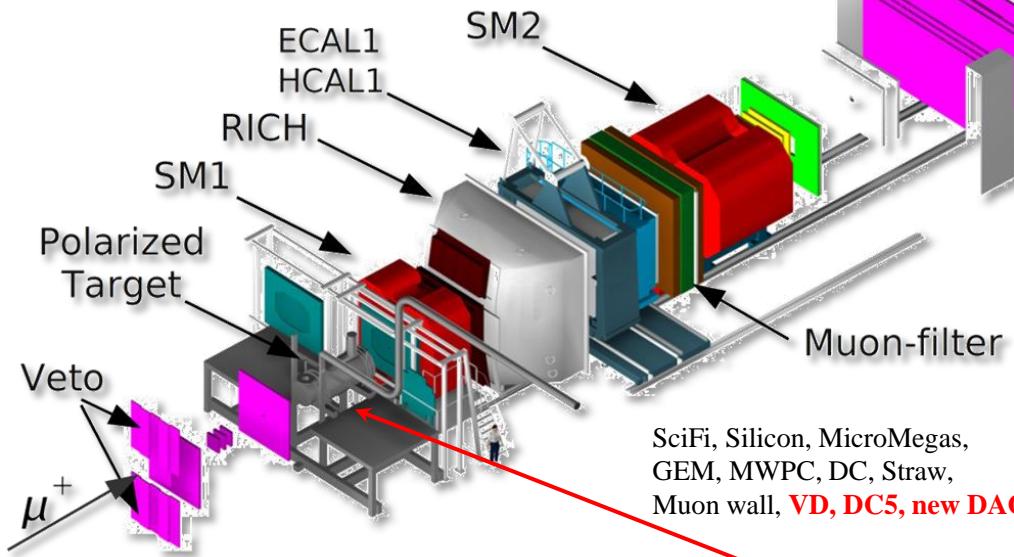
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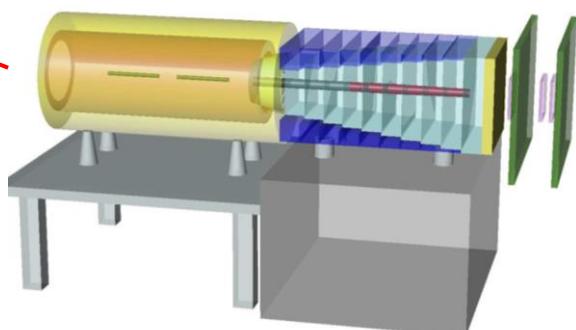
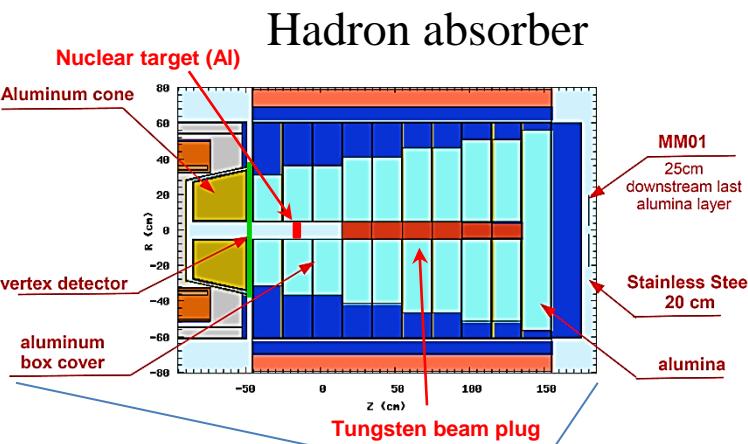
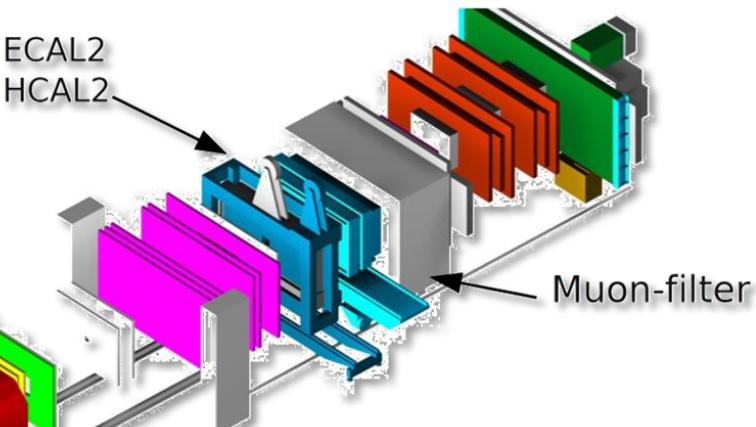
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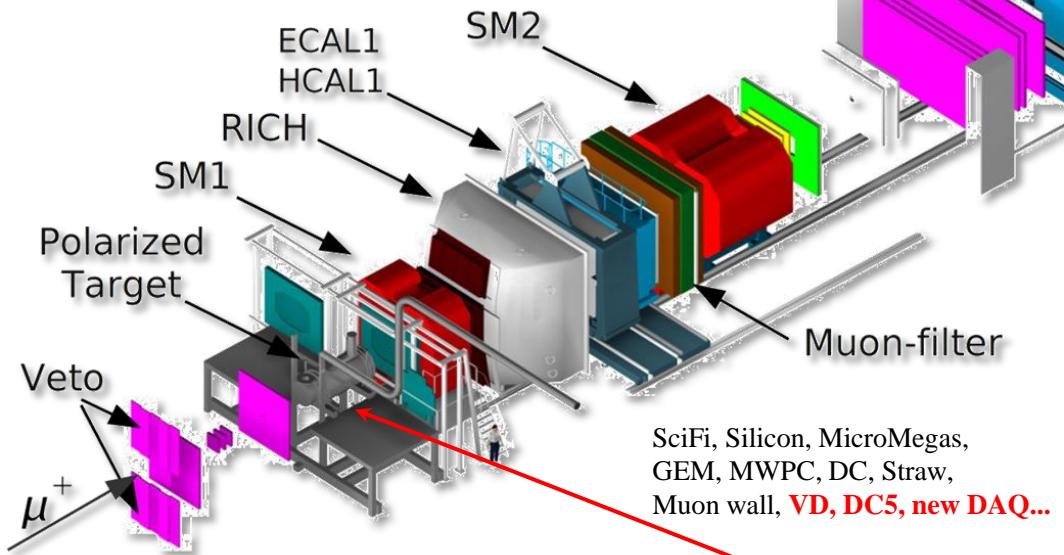
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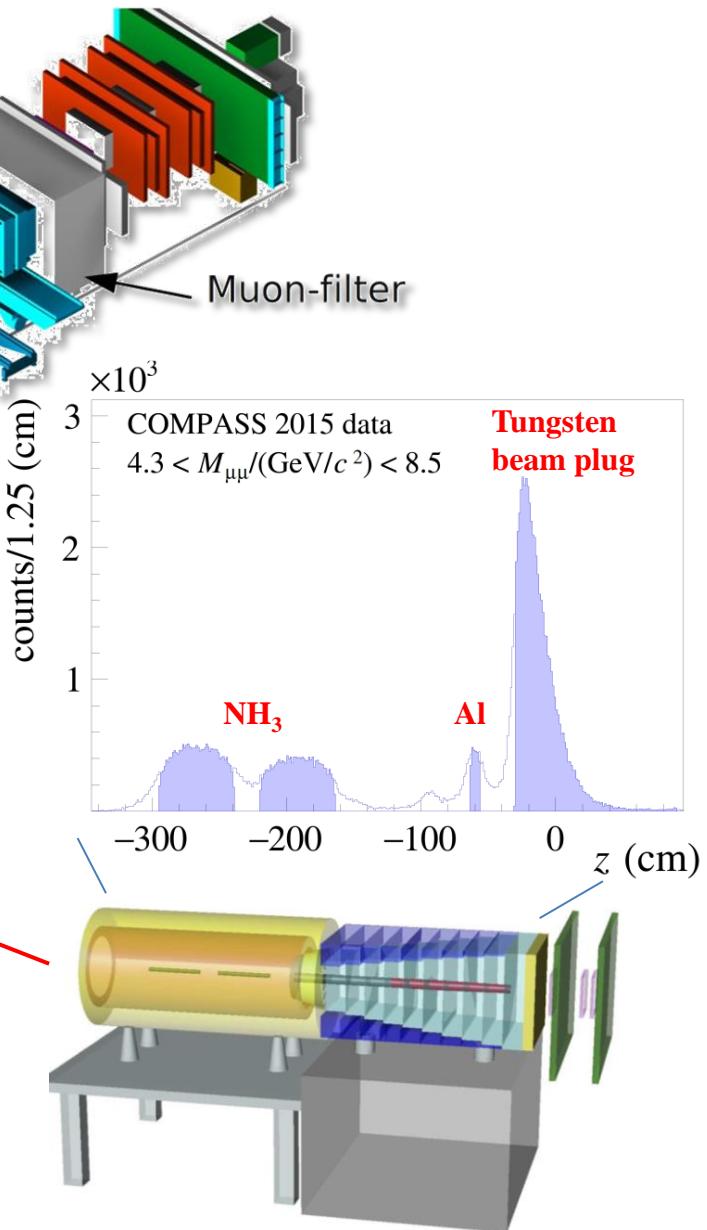
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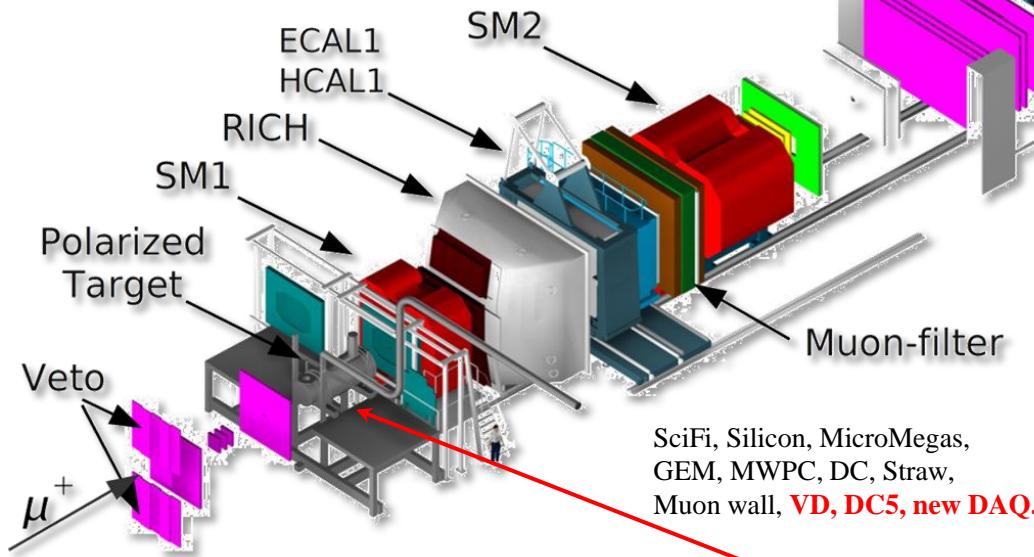
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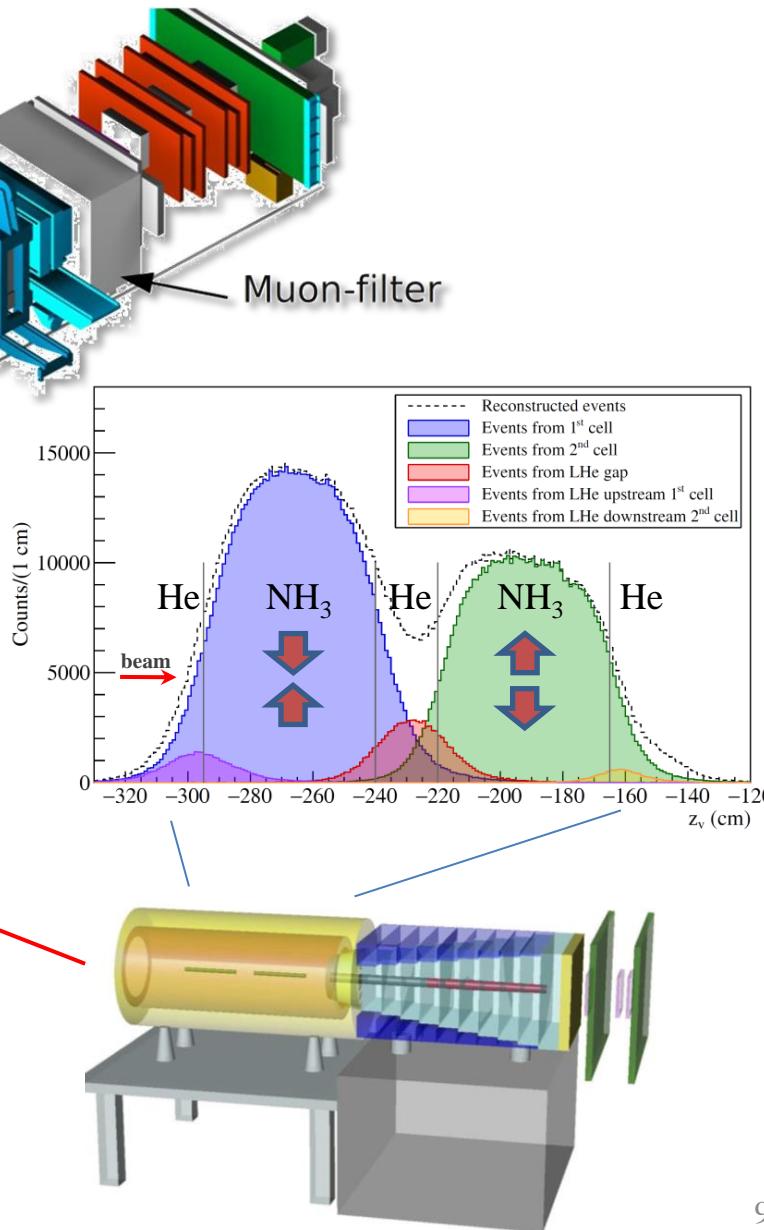
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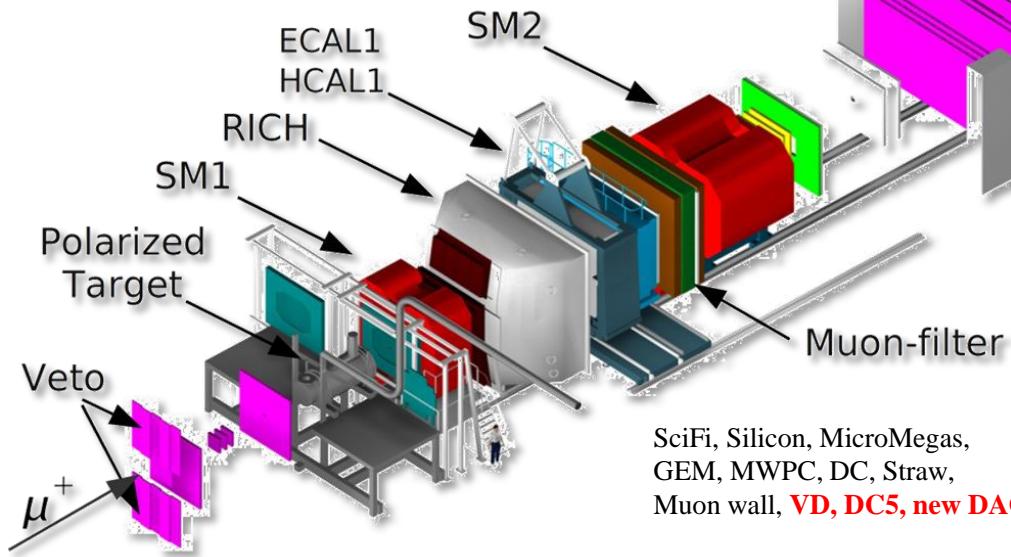
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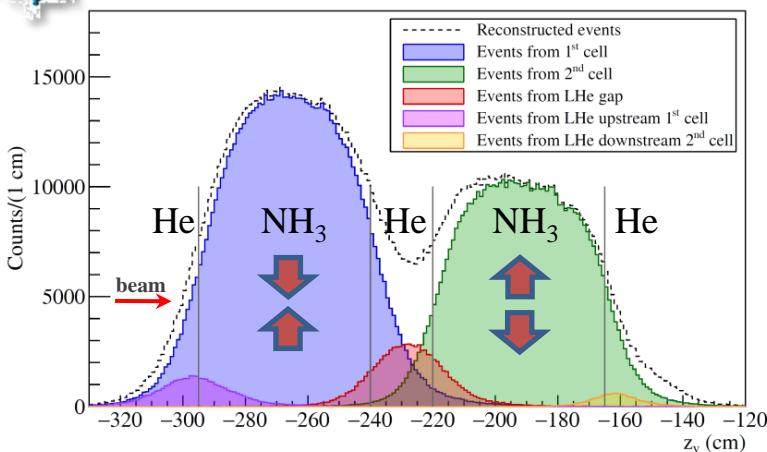
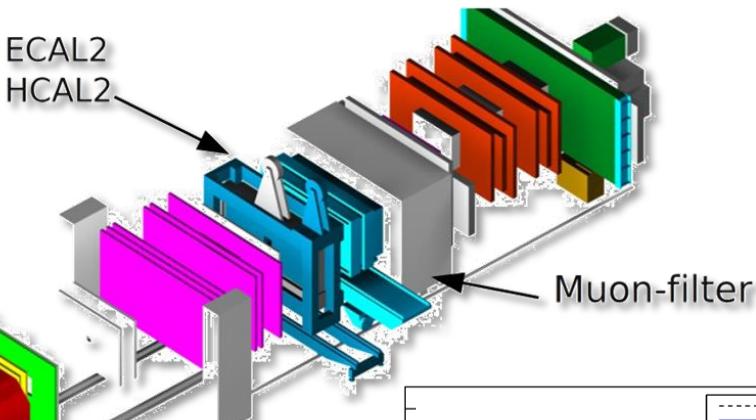
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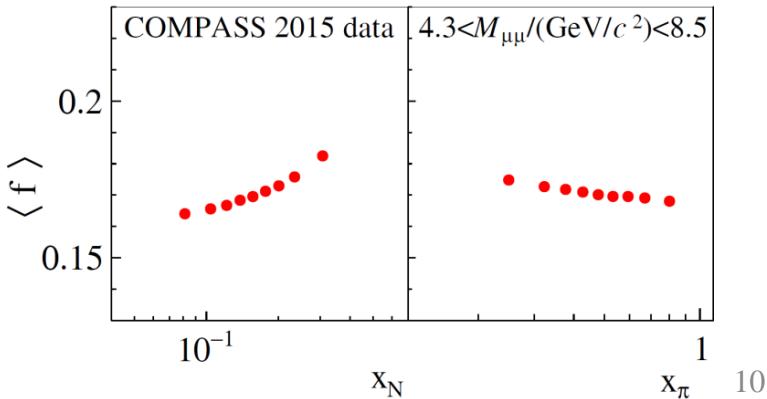


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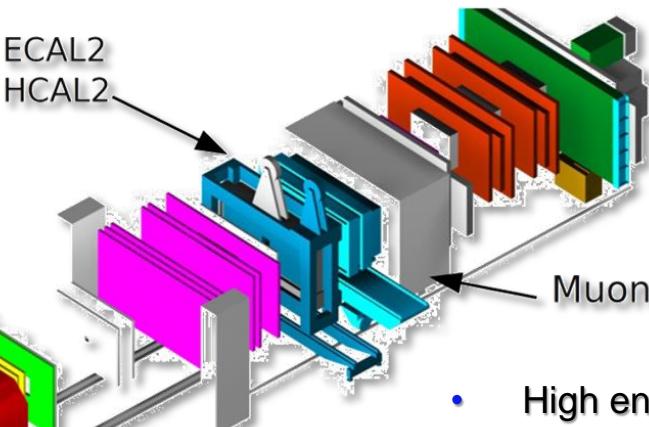
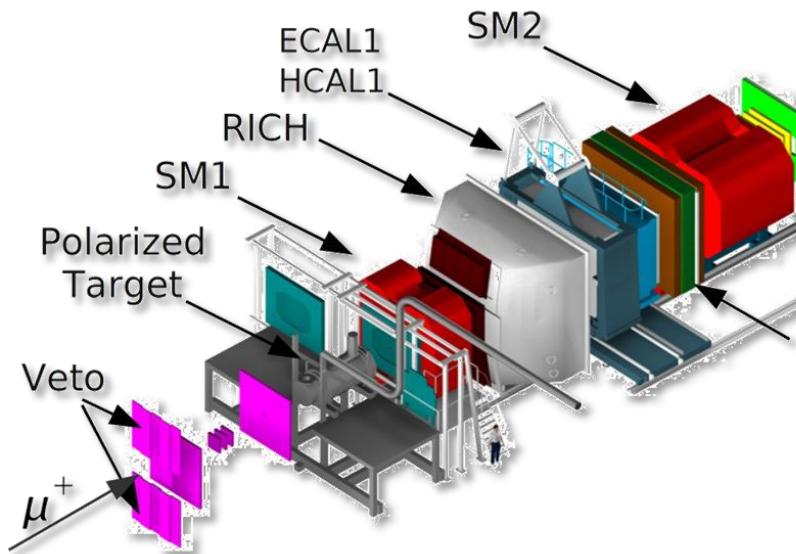
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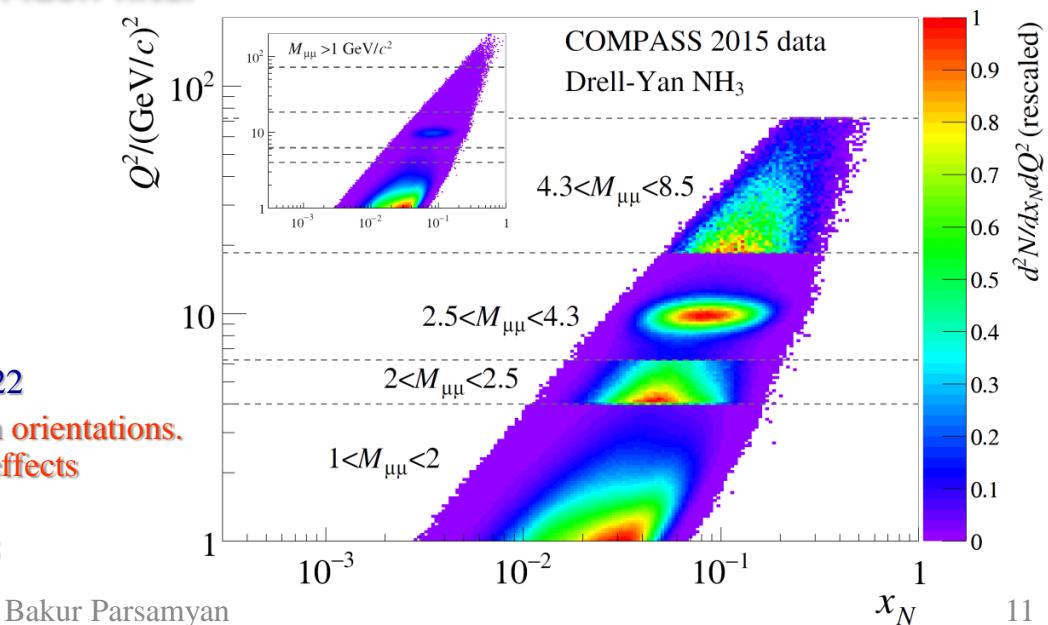
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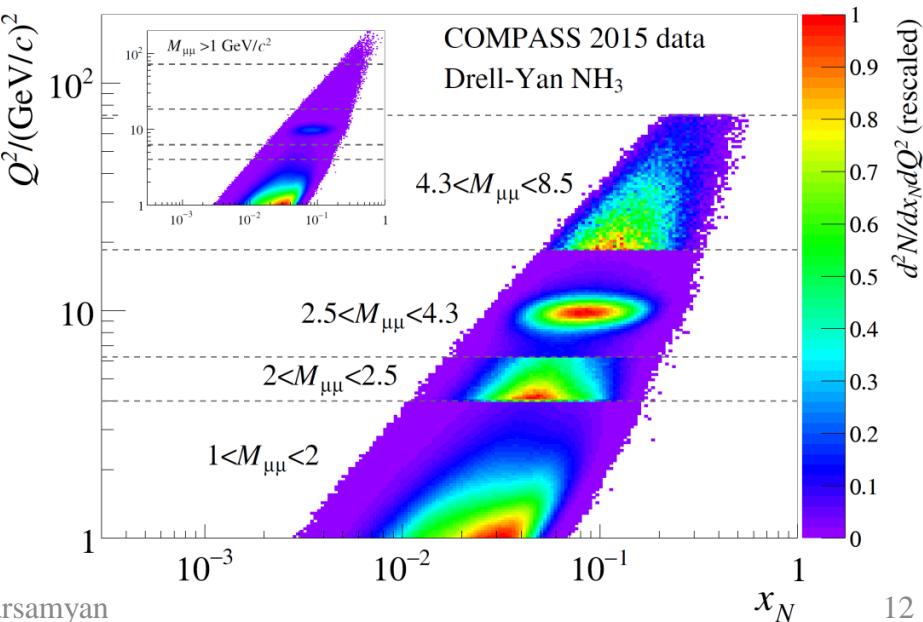
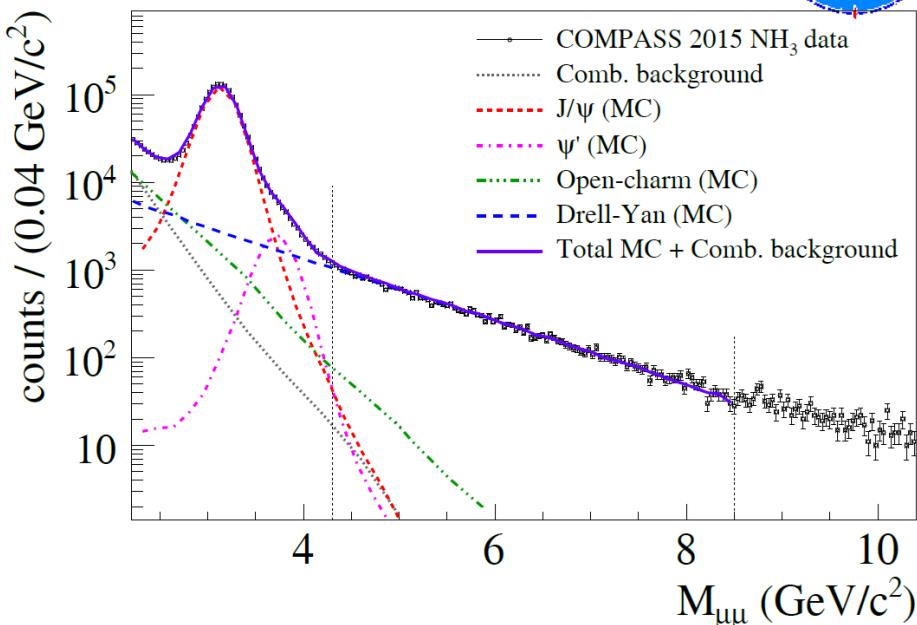
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# COMPASS DY mass ranges

