

Diffractive Pion Dissociation Into 3π and 5π Final States

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Cluster of Excellence: Origin and Structure of the Universe,
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Constituent Quark Model of Mesons – Spin Parity Rules

$$P = (-1)^{I+1} \quad C = (-1)^{I+s}$$

e.g. $P = (-1)^J \Rightarrow s = 1 \Rightarrow CP = +1$

J^{PC} Multiplets:
 $0^{++}, 0^{--}, 1^{--}, 1^{+-}, 1^{++}, 2^{++}, \dots$

Forbidden:

$0^{+-}, 1^{+-}, 2^{+-}, 3^{-+}, \dots$

Spin Exotic States

- J^{PC} forbidden in constituent quark model \Rightarrow cannot be a $q\bar{q}$ -state
- No mixing with quark model states

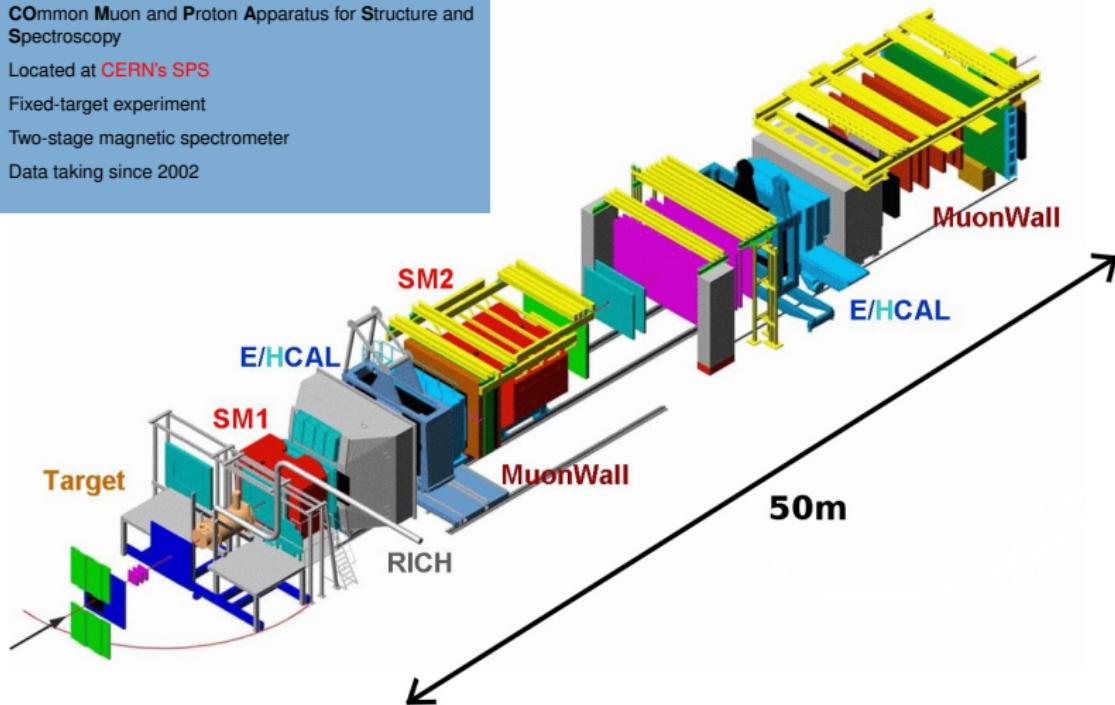
$$\underbrace{J^{PC} = 1^{-+}}_{\text{Smoking Gun}} + \underbrace{\text{Resonant Phase Motion}}_{\text{Bullet}} + \underbrace{\text{Quark Model}}_{\text{Victim}}$$

Challenges and Opportunities in the light (u,d) Quark Sector

- High density of states; broad, overlapping states
- **Exploit interference** effects \rightarrow phase motion
- Requires **high statistics, complete PS coverage**

Overview

- COmmon Muon and Proton Apparatus for Structure and Spectroscopy
- Located at CERN's SPS
- Fixed-target experiment
- Two-stage magnetic spectrometer
- Data taking since 2002

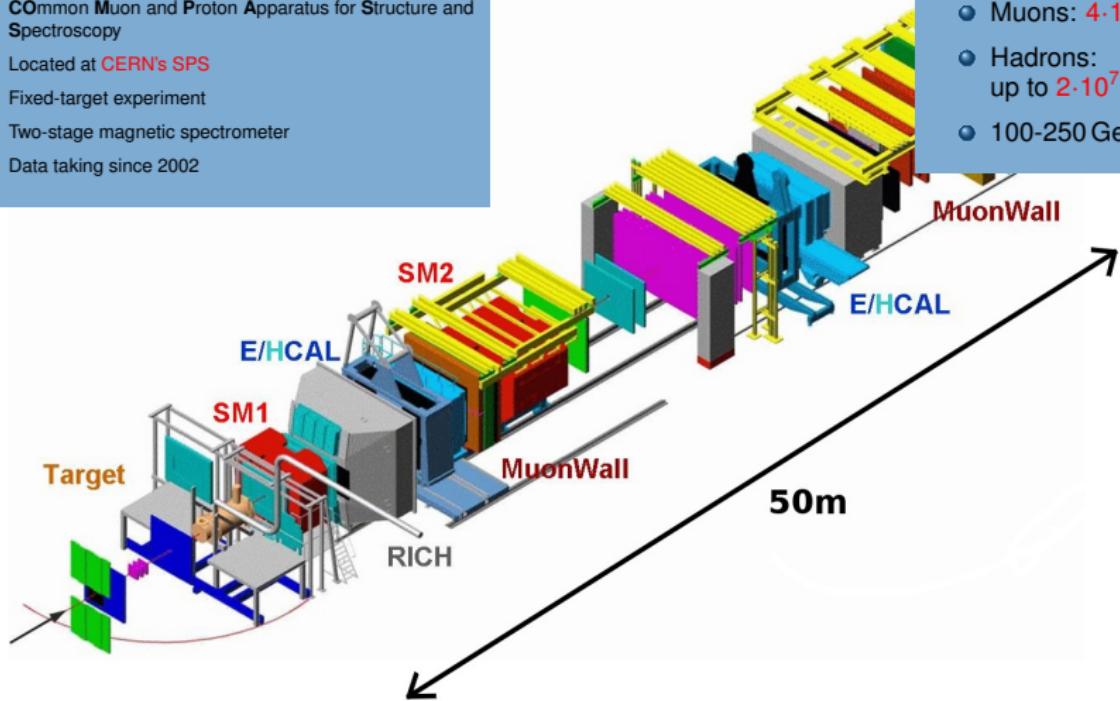


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Second./Tert. SPS Beams

- Muons: $4 \cdot 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Hadrons: up to $2 \cdot 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- 100-250 GeV

