

RHEINISCHE FRIEDRICH-WILHELMUS-UNIVERSITÄT

Rainer Joosten
University of Bonn

Cambridge, July, 26 2011



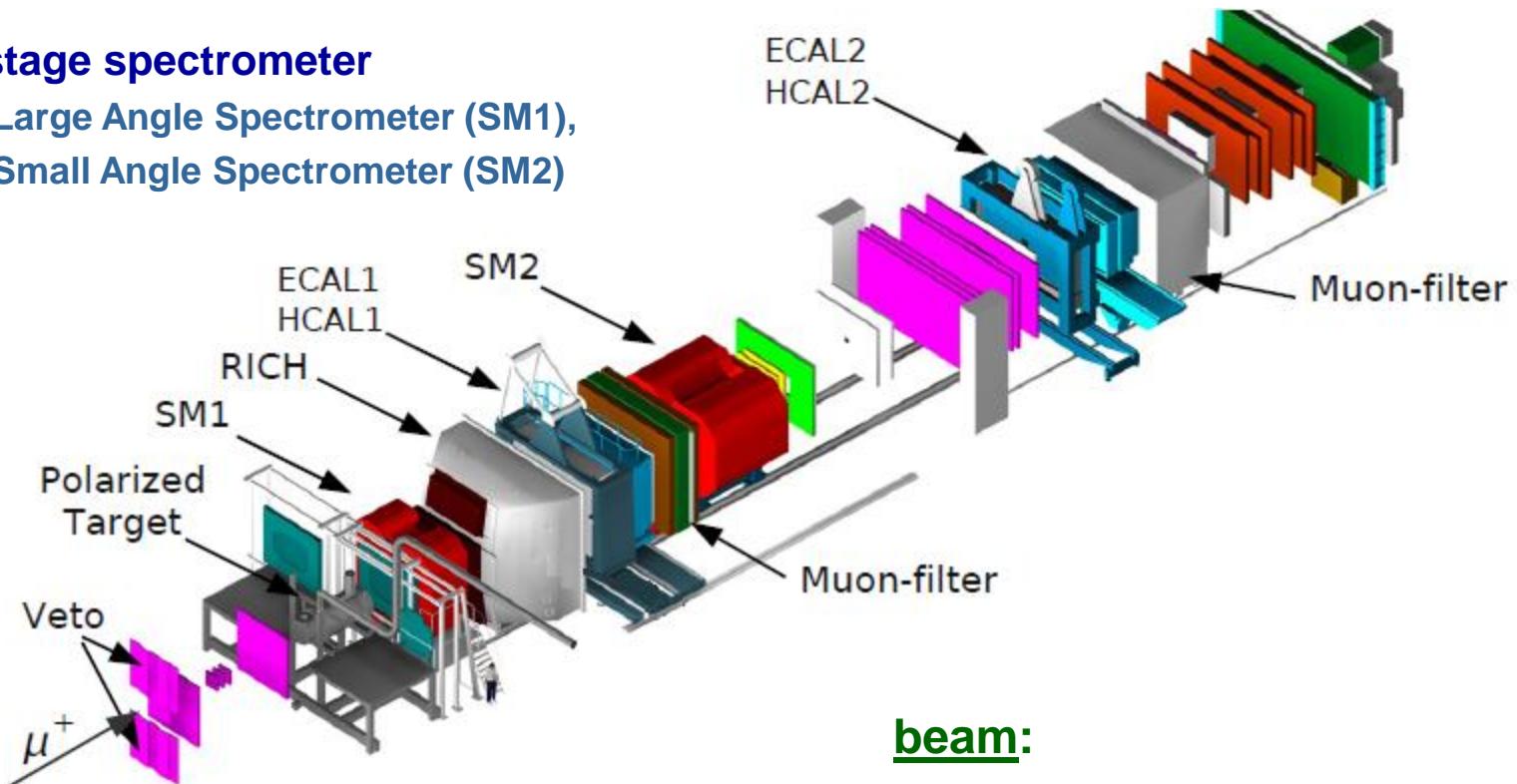


- high energy beam
- large angular acceptance
- broad kinematical range

$0.003 < x < 0.7$
 $10^{-3} < Q^2 < 10^2 \text{ (GeV/c)}^2$

two stage spectrometer

Large Angle Spectrometer (SM1),
Small Angle Spectrometer (SM2)



beam:

160 GeV/c
longitudinal polarisation -76%
intensity $2 \cdot 10^8 \mu^+$ /spill (4.8s/16.2s)

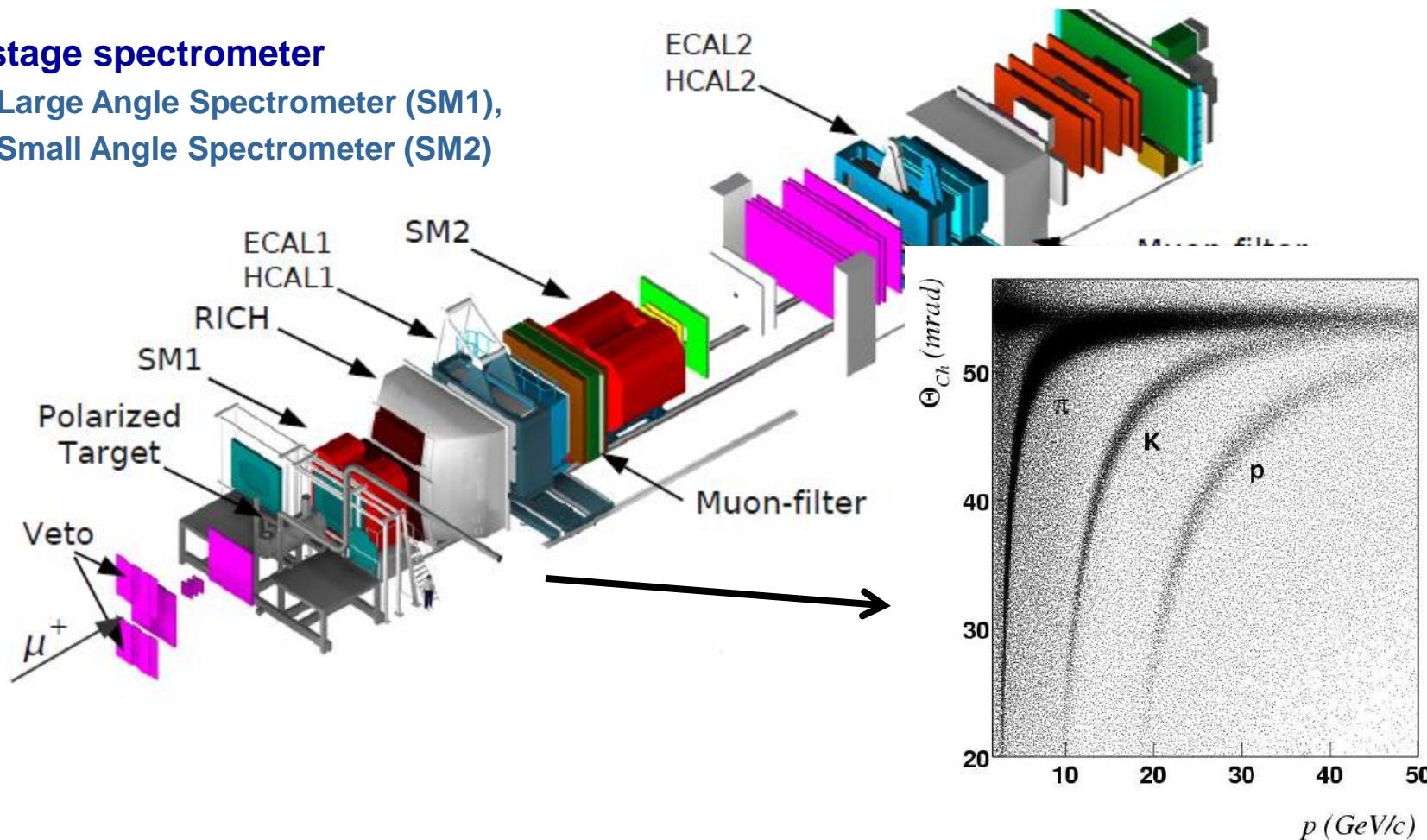


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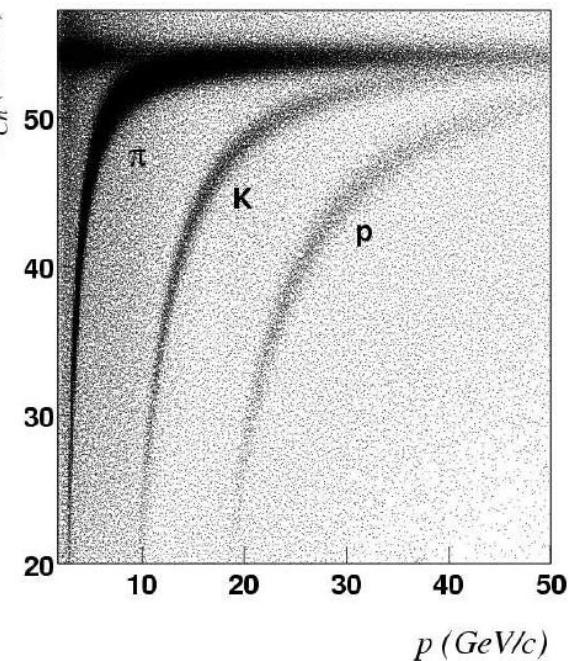
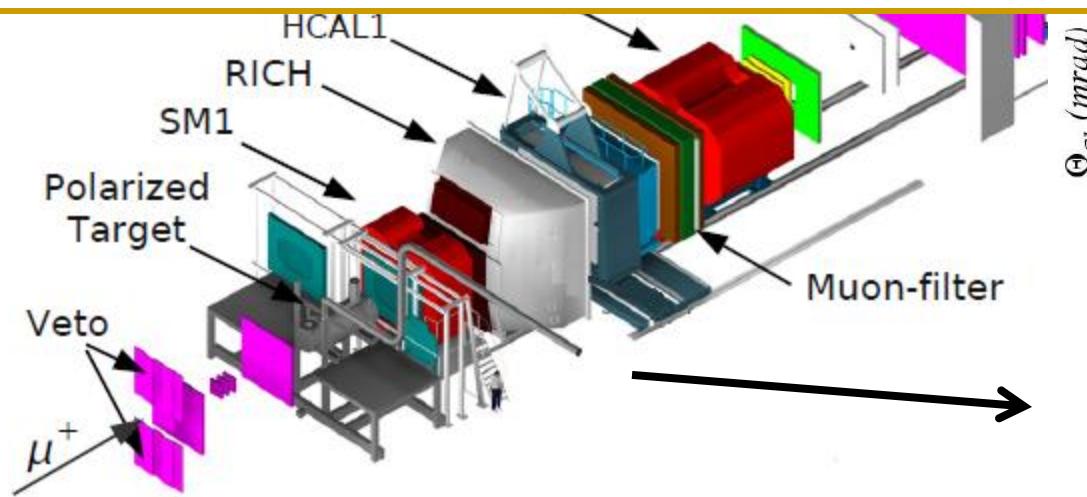


Polarized Target:

2002-2004: ${}^6\text{LiD}$ ($P_T \approx 50\%$, $f = 0.38$)
2007: NH_3 ($P_T \approx 90\%$, $f = 0.14$)

solid state targets

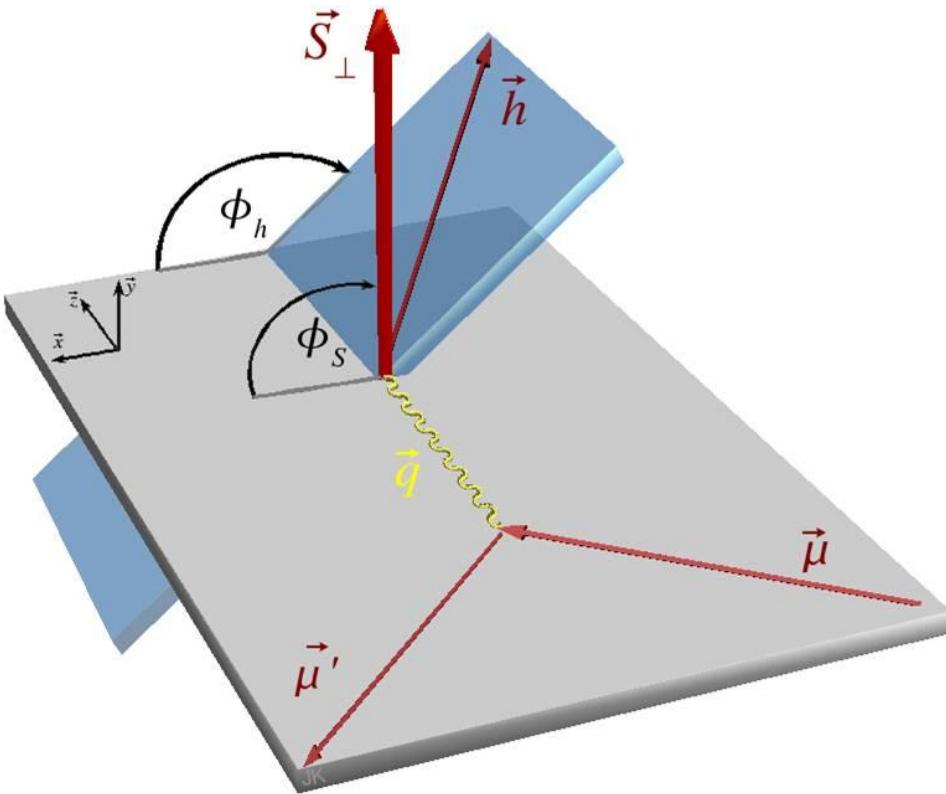
Polarization reversal: once a week



Perspective of the talk



SIDIS reactions in one photon exchange

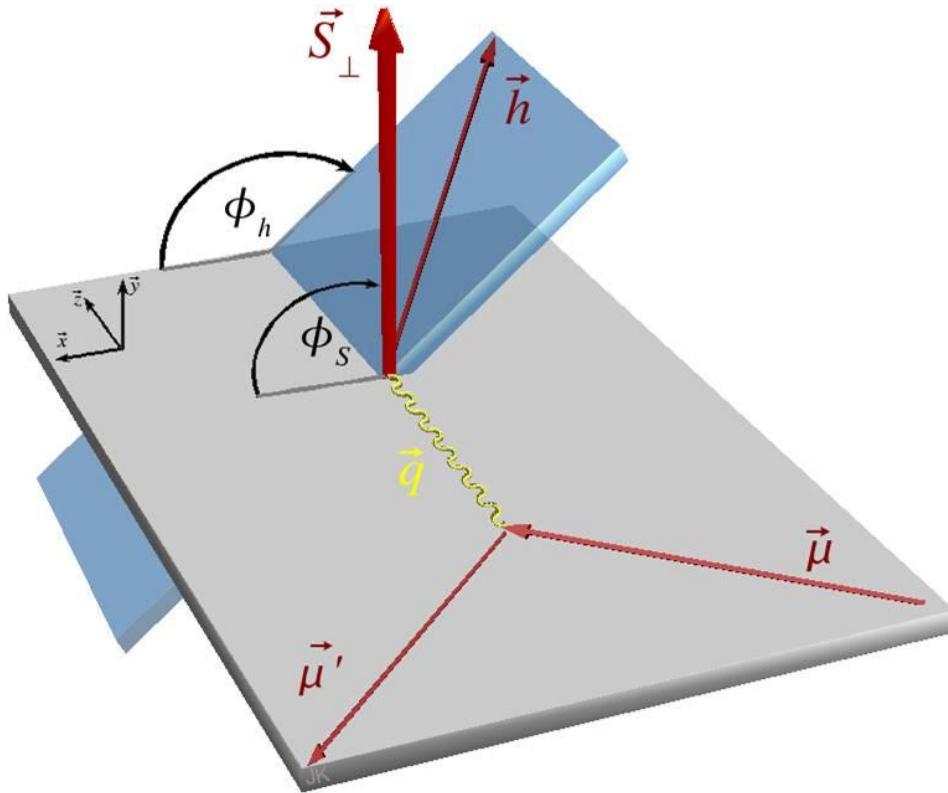


Perspective of the talk



SIDIS reactions in one photon exchange

$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

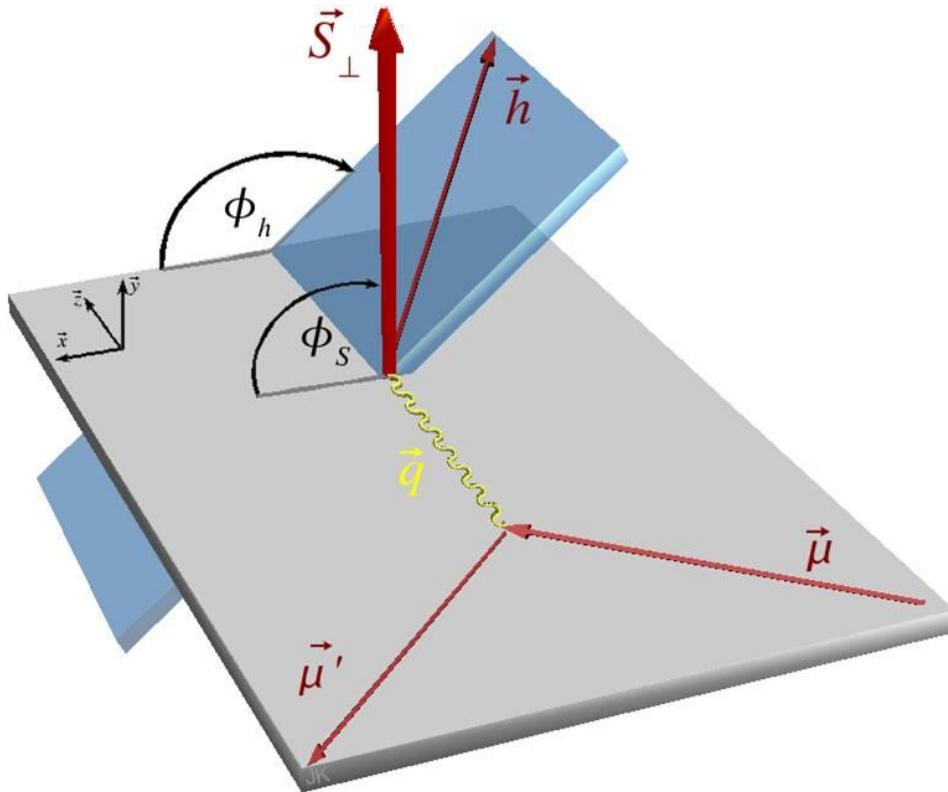


Perspective of the talk



SIDIS reactions in one photon exchange

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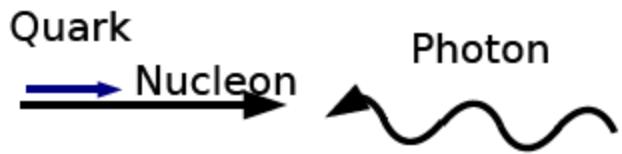