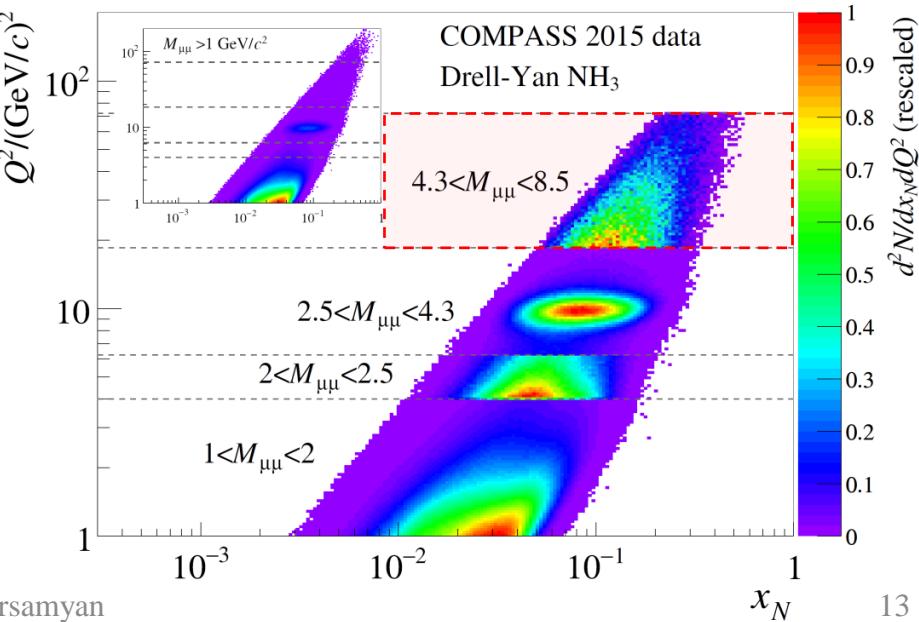
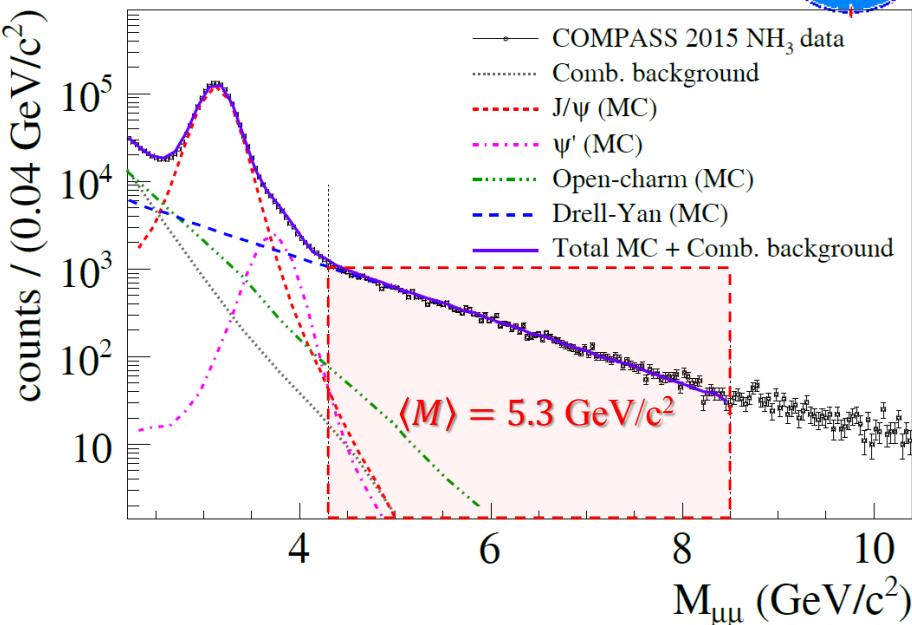
- $1.0 < M /(\text{GeV}/c^2) < 2.0$  “Low mass”
  - Large background contamination, combinatorial, Open-charm (B)  $D\bar{D}$ ,  $B\bar{B}$ ,  $\pi$ , K decays
- $2.0 < M /(\text{GeV}/c^2) < 2.5$  “Intermediate mass”
  - High DY-cross section
  - Still low DY-signal/background ratio
- $2.5 < M /(\text{GeV}/c^2) < 4.3$  “Charmonia mass”
  - Strong J/ $\psi$ -signal → study of J/ $\psi$  physics
  - Good signal/background
- $4.3 < M /(\text{GeV}/c^2) < 8.5$  “High mass”
  - Low DY cross-section
  - Beyond charmonium region, background < 3%
  - Valence region → largest asymmetries



# COMPASS DY: high mass range

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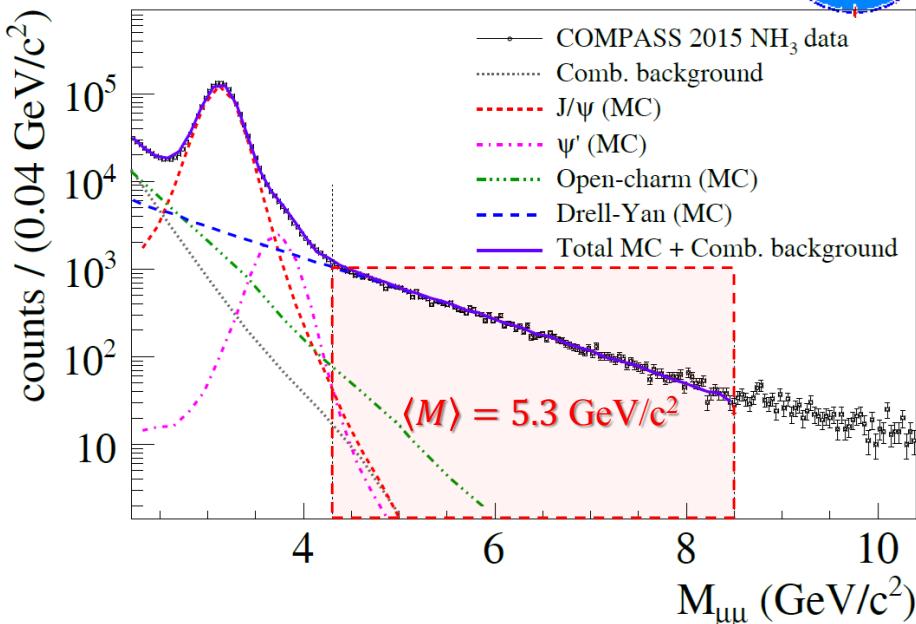
Final sample: 35 000 dimuons in HM



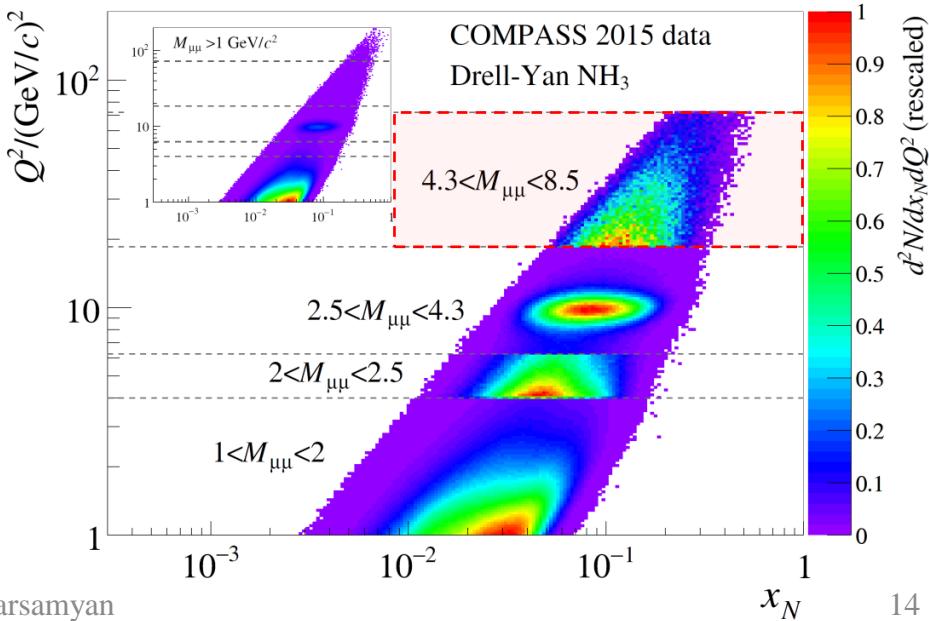
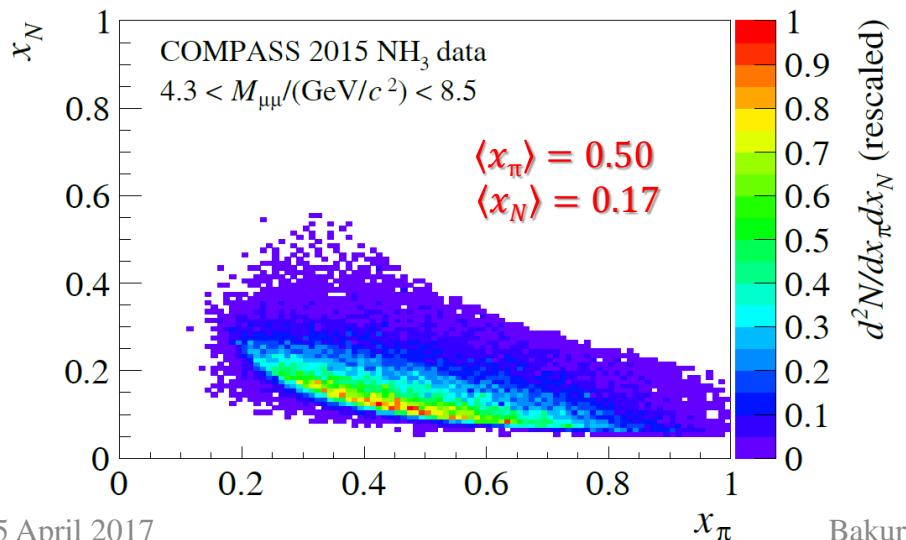
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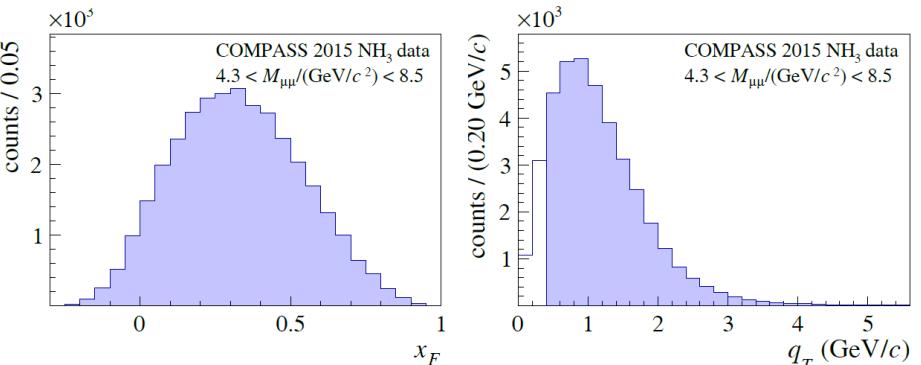
HM events are in the valence quark range



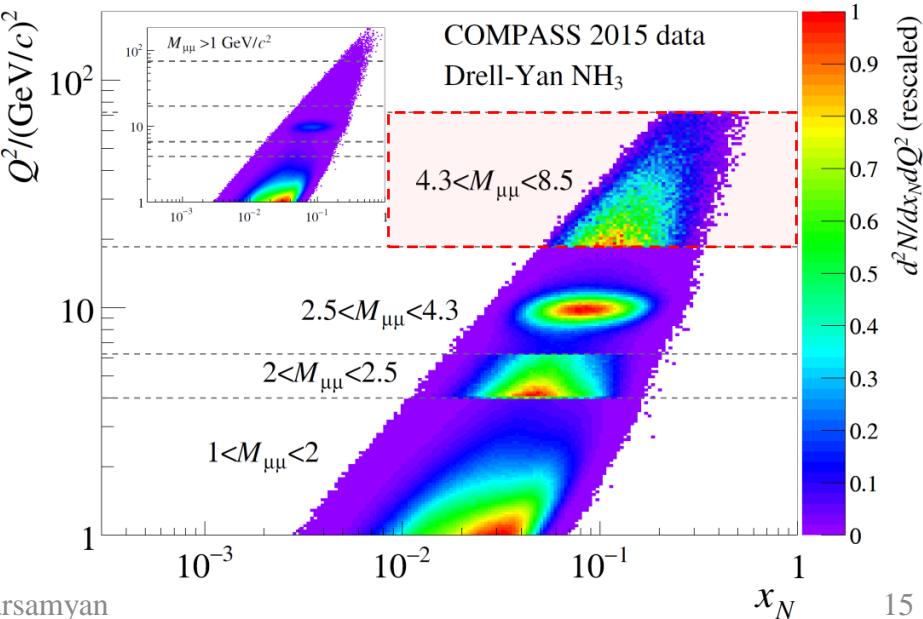
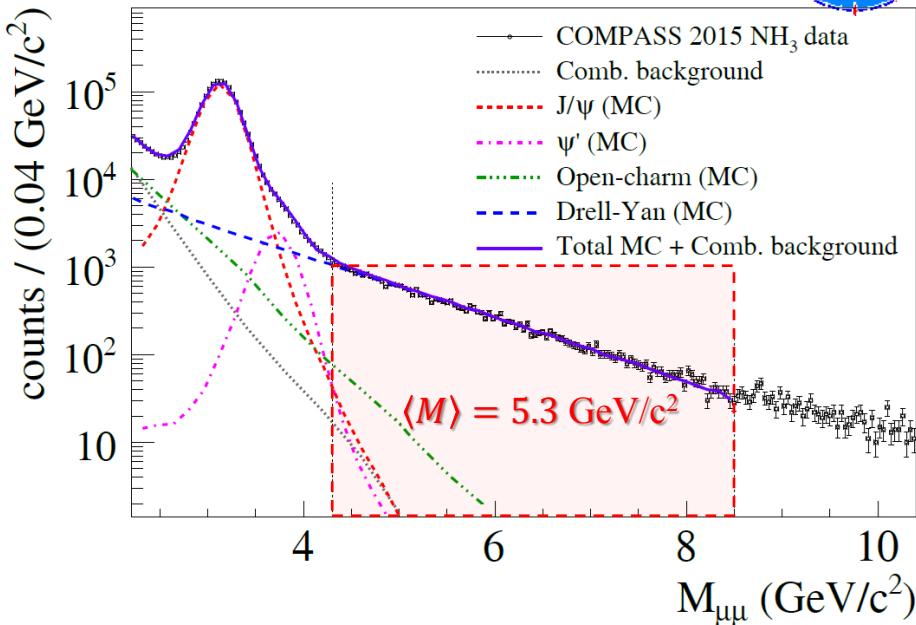
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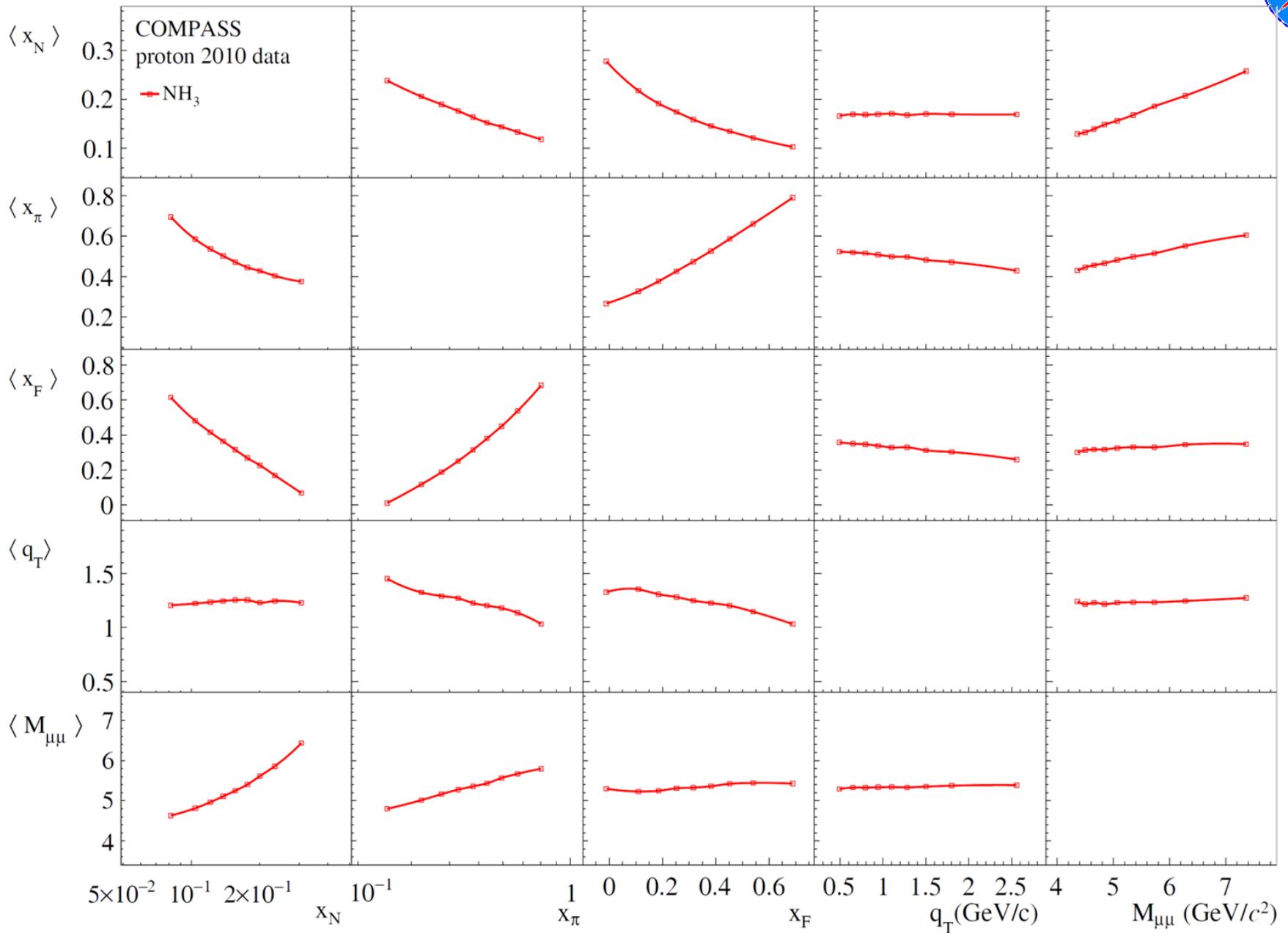
Dimuon transverse momentum  $q_T > 0.4 \text{ GeV}/c$   
 $\langle x_F \rangle = 0.33$ ,  $\langle q_T \rangle = 1.2 \text{ GeV}/c$



Final sample: 35 000 dimuons in HM



# Kinematic map: high mass range

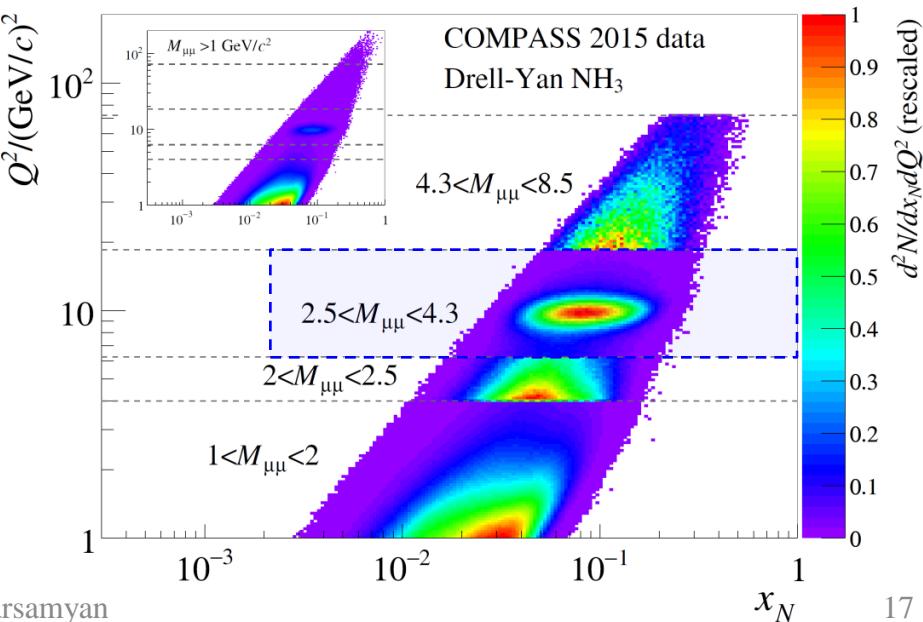
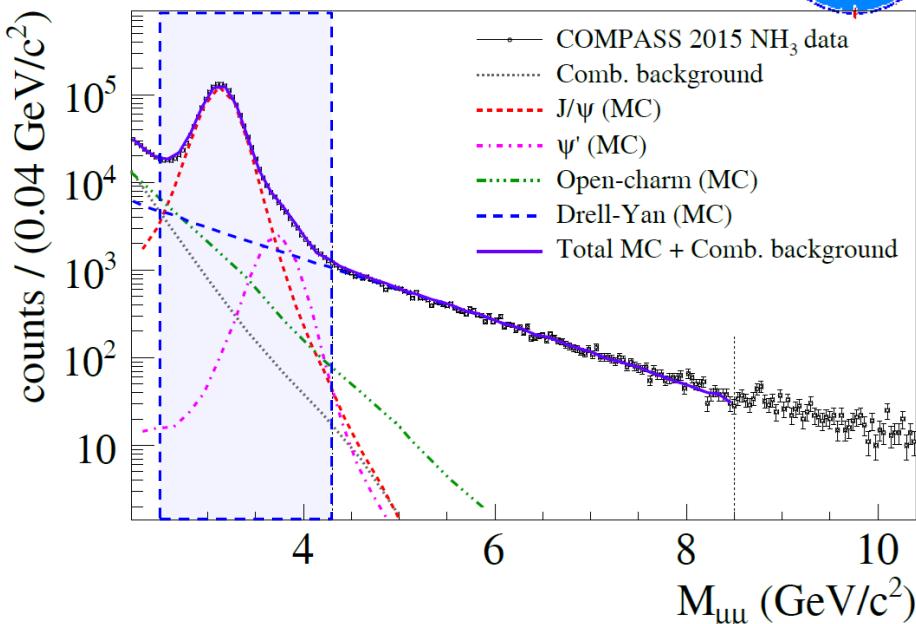
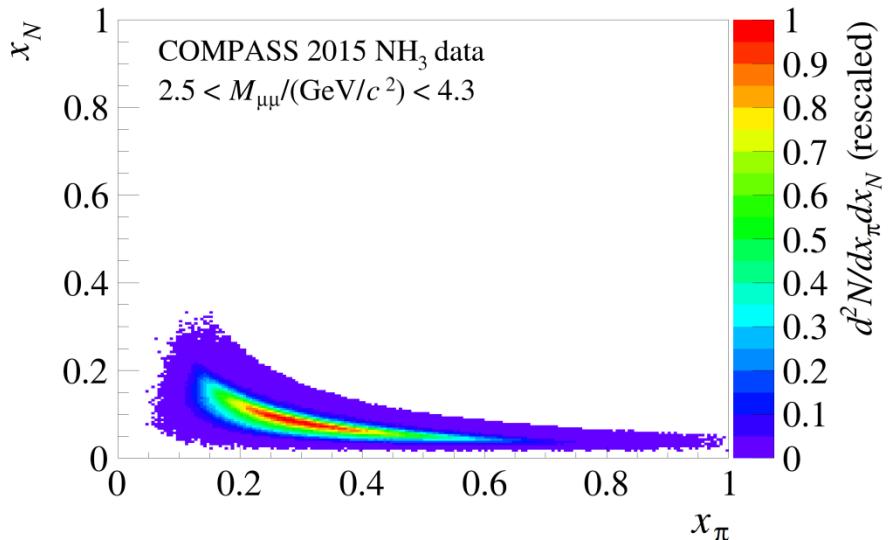