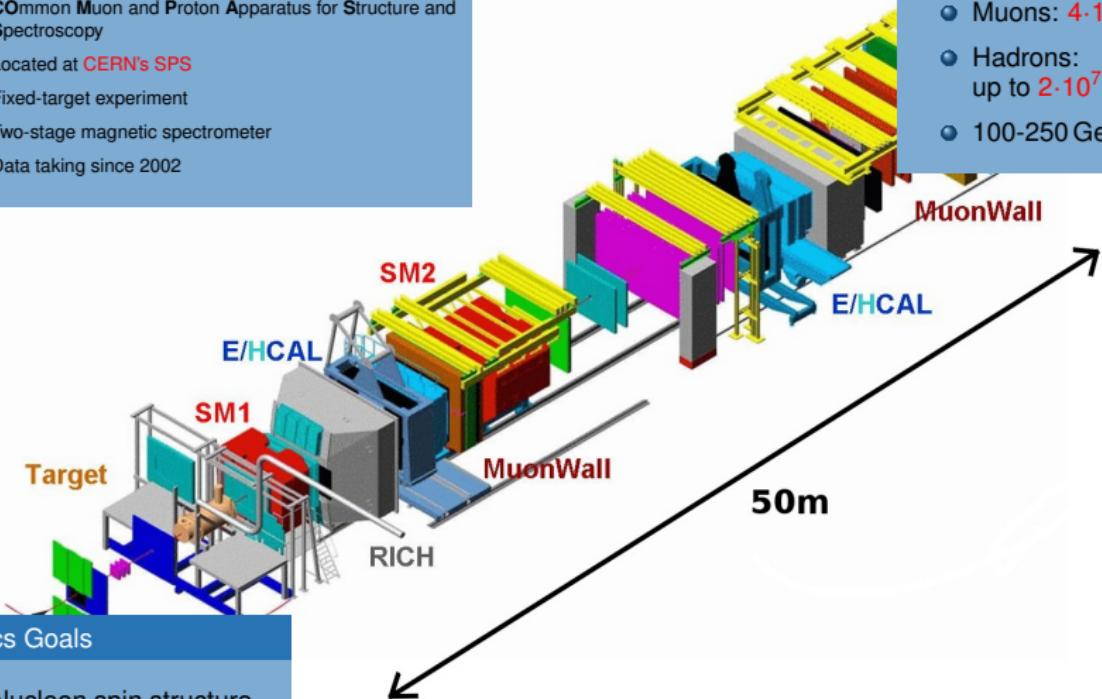


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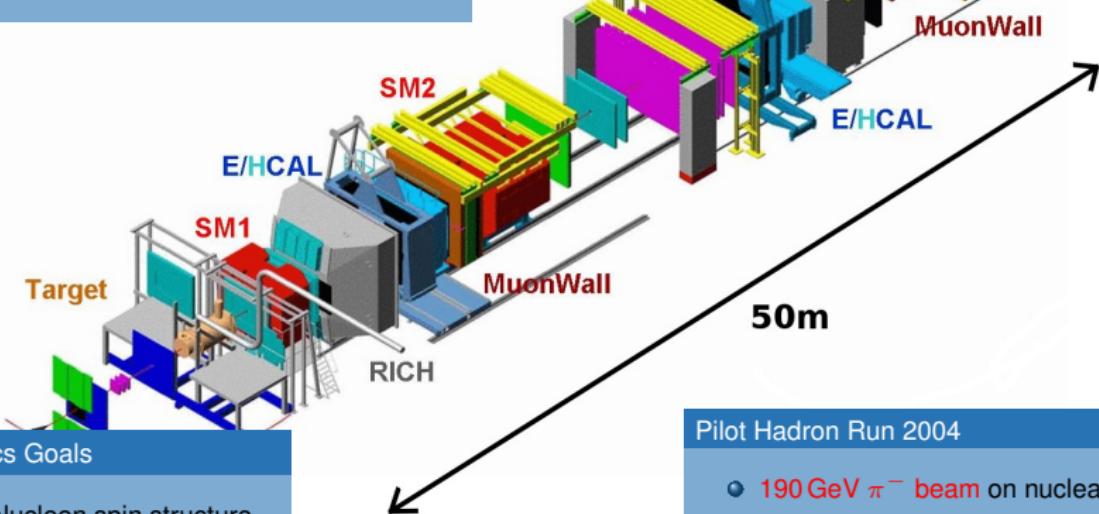
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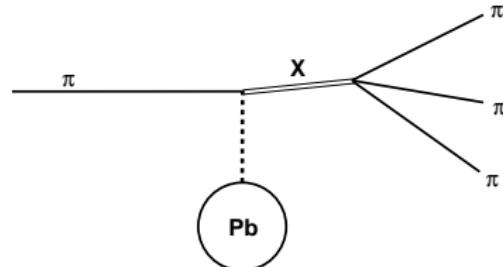
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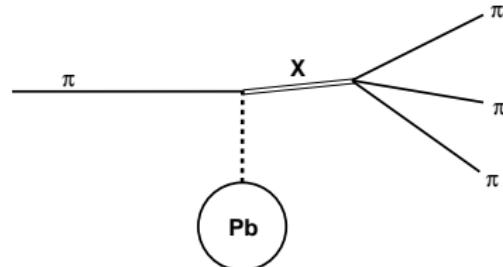
Pilot Hadron Run 2004

- $190 \text{ GeV } \pi^-$ beam on nuclear targets
- Tracking: Silicons, SciFis, GEMs, MicroMegas, MWPCs, Drift Chambers

- **Diffraction:** target particle remains intact
Reggeon t-channel exchange
Assumptions: Factorization of meson and Pb vertex, no final state interaction
- **Dissociation:** beam pion is excited to some resonance X^- , which subsequently decays
⇒ e.g. $\pi^- \text{Pb} \rightarrow X^- \text{Pb} \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+ \text{Pb}$
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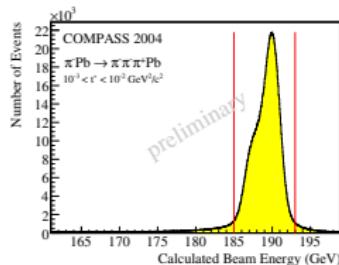
Meson Spectroscopy and Search for Exotic States (non- $q\bar{q}$)

- Evidences for spin-exotic $\pi_1(1600)$ state with $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$ in $\rho\pi^- \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$?

[BNL-E852, Phys. Rev. D65, 072001, 2002], [VES, Nucl. Phys. A663, 596, 2000]

controversial situation!