With different targets (p, d, n) and identification of the final hadron:
flavour separation

The collinear case

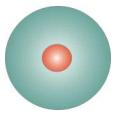


In the collinear QPM

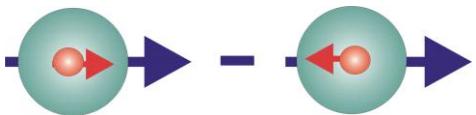


or integrated over k_T

three quark distribution
functions contribute in
leading order

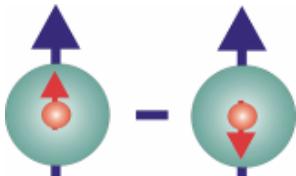


$$f_1(x) = q^+(x) + q^-(x)$$



$$g_1(x) = q^+(x) - q^-(x)$$

Helicity



$$h_1(x) = q_T^\uparrow(x) - q_T^\downarrow(x)$$

Transversity

$f_1(x)$

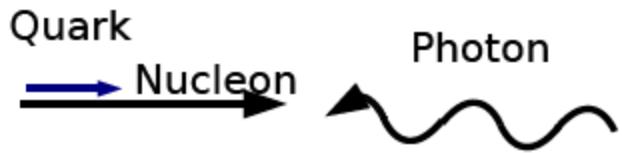
$g_1(x)$

$h_1(x)$

The collinear case

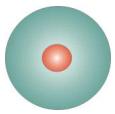


In the collinear QPM

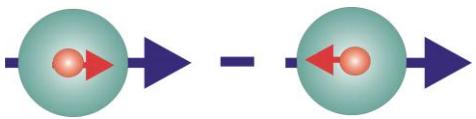


or integrated over k_T

three quark distribution
functions contribute in
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$$f_1(x) = q^+(x) + q^-(x)$$



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Transversity

Helicity

$h_1(x)$



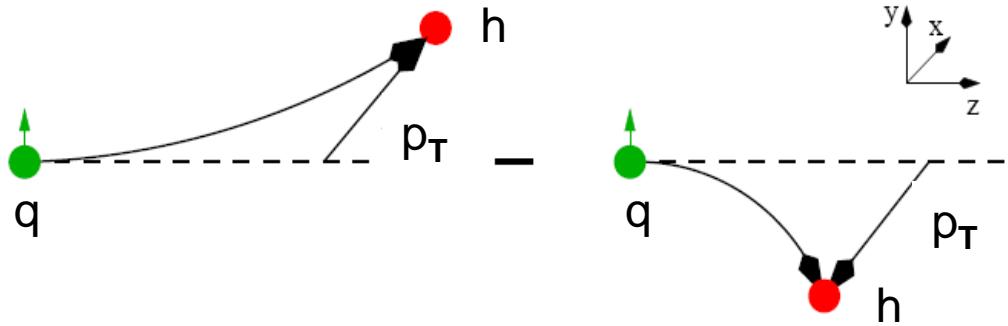
3 approaches in SIDIS:

- **Azimuthal asymmetries in one hadron production**
(Collins effect)
- **Azimuthal asymmetries in hadron pair production**
(Interference fragmentation functions)
- **Transverse hyperon (Λ) polarization**

Collins-Effect



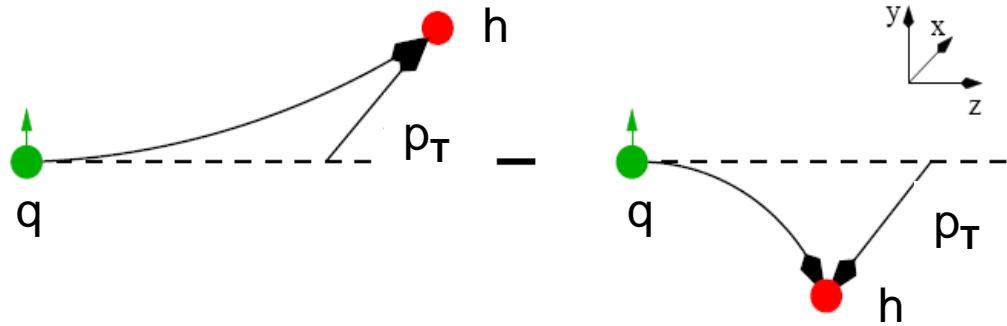
The Collins FF $H_1^{\perp q}(z, p_T)$ correlates the
transverse spin of the fragmenting quark and the
transverse momentum p_T of produced hadron h



Collins-Effect



The Collins FF $H_1^{\perp q}(z, p_T)$ correlates the
transverse spin of the fragmenting quark and the
transverse momentum p_T of produced hadron h



Measured asymmetry:

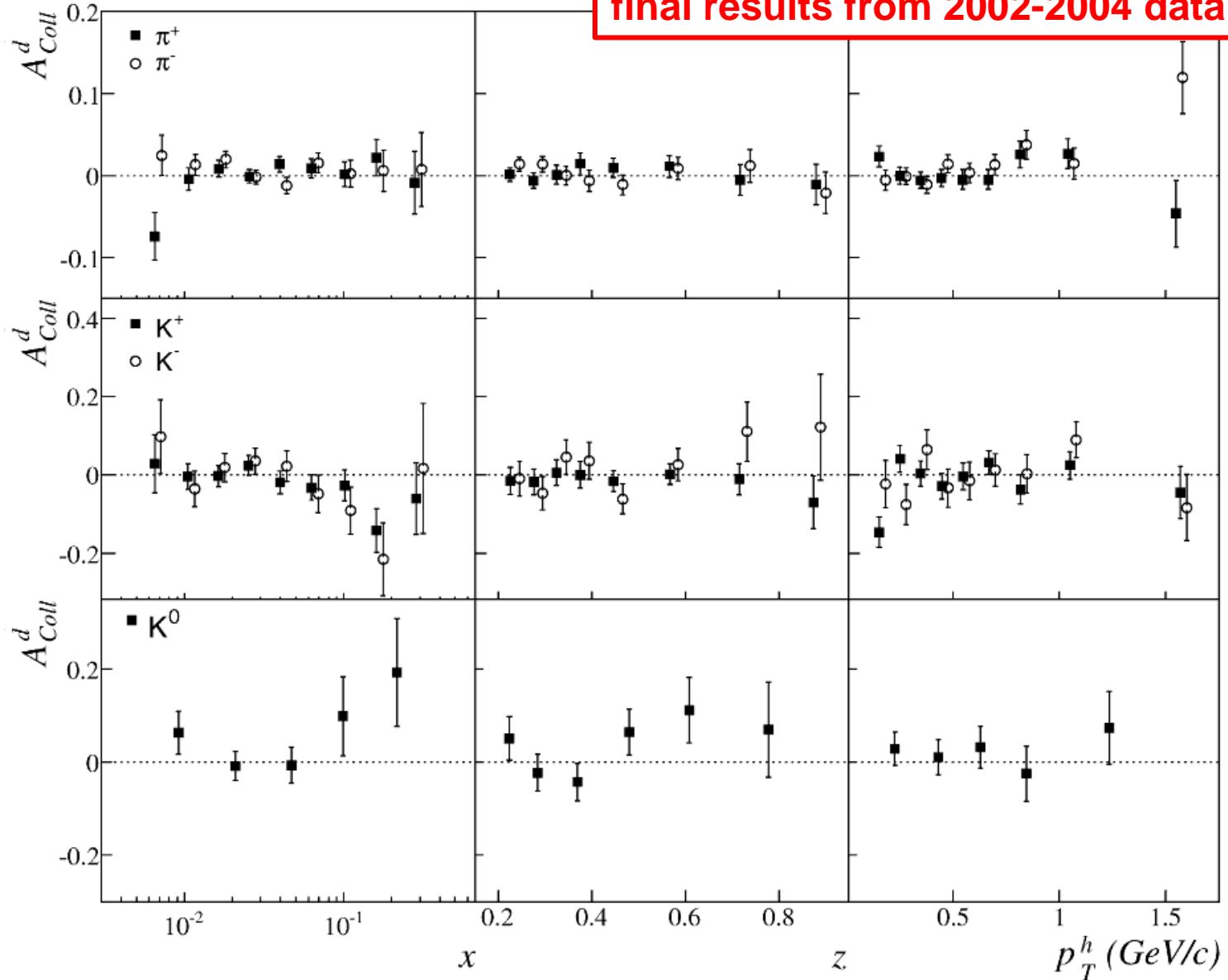
$$F_{\text{UT}}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_s)} \propto h_1 \otimes H_1^\perp$$

$$A_{\text{Coll}} \propto \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 h_1^q(x) \otimes H_1^{\perp q}(z, p_T)}{\sum_q e_q^2 f^q(x) \cdot D_q^h(z)}$$

Deuteron Results: Collins Effect



final results from 2002-2004 data



Physics Letters
B 673 (2009)
127–135

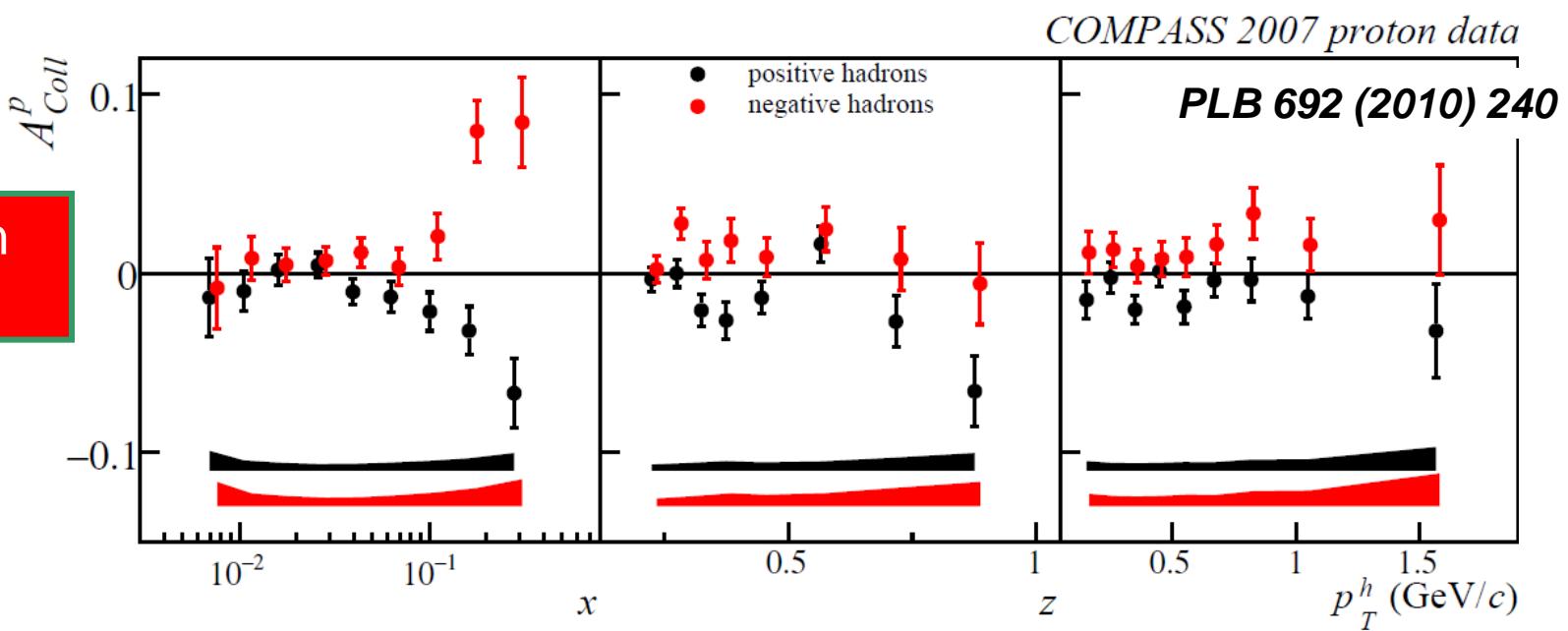
Deuteron
target
2002-2004

Collins asymmetry



Full 2007 statistics

Proton
target



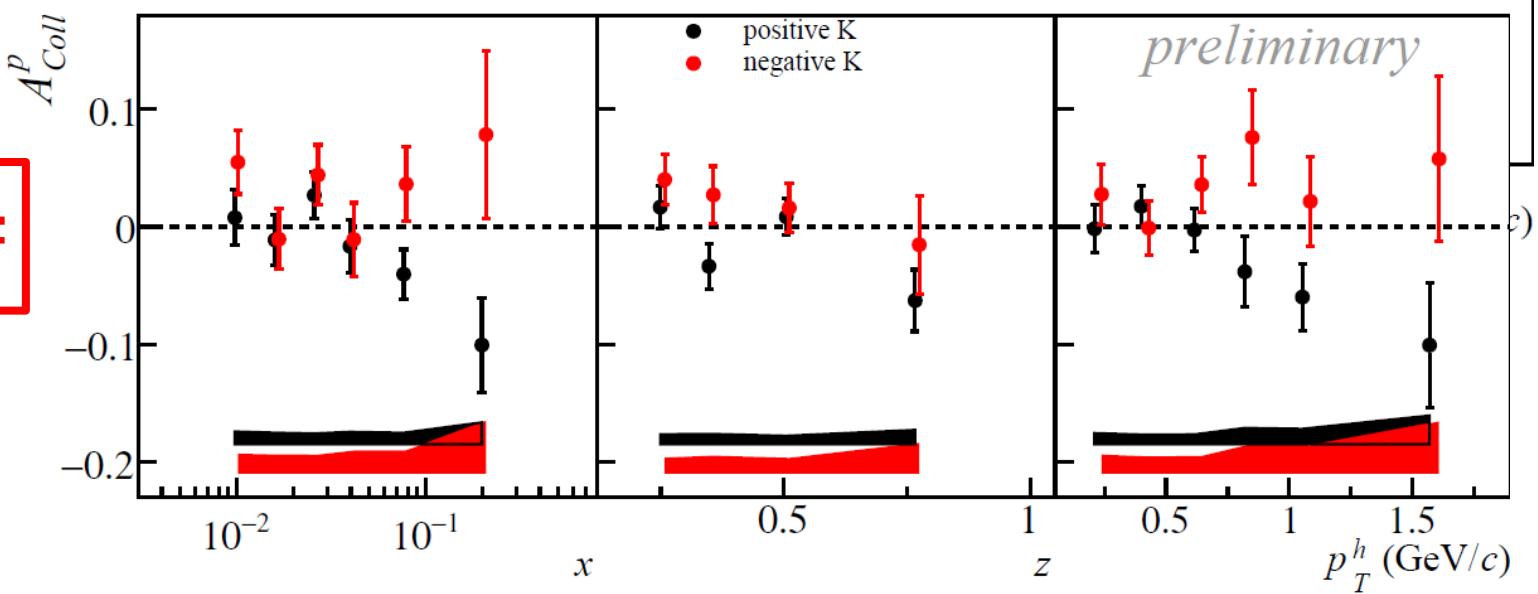
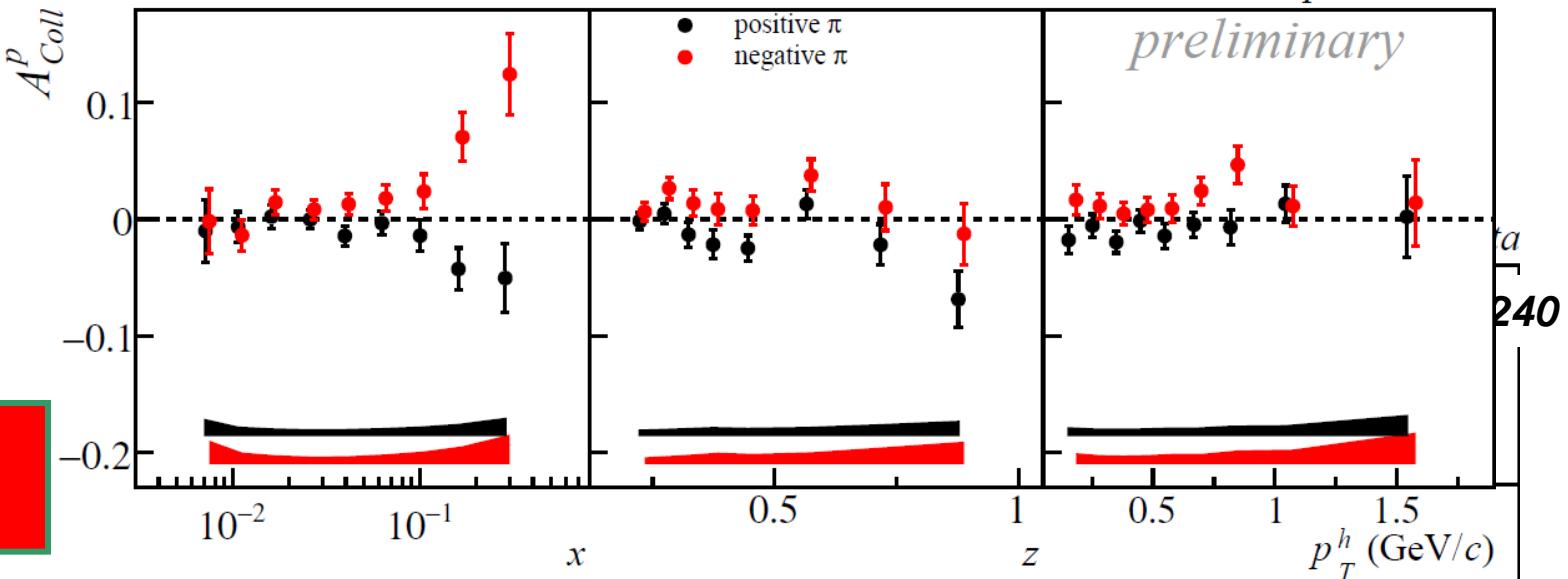
Collins asymmetry