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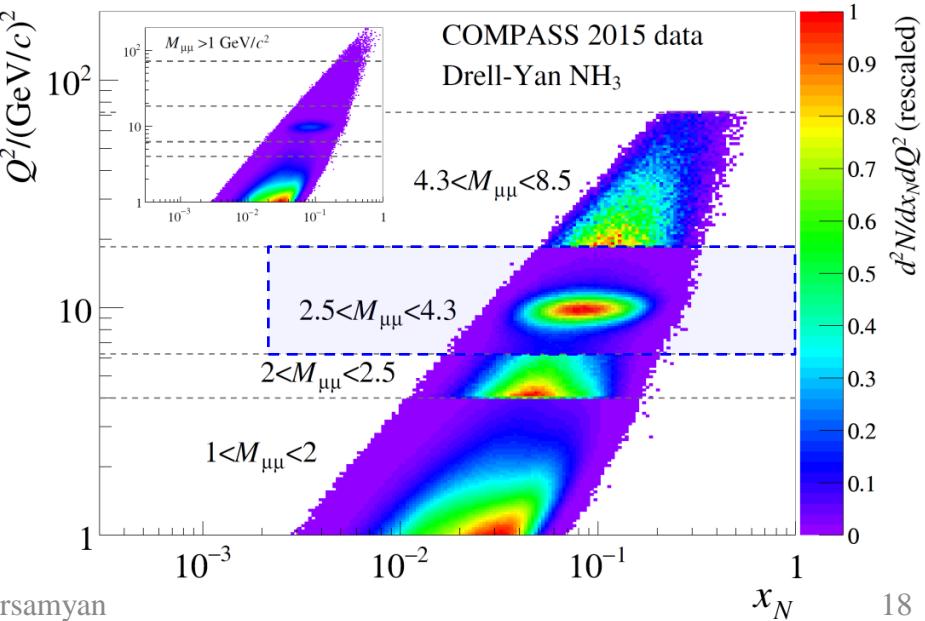
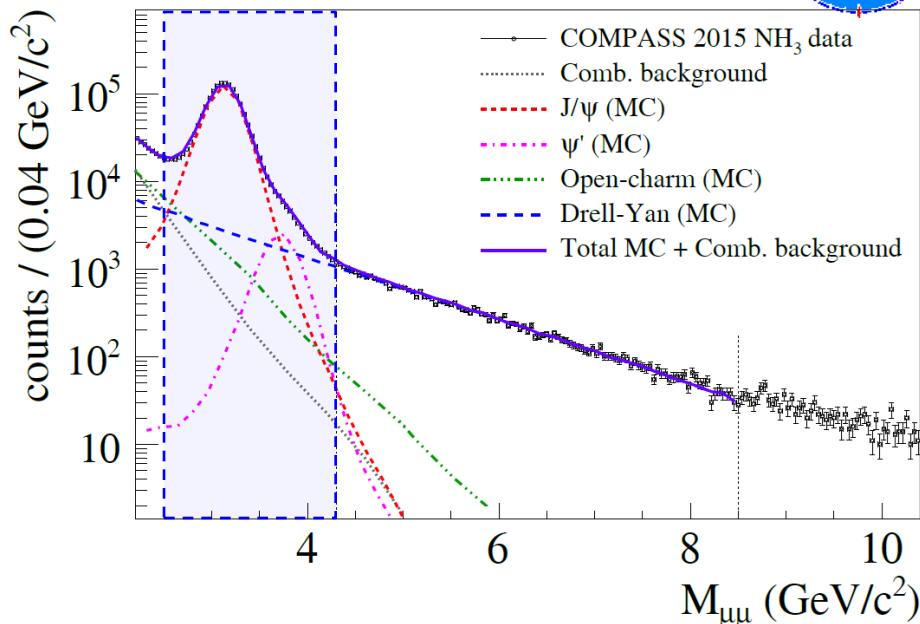
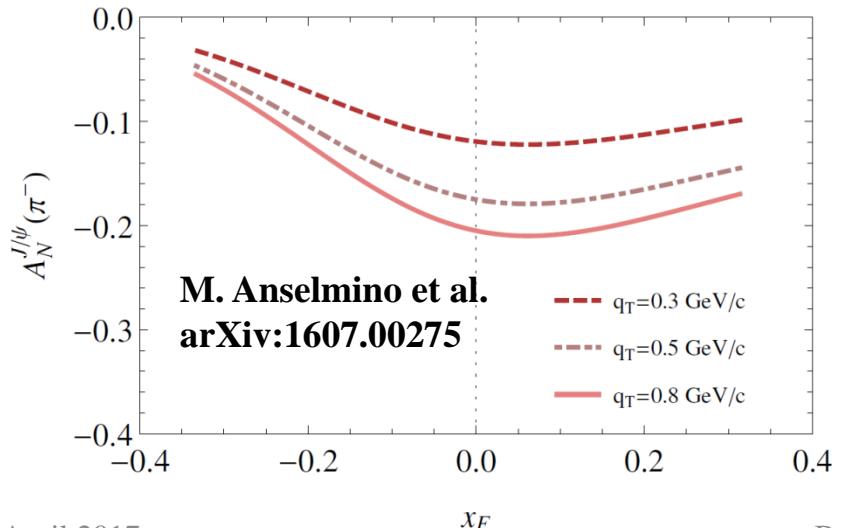
$$\langle x_{\pi} \rangle = 0.31, \langle x_N \rangle = 0.09, \langle x_F \rangle = 0.22, \langle q_T \rangle = 1.1 \text{ GeV/c}$$

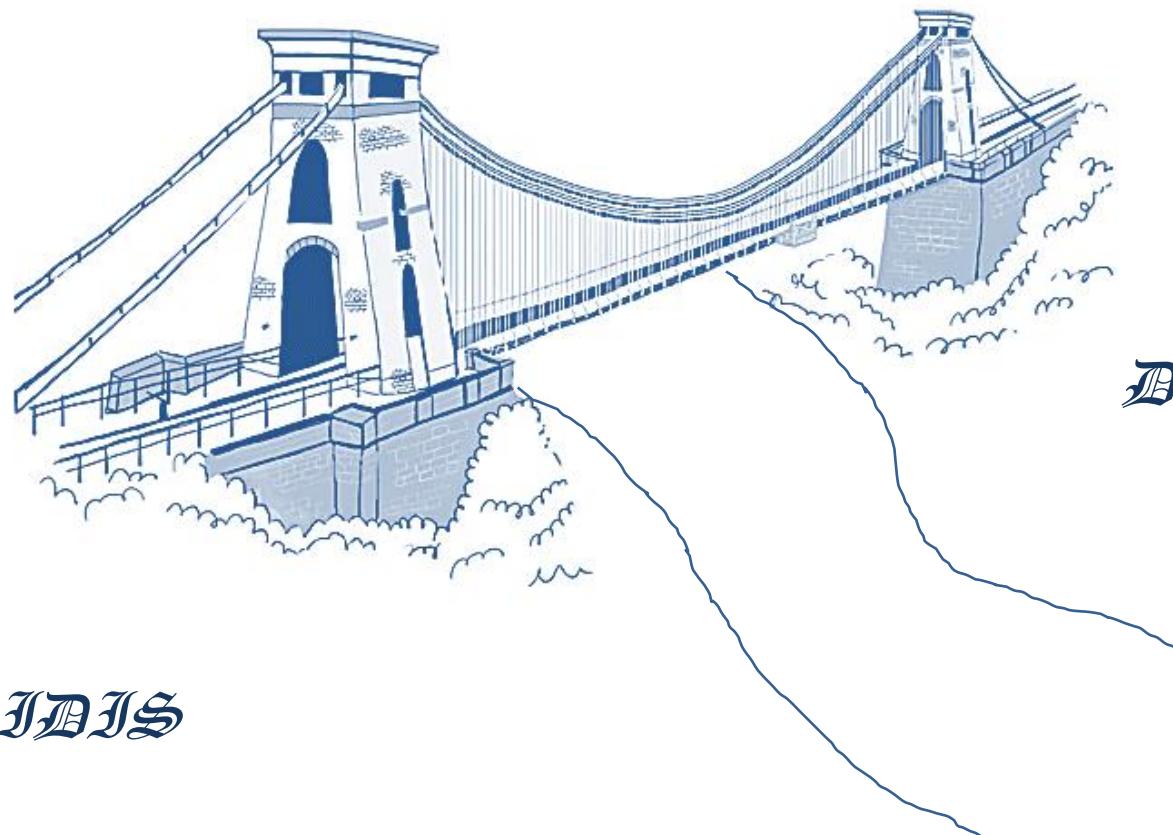
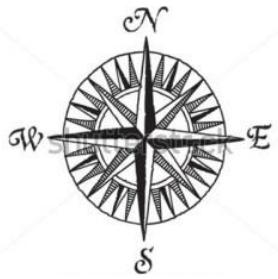
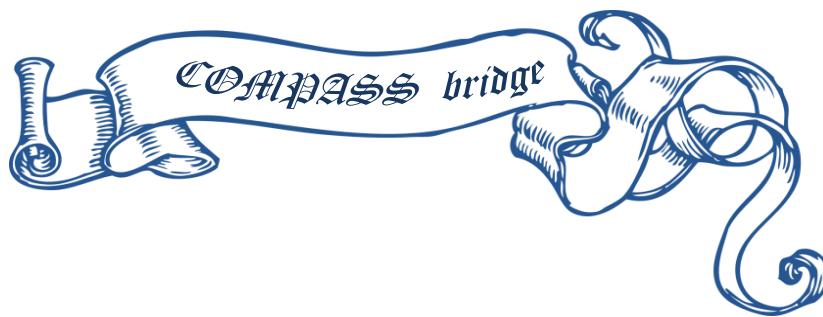


# COMPASS DY: Charmonia mass range

- $1.0 < M / (\text{GeV}/c^2) < 2.0$  “Low mass”
  - Large background contamination, combinatorial, Open-charm (B)  $D\bar{D}$ ,  $B\bar{B}$ ,  $\pi$ , K decays
- $2.0 < M / (\text{GeV}/c^2) < 2.5$  “Intermediate mass”
  - High DY-cross section
  - Still low DY-signal/background ratio
- $2.5 < M / (\text{GeV}/c^2) < 4.3$  “Charmonia mass”
  - Strong  $J/\psi$ -signal → study of  $J/\psi$  physics
  - Good signal/background
- $4.3 < M / (\text{GeV}/c^2) < 8.5$  “High mass”
  - Low DY cross-section
  - Beyond charmonium region, background < 3%
  - Valence region → largest asymmetries

$$\langle x_\pi \rangle = 0.31, \langle x_N \rangle = 0.09, \langle x_F \rangle = 0.22, \langle q_T \rangle = 1.1 \text{ GeV}/c$$





Drell-Pan

SIDS

# SIDIS x-section

*A.Kotzinian, Nucl. Phys. B441, 234 (1995).*

*Bacchetta, Diehl, Goeke, Metz, Mulders and Schlegel JHEP 0702:093 (2007).*

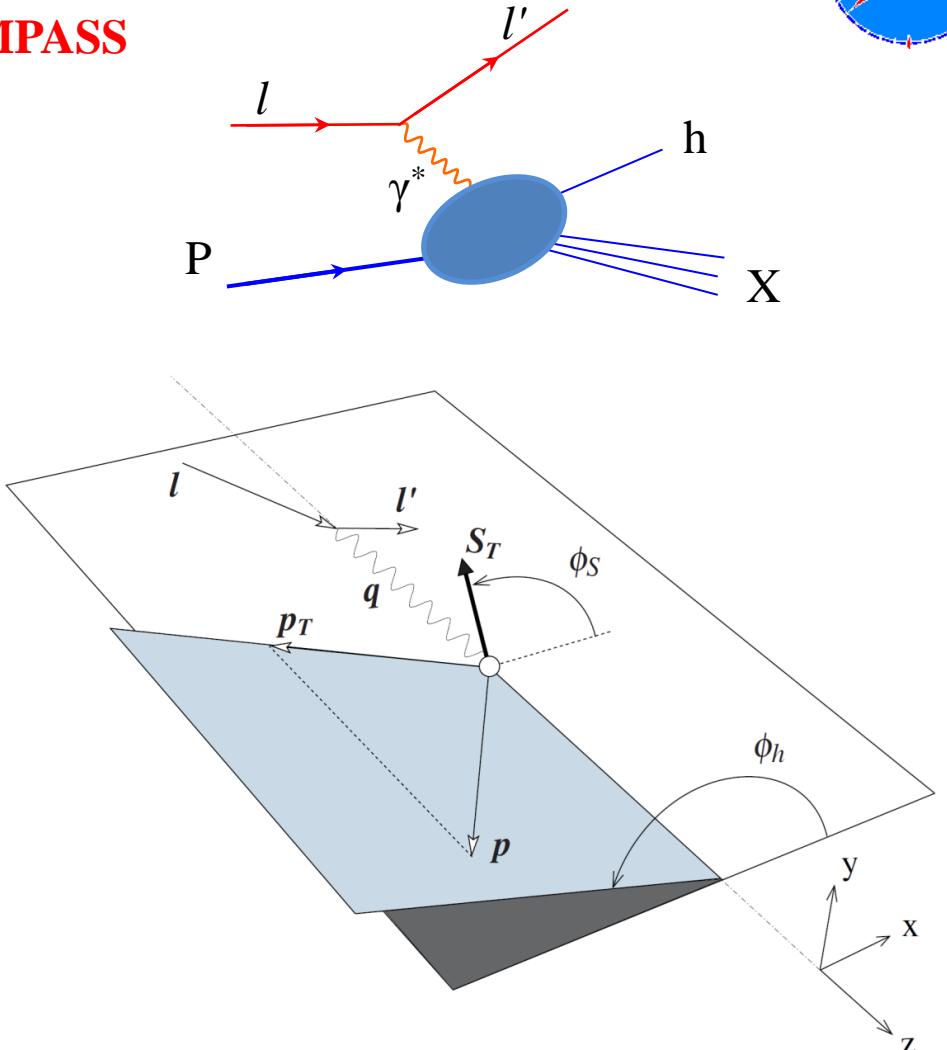


$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2d\phi_h d\phi_s} =$$

All measured by COMPASS

$$\left[ \frac{\alpha}{xyQ^2} \frac{y^2}{2(1-\varepsilon)} \left( 1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2x} \right) \right] (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L})$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \left[ 1 + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UU}^{\cos\phi_h} \cos\phi_h + \varepsilon A_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi_h} \cos 2\phi_h \right. \\ & + \lambda \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LU}^{\sin\phi_h} \sin\phi_h \\ & + S_L \left[ \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UL}^{\sin\phi_h} \sin\phi_h + \varepsilon A_{UL}^{\sin 2\phi_h} \sin 2\phi_h \right] \\ & + S_L \lambda \left[ \sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} A_{LL} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LL}^{\cos\phi_h} \cos\phi_h \right] \\ & \times \left. \begin{aligned} & \left[ A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h-\phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h+\phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h-\phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h-\phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & \left. \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h-\phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \right. \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \\ & \left. \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h-\phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \right] \end{aligned} \right]$$



$$A_{U(L),T}^{w(\phi_h, \phi_s)} = \frac{F_{U(L),T}^{w(\phi_h, \phi_s)}}{F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}}; \quad \varepsilon = \frac{1 - y - \frac{1}{4}\gamma^2 y^2}{1 - y + \frac{1}{2}y^2 + \frac{1}{4}\gamma^2 y^2}, \quad \gamma = \frac{2Mx}{Q}$$

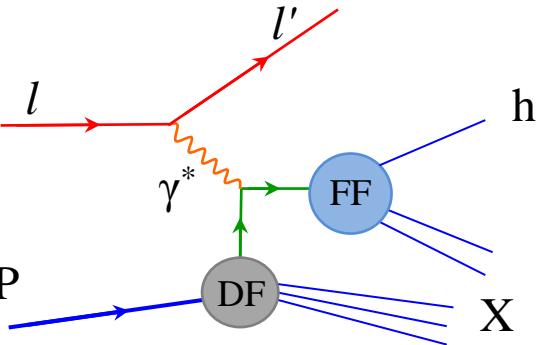
# SIDIS x-section and TMDs at twist-2

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2d\phi_h d\phi_s} =$$

All measured by COMPASS

$$\left[ \frac{\alpha}{xyQ^2} \frac{y^2}{2(1-\varepsilon)} \left( 1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2x} \right) \right] (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L})$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[ 1 + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UU}^{\cos\phi_h} \cos\phi_h + \varepsilon A_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi_h} \cos 2\phi_h \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \lambda \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LU}^{\sin\phi_h} \sin\phi_h \right] \\ & + S_L \left[ \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UL}^{\sin\phi_h} \sin\phi_h + \varepsilon A_{UL}^{\sin 2\phi_h} \sin 2\phi_h \right] \\ & + S_L \lambda \left[ \sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} A_{LL} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LL}^{\cos\phi_h} \cos\phi_h \right] \\ & \times \left. \begin{aligned} & + S_T \left[ A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \\ & + S_T \lambda \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \end{aligned} \right] \end{aligned}$$



Quark Nucleon	U	L	T
U	$f_1^q(x, \mathbf{k}_T^2)$ number density		$h_1^{q\perp}(x, \mathbf{k}_T^2)$ Boer-Mulders
L		$g_1^q(x, \mathbf{k}_T^2)$ helicity	$h_{1L}^{q\perp}(x, \mathbf{k}_T^2)$ worm-gear L
T	$f_{1T}^{q\perp}(x, \mathbf{k}_T^2)$ Sivers	$g_{1T}^{q\perp}(x, \mathbf{k}_T^2)$ Kotzinian-Mulders worm-gear T	$h_{1T}^{q\perp}(x, \mathbf{k}_T^2)$ pretzelosity

+ two FFs:  $D_{1q}^h(z, P_\perp^2)$  and  $H_{1q}^{\perp h}(z, P_\perp^2)$

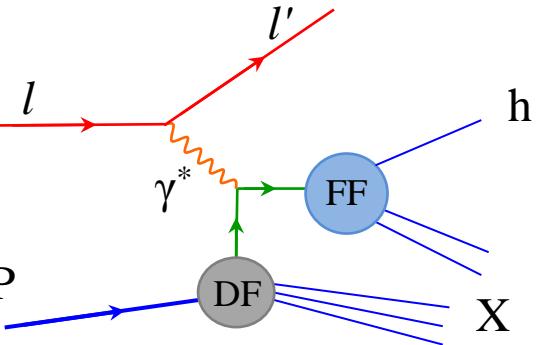
# SIDIS x-section and TMDs at twist-2

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2d\phi_h d\phi_s} =$$

All measured by COMPASS

$$\left[ \frac{\alpha}{xyQ^2} \frac{y^2}{2(1-\varepsilon)} \left( 1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2x} \right) \right] (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L})$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[ 1 + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UU}^{\cos\phi_h} \cos\phi_h + \varepsilon A_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi_h} \cos 2\phi_h \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \lambda \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LU}^{\sin\phi_h} \sin\phi_h \right] \\ & + S_L \left[ \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UL}^{\sin\phi_h} \sin\phi_h + \varepsilon A_{UL}^{\sin 2\phi_h} \sin 2\phi_h \right] \\ & + S_L \lambda \left[ \sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} A_{LL} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LL}^{\cos\phi_h} \cos\phi_h \right] \\ & \times \left[ \begin{aligned} & A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \end{aligned} \right] \\ & + S_T \lambda \left[ \begin{aligned} & \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \end{aligned} \right] \end{aligned}$$



Quark Nucleon	U	L	T
U	number density		Boer-Mulders
L		helicity	worm-gear L
T			
	Sivers	Kotzinian-Mulders worm-gear T	transversity pretzelosity

spin of the nucleon      spin of the quark       $k_T$

# SIDIS x-section: transverse spin dependent part

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$+ S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \end{array} \right] \right\}$$


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$$+ S_T \lambda \left[ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \end{array} \right] \right\}$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto f_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes D_{1q}^h$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \propto h_1^q \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto h_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_s)} \stackrel{WW}{\propto} Q^{-1} (h_1^q \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h} + f_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes D_{1q}^h + \dots)$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \stackrel{WW}{\propto} Q^{-1} (h_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h} + f_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes D_{1q}^h + \dots)$$

$$A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h$$

$$A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_s)} \stackrel{WW}{\propto} Q^{-1} (g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h + \dots)$$

$$A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \stackrel{WW}{\propto} Q^{-1} (g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h + \dots)$$

Eight transverse-spin-dependent azimuthal asymmetries (TSA) appear in SIDIS x-section

- Four “twist-2” TSAs  
(Sivers, Collins, pretzelosity, Kotzinian-Mulders)
- Four “higher-twist”
- All measured at COMPASS (P/D)

Twist-2

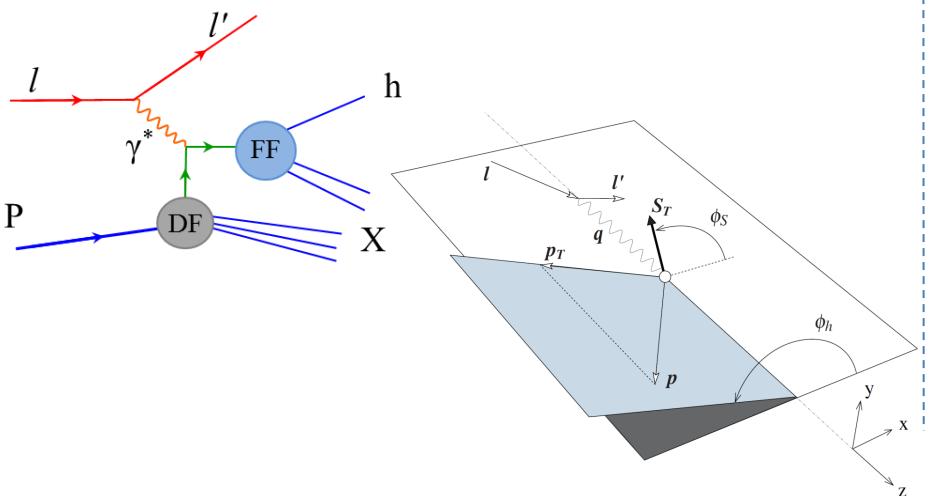
Twist-3

# SIDIS and single-polarized DY x-sections

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right\}$$

$$+ S_T \left[ \begin{aligned} & A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \end{aligned} \right] \right\}$$

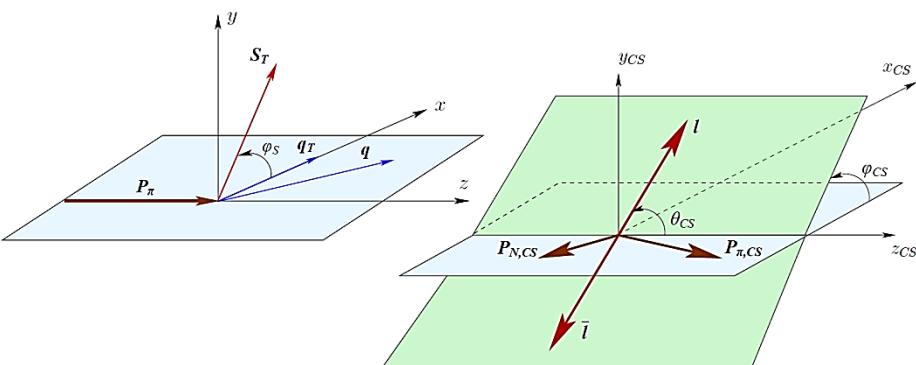
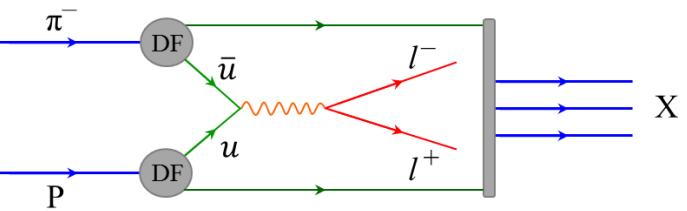
$$+ S_T \lambda \left[ \begin{aligned} & \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \end{aligned} \right]$$



$$\text{SIDIS} \quad \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto (F_U^1 + F_U^2)$$

**DY**

$$\times \left\{ \begin{aligned} & 1 + A_U^1 \cos^2 \theta_{CS} \\ & + \sin 2\theta_{CS} A_U^{\cos\varphi_{CS}} \cos \varphi_{CS} + \sin^2 \theta_{CS} A_U^{\cos 2\varphi_{CS}} \cos 2\varphi_{CS} \\ & + S_L \left[ \sin 2\theta_{CS} A_L^{\sin\varphi_{CS}} \sin \varphi_{CS} + \sin^2 \theta_{CS} A_L^{\sin 2\varphi_{CS}} \sin 2\varphi_{CS} \right] \\ & \times \left[ \begin{aligned} & \left( A_T^{\sin\varphi_s} + \cos^2 \theta_{CS} \tilde{A}_T^{\sin\varphi_s} \right) \sin \varphi_s \\ & + \sin^2 \theta_{CS} \left( A_T^{\sin(2\varphi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \sin(2\varphi_{CS} - \varphi_s) \right. \\ & \left. + A_T^{\sin(2\varphi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \sin(2\varphi_{CS} + \varphi_s) \right) \\ & + \sin 2\theta_{CS} \left( A_T^{\sin(\varphi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \sin(\varphi_{CS} - \varphi_s) \right. \\ & \left. + A_T^{\sin(\varphi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \sin(\varphi_{CS} + \varphi_s) \right) \end{aligned} \right] \end{aligned} \right\}$$



# SIDIS and single-polarized DY x-sections at twist-2 (LO)

$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_S} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L})$$

$$\times \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 + \boxed{\varepsilon A_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi_h} \cos 2\phi_h} \\ + S_L \varepsilon A_{UL}^{\sin 2\phi_h} \sin 2\phi_h + S_L \lambda \sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} A_{LL} \\ + S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) \end{array} \right] \\ + S_T \lambda \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_S) \right] \end{array} \right\}$$

**SIDIS**

$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{d\Omega} \propto F_U^1 (1 + \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$$

**DY**

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 + \boxed{D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_U^{\cos 2\phi_{CS}} \cos 2\phi_{CS}} \\ + S_L \sin^2 \theta_{CS} A_L^{\sin 2\phi_{CS}} \sin 2\phi_{CS} \\ + S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_T^{\sin \phi_S} \sin \phi_S \\ + D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \phi_S)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} - \phi_S) \right. \\ \left. + A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \phi_S)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} + \phi_S) \right) \end{array} \right] \end{array} \right\}$$

where  $D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} = \sin^2 \theta_{CS} / (1 + \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$



**SIDIS-DY bridge**

# SIDIS and single-polarized DY x-sections at twist-2 (LO)

$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{dx dy dz dp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_S} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L})$$

$$\times \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 + \boxed{\varepsilon A_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi_h} \cos 2\phi_h} \\ + S_L \varepsilon A_{UL}^{\sin 2\phi_h} \sin 2\phi_h + S_L \lambda \sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} A_{LL} \\ + S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \end{array} \right] \\ + S_T \lambda \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \end{array} \right\}$$

**SIDIS**

$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{d\Omega} \propto F_U^1 (1 + \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$$

**DY**

  
**SIDIS-DY bridge**

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 + \boxed{D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_U^{\cos 2\phi_{CS}} \cos 2\phi_{CS}} \\ + S_L \sin^2 \theta_{CS} A_L^{\sin 2\phi_{CS}} \sin 2\phi_{CS} \\ + S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_T^{\sin \phi_s} \sin \phi_s \\ + D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} - \phi_s) \right. \\ \left. + A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} + \phi_s) \right) \end{array} \right] \end{array} \right\}$$

where  $D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} = \sin^2 \theta_{CS} / (1 + \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$

$$A_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi_h} \propto h_1^{\perp q} \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h} + \dots$$

**Boer-Mulders**

$$A_U^{\cos 2\phi_{CS}} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1,p}^{\perp q}$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto f_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes D_{1q}^h$$

**Sivers**

$$A_T^{\sin \phi_s} \propto f_{1,\pi}^q \otimes f_{1T,p}^{\perp q}$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \propto h_1^q \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$$

**Transversity**

$$A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \phi_s)} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1,p}^q$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto h_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$$

**Pretzelosity**

$$A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \phi_s)} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1T,p}^{\perp q}$$

$$A_{UL}^{\sin 2\phi_h} \propto h_{1L}^{\perp q} \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$$