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Meson Spectroscopy and Search for Exotic States (non- $q\bar{q}$)

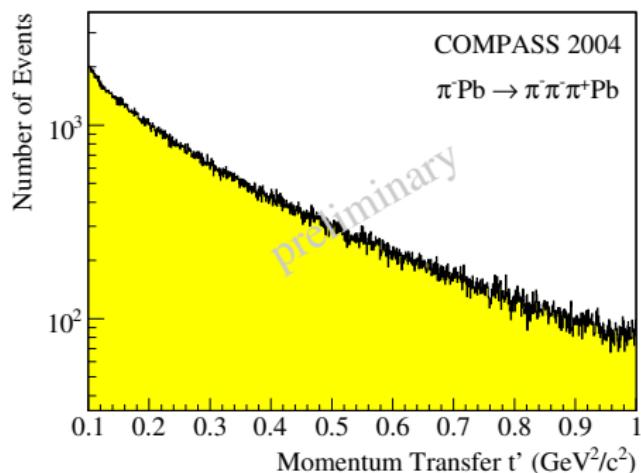
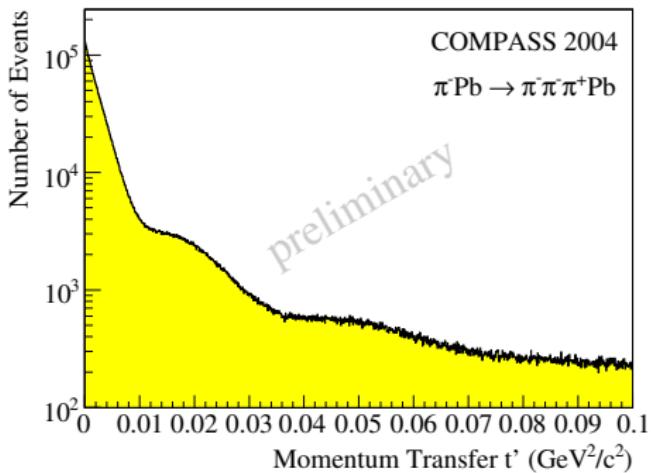
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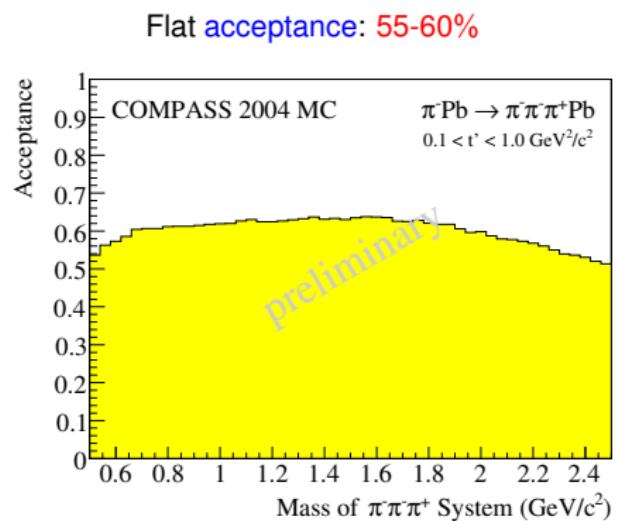
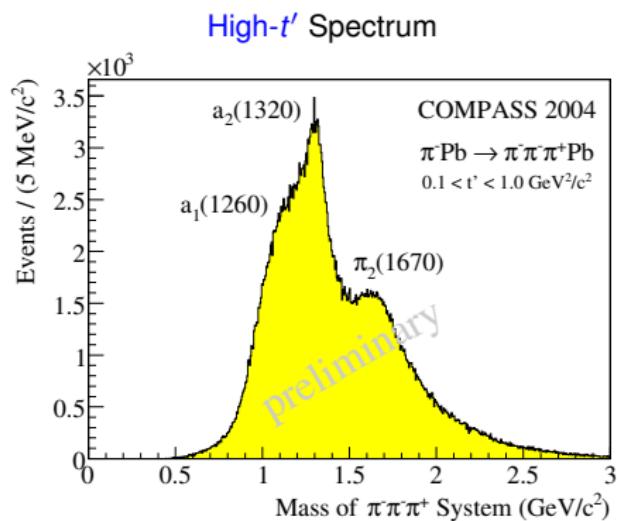
- Exclusive 3π or 5π final state events (pion hypothesis).
- COMPASS 2004 (few days of data taking):
 - ~ 4 000 000 3π events
 - ~ 400 000 events with $0.1 < t' < 1.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^2$
 - ~ 380 000 5π events

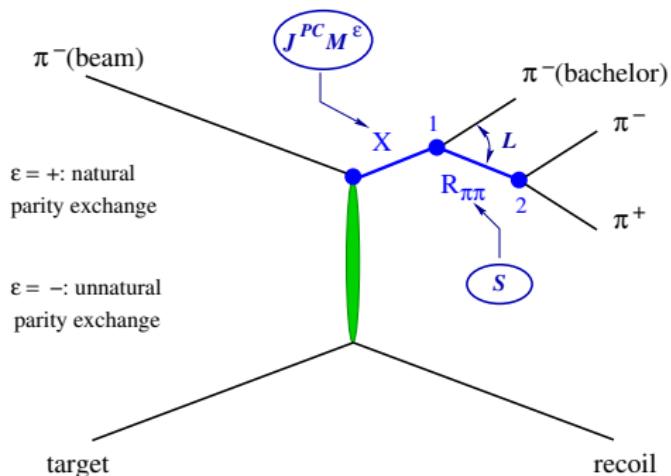
Momentum transfer from target: $-t = -(p_{\text{beam}} - p_{(\pi^-\pi^-\pi^+)})^2$
 $\Rightarrow t' = |t| - |t|_{\min}$



Diffraction pattern: Pb nucleus acts like "black disc" in optics

High- t' : scattering on single nucleons inside Pb nucleus





- Isobar model: Intermediate 2-particle decays
- Zemach / Helicity formalism, reflectivity basis
- Reggeon exchange
- Partial wave: $J^{PC} M^\epsilon$ [isobar] L
- Nucleon target \Rightarrow rank 2

- Mass-independent PWA (40 MeV/c² mass bins): 42 waves

- Extended log-likelihood method (Ascoli/Kachaev fitter)
- Acceptance corrections included
- $\rho(770)$, $f_2(1270)$, $\rho_3(1690)$ from PDG, $(\pi\pi)_s$ with separated $f_0(980)$ from VES
- Multiple solutions ($\Delta \ln L \leq 1$) added as additional error