Full 2007 statistics

COMPASS 2007 proton data

preliminary

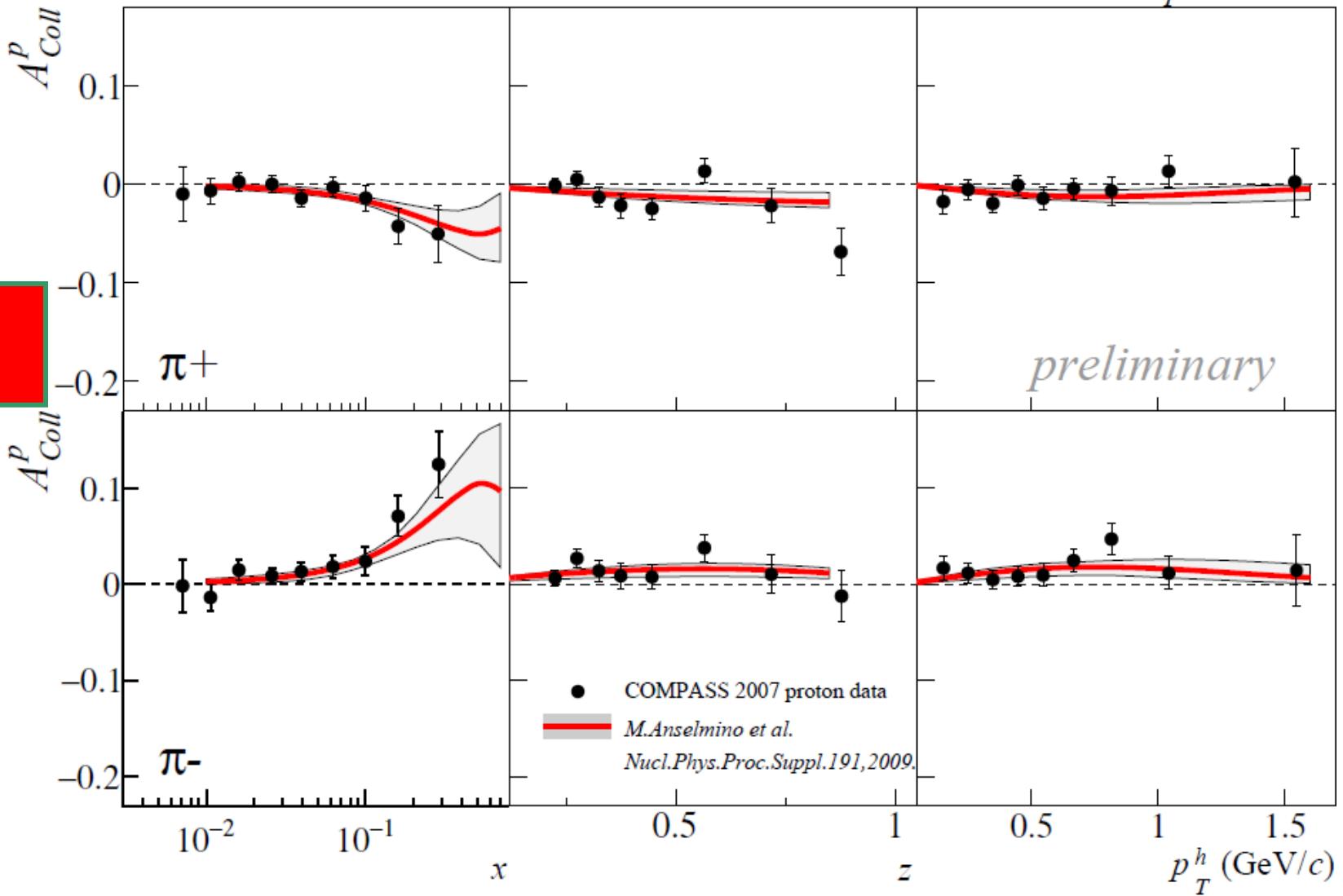


Collins asymmetry

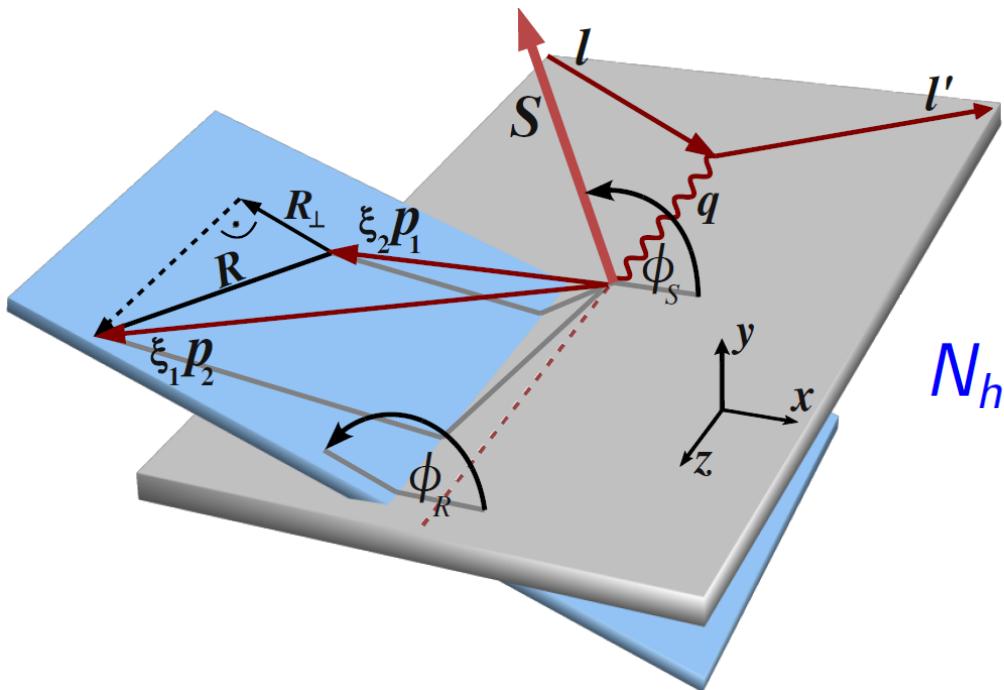


Full 2007 statistics

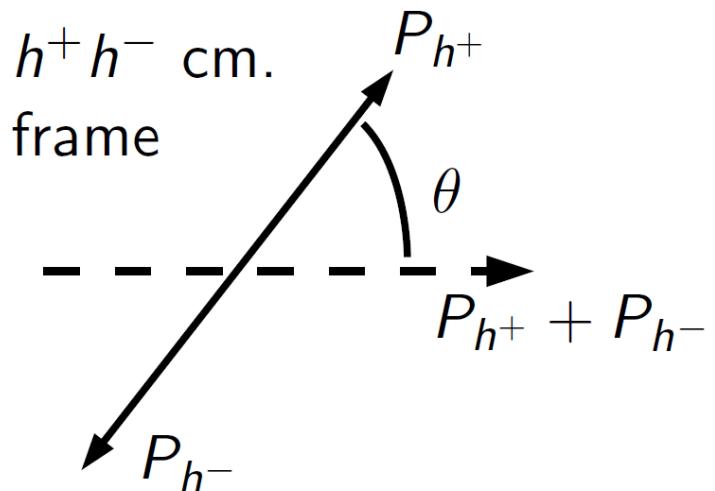
Proton
target



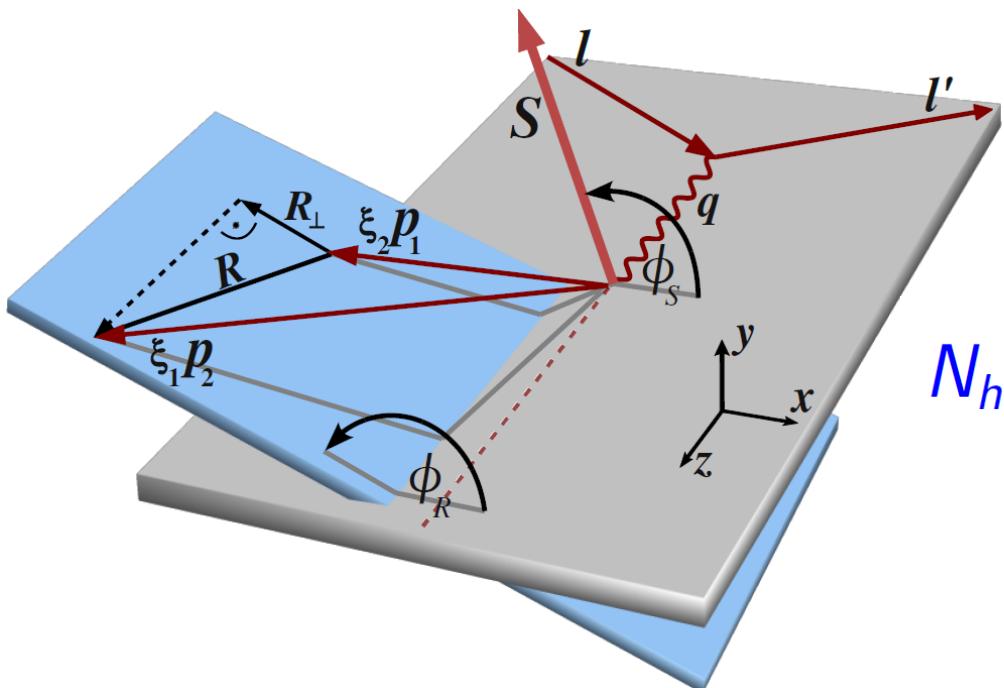
Transversity in 2-Hadron Production



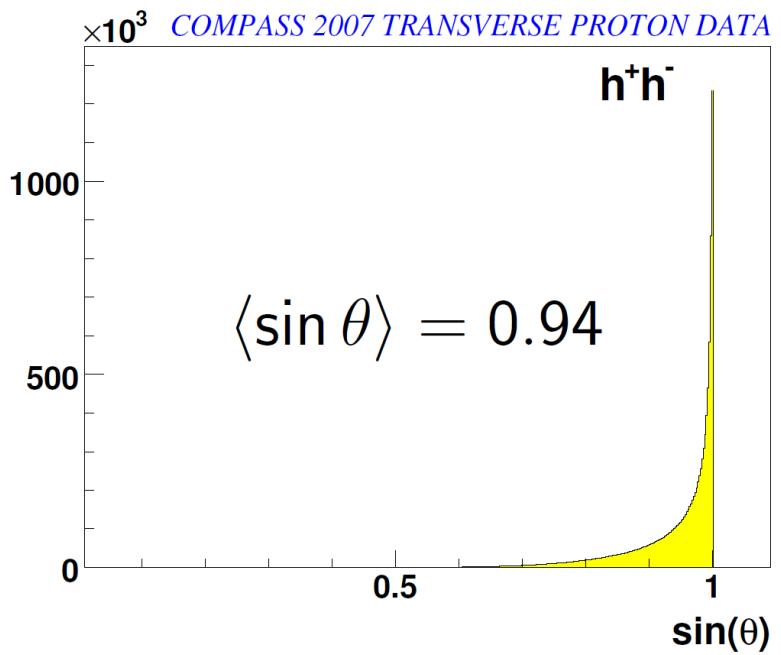
$$N_{h^+ h^-} \propto 1 \pm A \cdot \sin \phi_{RS} \cdot \sin \theta$$
$$\phi_{RS} = \phi_R + \phi_S - \pi$$



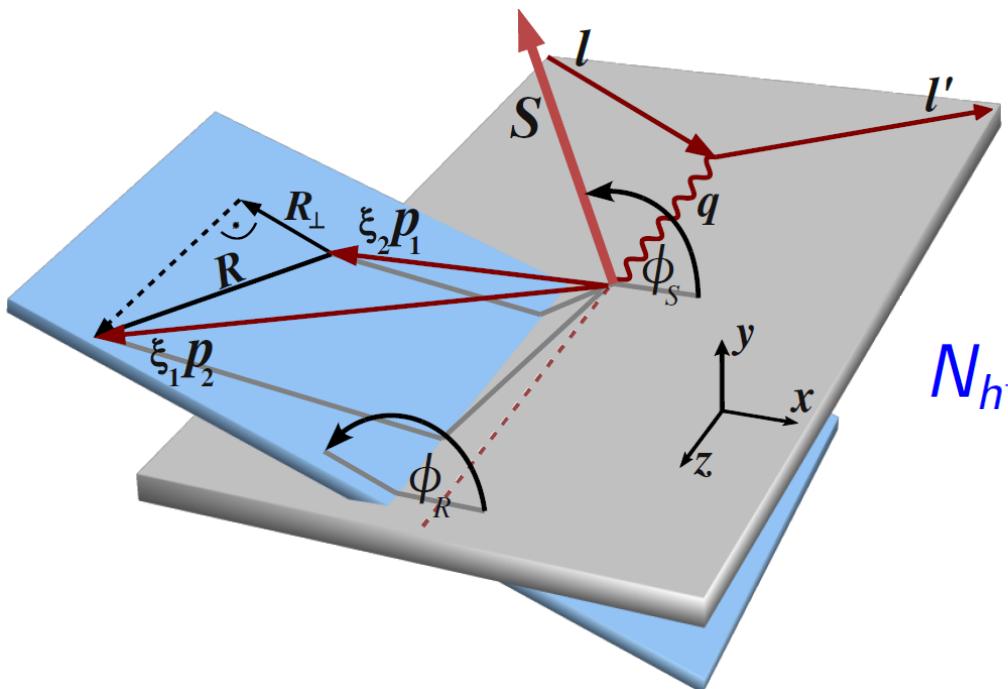
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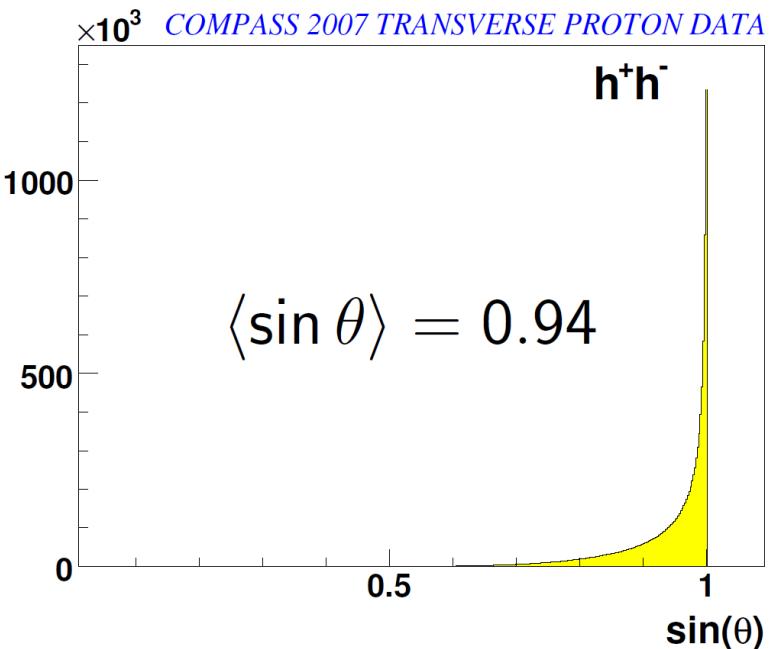