**Worm-gear L**

$$A_L^{\sin 2\phi_{CS}} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1L,p}^{\perp q}$$

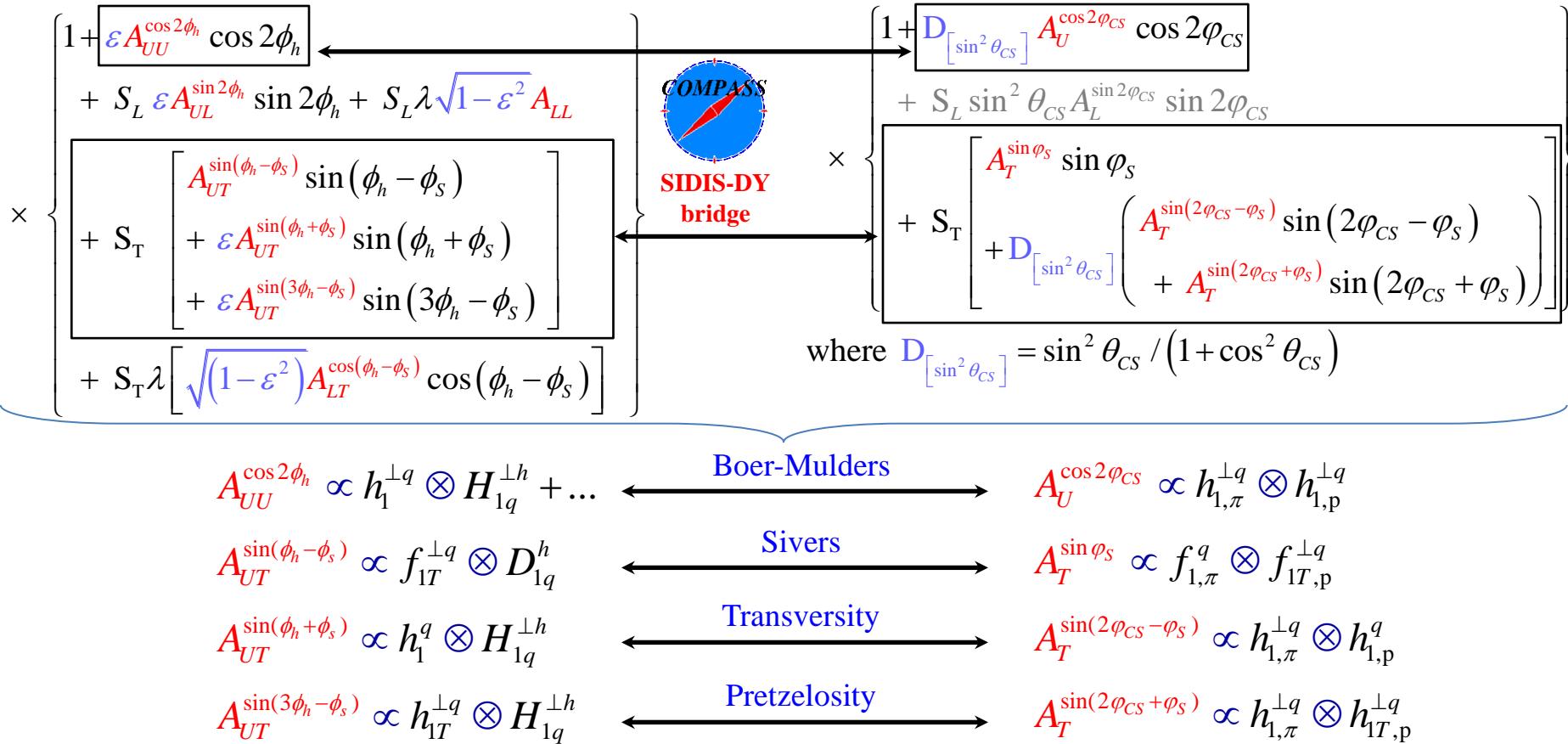
$$A_{LL} \propto g_{1L}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h, A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h$$

Double polarized DY only

COMPASS accesses all 8 twist-2 nucleon TMD PDFs in SIDIS and 5 nucleon+2 pion TMD PDFs in DY

# SIDIS and single-polarized DY x-sections at twist-2 (LO)

$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{dx dy dz dp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_S} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L})$$



within QCD TMD-framework:

$h_1^{\perp q}$  &  $f_{1T}^{\perp q}$  TMD PDFs are expected to be "conditionally" universal (SIDIS  $\leftrightarrow$  DY: sign change)

$h_1^q$  &  $h_{1T}^{\perp q}$  TMD PDFs are expected to be "genuinely" universal (SIDIS  $\leftrightarrow$  DY: no sign change)

# SIDIS and single-polarized DY x-sections at twist-2 (LO)

$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_S} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L})$$

$$\times \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 + \varepsilon A_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi_h} \cos 2\phi_h \\ + S_L \varepsilon A_{UL}^{\sin 2\phi_h} \sin 2\phi_h + S_L \lambda \sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} A_{LL} \\ \\ \times \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \end{array} \right] \\ + S_T \lambda \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \end{array} \right\}$$

**SIDIS**

$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{d\Omega} \propto F_U^1 (1 + \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$$

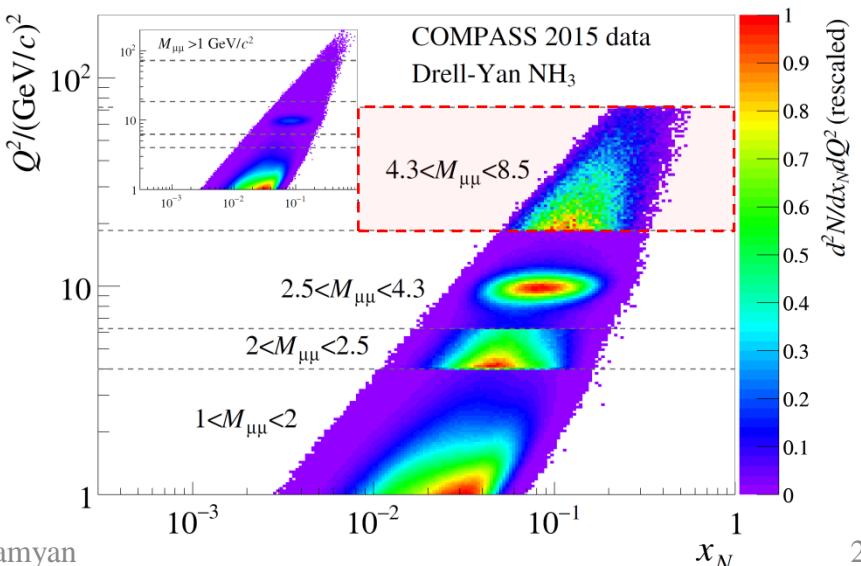
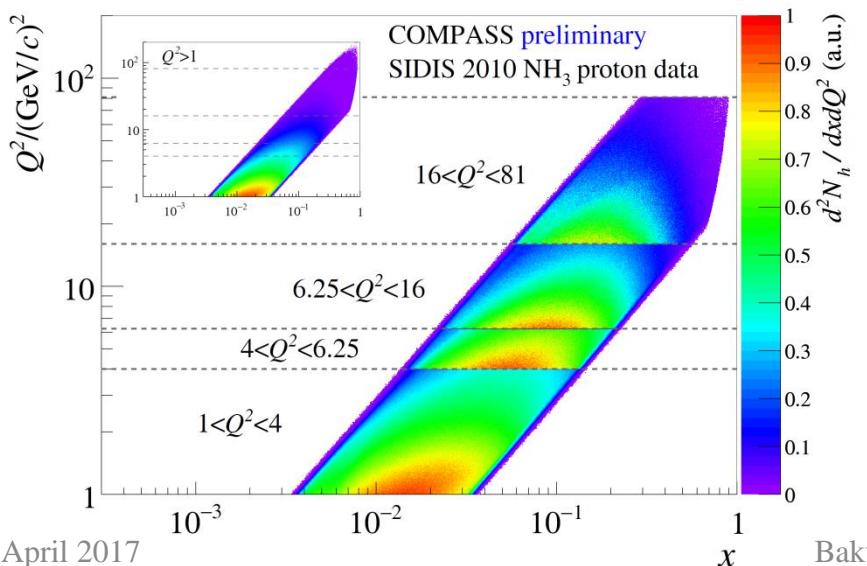
**DY**



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 + D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_U^{\cos 2\phi_{CS}} \cos 2\phi_{CS} \\ + S_L \sin^2 \theta_{CS} A_L^{\sin 2\phi_{CS}} \sin 2\phi_{CS} \\ \\ + S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_T^{\sin \varphi_s} \sin \varphi_s \\ + D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s) \right. \\ \left. + A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s) \right) \end{array} \right] \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{where } D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} = \sin^2 \theta_{CS} / (1 + \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$$

Comparable x:Q<sup>2</sup> coverage – minimization of possible Q<sup>2</sup>-evolution effects



# Appetizers: selected COMPASS (and not only) results



*Tuscan appetizers*

# SIDIS TSAs (Collins)

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$+ S_T \left[ \begin{aligned} & A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \boxed{\varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \\ & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ & \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \right. \\ & \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \end{aligned} \right]$$

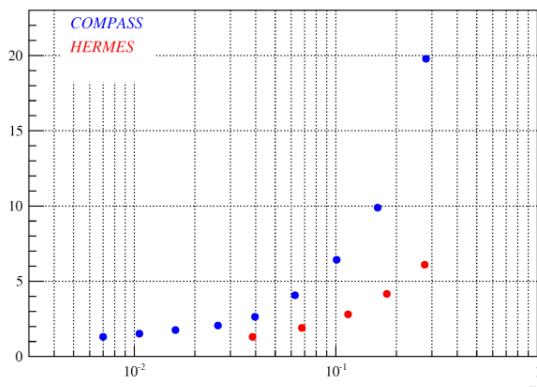
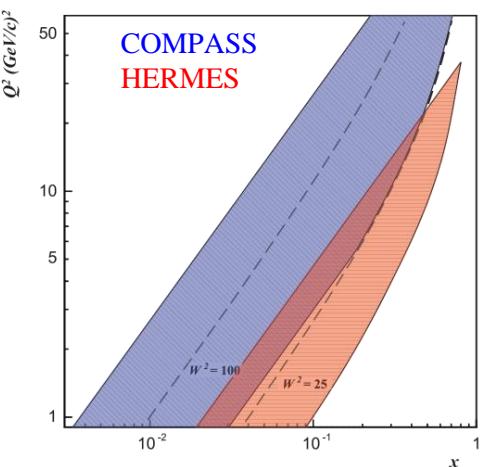
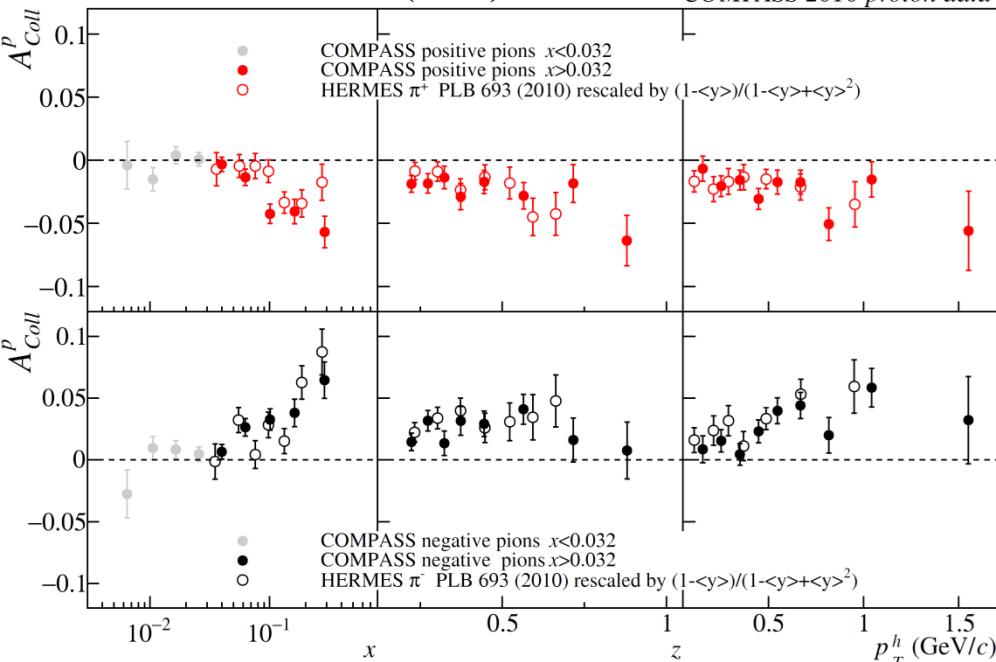
- Measured on P/D in SIDIS and in dihadron SIDIS  
COMPASS and HERMES obtained compatible results on Collins TSA  
( $Q^2$  is different by a factor of  $\sim 2$ -3)
- No  $Q^2$ -evolution? Intriguing result!**

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \propto h_1^q \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h} \quad \text{SSA [twist-2]}$$



PLB 744 (2015) 250

COMPASS 2010 proton data



# SIDIS TSAs (Collins)

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$+ S_T \left[ A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ \left. + S_T \lambda \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \right]$$

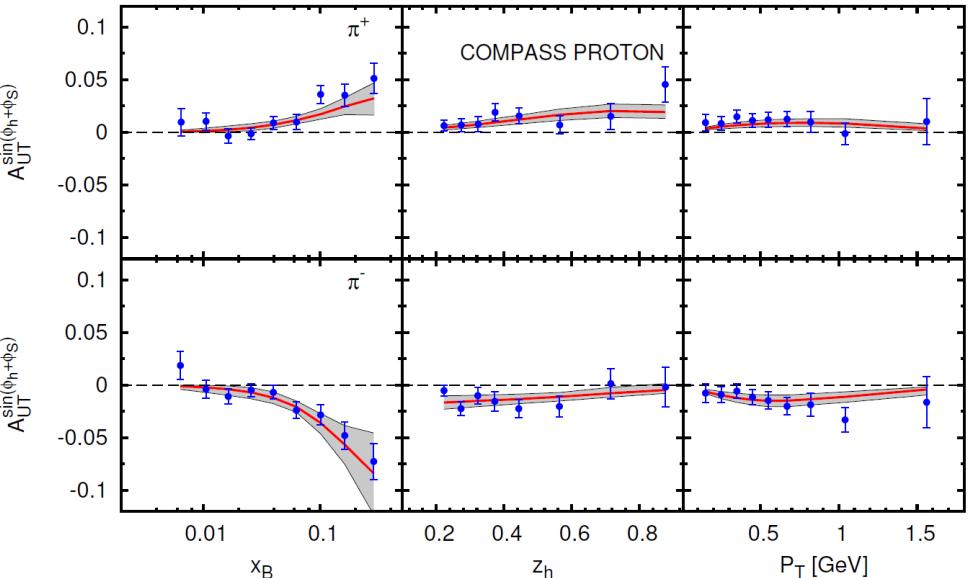
Extensive phenomenological studies and various global fits by different groups

## Ideas for COMPASS-III (>2020)

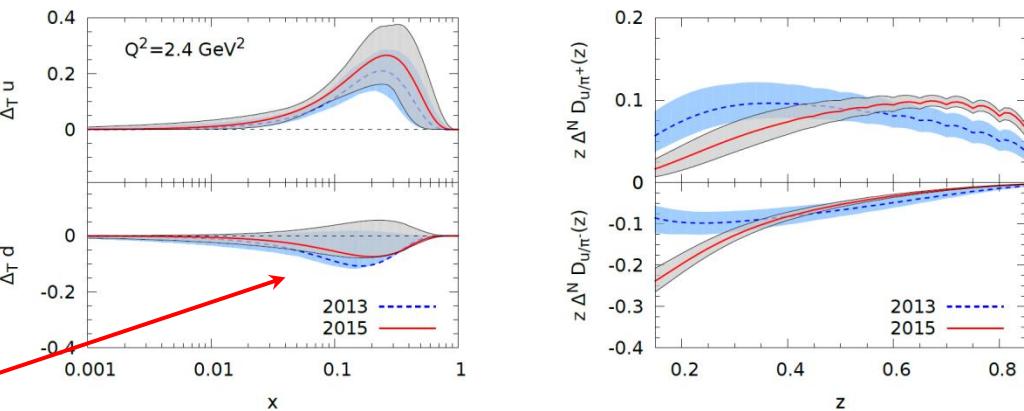
- Deuteron measurement to be repeated. Will be crucial to constrain the transversity TMD PDF for the d-quark

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \propto h_1^q \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h} \quad \text{SSA [twist-2]}$$

Anselmino et al. Phys.Rev. D92 (2015) 114023



- Global fit of HERMES-COMPASS-BELLE data



- Transversity PDF + Collins FF

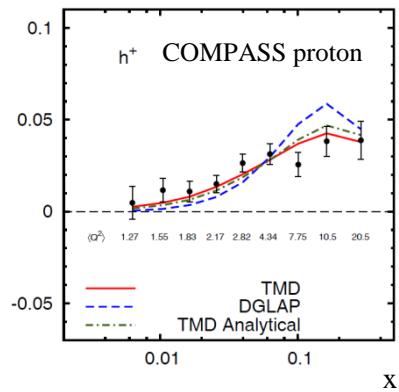
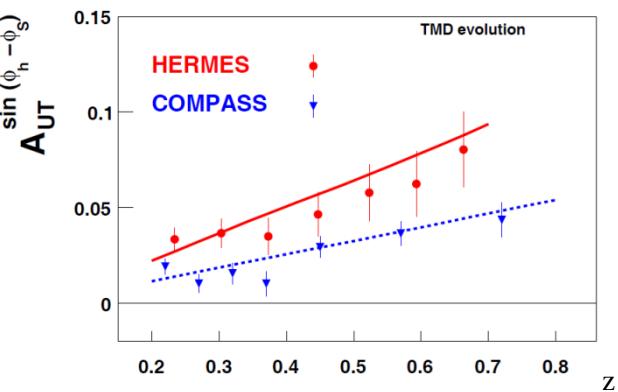
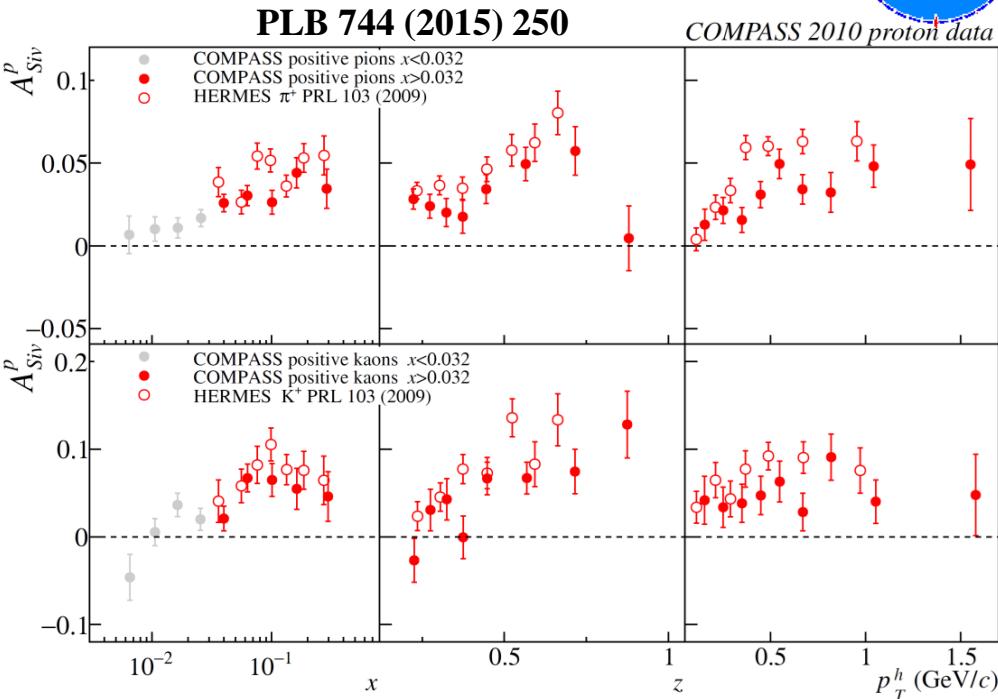
# SIDIS TSAs (Sivers)

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_S} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \boxed{A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \\ & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) \\ & + S_T \left[ \begin{aligned} & \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_S} \sin\phi_S \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S) \end{aligned} \right] \\ & + S_T \lambda \left[ \begin{aligned} & \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_S) \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_S} \cos\phi_S \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S) \end{aligned} \right] \end{aligned}$$

- Measured on proton and deuteron
- Gluon Sivers paper: submitted to PLB  
[CERN-EP/2017-003, hep-ex/1701.02453](https://arxiv.org/abs/1701.02453)
- Sivers effect at COMPASS is slightly smaller w.r.t HERMES results  
( $Q^2$  is different by a factor of  $\sim 2\text{-}3$ )
- $Q^2$ -evolution? Intriguing result!**

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \propto f_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes D_{1q}^h \quad \text{SSA [twist-2]}$$

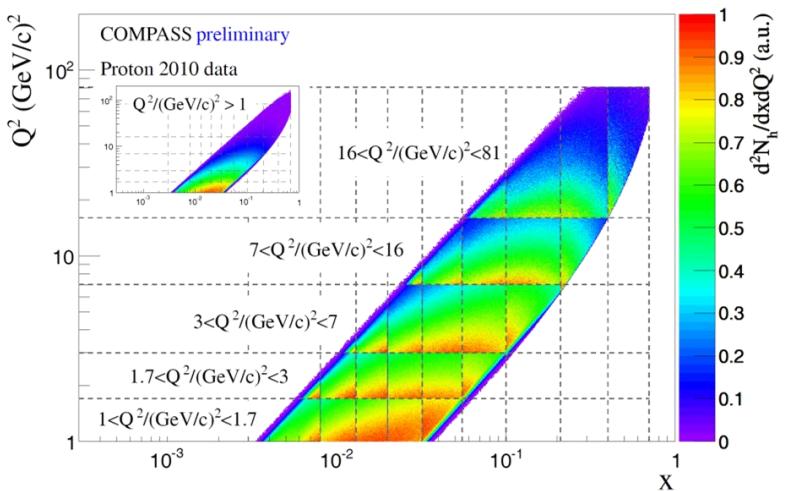


S. M. Aybat, A. Prokudin, T. C. Rogers **PRL 108 (2012) 242003**  
M. Anselmino, M. Boglione, S. Melis **PRD 86 (2012) 014028**

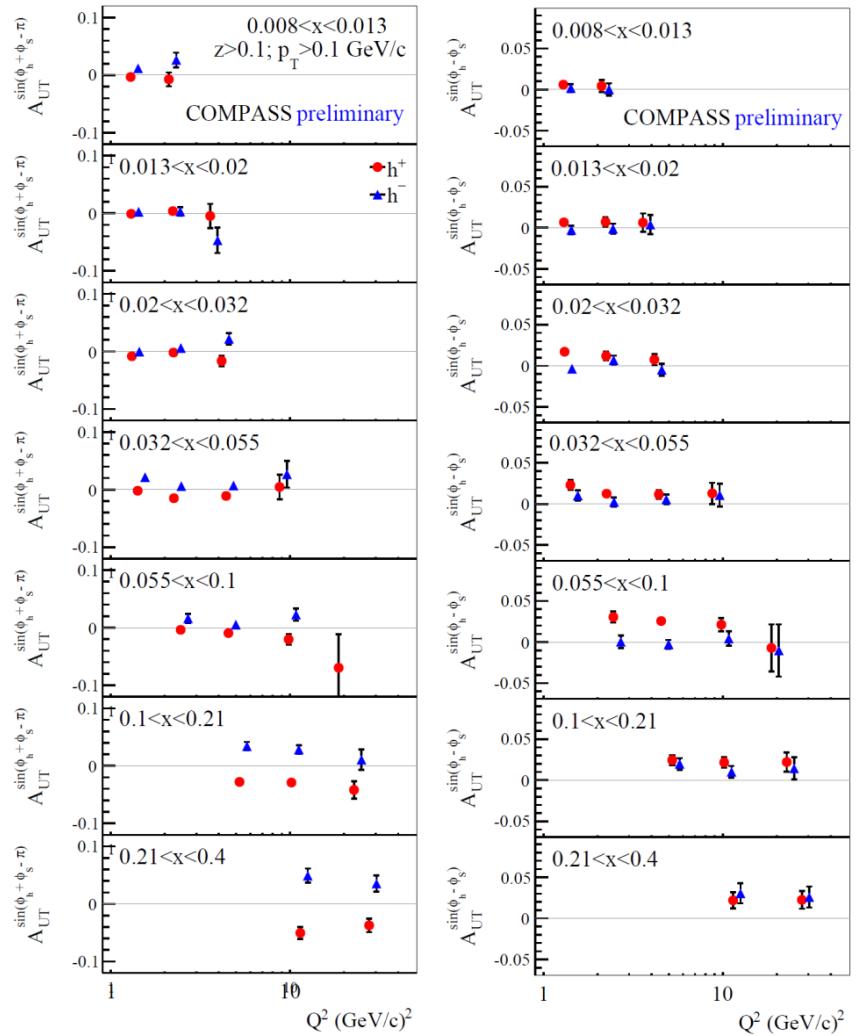
# Multi-D TSA analysis

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\
 & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\
 & + S_T \left[ A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\
 & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \\
 & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \\
 & \left. + \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \\
 & + S_T \lambda \left[ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \right. \\
 & \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$



Results first shown at the SPIN-2014 conference  
[arXiv:1504.01599 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1504.01599)



- No clear  $Q^2$ -dependence within statistical accuracy
- Possible decreasing trend for Sivers TSA?