- Mass-dependent χ^2 -fit: 6 waves

- Only positive reflectivity waves (natural parity exchange dominant)
- X parameterized by Breit-Wigner (BW) functions
- Coherent background added for some waves: $\exp(-\alpha p^2)$

Partial Wave Set for Mass-Independent Fit (42 Waves)



Description of possible Decay Amplitudes

$J^{PC} M^\epsilon$	L	Isobar π	Thresh. [GeV]
$0^{-+} 0^+$	S	$f_0 \pi$	1.40
$0^{-+} 0^+$	S	$(\pi\pi)_S \pi$	-
$0^{-+} 0^+$	P	$\rho \pi$	-
$1^{-+} 1^+$	P	$\rho \pi$	-
$1^{++} 0^+$	S	$\rho \pi$	-
$1^{++} 0^+$	P	$f_2 \pi$	1.20
$1^{++} 0^+$	P	$(\pi\pi)_S \pi$	0.84
$1^{++} 0^+$	D	$\rho \pi$	1.30
$1^{++} 1^+$	S	$\rho \pi$	-
$1^{++} 1^+$	P	$f_2 \pi$	1.40
$1^{++} 1^+$	P	$(\pi\pi)_S \pi$	1.40
$1^{++} 1^+$	D	$\rho \pi$	1.40
$2^{-+} 0^+$	S	$f_2 \pi$	1.20
$2^{-+} 0^+$	P	$\rho \pi$	0.80
$2^{-+} 0^+$	D	$f_2 \pi$	1.50
$2^{-+} 0^+$	D	$(\pi\pi)_S \pi$	0.80
$2^{-+} 0^+$	F	$\rho \pi$	1.20
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$2^{++} 1^+$	D	$\rho \pi$	-
$3^{++} 0^+$	S	$\rho_3 \pi$	1.50
$3^{++} 0^+$	P	$f_2 \pi$	1.20
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$3^{++} 1^+$	S	$\rho_3 \pi$	1.50
$3^{++} 1^+$	P	$f_2 \pi$	1.20
$3^{++} 1^+$	D	$\rho \pi$	1.50
$4^{-+} 0^+$	F	$\rho \pi$	1.20
$4^{-+} 1^+$	F	$\rho \pi$	1.20
$4^{++} 1^+$	F	$f_2 \pi$	1.60
$4^{++} 1^+$	G	$\rho \pi$	1.64
$1^{-+} 0^-$	P	$\rho \pi$	-
$1^{-+} 1^-$	P	$\rho \pi$	-
$1^{++} 1^-$	S	$\rho \pi$	-
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FLAT			

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Waveset Features

- 41 Waves + Flat Background
- Isobars:
 - ▶ $\sigma(600), \rho(770), f_0(980), f_2(1270), \rho_3$
- positive reflectivity dominates
- 7 negative reflectivity waves included
- More $M = 1$ waves than previous (e.g. BNL) analyses
- 2⁻⁺F waves included

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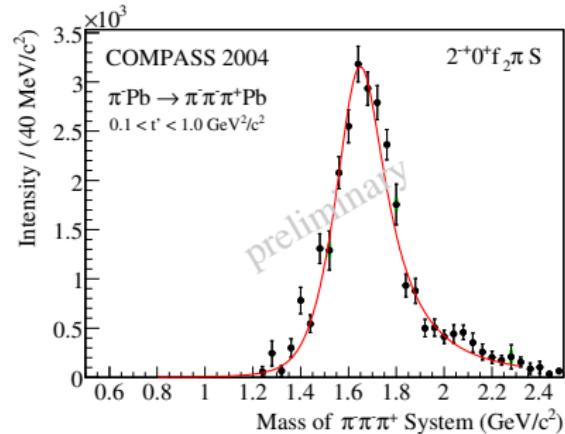
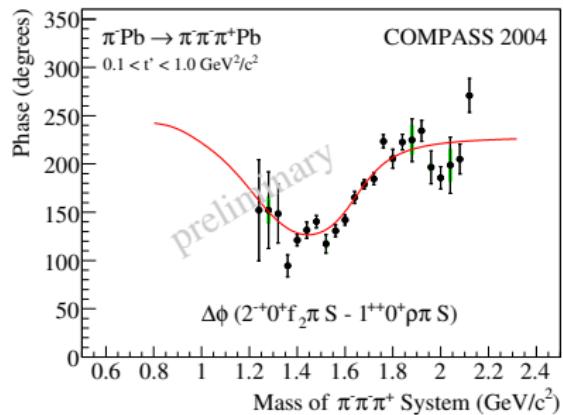
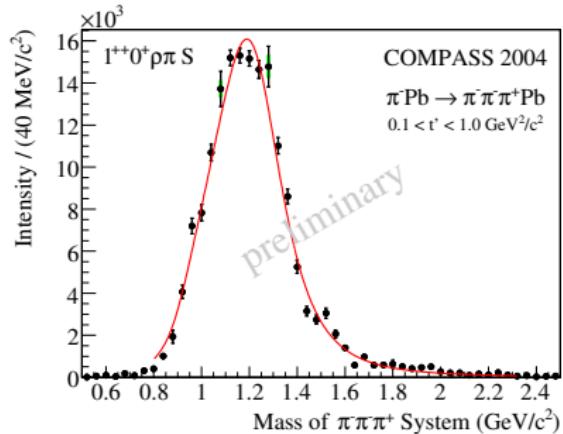
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FLAT			

PWA Results

$1^{++}0^+\rho\pi S$ and $2^{-+}0^+f_2\pi S$



- BW for $a_1(1260)$ + background:

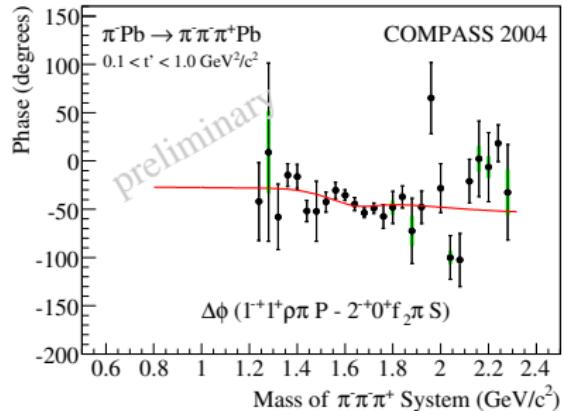
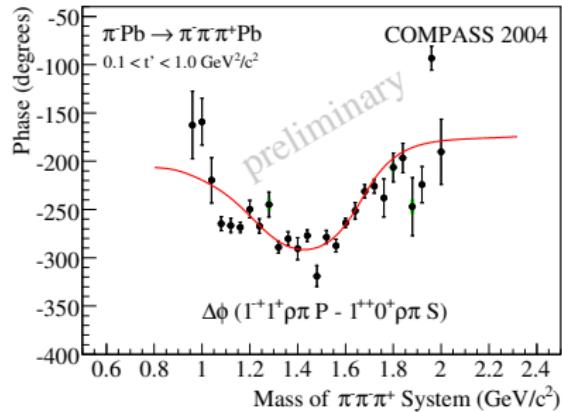
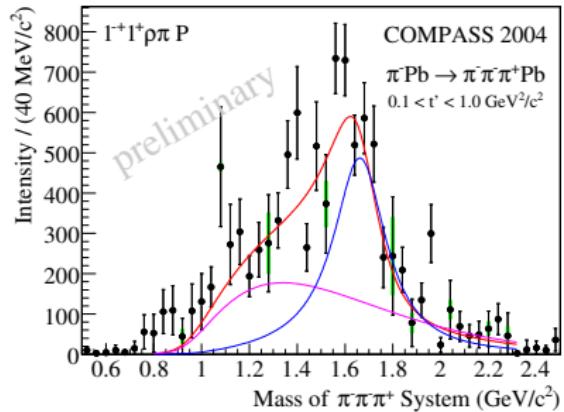
$$M = (1.255 \pm 0.006 {}^{+0.007}_{-0.017}) \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

$$\Gamma = (0.367 \pm 0.009 {}^{+0.028}_{-0.025}) \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

- BW for $\pi_2(1670)$:

$$M = (1.658 \pm 0.003 {}^{+0.024}_{-0.008}) \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

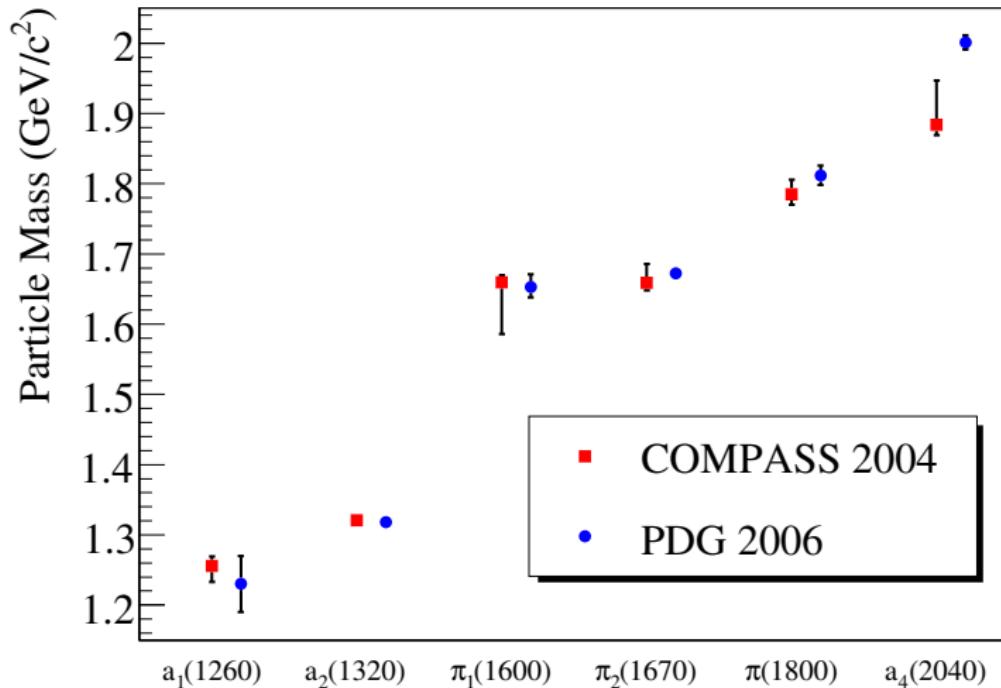
$$\Gamma = (0.271 \pm 0.009 {}^{+0.022}_{-0.024}) \text{ GeV}/c^2$$



- Significant 1^{-+} amplitude consistent with resonance at $\sim 1.7 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- No leakage observed (< 5%)
- BW for $\rho_1(1600)$ + background:
 $M = (1.660 \pm 0.010 {}^{+0.000}_{-0.064}) \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- $\Gamma = (0.269 \pm 0.021 {}^{+0.042}_{-0.064}) \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Summary of Extracted States from $\pi^- \text{Pb} \rightarrow X^- \text{Pb} \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+ \text{Pb}$

Comparison with PDG values



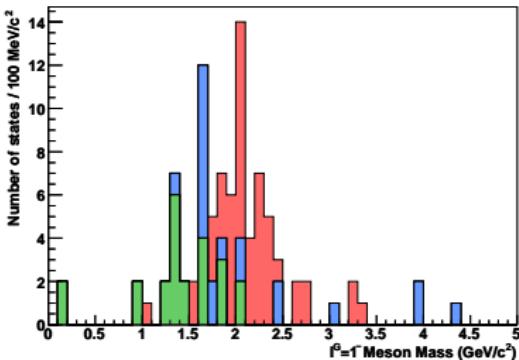
Motivation:

- Access to mass-range $> 2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Interesting accessible quantum numbers:
 - $1^-(1^{+-})$ spin exotic
 - $1^-(0^{++})$ not accessible in 3π !
 - $1^-(3^{-+})$ high J spin exotic?
- BNL: $\pi^- p \rightarrow f_1 \pi \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$
2 exotic 1^{-+} states
(Kuhn et al., Phys. Lett. B, 595(2004)109)
- Interesting decay modes $b_1 \pi$, $f_1 \pi$, $\rho' \pi$
- Light meson frontier:*
many disputed states in this region
 $(0^{-+})(1^{++})(2^{-+})\dots$