Transversity in 2-Hadron Production



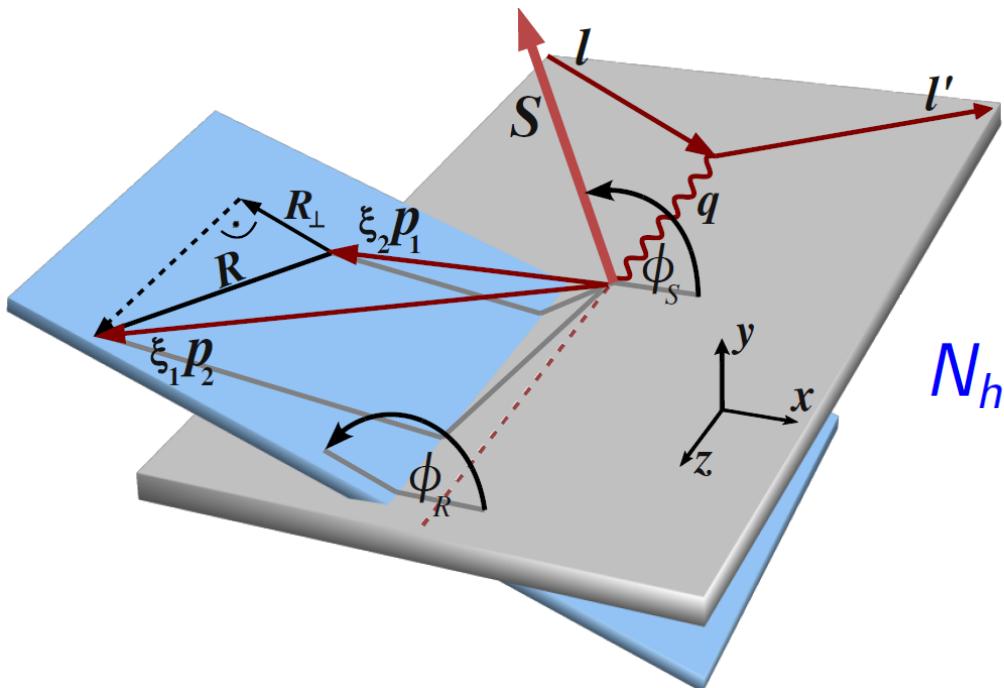
$$N_{h^+ h^-} \propto 1 \pm A \cdot \sin \phi_{RS} \cdot \sin \theta$$

$$\phi_{RS} = \phi_R + \phi_S - \pi$$



$$A_{RS} = \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 \cdot h_1(x) \cdot H_1^\leftarrow(z, M_{h^+ h^-}^2)}{\sum_q e_q^2 \cdot q(x) \cdot D_1(z, M_{h^+ h^-}^2)}$$

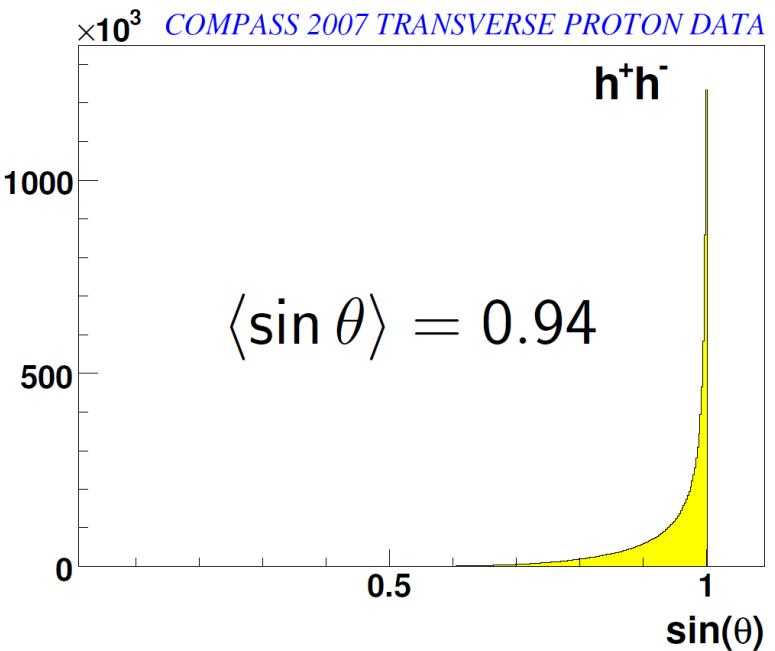
Transversity in 2-Hadron Production



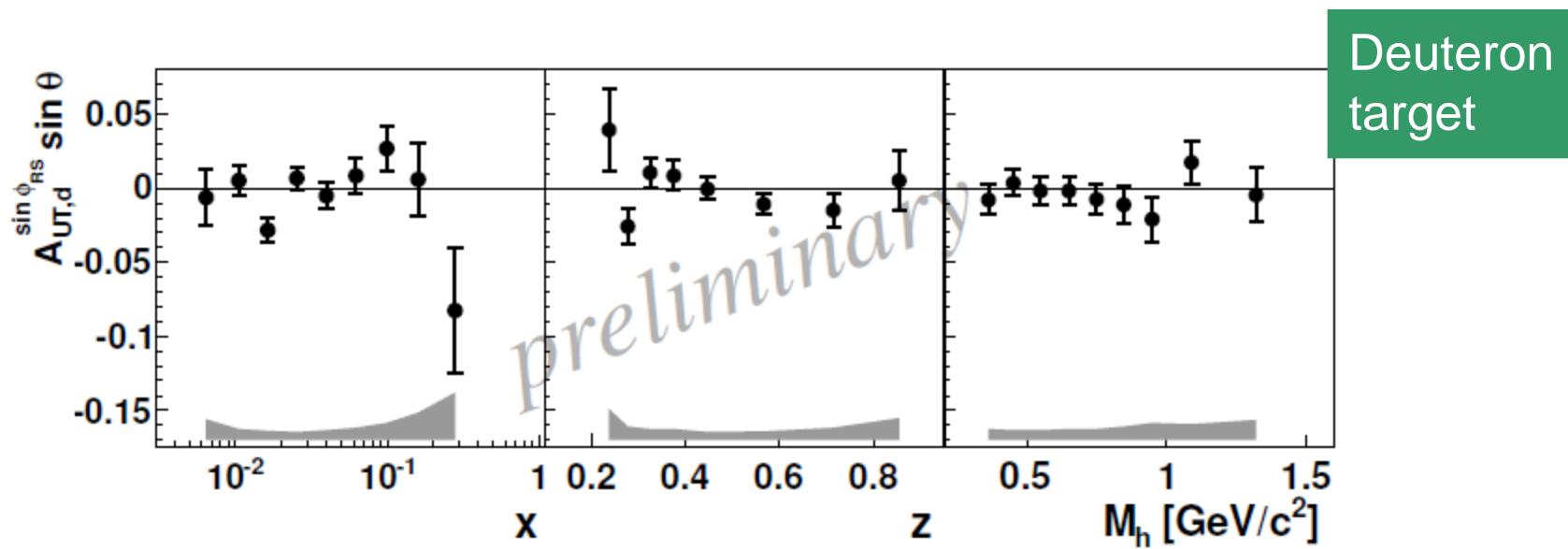
$$h_1 \cdot H_1^\leftarrow$$

Independent access
to transversity !

$$N_{h^+ h^-} \propto 1 \pm A \cdot \sin \phi_{RS} \cdot \sin \theta$$
$$\phi_{RS} = \phi_R + \phi_S - \pi$$



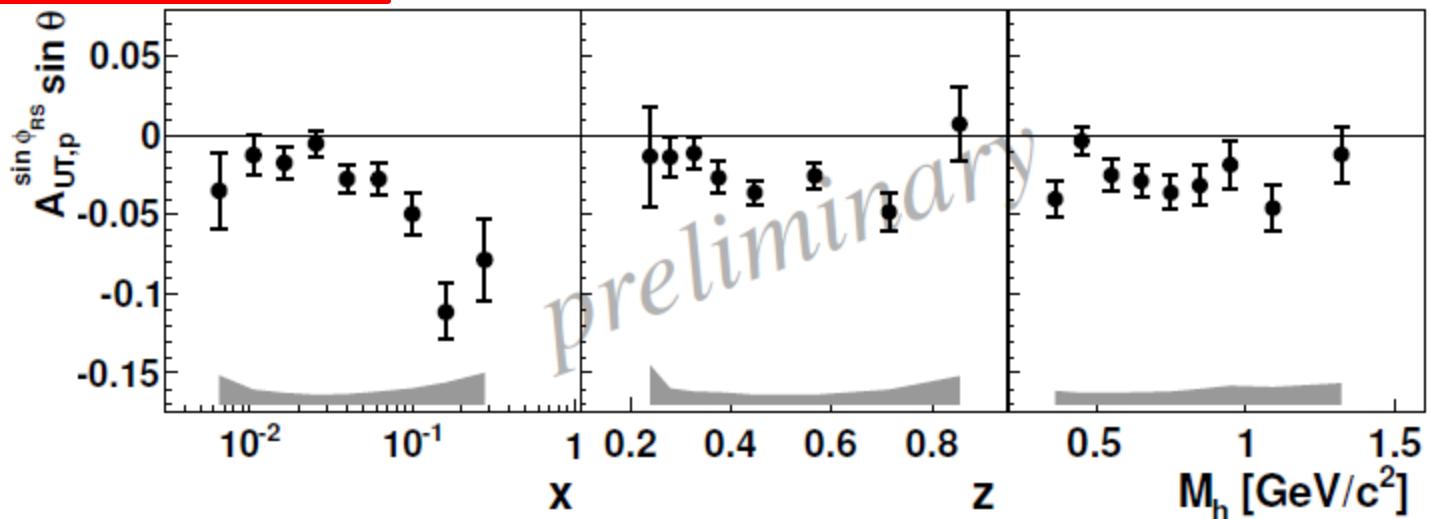
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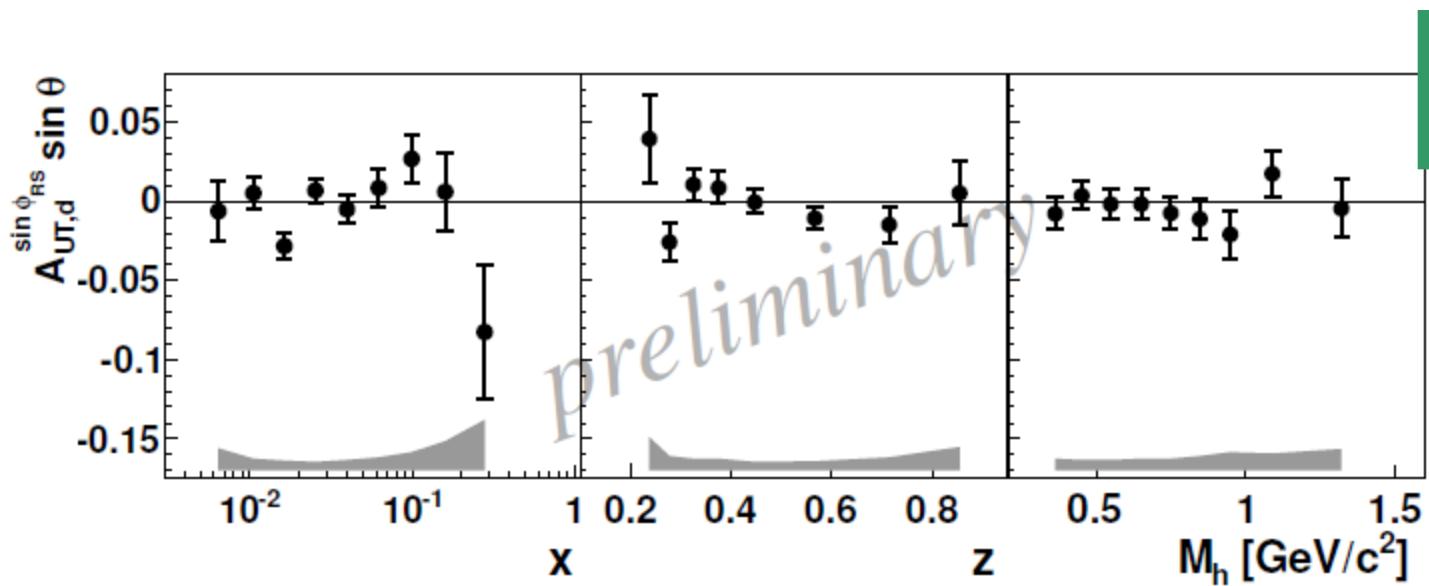
Transversity in 2-Hadron Production



Full 2007 statistics

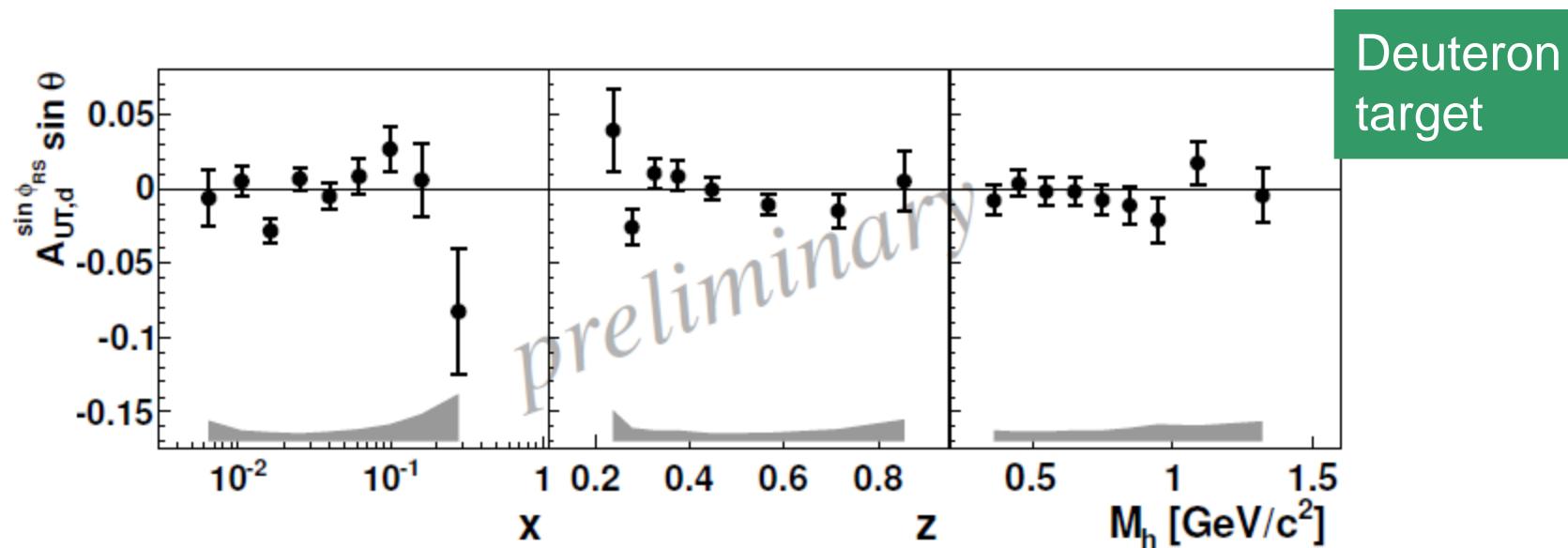
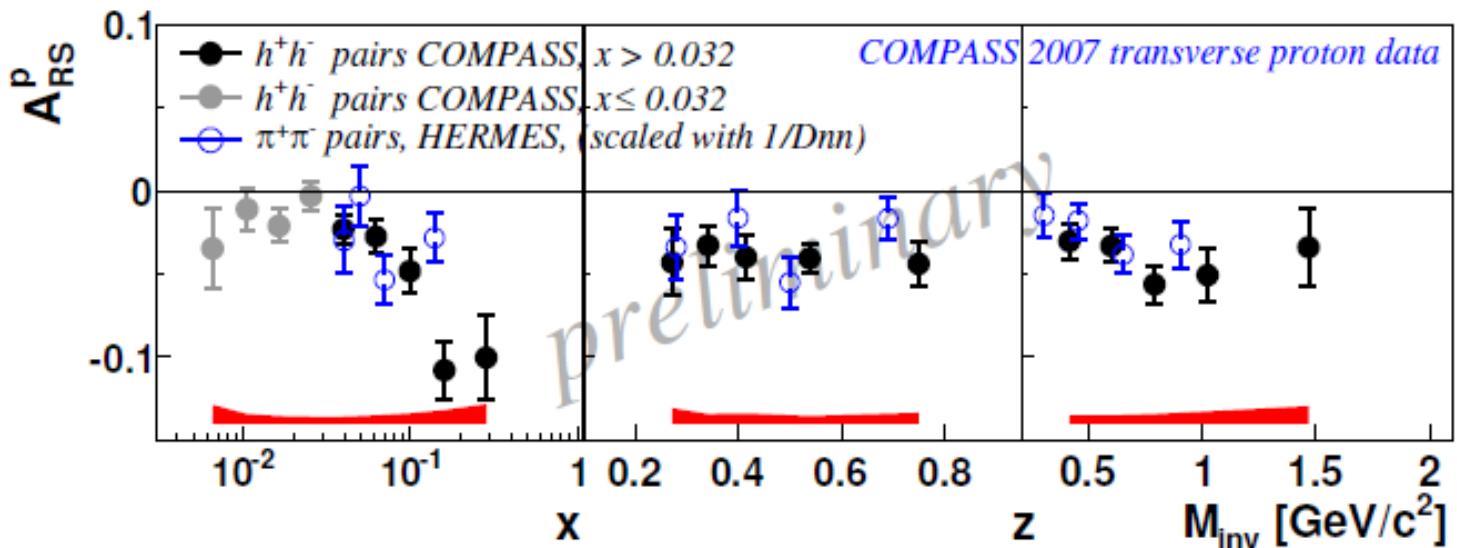