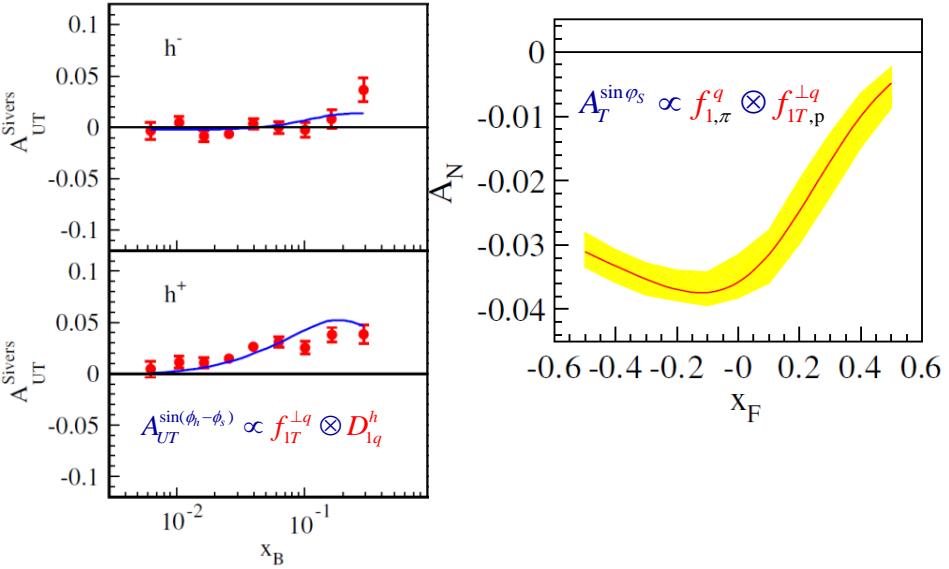
# Sivers TSA SIDIS $\rightarrow$ DY

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_S} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

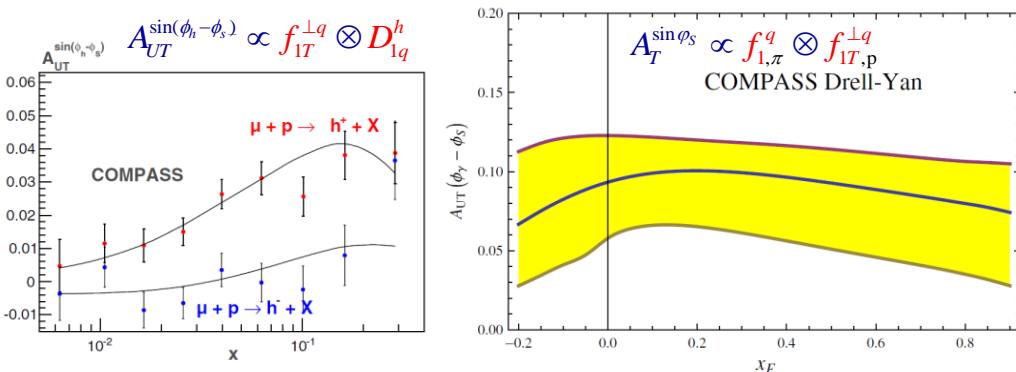
$$\begin{aligned}
 & \boxed{A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \\
 & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) \\
 & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) \\
 & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_S} \sin\phi_S \\
 & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S) \\
 & \left. \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_S) \right. \right. \\
 & + S_T \lambda \left. \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_S} \cos\phi_S \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S) \right] \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

- Global fits of available 1-D SIDIS data
- Different TMD-evolution schemes
- Different predictions for Drell-Yan

M.G. Echevarria, A.Idilbi, Z.B. Kang and I. Vitev,  
*“QCD Evolution of the Sivers Asymmetry”*  
**PRD 89 074013 (2014)**



P. Sun and F. Yuan,  
*“Transverse momentum dependent evolution: Matching SIDIS processes to Drell-Yan and W/Z boson production”*.  
**PRD 88 11, 114012 (2013)**

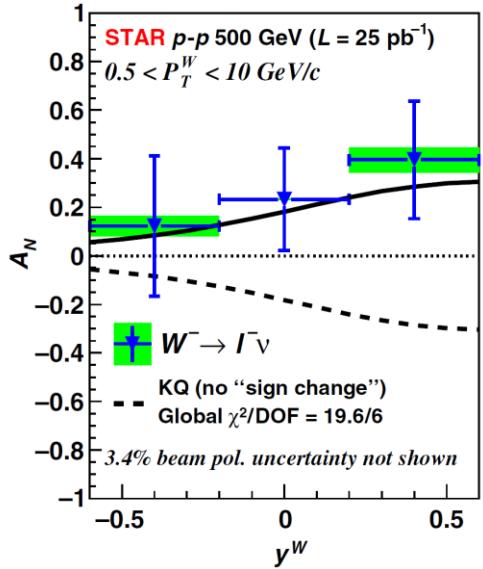
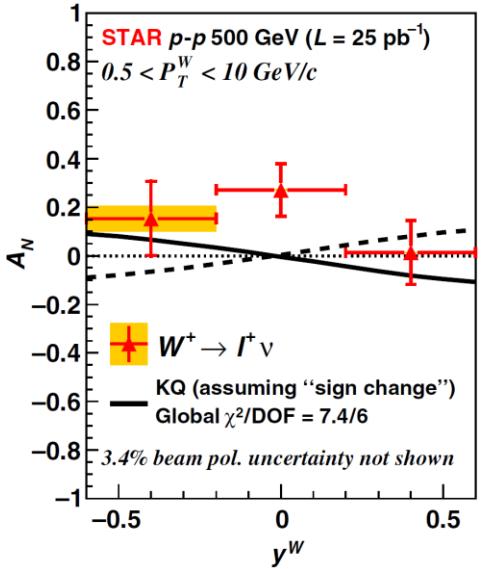


# Sivers TSA SIDIS $\rightarrow$ DY

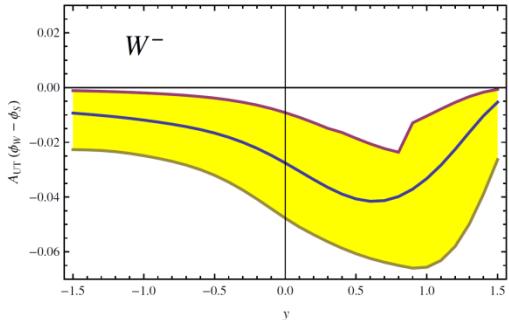
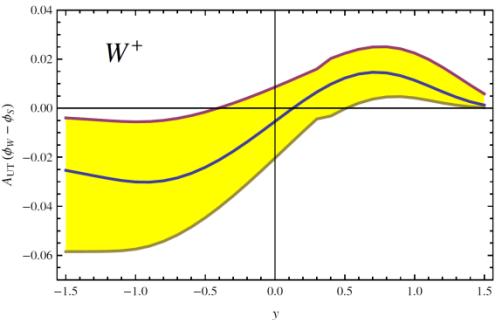
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_S} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 + \dots \\ \\ \boxed{A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_S} \sin\phi_S \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S) \\ \\ \boxed{\sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \\ + S_T \lambda \left[ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_S} \cos\phi_S \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S) \right] \end{array} \right\}$$

- Global fits of available 1-D SIDIS data
- Different TMD-evolution schemes
- Different predictions for Drell-Yan
- First experimental investigation of Sivers-nonuniversality by STAR
- Different hard scale compared to FT
- Evolution effects may play a substantial role

STAR collaboration: **PRL 116, 132301 (2016)**

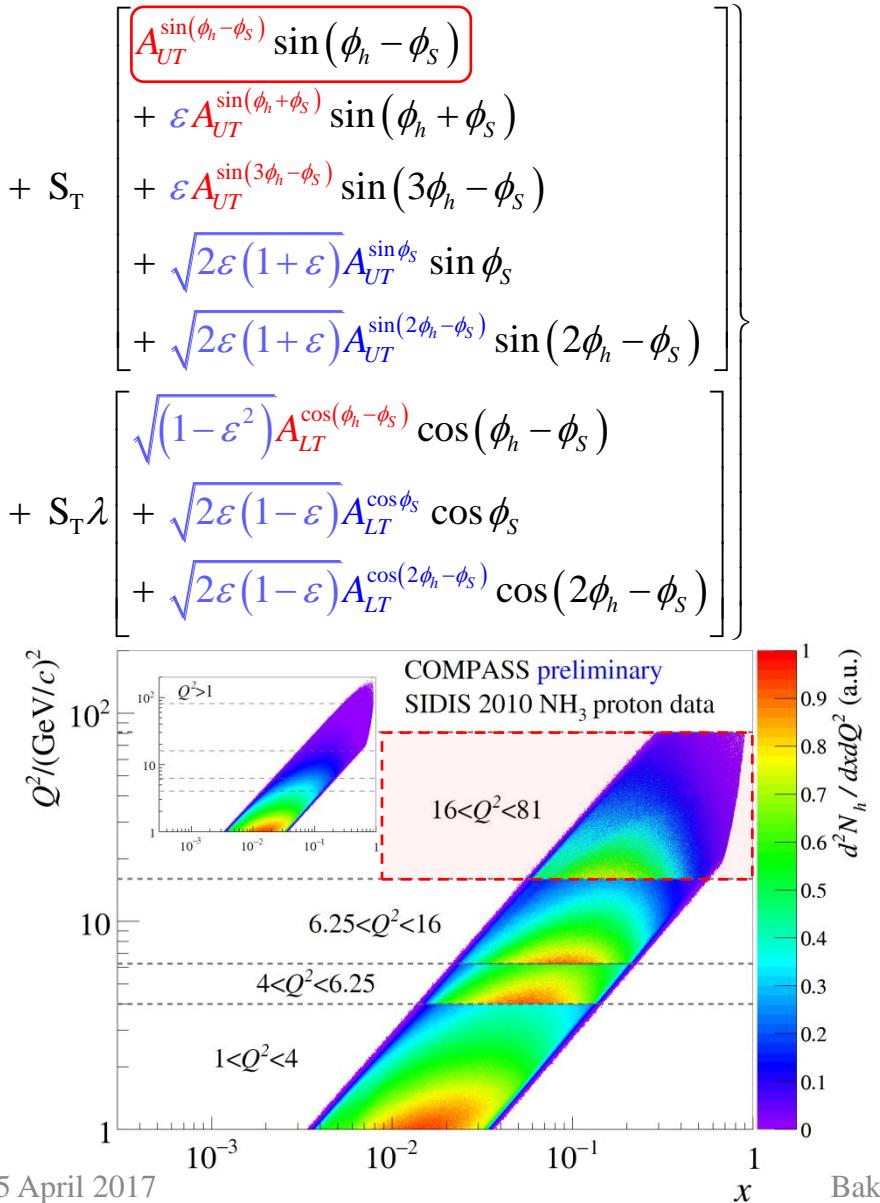


P. Sun and F. Yuan,  
*"Transverse momentum dependent evolution: Matching SIDIS processes to Drell-Yan and W/Z boson production"*.  
**PRD 88 11, 114012 (2013)**



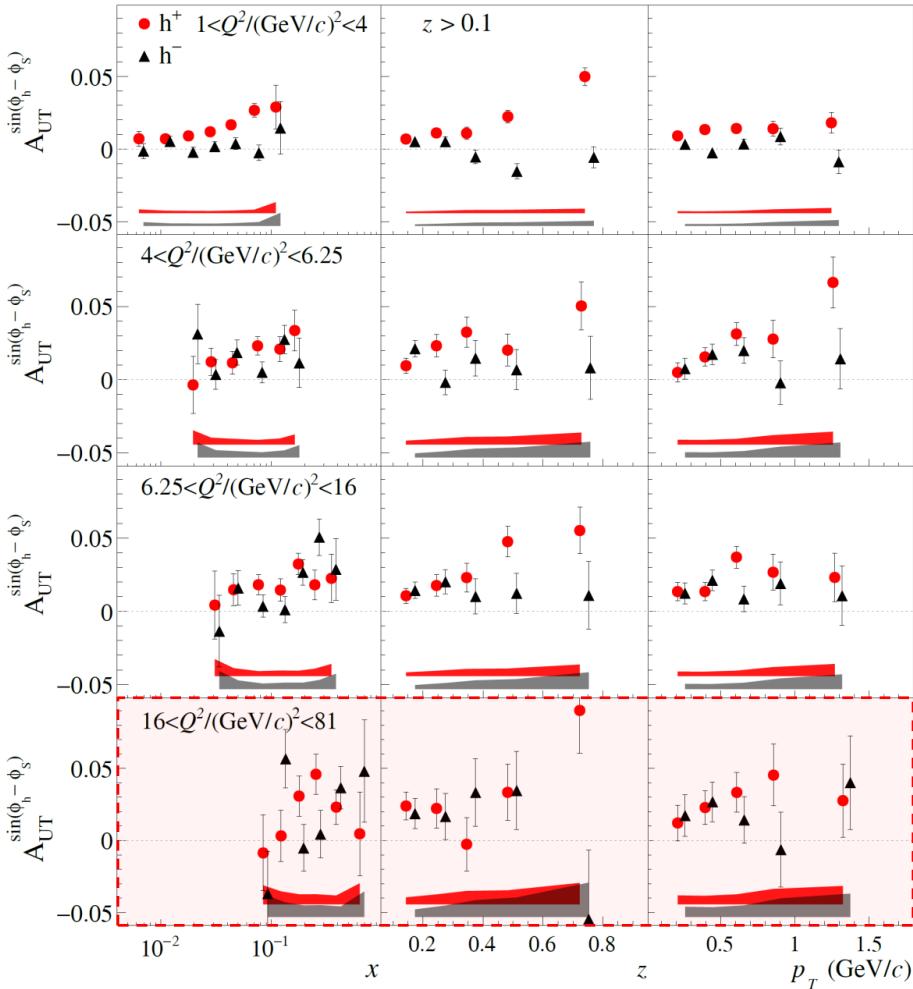
# SIDIS Sivers TSA in COMPASS Drell-Yan Q<sup>2</sup>-ranges

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_S} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$



Soon in PLB

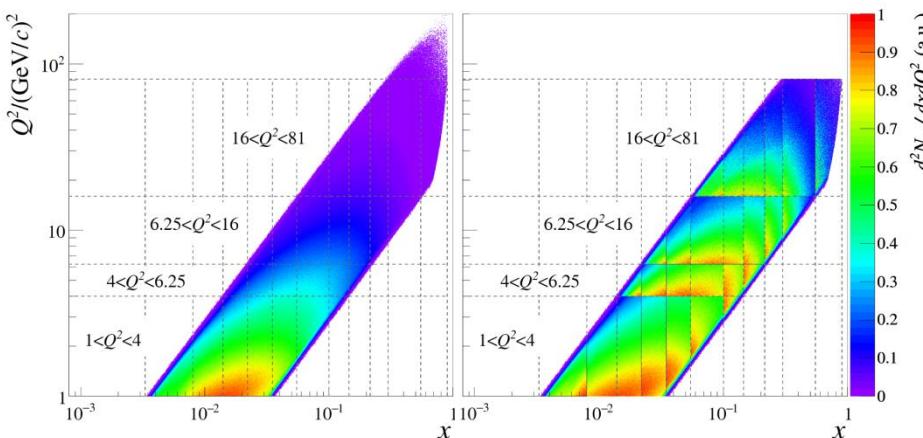
CERN-EP-2016-250, arXiv:1609.07374 [hep-ex]



# SIDIS Sivers TSA in COMPASS Drell-Yan Q<sup>2</sup>-ranges

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

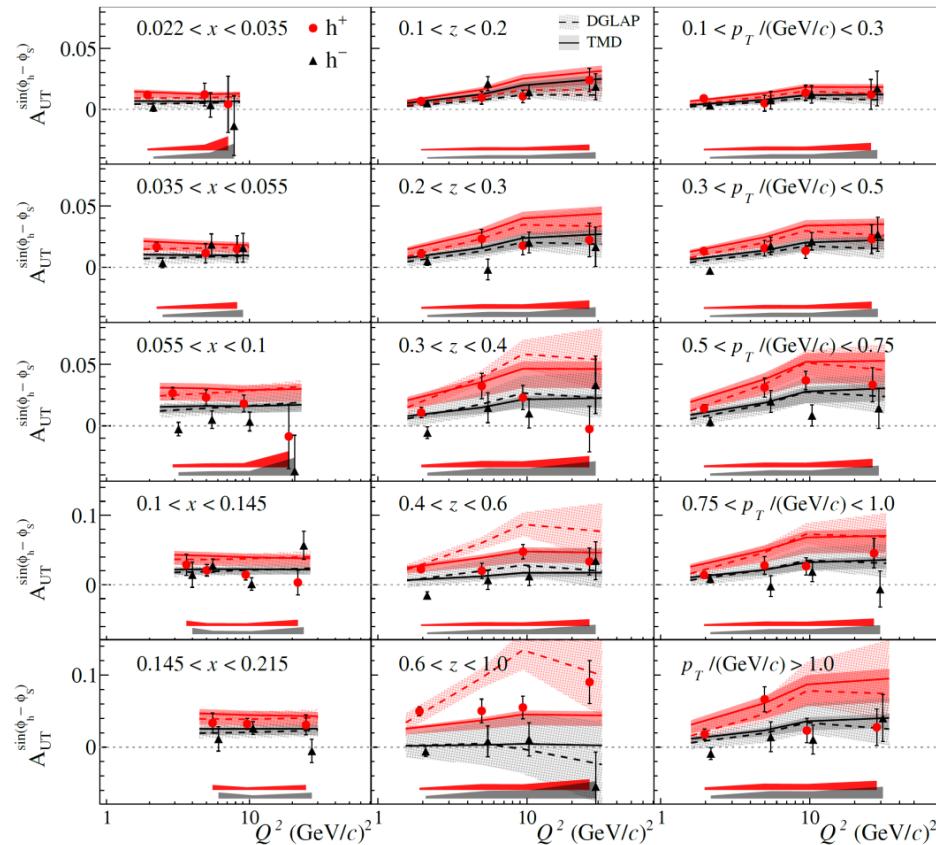
$$\begin{aligned} & A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ & + S_T \left[ A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \\ & + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ & \left. + \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \\ & + S_T \lambda \left[ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \right. \\ & \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \end{aligned}$$



A multi-dimensional input for TMD evolution studies

Soon in PLB

[CERN-EP-2016-250](#), [arXiv:1609.07374 \[hep-ex\]](#)



The solid (dashed) curves represent the calculations for TMD (DGLAP) evolution for the Sivers TSAs based on the best fit of 1D COMPASS and HERMES data from [Phys. Rev. D86 \(2012\) 014028](#) by M. Anselmino et al.

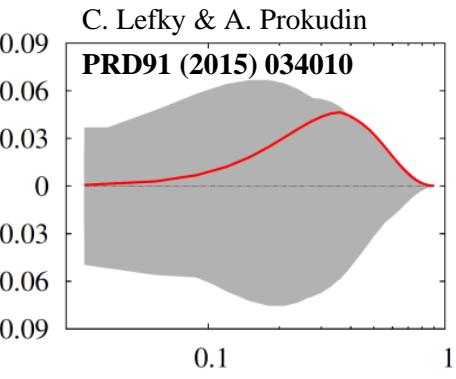
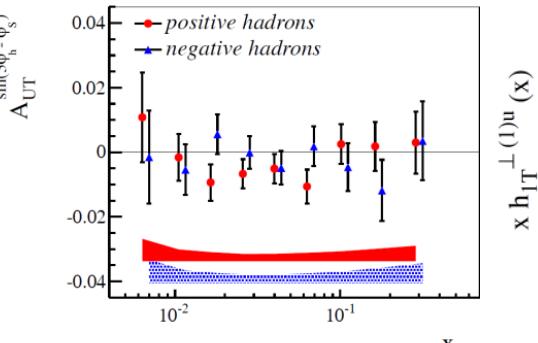
# SIDIS TSAs (Pretzelosity and Kotzinian-Mulders)

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$+ S_T \left[ A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) + \boxed{\varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ \left. + S_T \lambda \left[ \boxed{\sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \right]$$

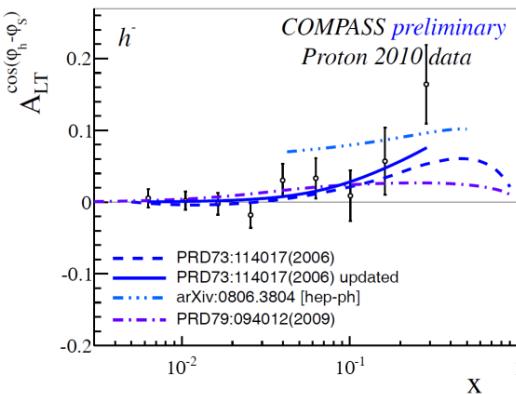
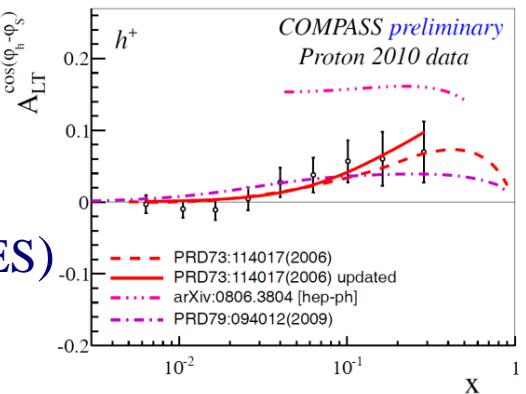
- Not accessible in single-polarized DY
- Gives access to  $g_{1T}$  “twist-2” PDF (Kotzinian-Mulders or worm-gear-T)
  - Clear signal for  $h^+$   
(preliminary confirmation also by HERMES)
  - In agreement with several models

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto h_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h} \text{ SSA [twist-2]}$$



- All compatible with zero within uncertainties (P/D)
- Suppressed by a factor of  $\sim |p_T|^2$  w.r.t the Collins and Sivers TSAs

$$A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h \text{ DSA [twist-2]}$$



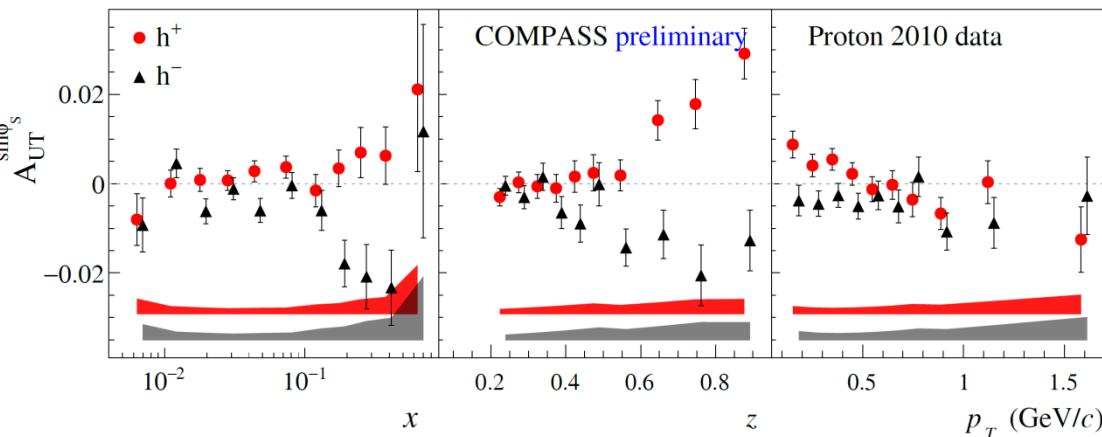
# The $A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s}$ asymmetry

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

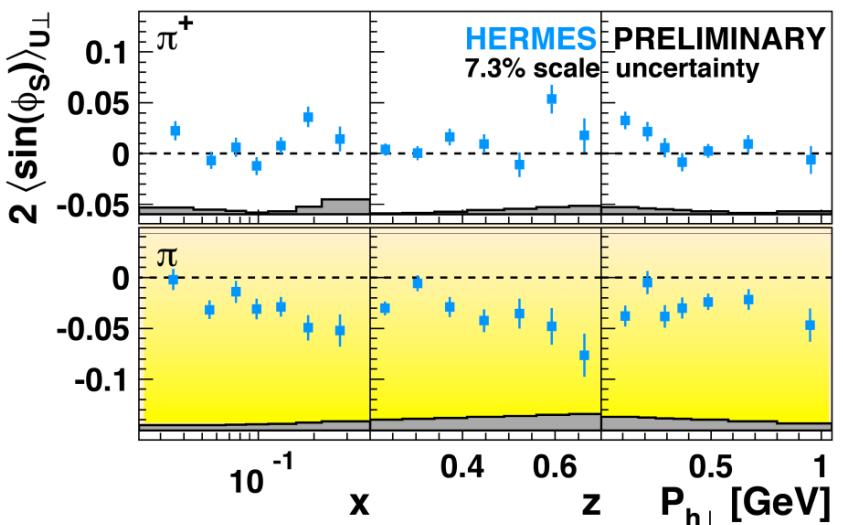
$$+ S_T \left[ A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \\ \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \\ + S_T \lambda \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \\ \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right]$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_s)} \stackrel{WW}{\propto} Q^{-1} \left( h_1^q \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h} + f_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes D_{1q}^h + \dots \right)$$

SSA [higher-twist]



- Higher twist effect..
- Within WW-approximation can be related to Sivers and Collins TSAs
- Non-zero trend for negative hadrons both at COMPASS and HERMES
- Compatible with zero on deuteron



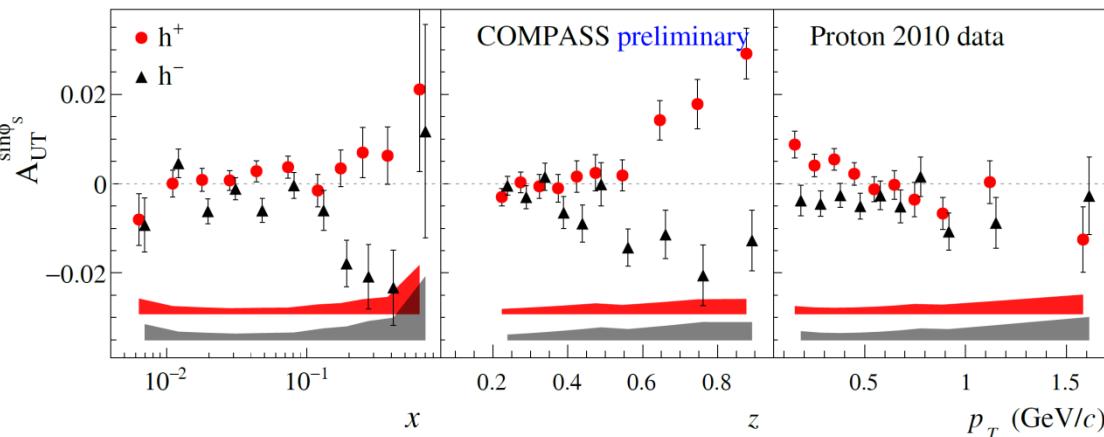
# The $A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s}$ asymmetry