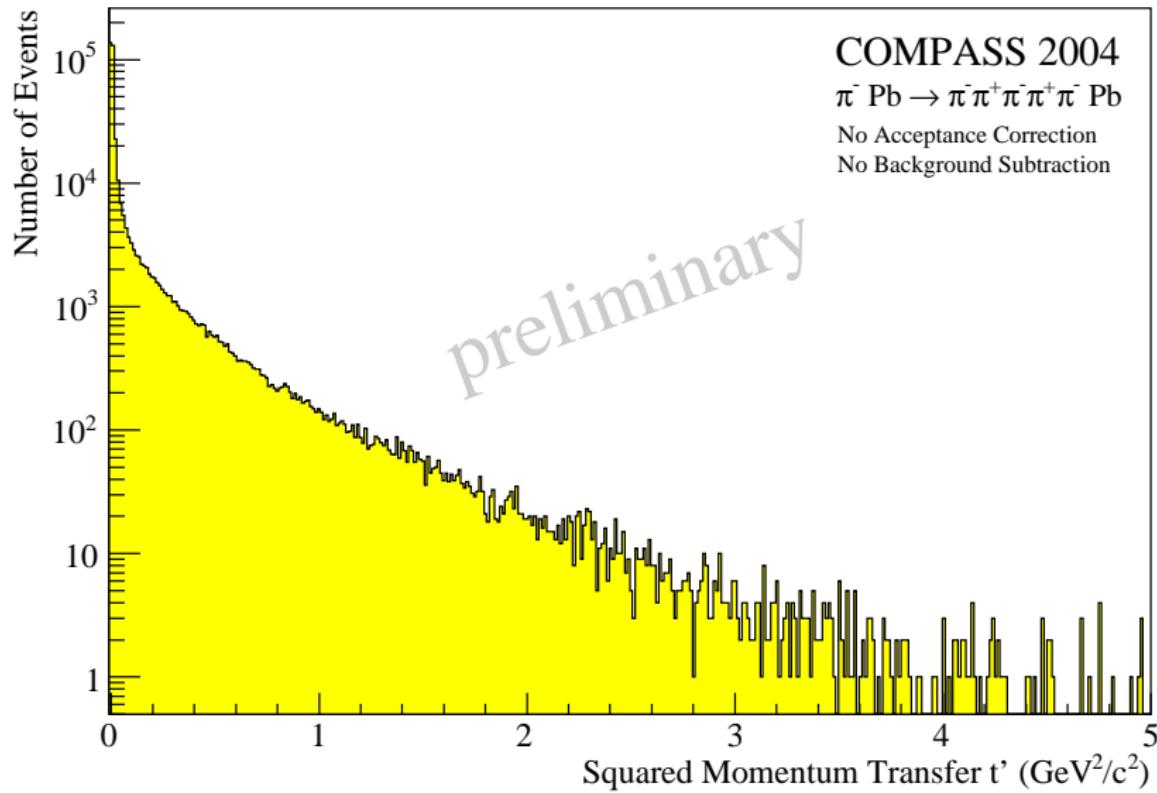
 $\pi_1(1^{-+})$ branching ratios**Flux-Tube model predictions:**

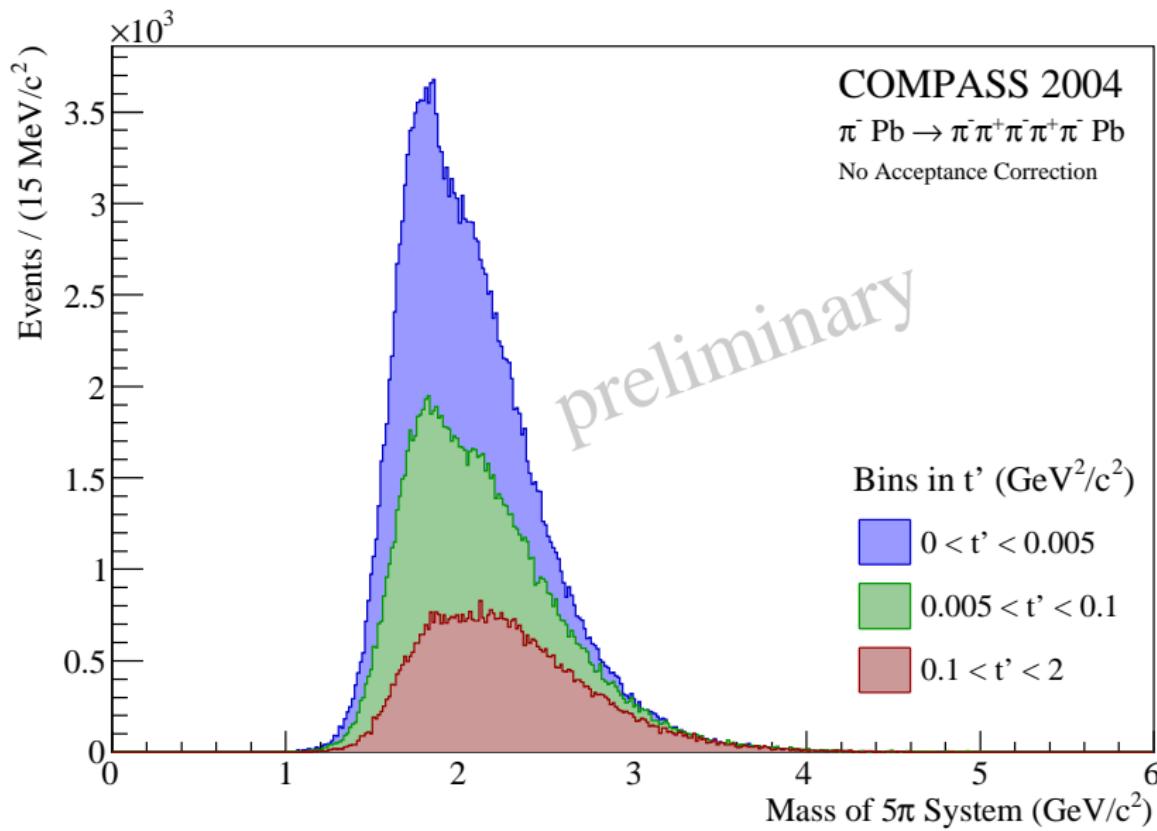
(Page, Swanson, Szczepaniak, Phys. Rev. D59, 034016(1999))