Proton target



Deuteron target

Transversity in 2-Hadron Production



Introducing transverse momentum k_T



$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

intrinsic quark motion



Introducing transverse momentum k_T



$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

Distribution Functions			(x, k_T^2)
N / q	U	L	T
U	f_1		h_1^\perp
L		g_1	h_{1L}^\perp
T	f_{1T}^\perp	g_{1T}^\perp	h_{1T}, h_{1T}^\perp

Transversity

$$h_1 \otimes H_1^\perp$$

Fragmentation Functions		$(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$
q/h	U	
U	D_1	
T		H_1^\perp

Introducing transverse momentum k_T



$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

Distribution Functions (x, k_T^2)			
N / q	U	L	T
U	f_1		h_{\perp}
L		g	n_{1L}^\perp
T	f_\perp	s_{1T}	h_{1T}, h_{1T}^\perp

Mission 2

Fragmentation Functions $(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	
q/h	U
U	D_1
T	H_1^\perp

Introducing transverse momentum k_T



$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

Distribution Functions (x, k_T^2)			
N / q	U	L	T
U	f_1		h_1^\perp
L		g_1	h_{1L}^\perp
T	f_{1T}^\perp	g_{1T}^\perp	h_{1T}, h_{1T}^\perp

Sivers

$$f_{1T}^\perp \otimes D_1$$

Fragmentation Functions $(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	
q/h	U
U	D_1
T	H_1^\perp

Introducing transverse momentum k_T



$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

Distribution Functions (x, k_T^2)			
N / q	U	L	T
U	f_1		h_1^\perp
L		g_1	h_{1L}^\perp
T	f_{1T}^\perp	g_{1T}^\perp	h_{1T}, h_{1T}^\perp

“pretzelosity”

$$h_{1T}^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp$$

Fragmentation Functions $(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	
q/h	U
U	D_1
T	H_1^\perp

Introducing transverse momentum k_T



$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

Distribution Functions (x, k_T^2)			
N / q	U	L	T
U	f_1		h_1^\perp
L		g_1	h_{1L}^\perp
T	f_{1T}^\perp	g_{1T}^\perp	h_{1T}, h_{1T}^\perp

“worm-gear”

$$g_{1T} \otimes D_1$$

Fragmentation Functions $(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	
q/h	U
U	D_1
T	H_1^\perp



COMPASS

Cross section for transverse target spin

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dx dy d\psi dz d\phi_h dP_{h\perp}^2} =$$

Mission 2

(4 LO)

NLO

$$\frac{\alpha^2}{xyQ^2} \frac{y^2}{2(1-\varepsilon)} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2x}\right) \left\{ \dots \dots \right.$$

$$+ |\mathbf{S}_\perp| \left[\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \left(F_{UT,T}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} + \varepsilon F_{UT,L}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \right) \right.$$

$$+ \varepsilon \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_S)} + \varepsilon \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)}$$

$$+ \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} \sin \phi_S F_{UT}^{\sin \phi_S} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \left. \right]$$

$$+ |\mathbf{S}_\perp| \lambda_e \left[\sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_S)} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} \cos \phi_S F_{LT}^{\cos \phi_S} \right]$$

$$+ \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \left. \right\}$$



COMPASS

Cross section for transverse target spin

(4 LO)

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dx dy d\psi dz d\phi_h dP_{h\perp}^2} =$$

$$\frac{\alpha^2}{xyQ^2} \frac{y^2}{2(1-\varepsilon)} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2x}\right) \left\{ \dots \dots \right.$$

$f_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes D_{1q}^h$
Sivers

$$+ |\mathbf{S}_\perp| \left[\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \left(F_{UT,T}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} + \varepsilon F_{UT,L}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \right) \right]$$

$h_1^q \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$
transversity

$$+ \varepsilon \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_S)} + \varepsilon \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)}$$

$h_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$
pretzelosity

$$+ \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} \sin \phi_S F_{UT}^{\sin \phi_S} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} \sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi_h - \phi_S)}$$

$$+ |\mathbf{S}_\perp| \lambda_e \left[\sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_S)} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} \cos \phi_S F_{LT}^{\cos \phi_S} \right]$$

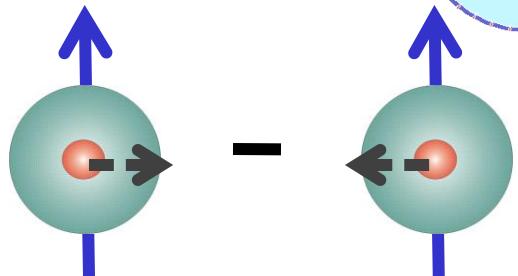
$$+ \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} \cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi_h - \phi_S)} \right\}$$

$g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h$
worm-gear

Sivers Effect



Distribution of unpolarized quarks
with transverse momentum k_T in a
transversely polarized nucleon



$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} \propto f_{1T}^\perp(x) \otimes D_1(z)$$

The Sivers asymmetry:

$$A_{\text{Siv}} \propto \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 f_{1T}^q(x, k_T) \otimes D_q^h(z)}{\sum_q e_q^2 f(x) \cdot D_q^h(z)}$$