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

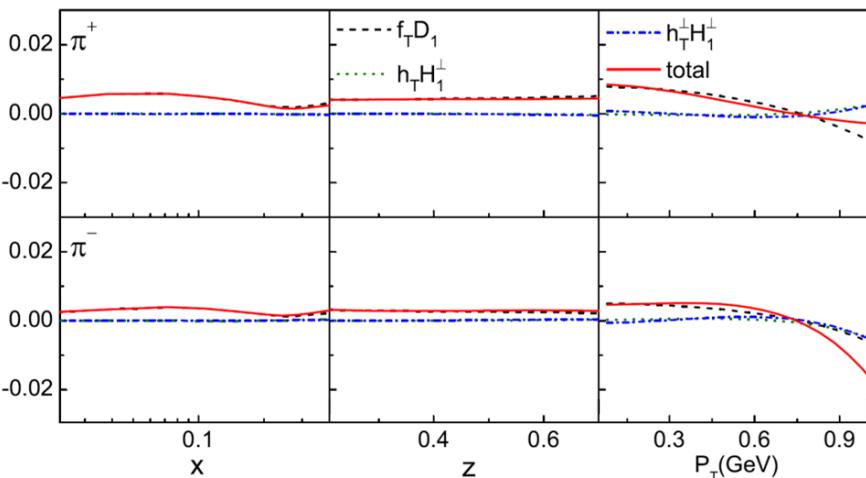
$$+ S_T \left[ A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ + \boxed{\sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s} \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ \left. + S_T \lambda \left[ \sqrt{(1-\varepsilon^2)} A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_s) \right. \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos\phi_s} \cos\phi_s \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} A_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \right] \right]$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_s)} \stackrel{WW}{\propto} Q^{-1} \left( h_1^q \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h} + f_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes D_{1q}^h + \dots \right)$$

SSA [higher-twist]



W. Mao, Z. Lu and B.Q. Ma Phys.Rev. D 90 (2014) 014048



- Higher twist effect..
- Within WW-approximation can be related to Sivers and Collins TSAs
- Non-zero trend for negative hadrons both at COMPASS and HERMES
- Compatible with zero on deuteron

# Main course: Results from first ever measurement of Drell-Yan TSAs. Shown for the first time!



*Tuscan meat “bistecca alla Fiorentina”*



*in case you are vegetarian*

# Single-polarized DY x-section: transverse part

$$\lambda = A_U^1, \mu = A_U^{\cos \varphi_{CS}}, \nu = 2A_U^{\cos 2\varphi_{CS}}$$

- “naive” Drell–Yan model  
collinear ( $k_T=0$ ) LO pQCD no rad. processes  
 $\lambda=1$ ,  $(F_U^2=0)$ ,  $\mu=\nu=0$
- Intrinsic transverse motion + QCD effects  
 $\lambda \neq 1$ ,  $\mu \neq 0$ ,  $\nu \neq 0$  but  $1-\lambda=2\nu$  (Lam-Tung)
- Experiment,  
 $\lambda \neq 1$ ,  $\mu \neq 0$ ,  $\nu \neq 0$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto (F_U^1 + F_U^2)(1 + A_U^1 \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$$

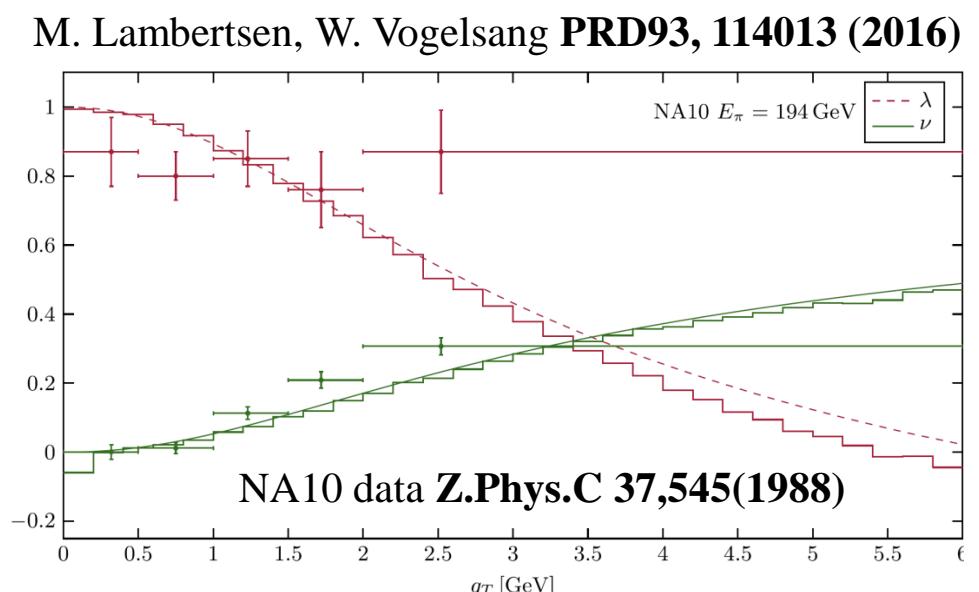
$$\times \left\{ 1 + D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_U^{\cos 2\varphi_{CS}} \cos 2\varphi_{CS} + D_{[\sin 2\theta_{CS}]} A_U^{\cos \varphi_{CS}} \cos \varphi_{CS} \right.$$

$$\left. + S_T \left[ A_T^{\sin \varphi_s} \sin \varphi_s + D_{[\sin 2\theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(\varphi_{CS}-\varphi_s)} \sin(\varphi_{CS}-\varphi_s) + A_T^{\sin(\varphi_{CS}+\varphi_s)} \sin(\varphi_{CS}+\varphi_s) \right) \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. + D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(2\varphi_{CS}-\varphi_s)} \sin(2\varphi_{CS}-\varphi_s) + A_T^{\sin(2\varphi_{CS}+\varphi_s)} \sin(2\varphi_{CS}+\varphi_s) \right) \right] \right\}$$

$$D_{[f(\theta_{CS})]} = f(\theta_{CS}) / (1 + A_U^1 \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$$

- All five Drell-Yan TSAs are extracted simultaneously using extended unbinned Maximum likelihood estimator.
- Depolarization factors are evaluated under assumption  $A_U^1=1$



# Single-polarized DY x-section: transverse part

$$\lambda = A_U^1, \mu = A_U^{\cos\varphi_{CS}}, \nu = 2A_U^{\cos 2\varphi_{CS}}$$

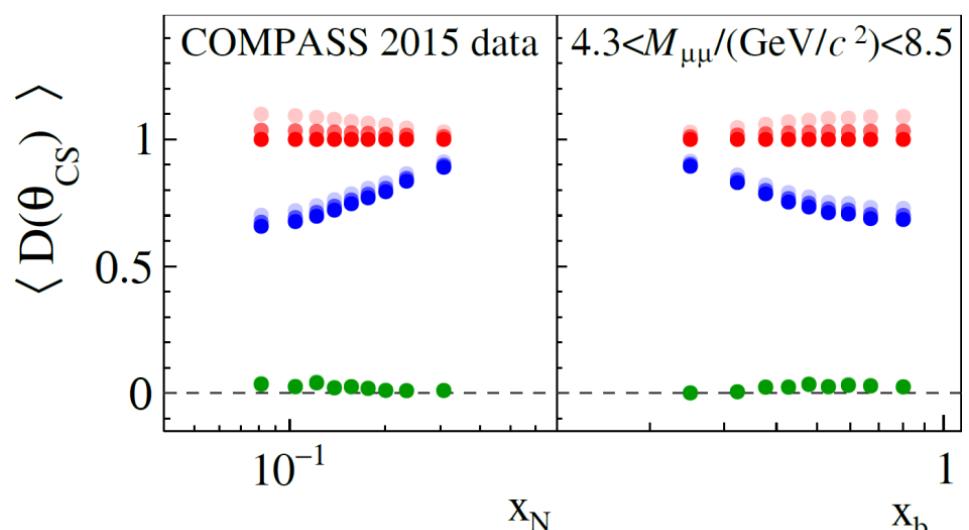
- “naive” Drell–Yan model  
collinear ( $k_T=0$ ) LO pQCD no rad. processes  
 $\lambda=1$ , ( $F_U^2=0$ ),  $\mu=\nu=0$
- Intrinsic transverse motion + QCD effects  
 $\lambda \neq 1$ ,  $\mu \neq 0$ ,  $\nu \neq 0$  but  $1-\lambda=2\nu$  (Lam-Tung)
- Experiment,  
 $\lambda \neq 1$ ,  $\mu \neq 0$ ,  $\nu \neq 0$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto (F_U^1 + F_U^2)(1 + A_U^1 \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$$

$$\times \left\{ 1 + D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_U^{\cos 2\varphi_{CS}} \cos 2\varphi_{CS} + D_{[\sin 2\theta_{CS}]} A_U^{\cos \varphi_{CS}} \cos \varphi_{CS} \right. \\ \left. + S_T \left[ A_T^{\sin \varphi_s} \sin \varphi_s + D_{[\sin 2\theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(\varphi_{CS}-\varphi_s)} \sin(\varphi_{CS}-\varphi_s) + A_T^{\sin(\varphi_{CS}+\varphi_s)} \sin(\varphi_{CS}+\varphi_s) \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(2\varphi_{CS}-\varphi_s)} \sin(2\varphi_{CS}-\varphi_s) + A_T^{\sin(2\varphi_{CS}+\varphi_s)} \sin(2\varphi_{CS}+\varphi_s) \right) \right] \right\}$$

$$D_{[f(\theta_{CS})]} = f(\theta_{CS}) / (1 + A_U^1 \cos^2 \theta_{CS})$$

- All five Drell-Yan TSAs are extracted simultaneously using extended unbinned Maximum likelihood estimator.
- Depolarization factors are evaluated under assumption  $A_U^1=1$
- Possible impact of  $A_U^1 \neq 1$  scenarios lead to a normalization uncertainty of at most  $-5\%$ .



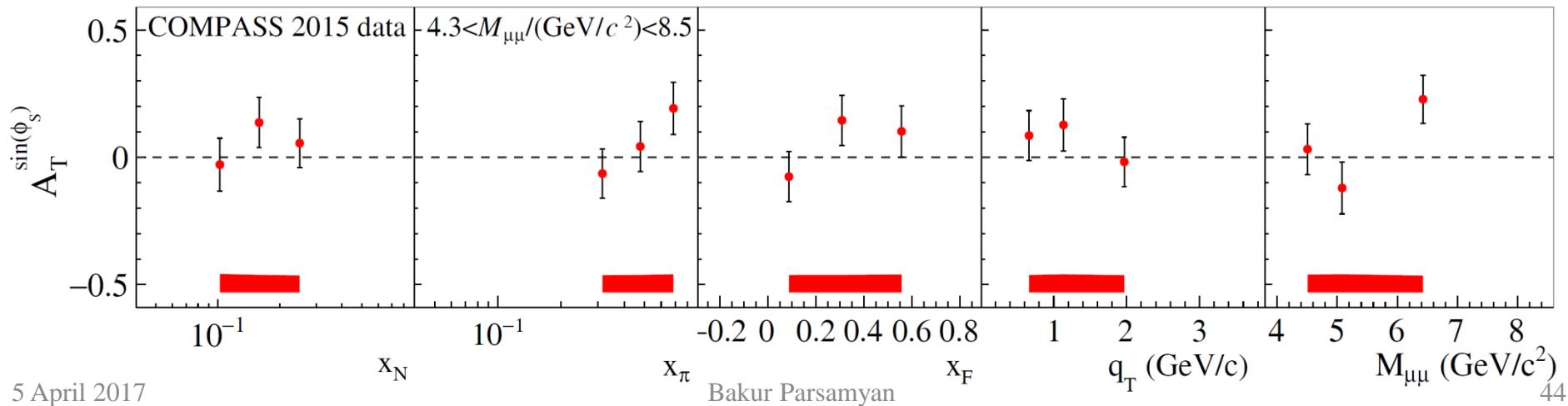
# Drell-Yan TSAs – Sivers

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ A_T^{\sin \varphi_S} \sin \varphi_S + \dots \right]$$

## Sivers DY TSA

$$A_T^{\sin \varphi_S} \propto f_{1,\pi}^q \otimes f_{1T,p}^{\perp q}$$

**New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](#), arXiv:1704.00488[hep-ex]**



# Drell-Yan TSAs – Sivers

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ A_T^{\sin \varphi_S} \sin \varphi_S + \dots \right]$$

Sivers SIDIS TSA

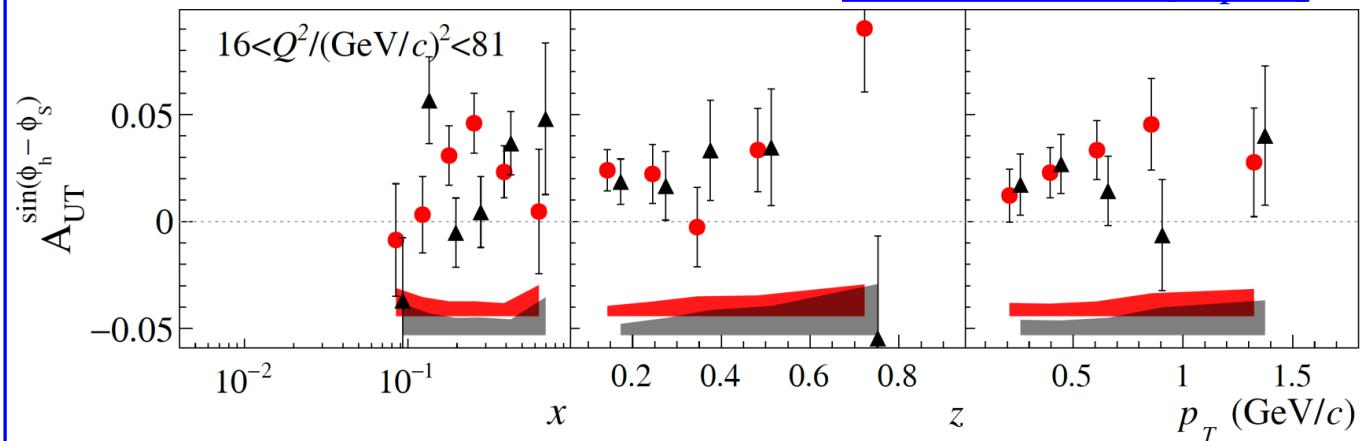
$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto f_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes D_{1q}^h$$

Sivers DY TSA

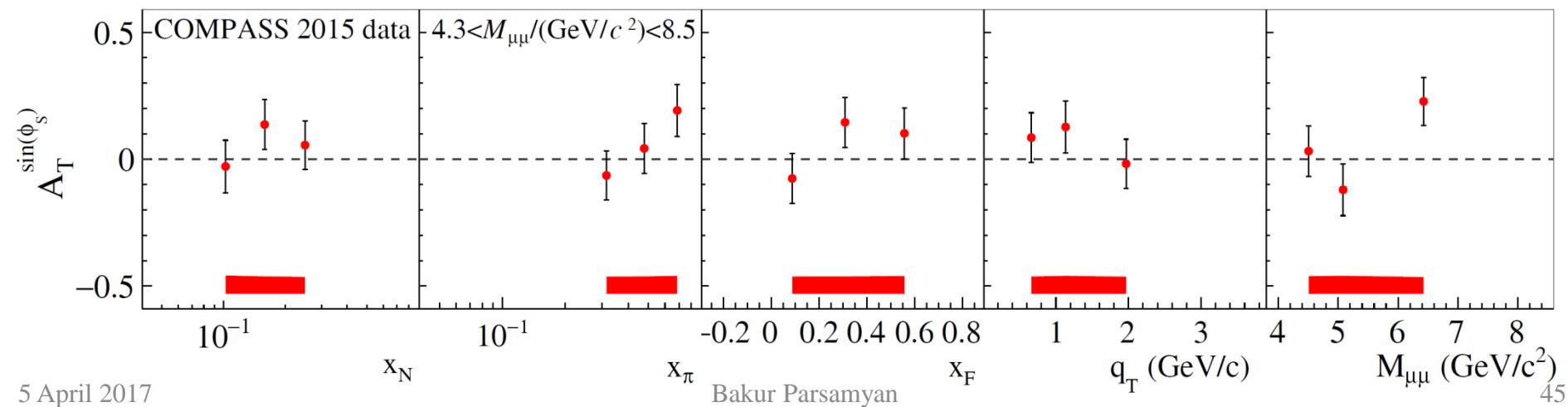
$$A_T^{\sin \varphi_S} \propto f_{1,\pi}^q \otimes f_{1T,p}^{\perp q}$$

## SIDIS in Drell-Yan high-mass range: Sivers TSA

COMPASS [arXiv:1609.07374 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1609.07374)



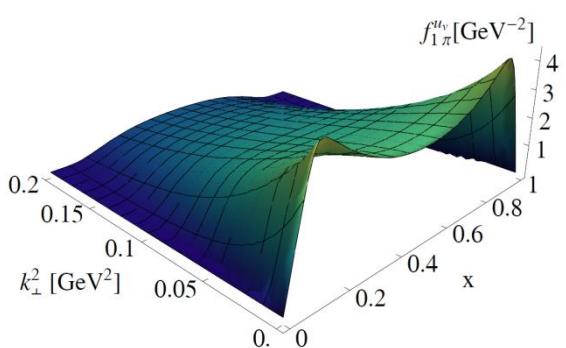
**New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](https://cds.cern.ch/record/2204400), arXiv:1704.00488[hep-ex]**



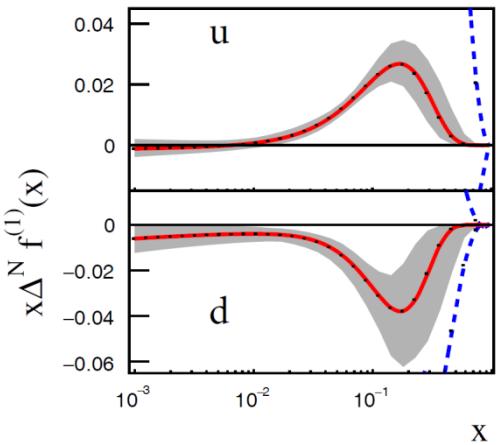
# Drell-Yan TSAs – Sivers

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ A_T^{\sin \varphi_S} \sin \varphi_S + \dots \right]$$

B. Pasquini, P. Schweitzer  
**Phys.Rev. D90 (2014) 014050**



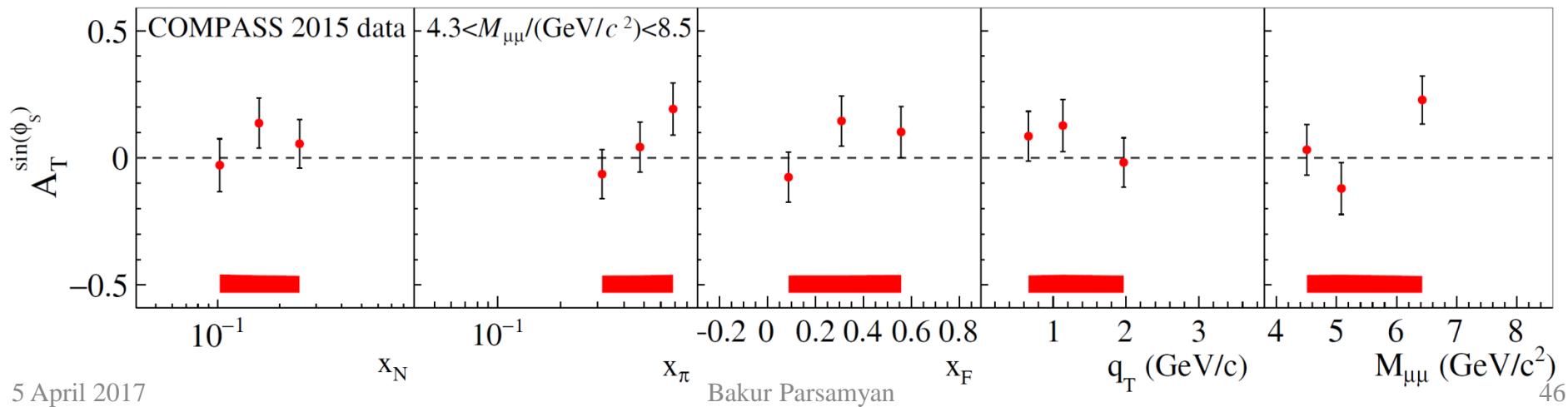
M. Anselmino et al.  
**arXiv:1612.06413[hep-ph]**



Sivers DY TSA

$$A_T^{\sin \varphi_S} \propto f_{1,\pi}^q \otimes f_{1T,p}^{\perp q}$$

**New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](#), arXiv:1704.00488[hep-ex]**



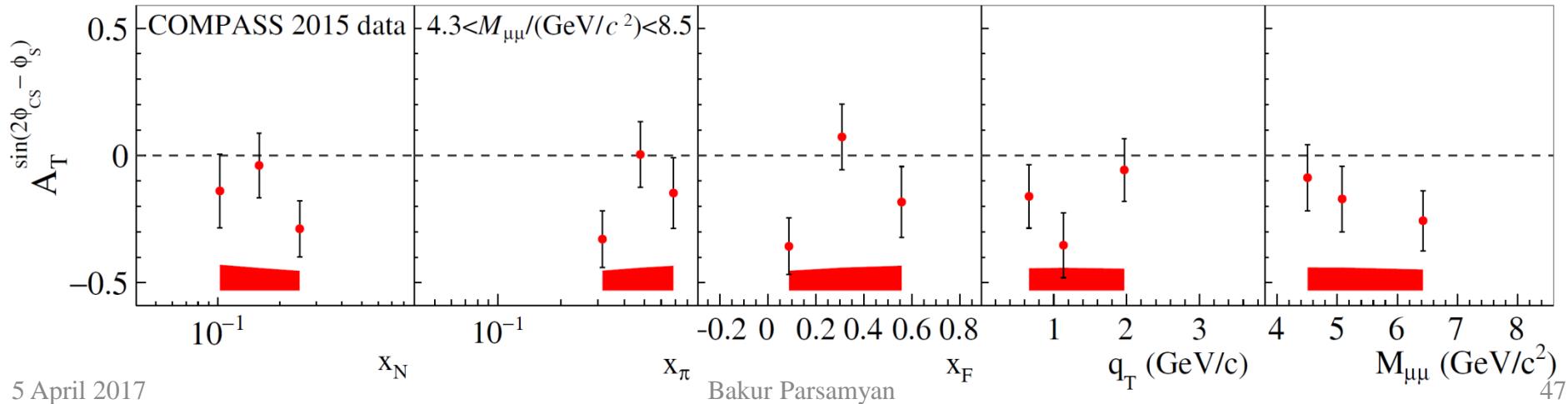
# Drell-Yan TSAs – Transversity

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s) + \dots \right]$$

Transversity DY TSA

$$A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1,p}^q$$

**New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](#), arXiv:1704.00488[hep-ex]**



# Drell-Yan TSAs – Transversity

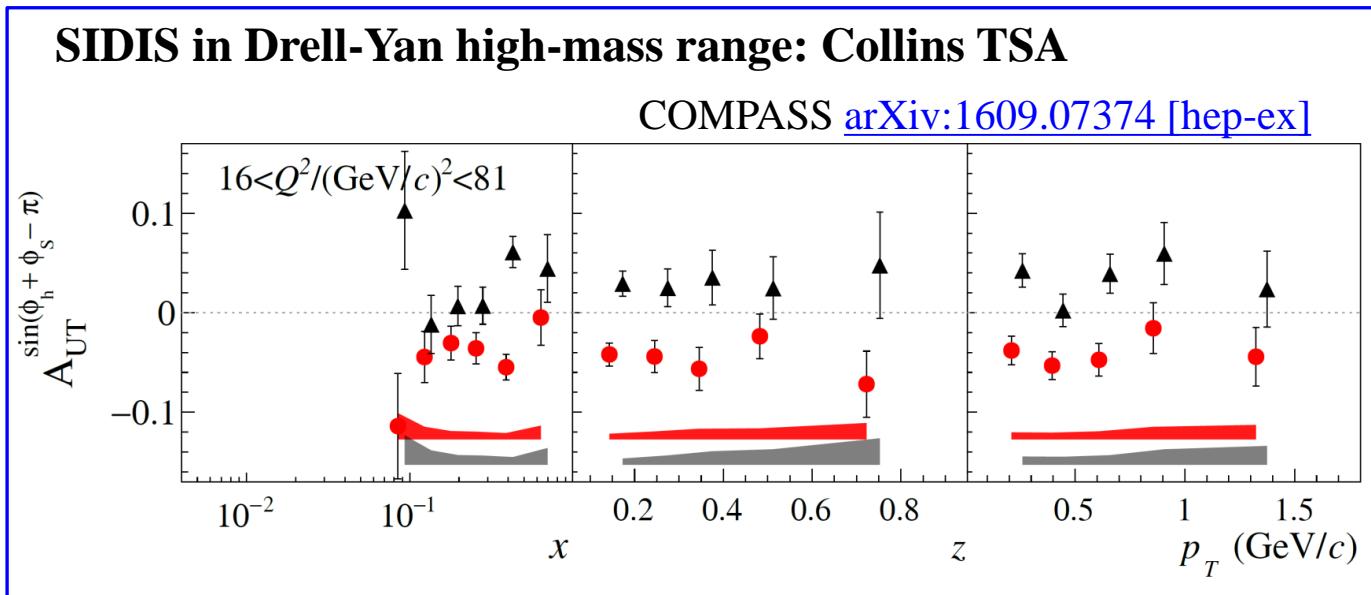
$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s) + \dots \right]$$

Collins SIDIS TSA

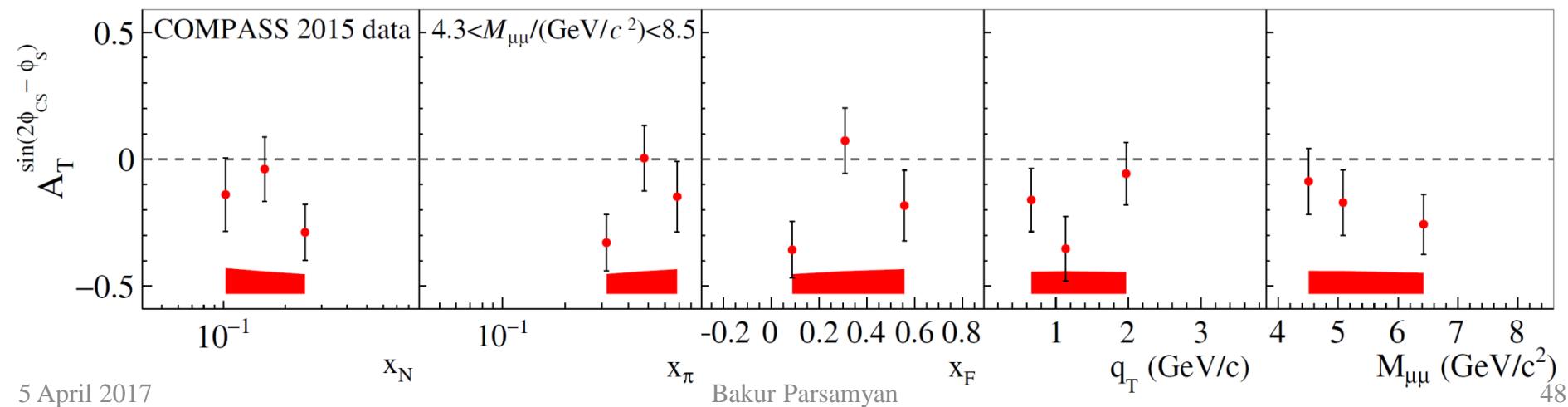
$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \propto h_1^q \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$$