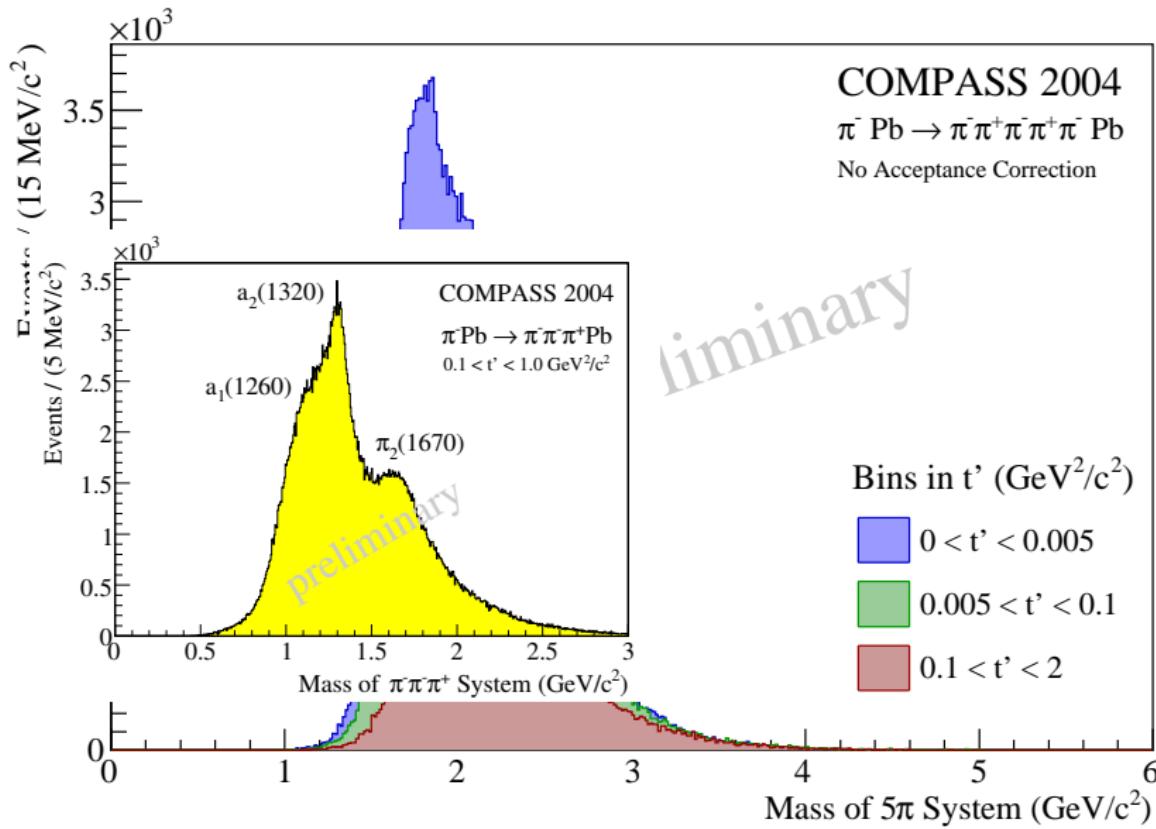
m_{π_1}	$b_1 \pi$	$f_1 \pi$	$\eta' \pi$	$\rho(1450)\pi$
1.6 GeV/c^2	24:	5:	2	
2.0 GeV/c^2	43:	10:	27:	12



Meson states with $I^G = 1^-$ listed in the PDB.
Green = established, blue = need confirmation,
red = “further states”. The histogram is stacked.

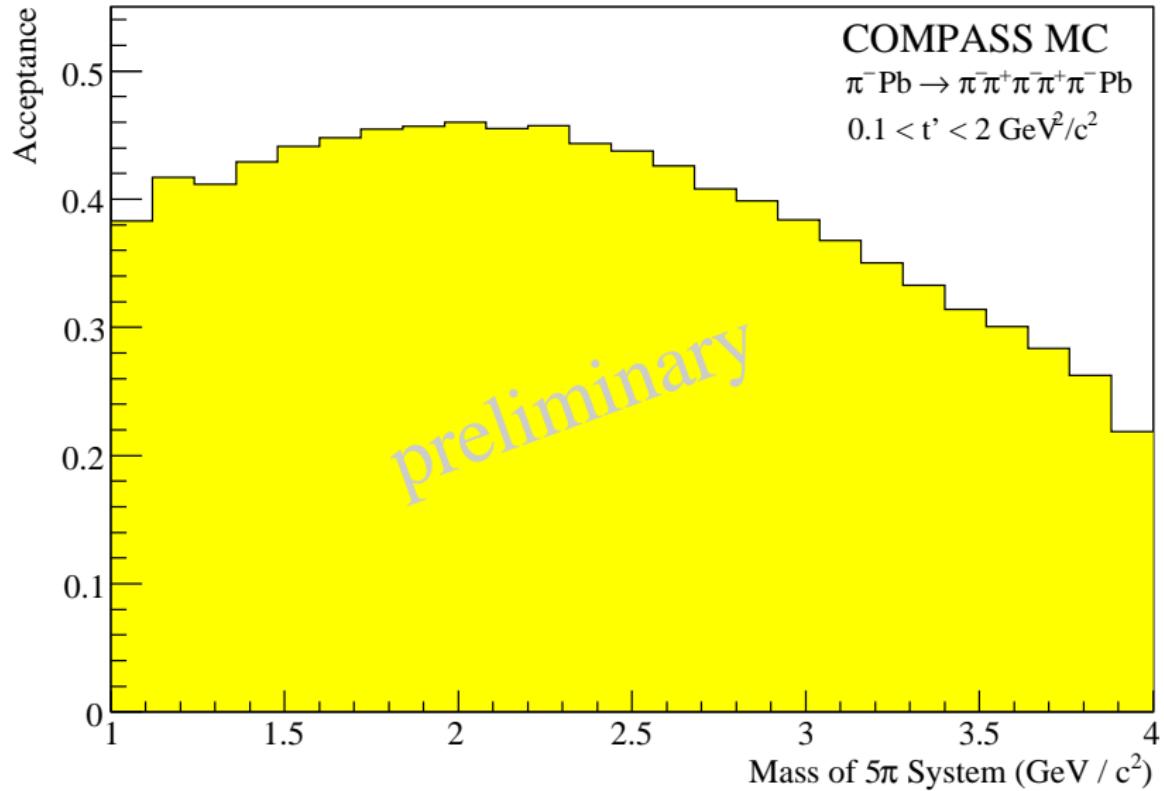






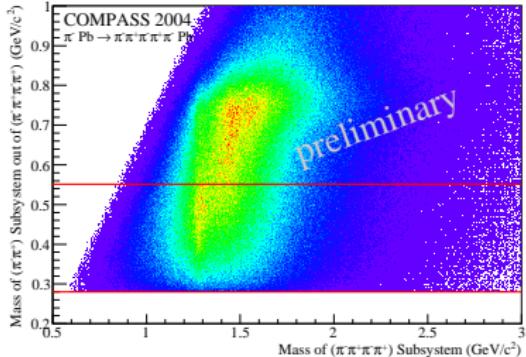
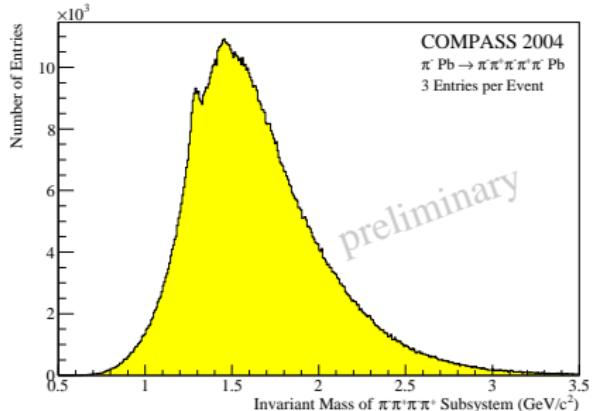
5π Acceptance from Monte Carlo Simulation