Sivers asymmetries

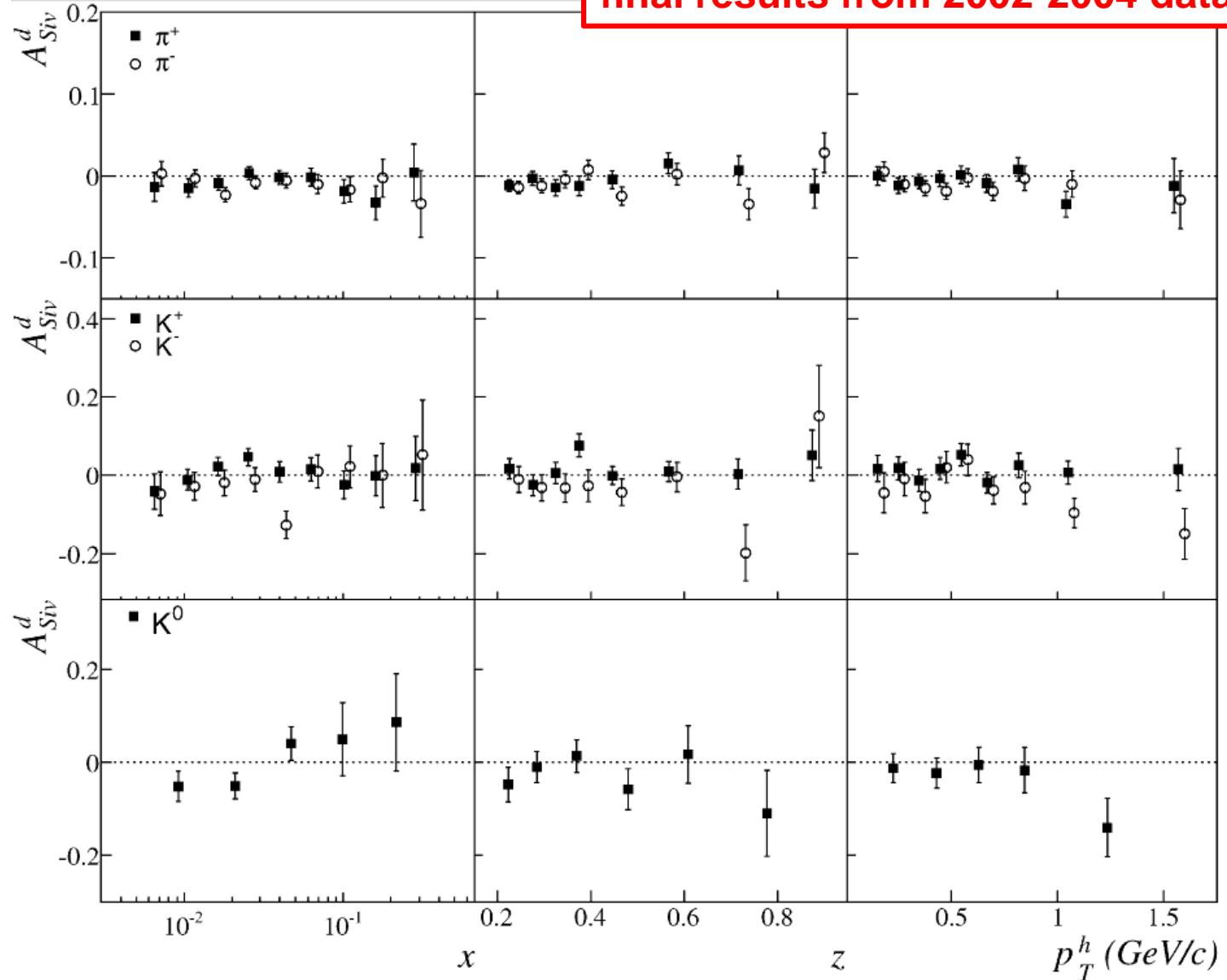
$$f_{1T}^\perp(x) \otimes D_1(z)$$



final results from 2002-2004 data

Deuteron
Target

PLB 673 (2009) 127

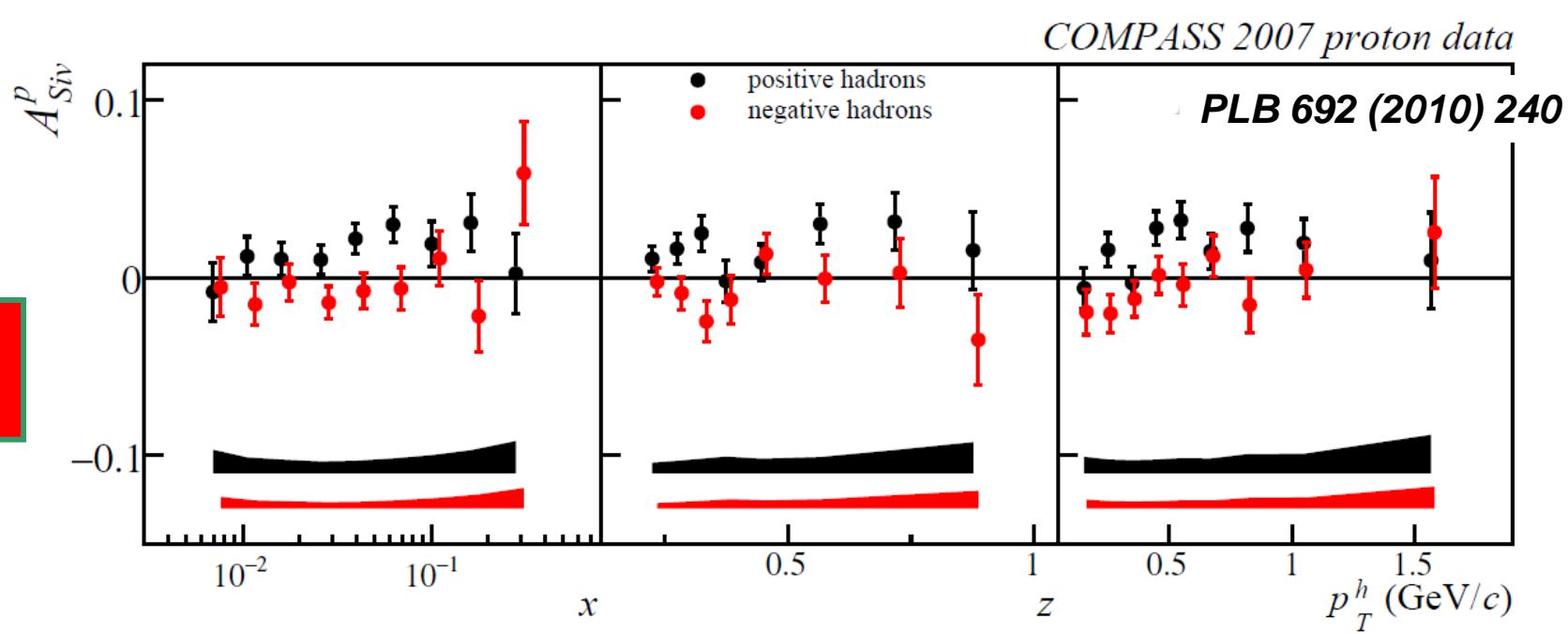


Sivers asymmetries

$$f_{1T}^{\perp}(x) \otimes D_1(z)$$



Full 2007 statistics



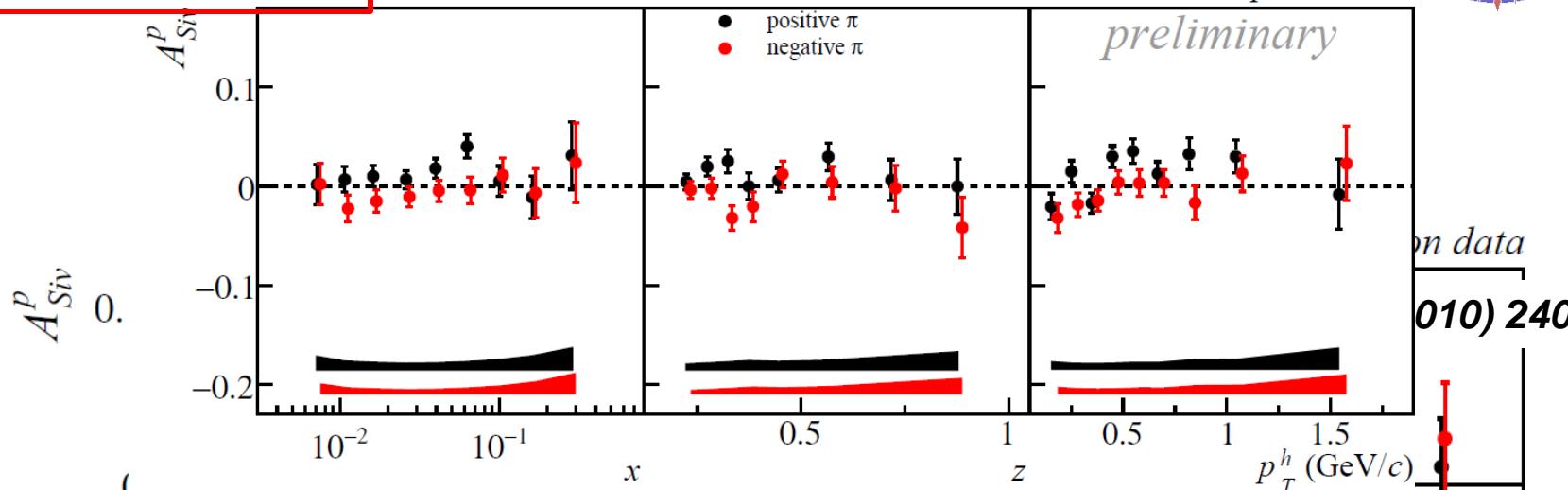
Sivers asymmetries

$$f_{1T}^\perp(x) \otimes D_1(z)$$



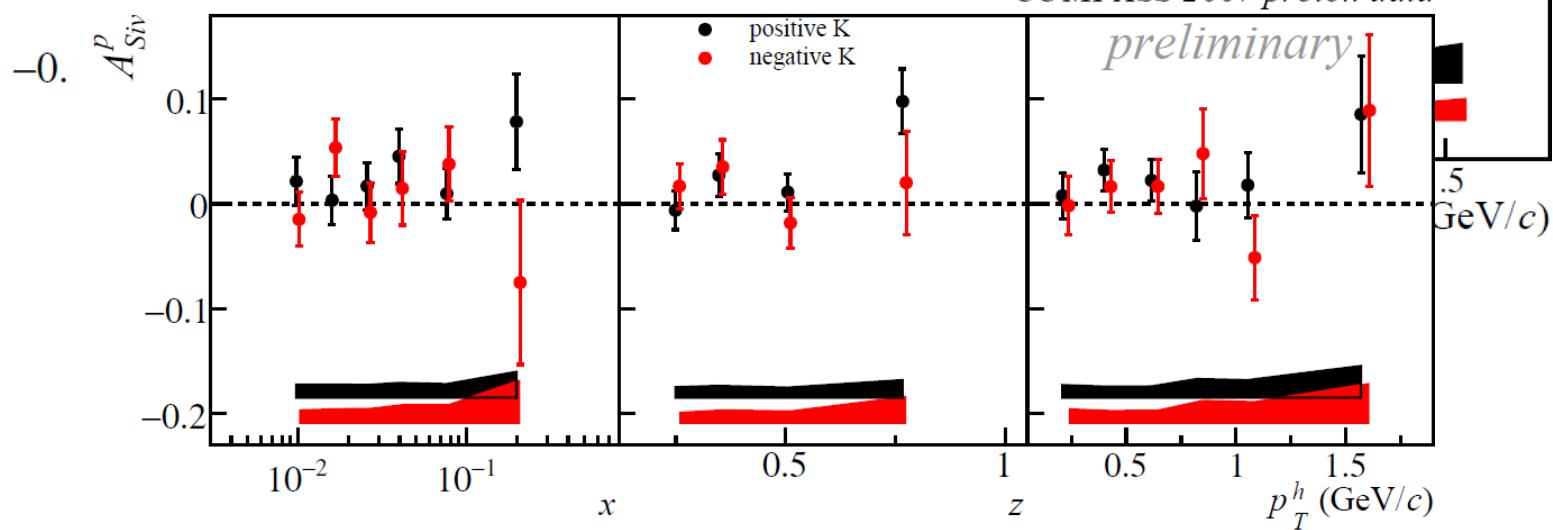
Full 2007 statistics

π^\pm



Proton target

K^\pm



Sivers asymmetries

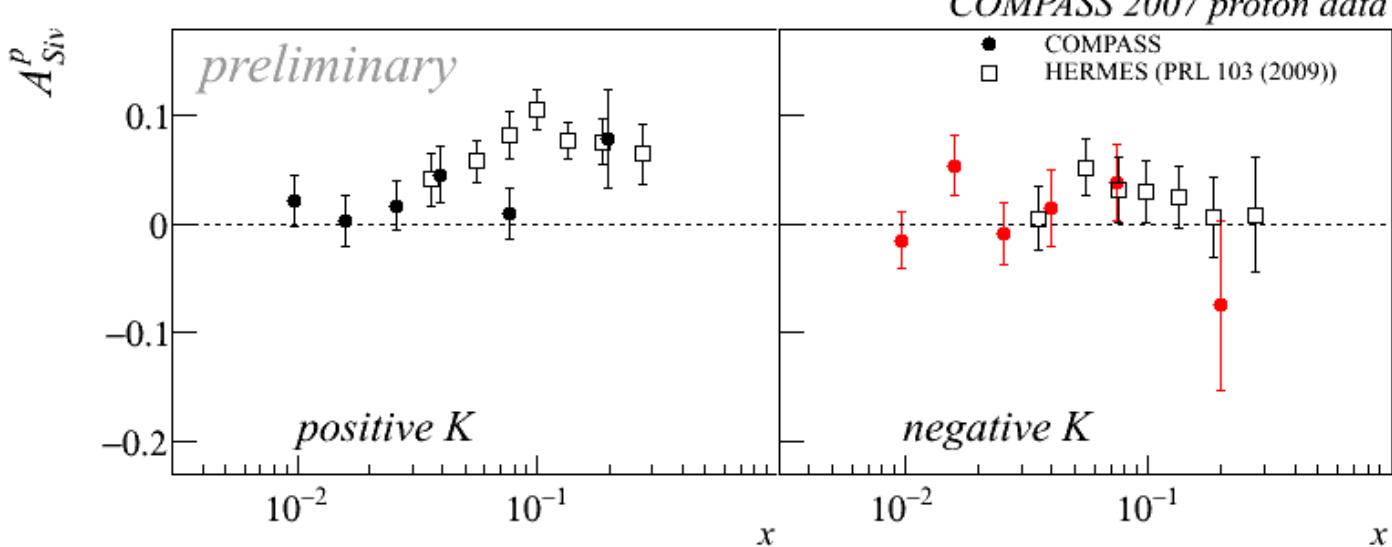
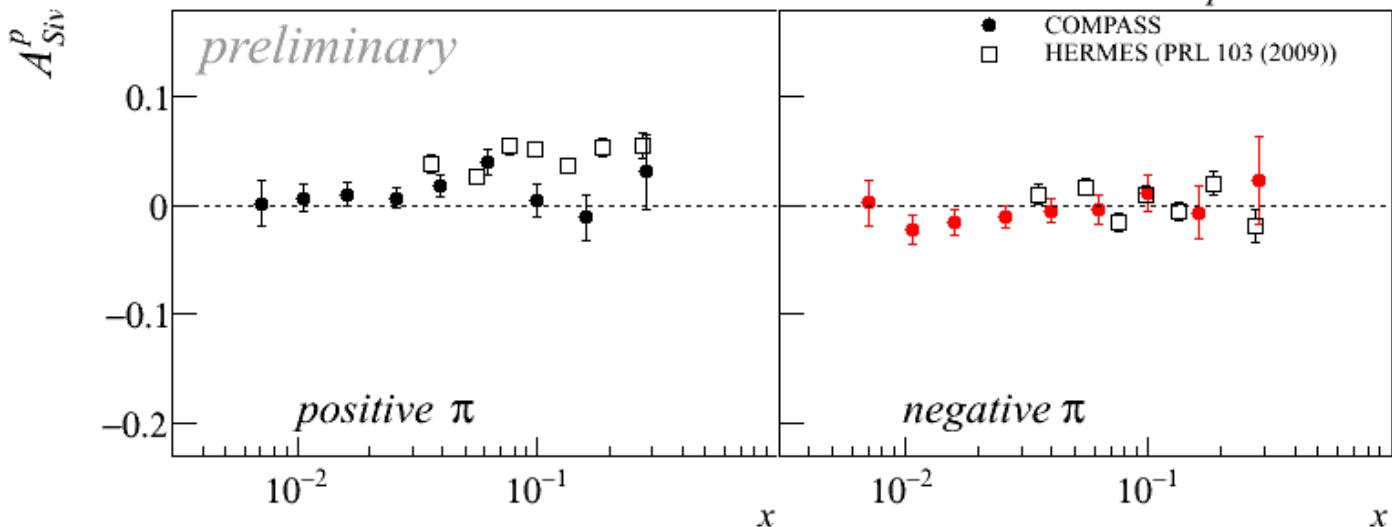
$$f_{1T}^{\perp}(x) \otimes D_1(z)$$



π^\pm

Proton target

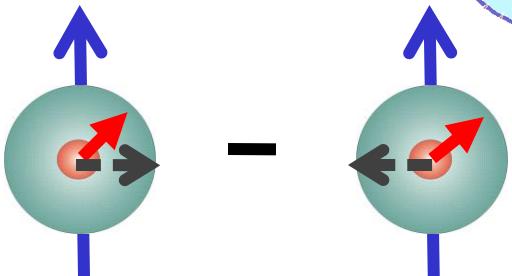
K^\pm



Target transverse spin results – (LO)

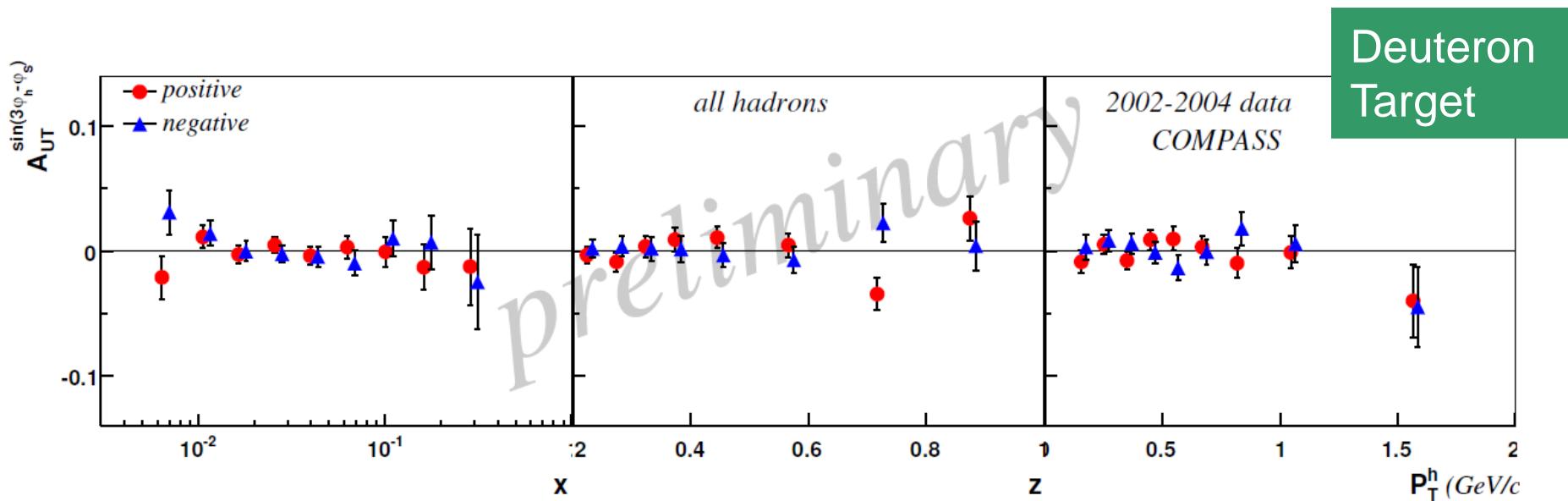


Correlation of the parton transverse momentum and transverse polarization in a transversely polarized nucleon



$$A_{UT}^{\sin(3\varphi_h - \varphi_s)} \propto h_{1T}^{\perp q} \otimes H_{1q}^{\perp h}$$

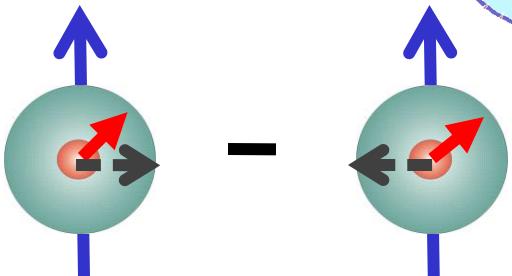
“Pretzelosity”



Target transverse spin results – (LO)

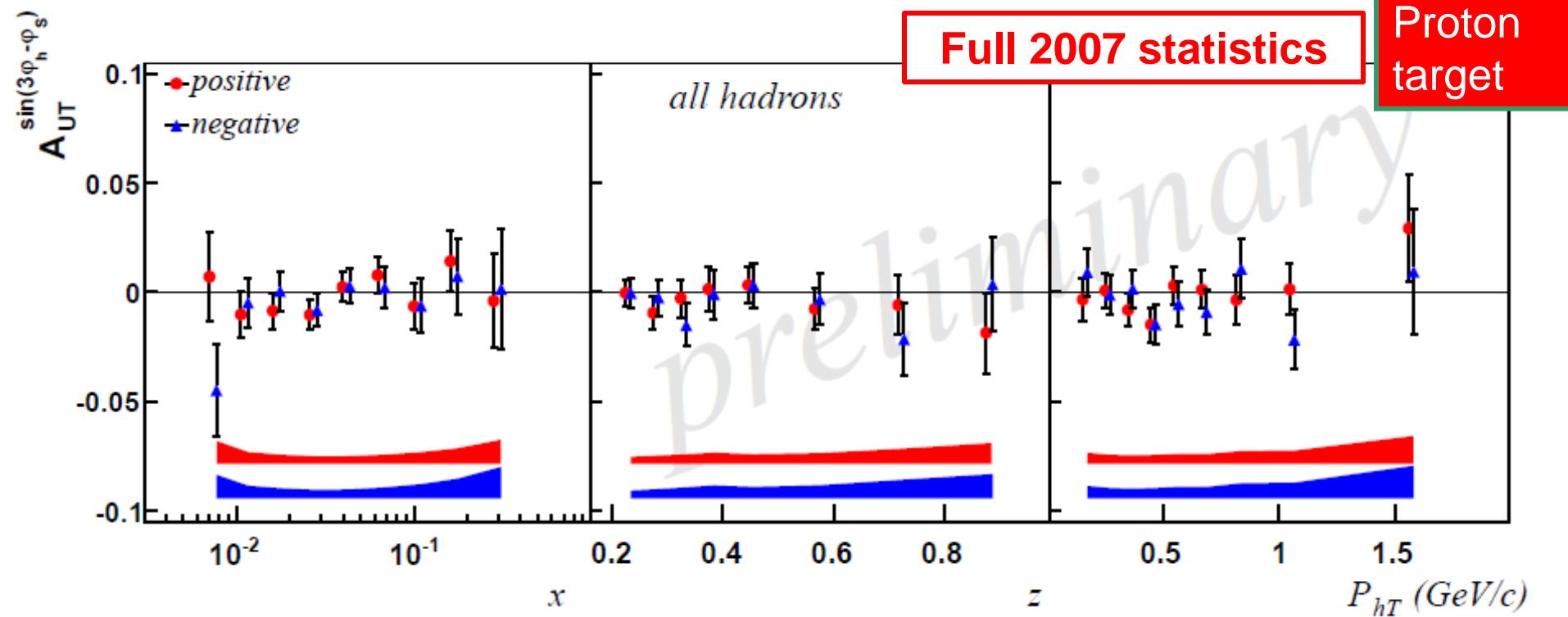


Correlation of the parton transverse momentum and transverse polarization in a transversely polarized nucleon



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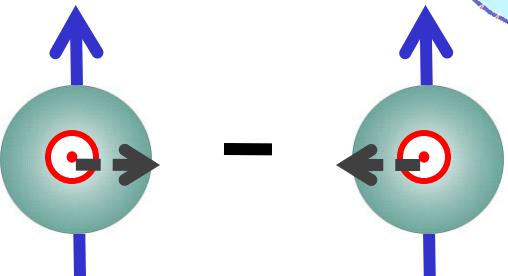
"Pretzelosity"



Target transverse spin results – (LO)



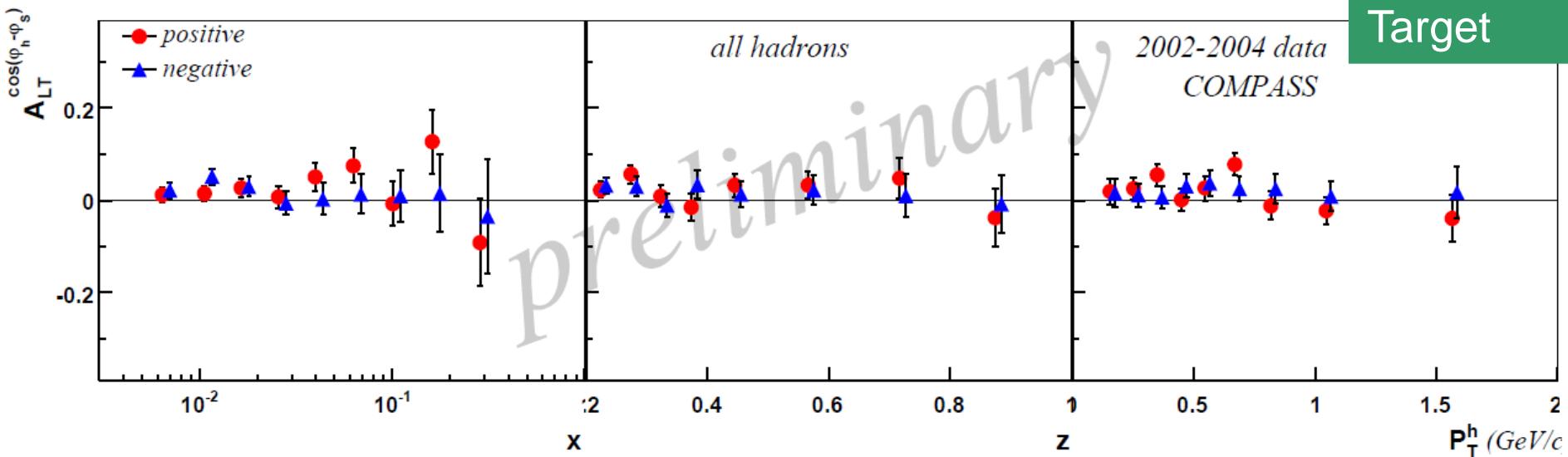
Correlation of the parton transverse momentum and longitudinal polarization in a transversely polarized nucleon



$$A_{LT}^{\cos(\varphi_h - \varphi_s)} \propto g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h$$

"worm-gear"

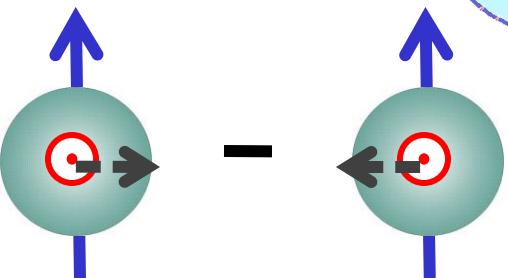
Deuteron
Target



Target transverse spin results – (LO)