Transversity DY TSA

$$A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1,p}^q$$



New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](https://cds.cern.ch/record/2180059), [arXiv:1704.00488\[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1704.00488)



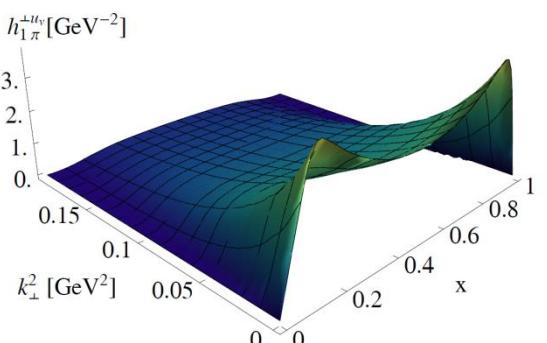
# Drell-Yan TSAs – Transversity

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s) + \dots \right]$$

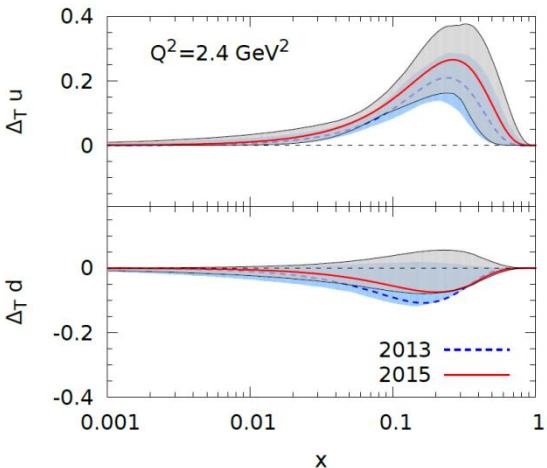
Transversity DY TSA

$$A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1,p}^q$$

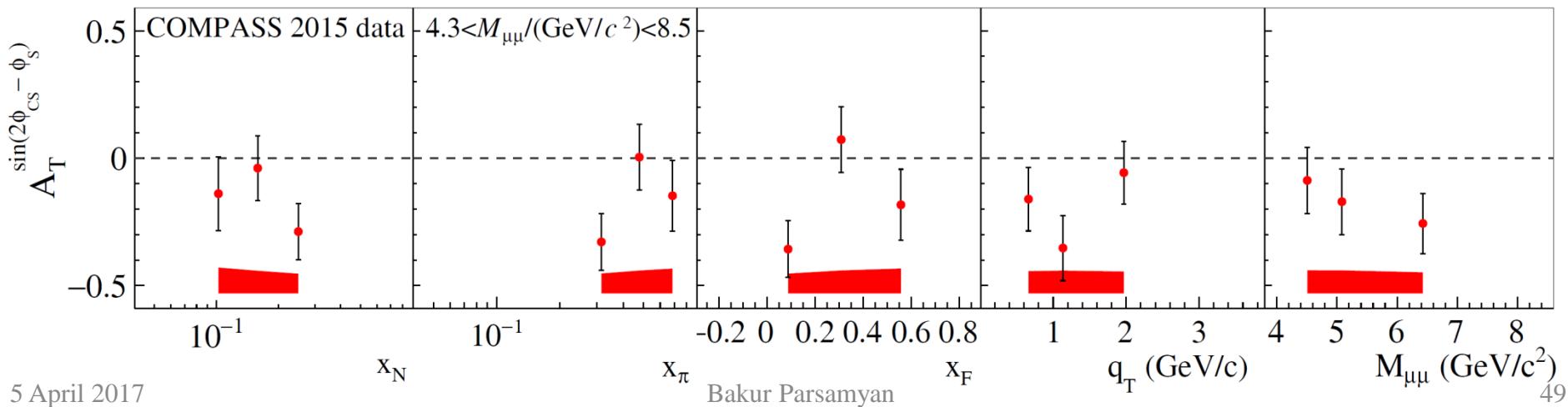
B. Pasquini, P. Schweitzer  
Phys.Rev. D90 (2014) 014050



M. Anselmino et al.  
Phys.Rev. D92 (2015) 114023



New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](#), [arXiv:1704.00488\[hep-ex\]](#)

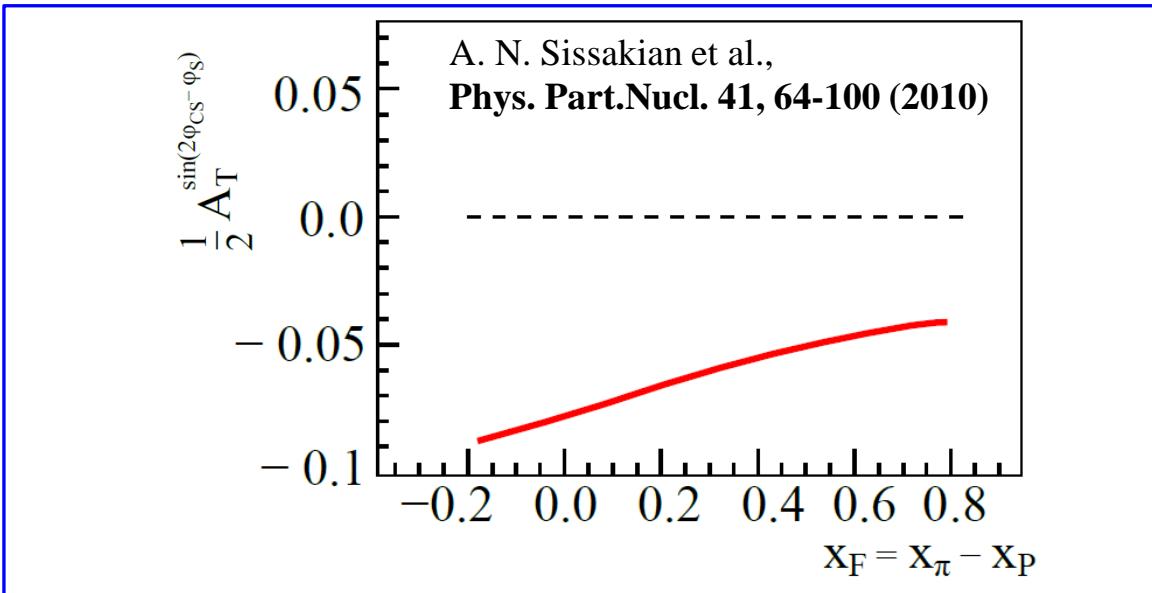


# Drell-Yan TSAs – Transversity

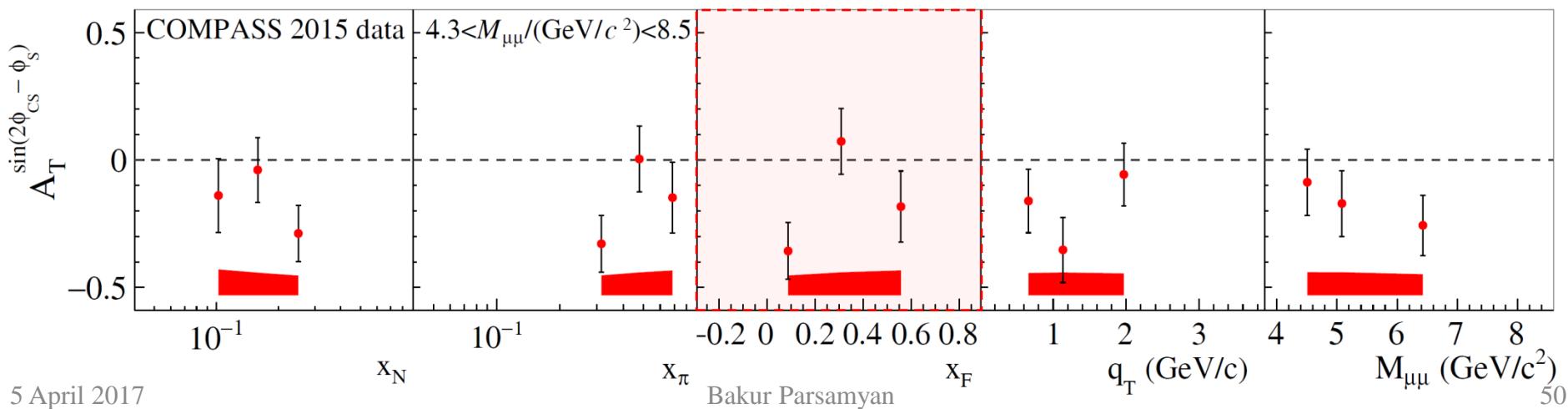
$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s) + \dots \right]$$

Transversity DY TSA

$$A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1,p}^q$$



New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](#), [arXiv:1704.00488\[hep-ex\]](#)



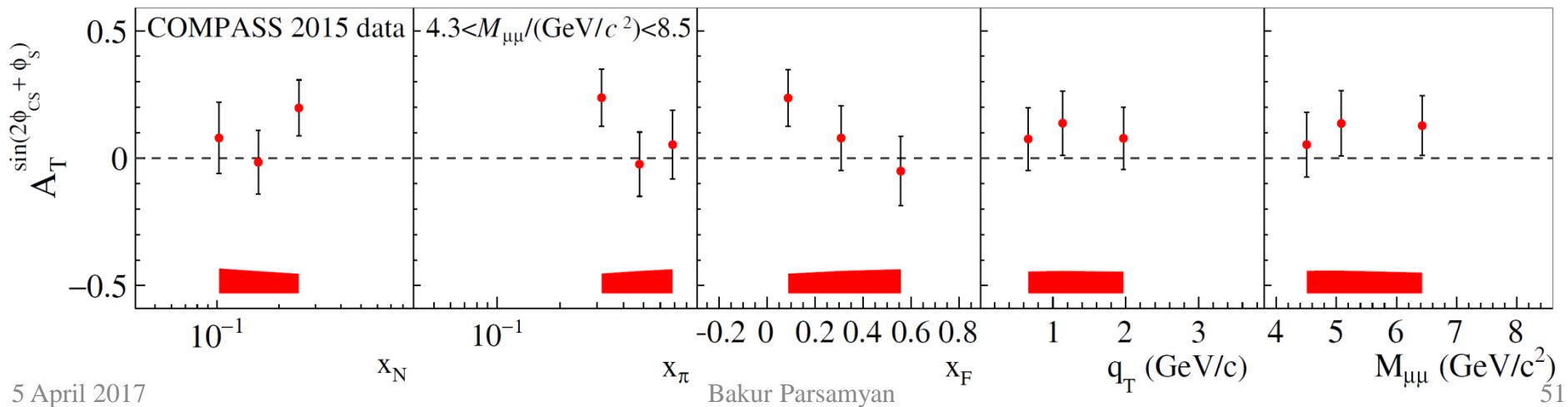
# Drell-Yan TSAs – Pretzelosity

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s) + \dots \right]$$

Pretzelosity DY TSA

$$A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1T,p}^{\perp q}$$

**New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](#), arXiv:1704.00488[hep-ex]**



# Drell-Yan TSAs – Pretzelosity

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s) + \dots \right]$$

Pretzelosity SIDIS TSA

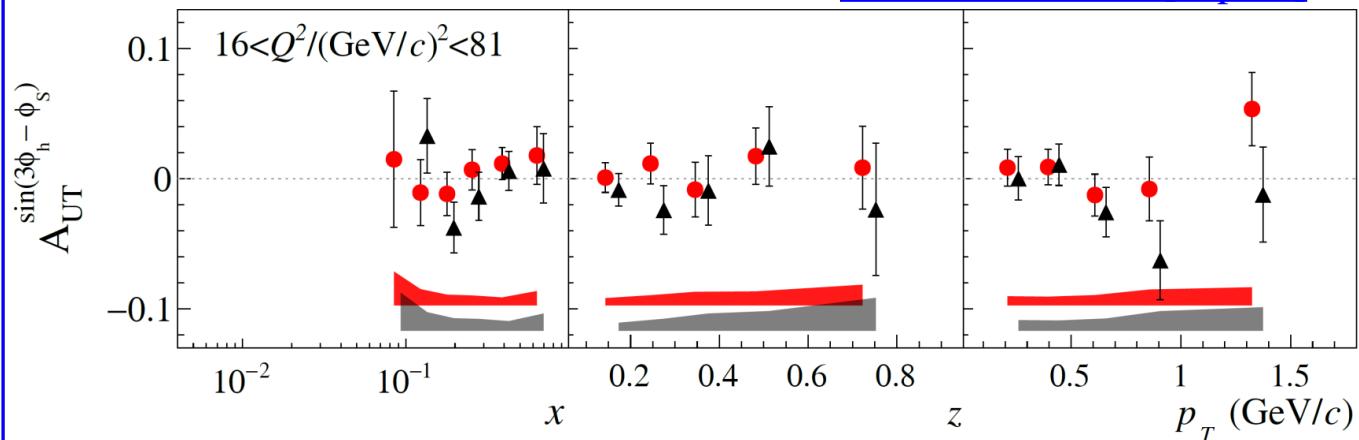
$$A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto h_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$$

Pretzelosity DY TSA

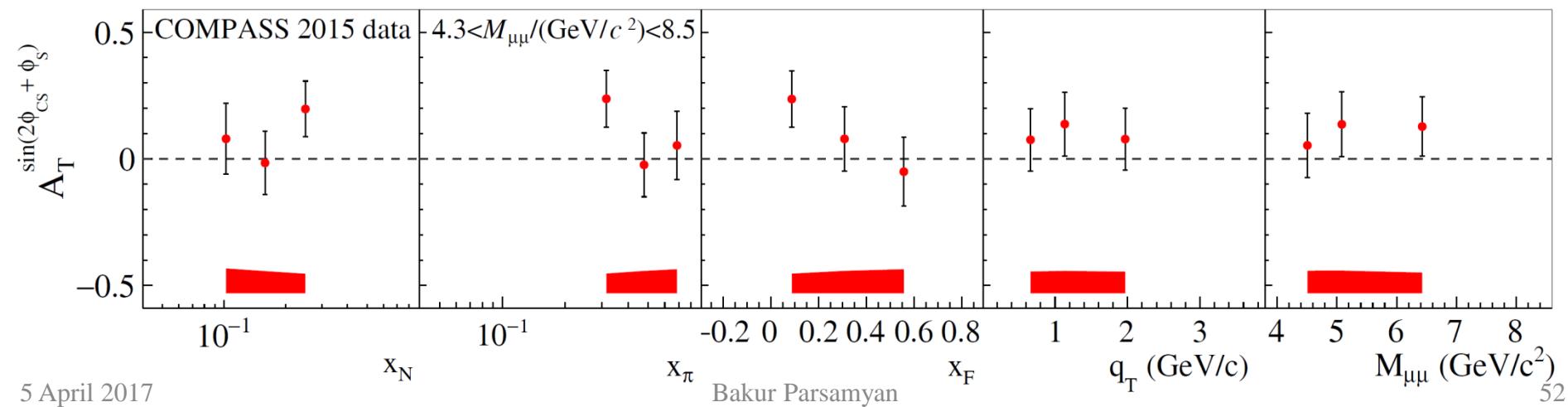
$$A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1T,p}^{\perp q}$$

## SIDIS in Drell-Yan high-mass range: Pretzelosity TSA

COMPASS [arXiv:1609.07374 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1609.07374)



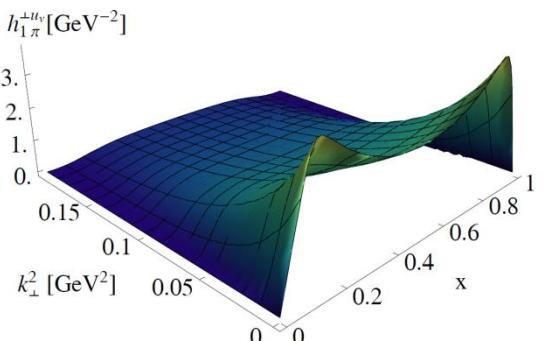
**New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](https://cds.cern.ch/record/2200000), arXiv:1704.00488[hep-ex]**



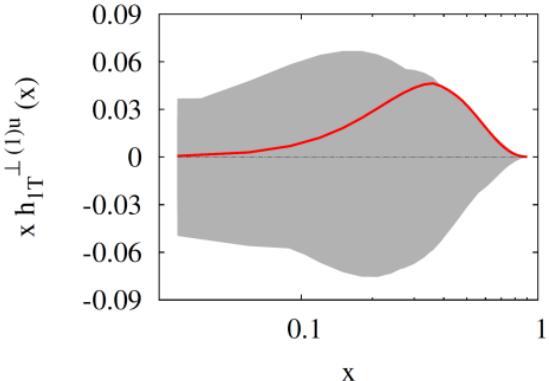
# Drell-Yan TSAs – Pretzelosity

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s) + \dots \right]$$

B. Pasquini, P. Schweitzer  
**Phys.Rev. D90 (2014) 014050**



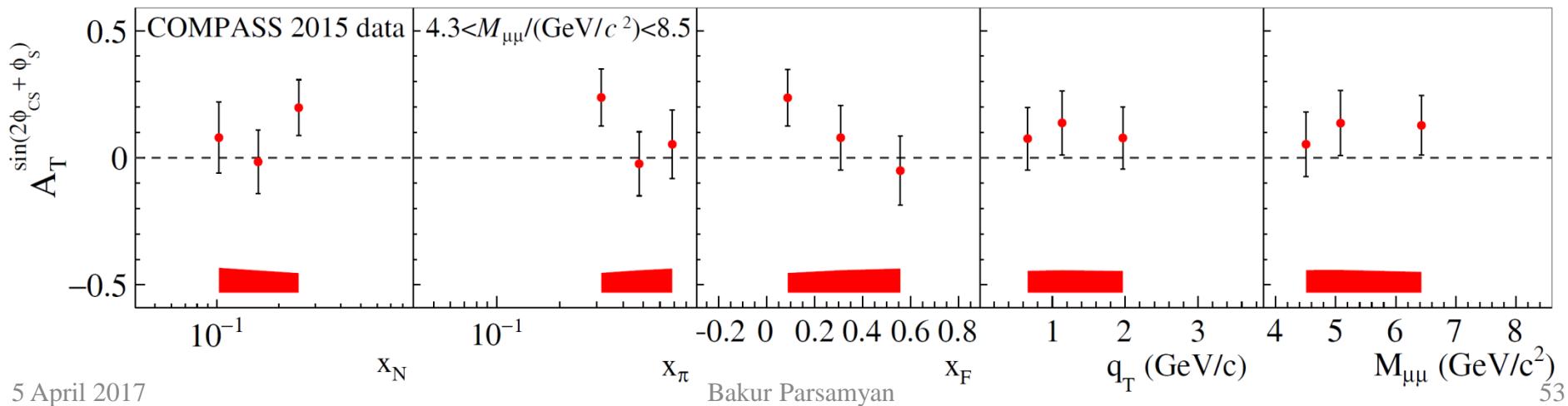
C. Lefky, A. Prokudin  
**PRD91 (2015) 034010**



## Pretzelosity DY TSA

$$A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \propto h_{1,\pi}^{\perp q} \otimes h_{1T,p}^{\perp q}$$

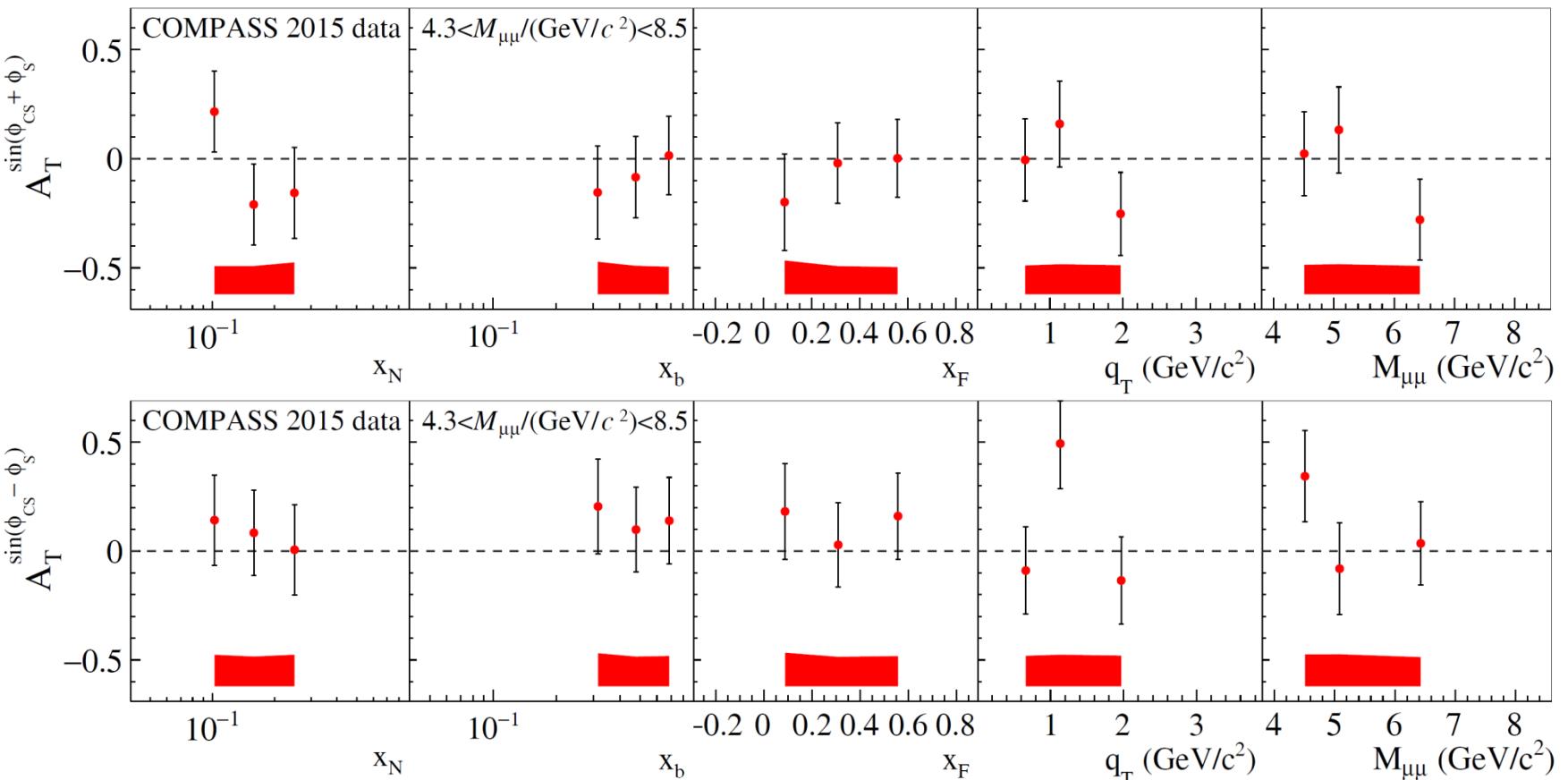
**New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](#), arXiv:1704.00488[hep-ex]**



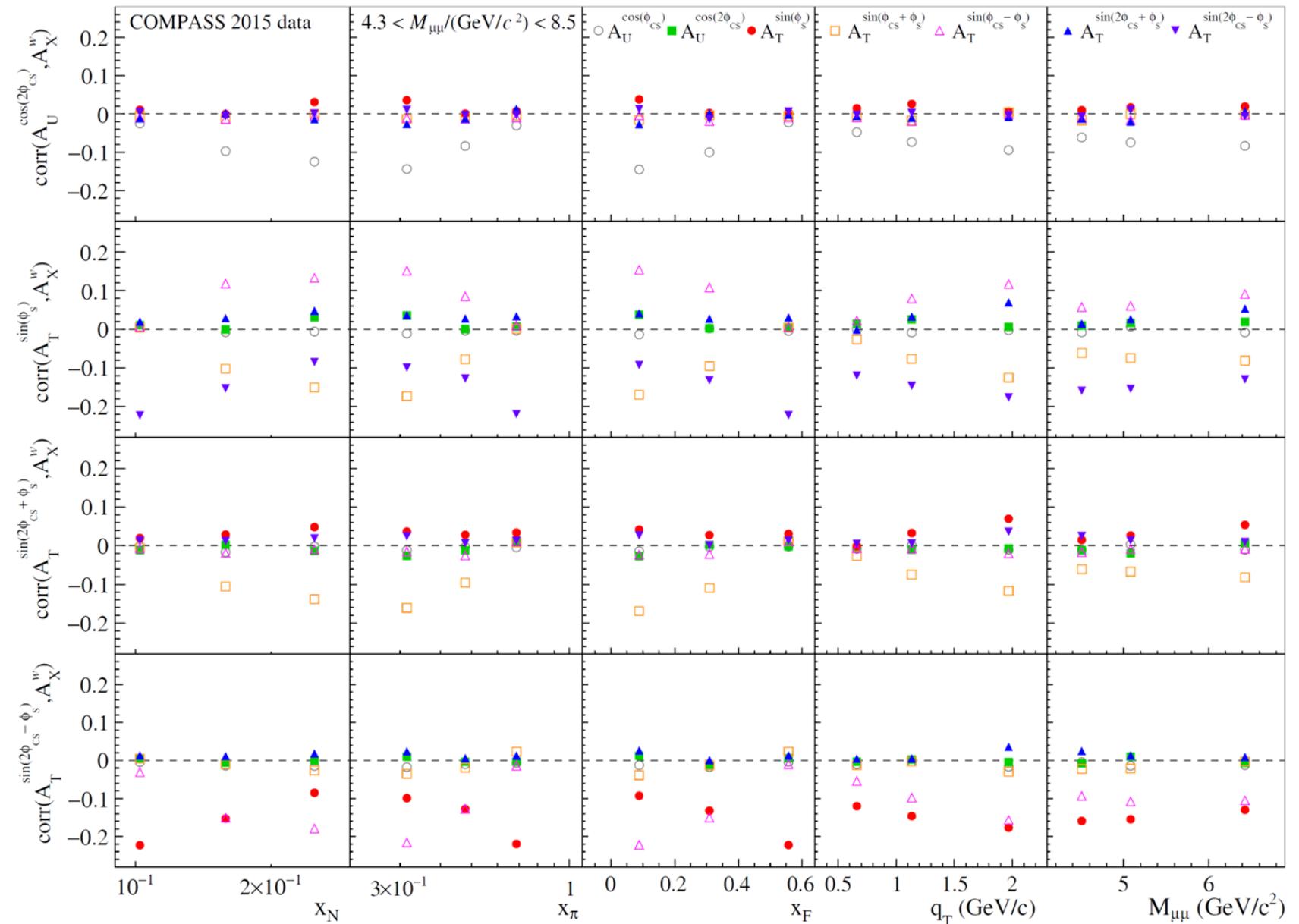
# Drell-Yan TSAs – “higher twists”

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto 1 + \dots + S_T \left[ D_{[\sin 2\theta_{CS}]} A_T^{\sin(\phi_{CS} + \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_{CS} + \phi_S) + D_{[\sin 2\theta_{CS}]} A_T^{\sin(\phi_{CS} - \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_{CS} - \phi_S) \dots \right]$$

New! 03 April 2017! COMPASS [CERN-EP-2017-059](#), [arXiv:1704.00488\[hep-ex\]](#)



# Correlation coefficients



Maximum correlations are about  $\sim 0.2$

# SIDIS and DY TSAs at COMPASS (high-mass range)

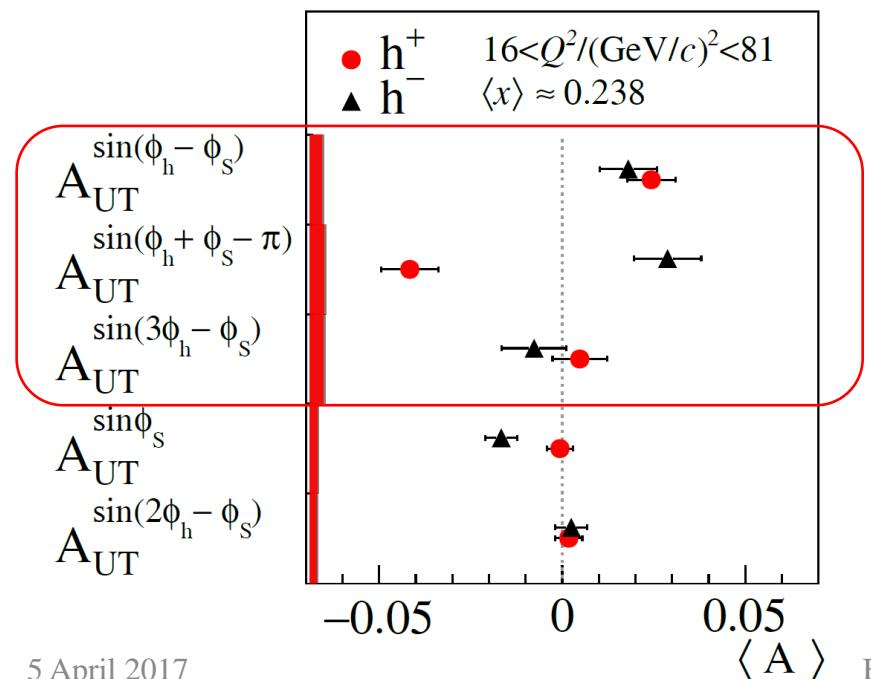
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_s} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$+ S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_s) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_s) \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_s} \sin\phi_s \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_s) \end{array} \right] \right\}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{d\Omega} \propto F_U^1 (1 + \cos^2 \theta_{CS}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$+ S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_T^{\sin\varphi_s} \sin\varphi_s \\ + D_{[\sin^2\theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(2\varphi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \sin(2\varphi_{CS} - \varphi_s) \right. \\ \left. + A_T^{\sin(2\varphi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \sin(2\varphi_{CS} + \varphi_s) \right) \\ + D_{[\sin 2\theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(\varphi_{CS} - \varphi_s)} \sin(\varphi_{CS} - \varphi_s) \right. \\ \left. + A_T^{\sin(\varphi_{CS} + \varphi_s)} \sin(\varphi_{CS} + \varphi_s) \right) \end{array} \right] \right\}$$

COMPASS [arXiv:1609.07374 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1609.07374)



# SIDIS and DY TSAs at COMPASS (high-mass range)

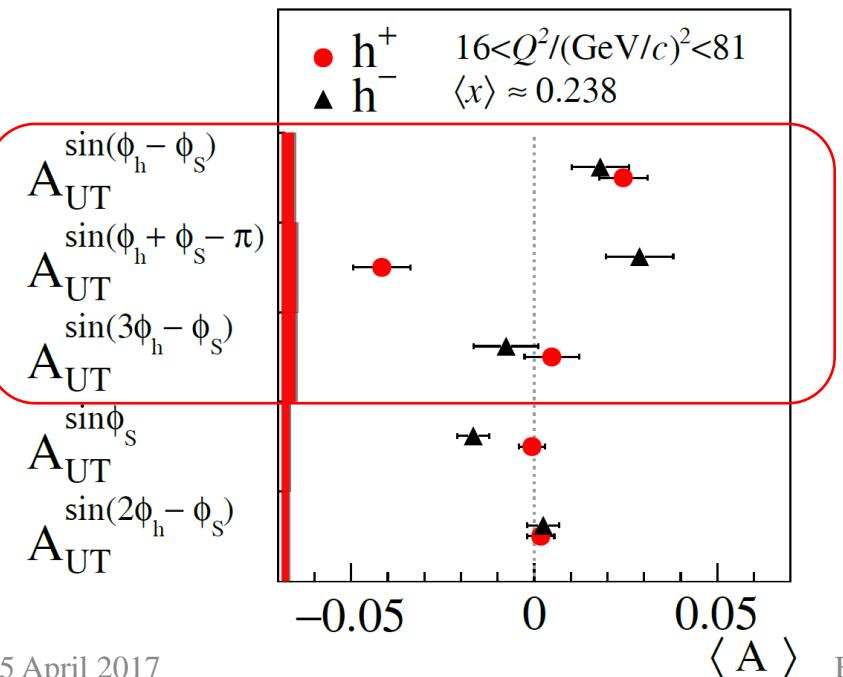
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdydzdp_T^2 d\phi_h d\phi_S} \propto (F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$+ S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) \\ + \varepsilon A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin\phi_S} \sin\phi_S \\ + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} A_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S) \end{array} \right] \right\}$$

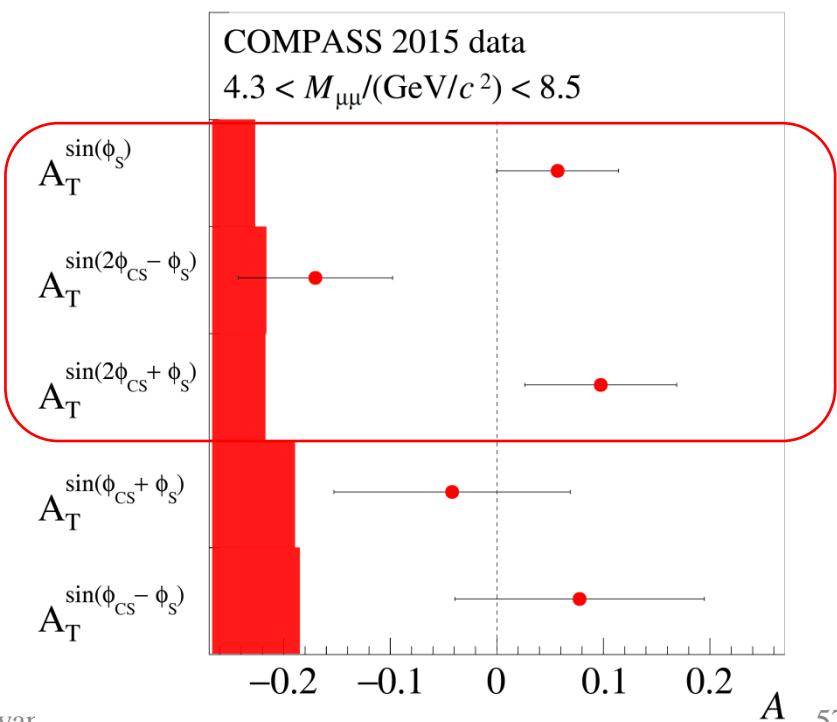
$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{d\Omega} \propto F_U^1 (1 + \cos^2 \theta_{CS}) \left\{ 1 + \dots \right.$$

$$+ S_T \left[ \begin{array}{l} A_T^{\sin\varphi_S} \sin\varphi_S \\ + D_{[\sin^2 \theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} - \phi_S)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} - \phi_S) \right. \\ \left. + A_T^{\sin(2\phi_{CS} + \phi_S)} \sin(2\phi_{CS} + \phi_S) \right) \\ + D_{[\sin 2\theta_{CS}]} \left( A_T^{\sin(\phi_{CS} - \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_{CS} - \phi_S) \right. \\ \left. + A_T^{\sin(\phi_{CS} + \phi_S)} \sin(\phi_{CS} + \phi_S) \right) \end{array} \right] \right\}$$

COMPASS [arXiv:1609.07374 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1609.07374)



COMPASS [arXiv:1704.00488 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1704.00488)



# Dessert: Sivers sign change

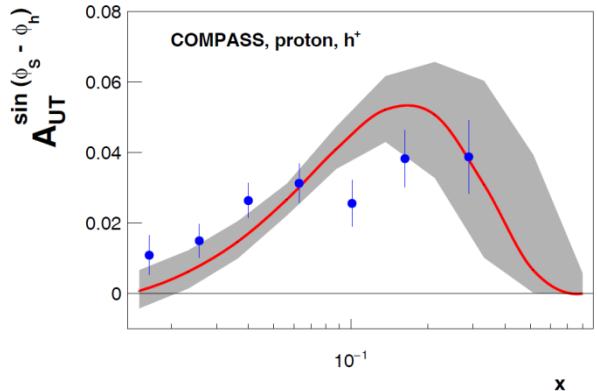


*Wild berry panna cotta*

# Sivers asymmetry in Drell-Yan: sign change

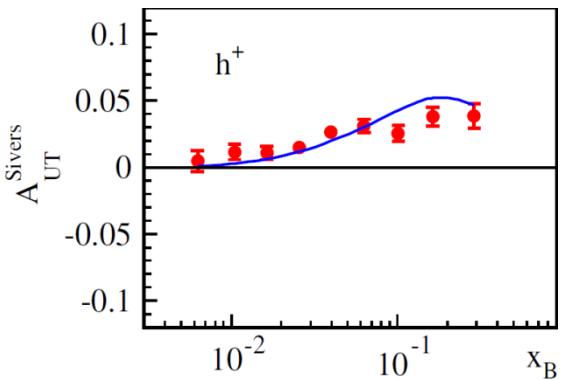
DGLAP (2016)

M. Anselmino et al., arXiv:1612.06413



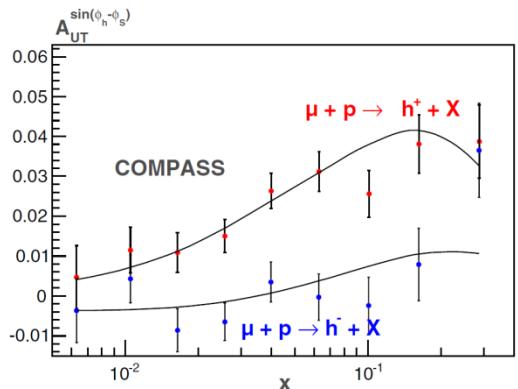
TMD-1 (2014)

M. G. Echevarria et al. PRD89,074013



TMD-2 (2013)

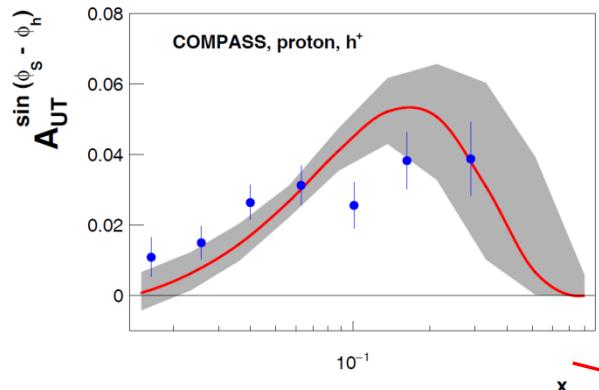
P. Sun, F. Yuan, PRD88, 114012



# Sivers asymmetry in Drell-Yan: sign change

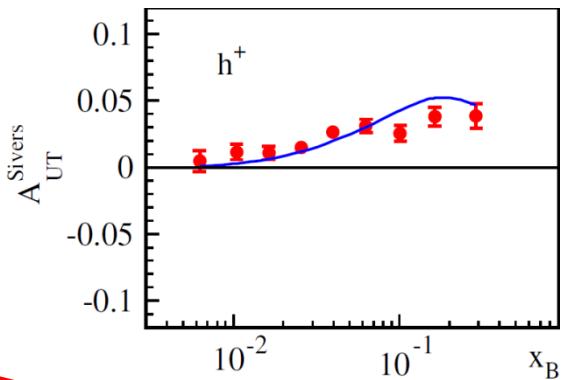
DGLAP (2016)

M. Anselmino et al., arXiv:1612.06413



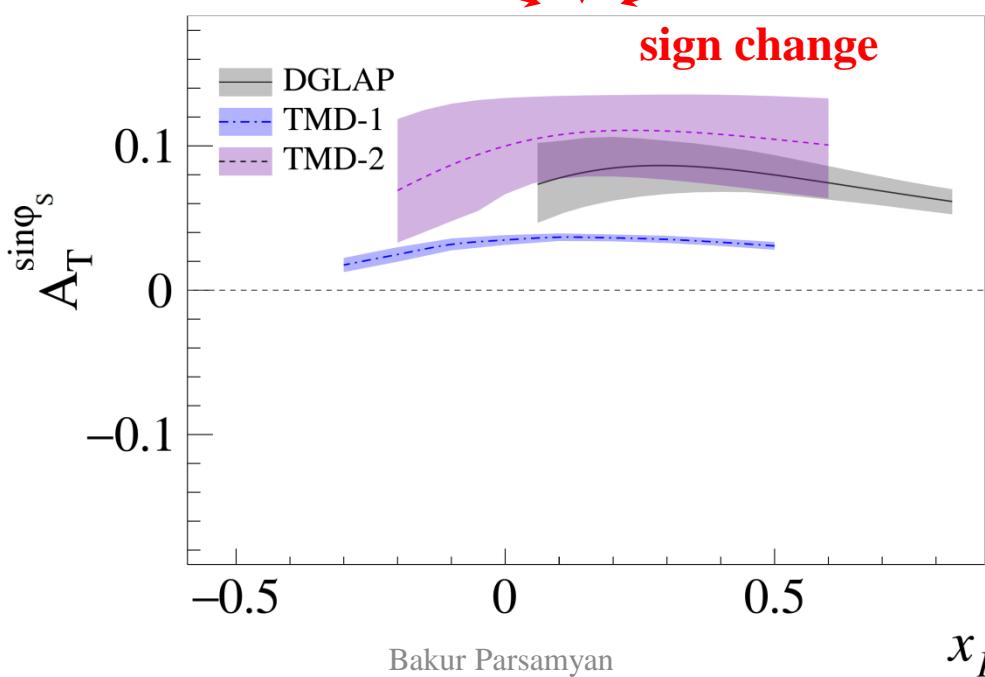
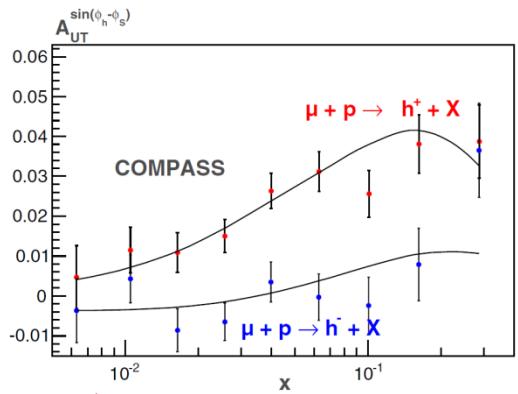
TMD-1 (2014)

M. G. Echevarria et al. PRD89,074013



TMD-2 (2013)

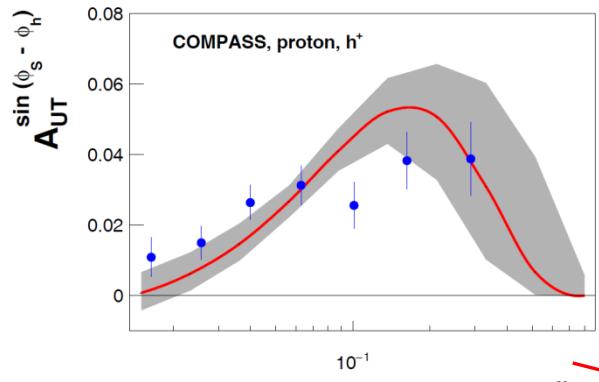
P. Sun, F. Yuan, PRD88, 114012



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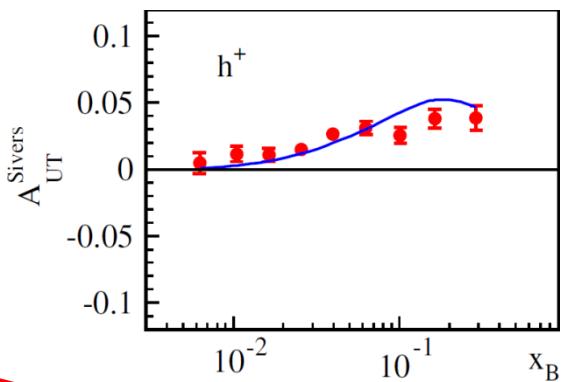
DGLAP (2016)

M. Anselmino et al., arXiv:1612.06413



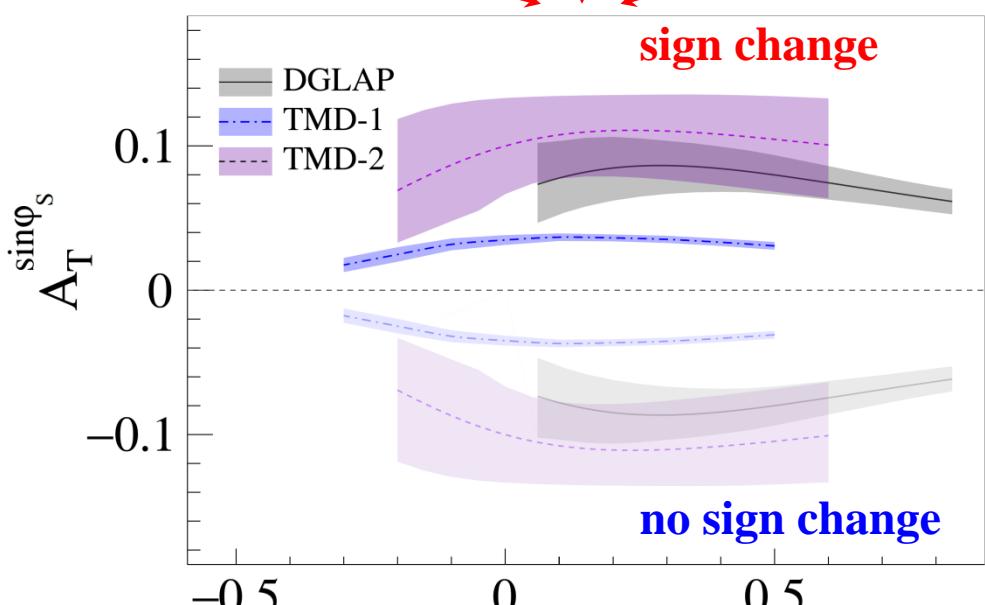
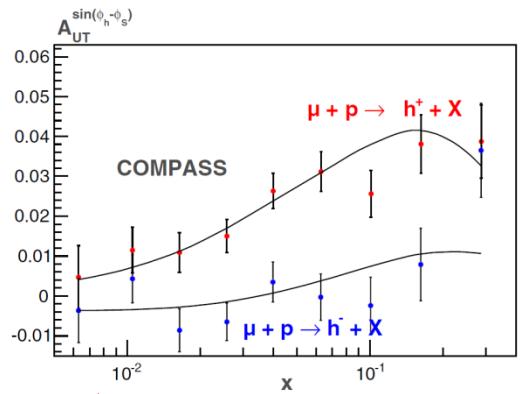
TMD-1 (2014)

M. G. Echevarria et al. PRD89,074013



TMD-2 (2013)

P. Sun, F. Yuan, PRD88, 114012



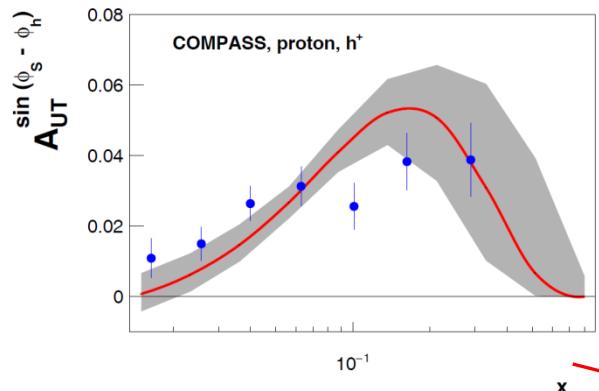
sign change

no sign change

# Sivers asymmetry in Drell-Yan: sign change

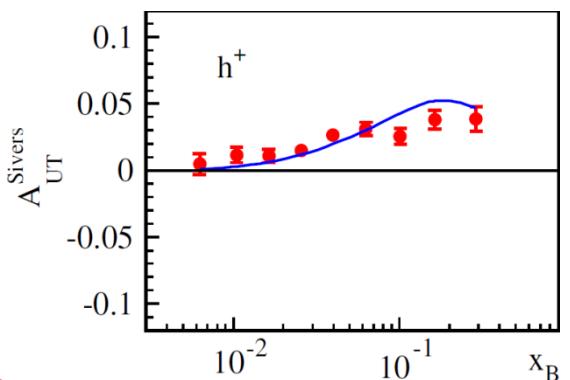
DGLAP (2016)

M. Anselmino et al., arXiv:1612.06413



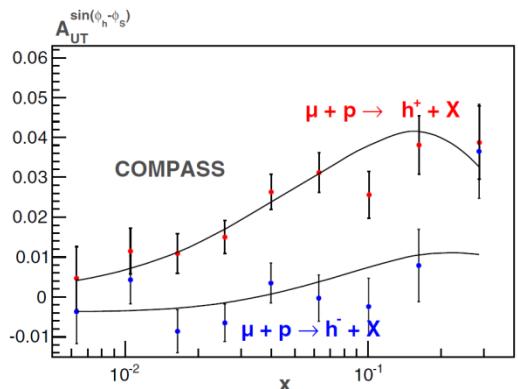
TMD-1 (2014)

M. G. Echevarria et al. PRD89,074013



TMD-2 (2013)

P. Sun, F. Yuan, PRD88, 114012

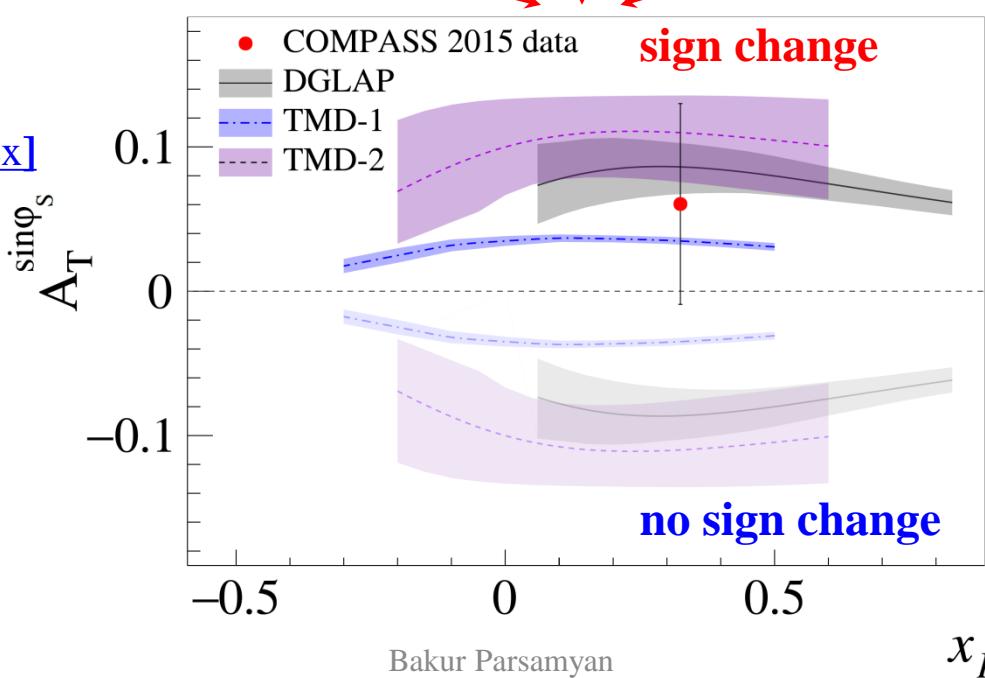


New! 03 April 2017

COMPASS

CERN-EP-2017-059

arXiv:1704.00488[hep-ex]





# Conclusions

- During phase I COMPASS has measured all possible SIDIS azimuthal LSAs and TSAs.
  - COMPASS has measured SIDIS proton TSAs at Drell-Yan mass-ranges
  - The Sivers and Collins SIDIS-TSAs are measured to be non-zero at high-mass range [CERN-EP-2016-250](#), [arXiv:1609.07374 \[hep-ex\]](#)
- In 2015 COMPASS has successfully collected **first ever polarized DY data** becoming the first experiment to measure both SIDIS and DY TSAs and giving a unique opportunity to compare the TMD PDFs obtained from two processes [CERN-EP-2017-059](#), [arXiv:1704.00488\[hep-ex\]](#)
  - Sivers asymmetry is found to be above zero at about one s.d.
  - **1<sup>st</sup> measurement of the DY Sivers asymmetry is consistent with the predicted change of sign for the Sivers function**
  - Transversity asymmetry is found to be below zero at about two s.d.
  - **A second year of polarized DY data-taking will take place in 2018**
- COMPASS phase-III is being discussed to take place after 2020
  - Particular attention is given to possible SIDIS and Drell-Yan measurements



*Cold glass of Tuscan limoncello*

Thank you!