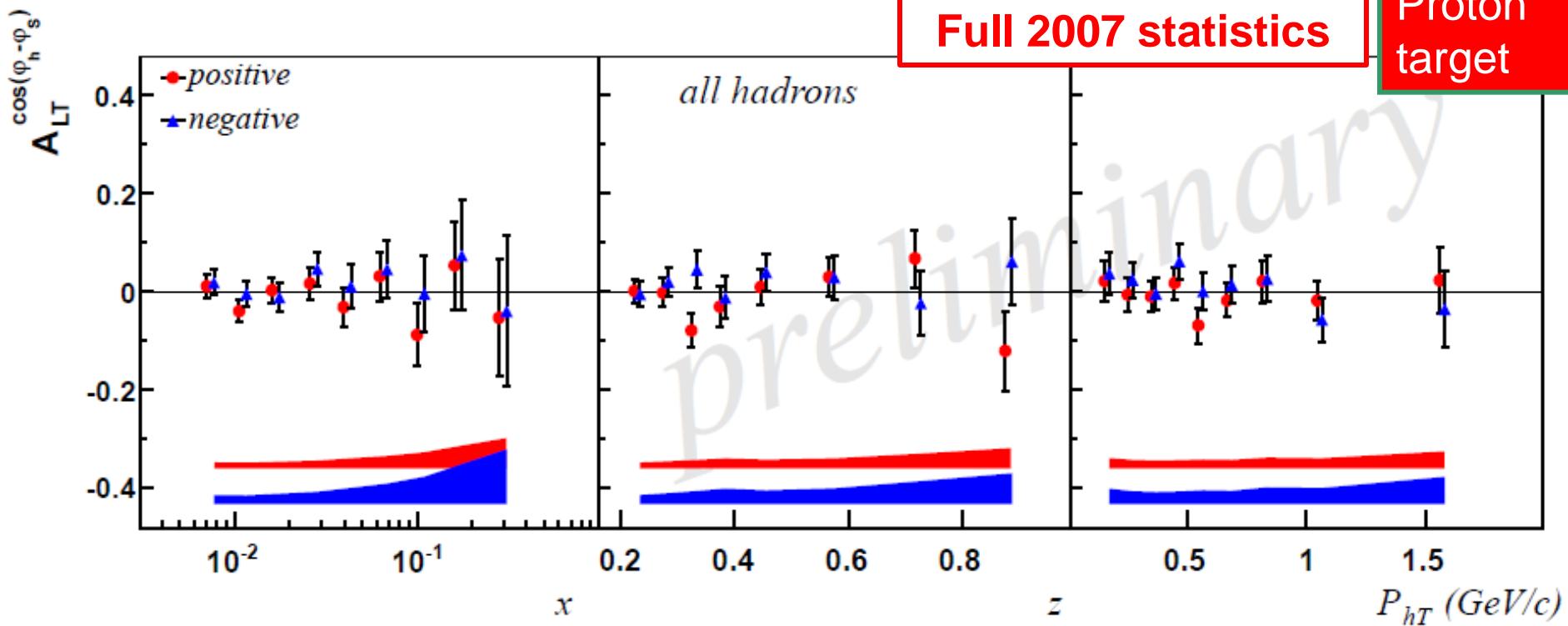


Correlation of the parton transverse momentum and longitudinal polarization in a transversely polarized nucleon



$$A_{LT}^{\cos(\varphi_h - \varphi_s)} \propto g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h$$

"worm-gear"





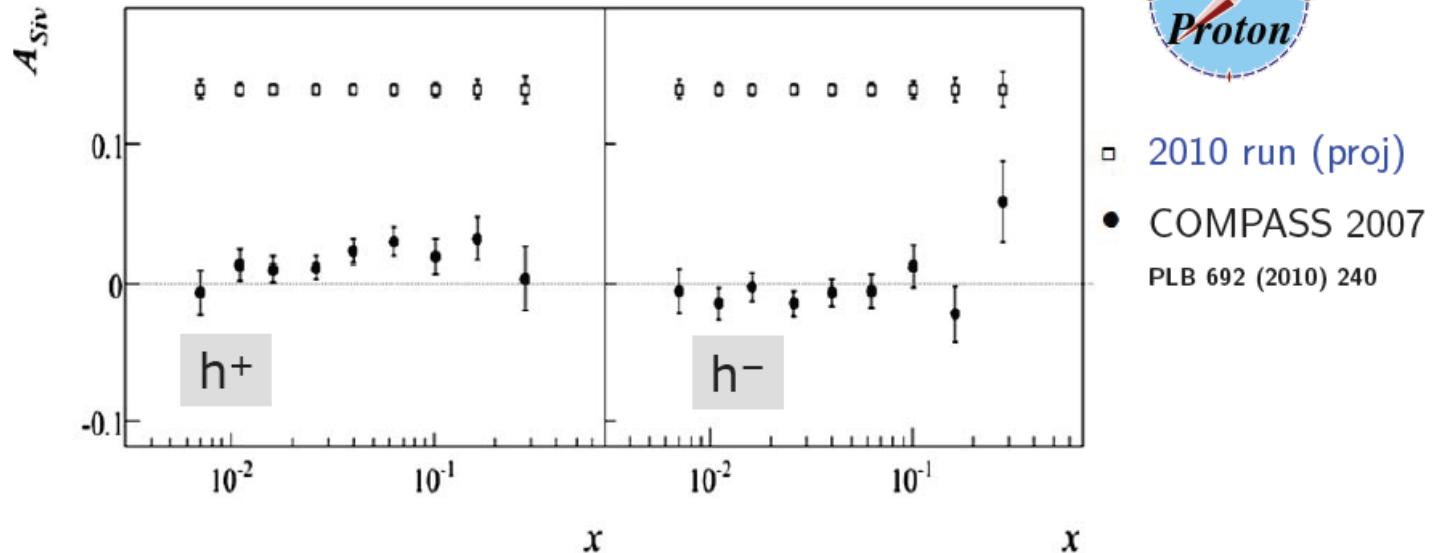
Many recent results from COMPASS:

- Transversity
 - Collins asymmetries for π^\pm and K^\pm for proton and deuteron targets
→ should be included in the global fit
 - Dihadron asymmetries for proton and deuteron targets
→ independent access to transversity
- Sivers asymmetries for π^\pm and K^\pm for proton and deuteron targets
→ should be included in the global fit
- Large azimuthal asymmetries of charged hadrons for unpolarized deuteron target
→ indication of non-vanishing Boer Mulders function

Outlook



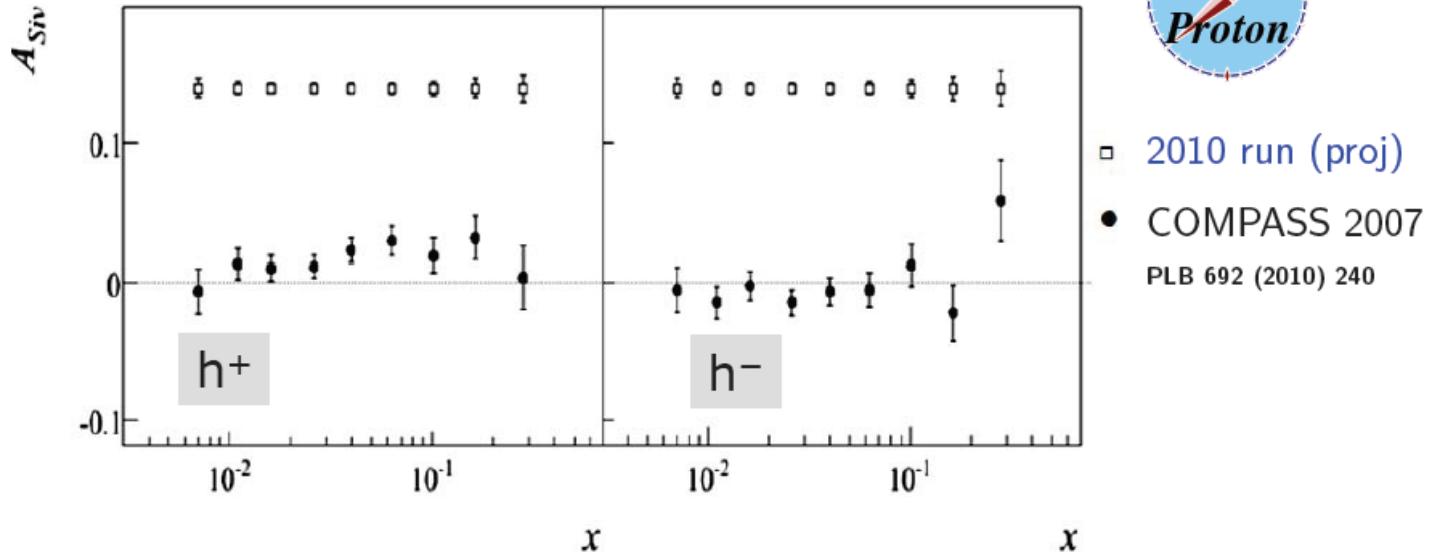
Short term:



Outlook



Short term:



Medium and long term:

COMPASS II proposal accepted

- Two years of DVCS measurements to attack GPDs
- Two years of Drell-Yan measurements

$$\pi P^\uparrow \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X$$



Backup slides

Unpolarized Target Cross-Section



$$\frac{d\sigma}{dx dy d\psi dz d\phi_h dP_{h\perp}^2} = \frac{\alpha^2}{xy Q^2} \frac{y^2}{2(1-\varepsilon)} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2x}\right) \left\{ F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} \cos \phi_h F_{UU}^{\cos \phi_h} \right. \\ \left. + \varepsilon \cos(2\phi_h) F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi_h} + \lambda_e \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)} \sin \phi_h F_{LU}^{\sin \phi_h} \right\}$$

Cahn effect, Boer-Mulders DF and pQCD

Measured using target-spin averaged samples



Cahn effect:

$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

Leading order QED, $k_T \neq 0$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\phi_h} \propto 1 - 4 \frac{\langle k_t^2 \rangle z P_t}{Q \langle P_t^2 \rangle} D_{\cos\phi_h}(y) \cos\phi_h + \dots$$

$$F_{UU}^{\cos\phi}, F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi} \quad \text{access to} \quad \langle k_T^2 \rangle$$

Cahn effect:

$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

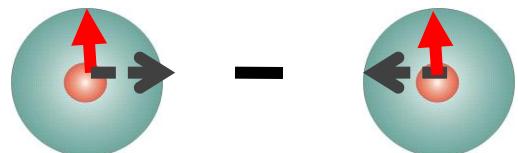
Leading order QED, $k_T \neq 0$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\phi_h} \propto 1 - 4 \frac{\langle k_t^2 \rangle z P_t}{Q \langle P_t^2 \rangle} D_{\cos\phi_h}(y) \cos\phi_h + \dots$$

$$F_{UU}^{\cos\phi}, F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi} \quad \text{access to} \quad \langle k_T^2 \rangle$$

Boer Mulders effect:

correlation of parton transv.
Momentum and transv. polarization
in an unpolarized nucleon



$$F_{UU}^{\cos\phi}, F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi} \propto h_1^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp$$

Cahn effect:

Flavour independent

$$d\sigma^{l+N \rightarrow l'+h+X} \propto DF \otimes d\sigma^{l+q \rightarrow l'+q'} \otimes FF$$

Leading order QED, $k_T \neq 0$

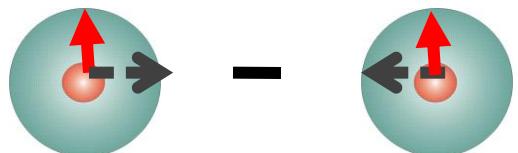
$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\phi_h} \propto 1 - 4 \frac{\langle k_t^2 \rangle z P_t}{Q \langle P_t^2 \rangle} D_{\cos\phi_h}(y) \cos\phi_h + \dots$$

$$F_{UU}^{\cos\phi}, F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi} \quad \text{access to} \quad \langle k_T^2 \rangle$$

Boer Mulders effect:

Flavour dependent

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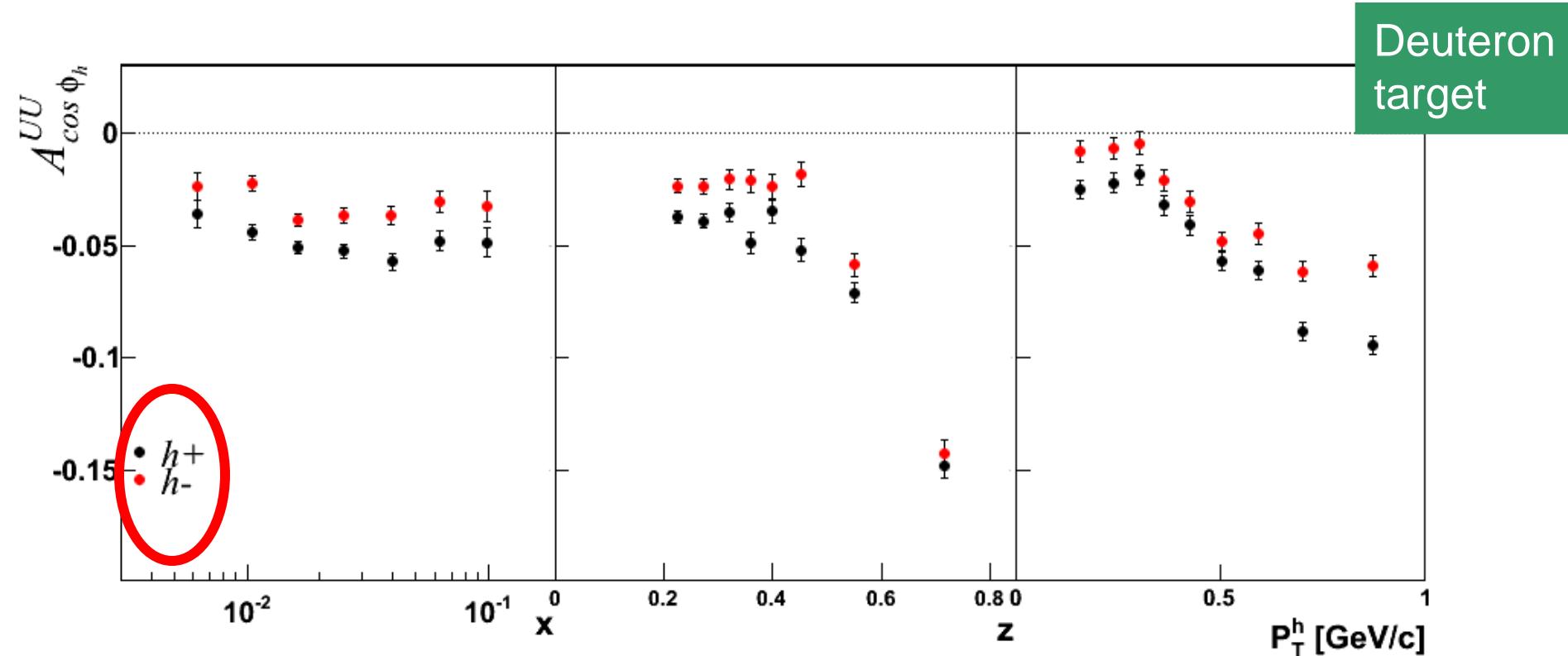


$$F_{UU}^{\cos\phi}, F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi} \propto h_1^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp$$

Unpolarised Azimuthal Asymmetries



$\cos\phi$ modulation (Cahn + Boer-Mulders)

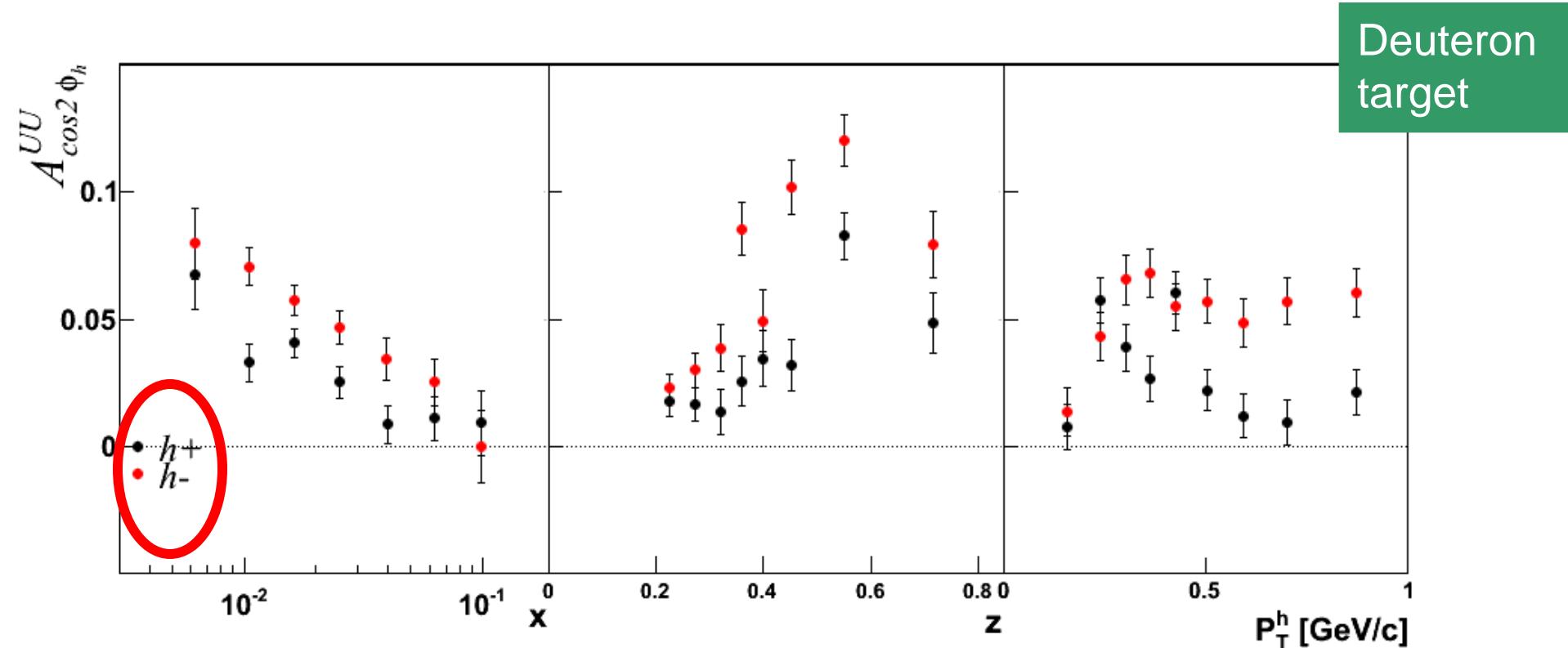


- Large negative asymmetries
- Charge dependent

Unpolarised Azimuthal Asymmetries



$\cos 2\phi$ modulation (Cahn + Boer-Mulders)



- Large positive asymmetries
- Strongly charge dependent

Transversity from Λ Production



$$lp^\uparrow \rightarrow l'\Lambda^\uparrow X$$

$$P_\Lambda(x, z) = f P_T D_{NN}(y) \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 h_1^q(x) \Delta_T D_q^\Lambda(z)}{\sum_q e_q^2 f_1^q(x) D_q^\Lambda(z)}$$

Transversity from Λ Production



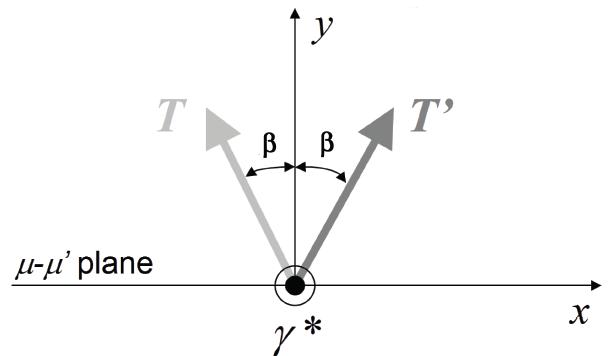
$$lp^\uparrow \rightarrow l'\Lambda^\uparrow X$$

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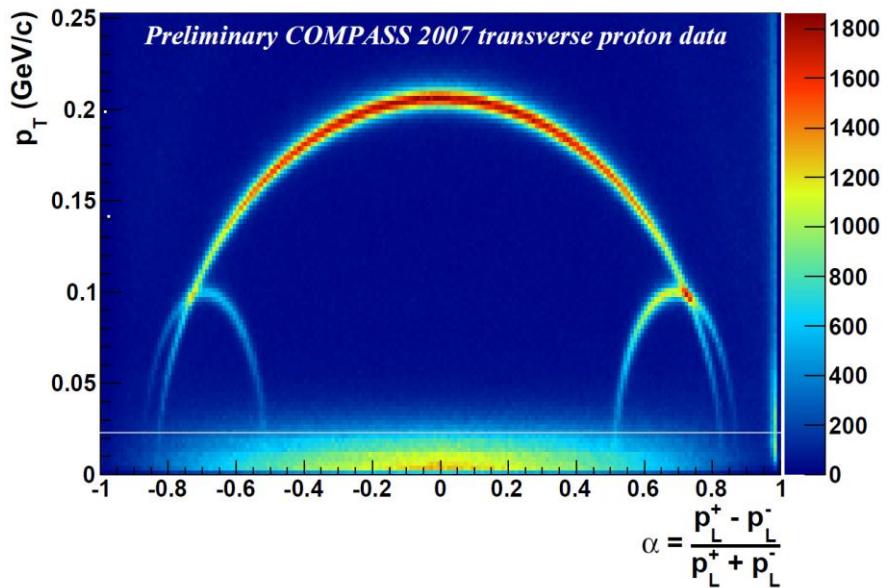
$$\Lambda \rightarrow p \pi \quad BR \approx 64\%$$

$$W(\Theta_{T'}) \propto 1 + \alpha P_T^\Lambda \cos \Theta_{T'}$$

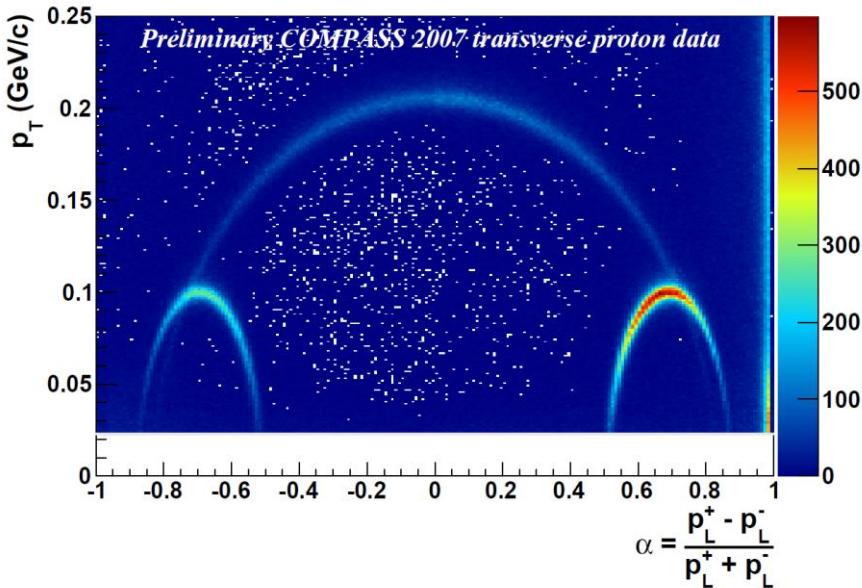
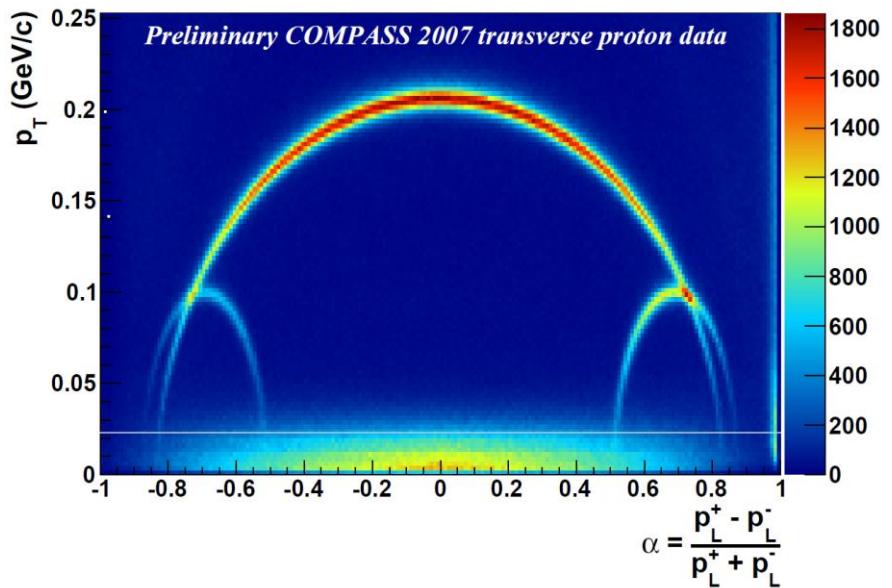
$$\alpha = \pm 0.642 \pm 0.013$$



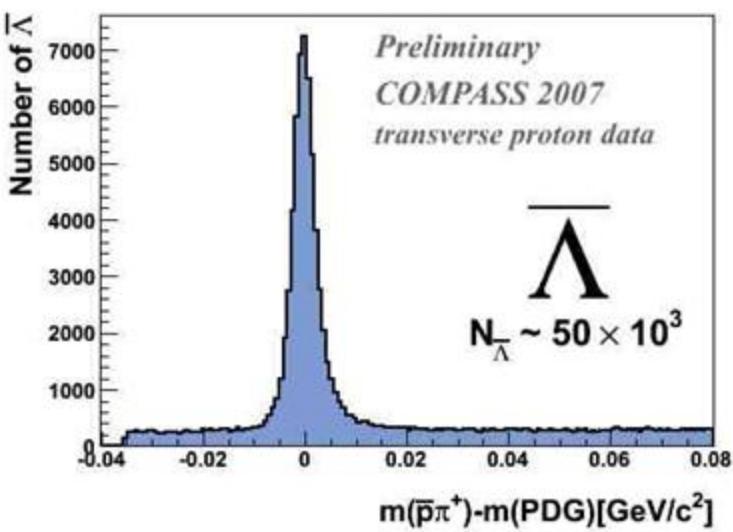
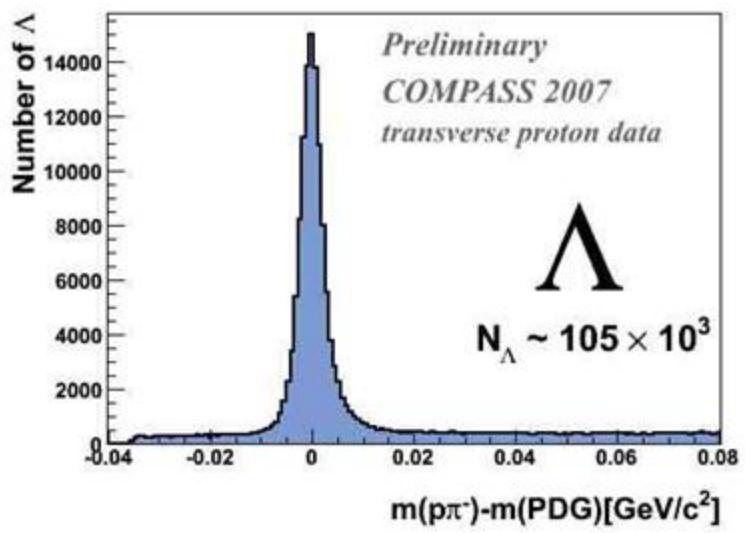
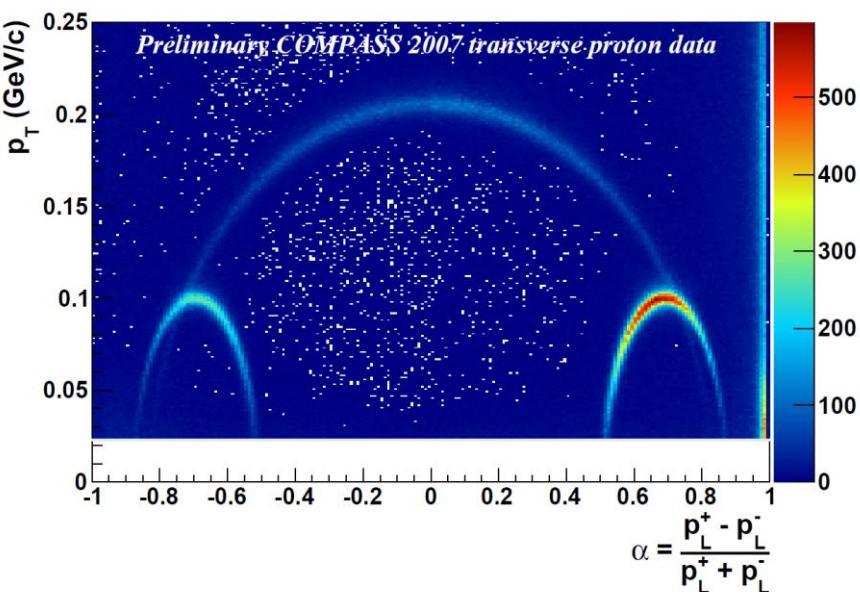
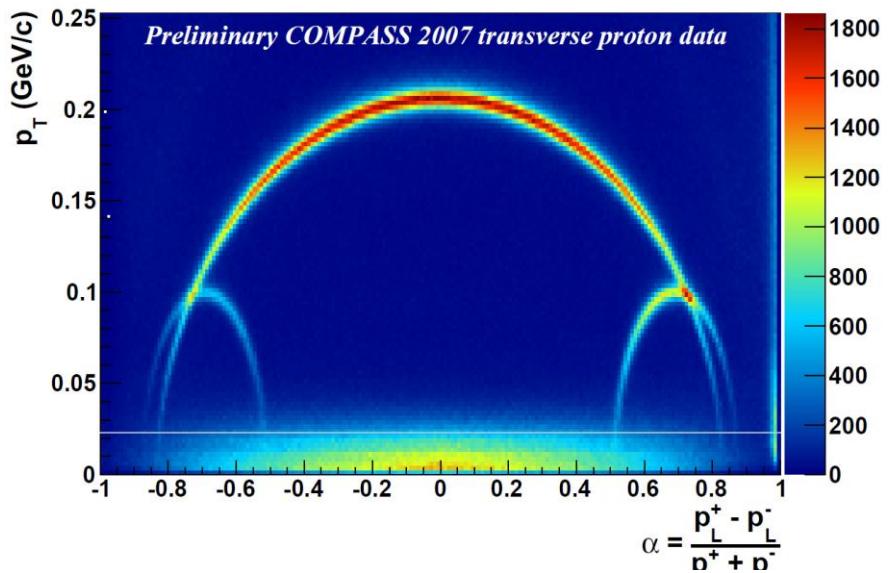
Transversity from Λ Production



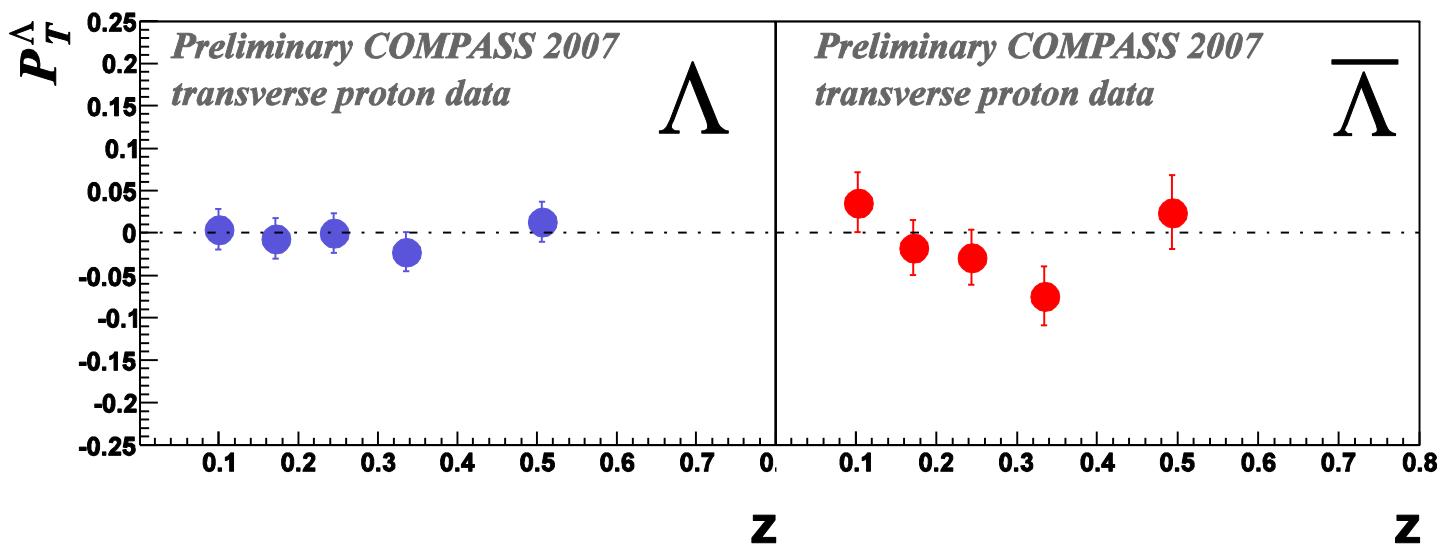
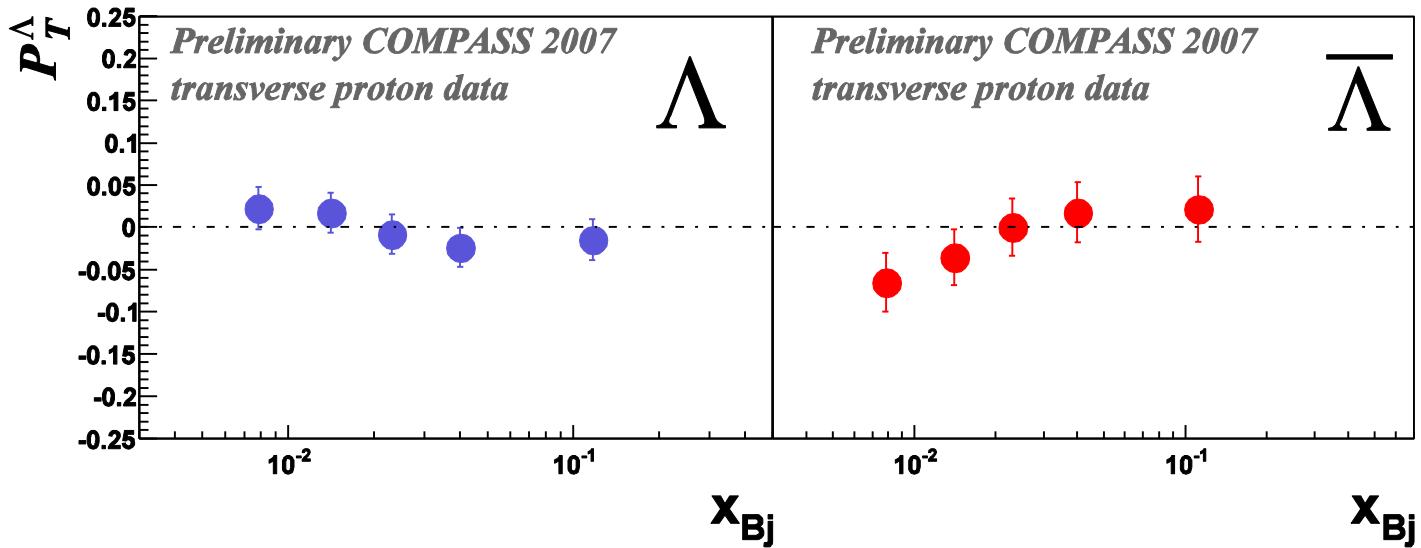
Transversity from Λ Production



Transversity from Λ Production



Lambda Selection and Polarization



Target transverse spin results – (NLO)