Total acceptance in mass bins

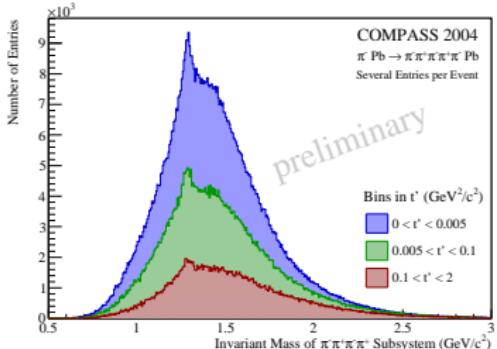


4π Subsystem – the f_1 and Friends

Isobar Candidates



Cut 4π spectrum:

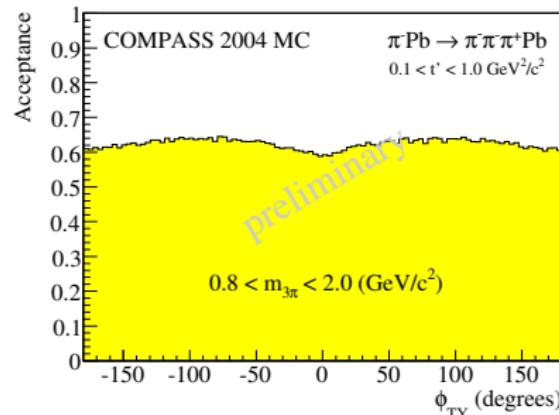
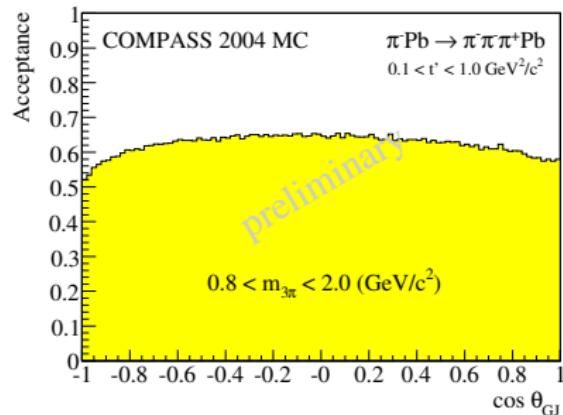
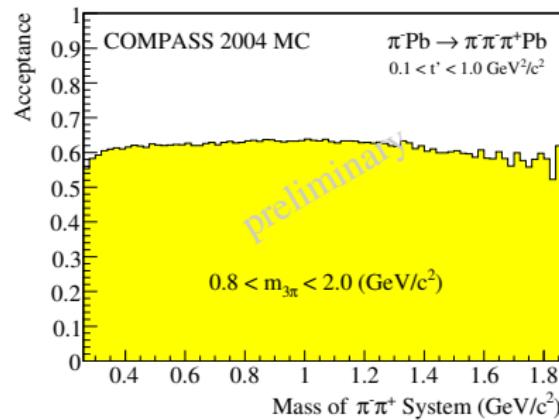
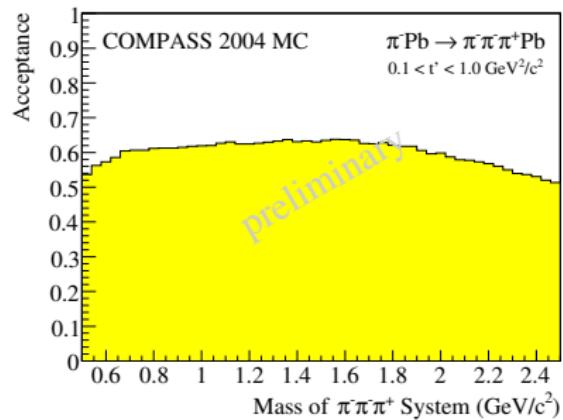


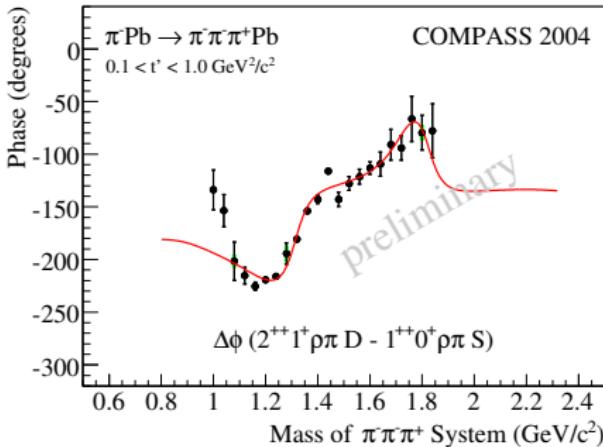
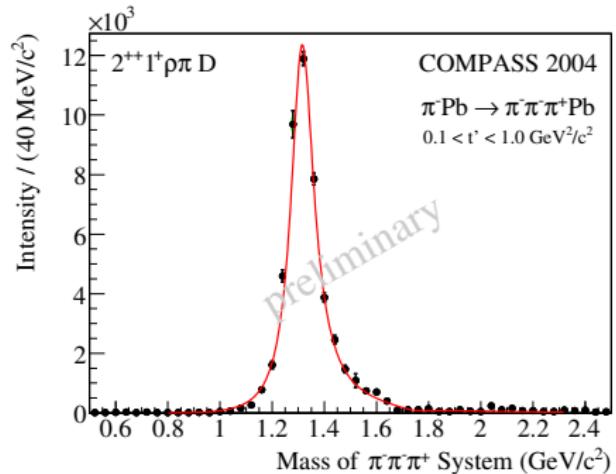
Isobar candidates:

Name	Mass (GeV/c^2)	$I^G(J^{PC})$
f_0	1370 / 1700	$0^+(0^{++})$
η'	1403	$0^+(0^{-+})$
ρ'	1450	$1^+(1^{--})$
b_1	1235 / 1800	$1^+(1^{+-})$
f_1	1285 / 1450	$0^+(1^{++})$
η'_2	1645	$0^+(2^{-+})$
f_2	1565	$0^+(2^{++})$
ρ_3	1690	$1^+(3^{--})$

- **COMPASS 2004** pilot run using a 190 GeV π^- beam
 - ▶ Diffractive dissociation on lead targets exploited for meson production
 - ▶ $3\pi \sim 4\,000\,000$ events recorded within a few days of data taking
 - ▶ $5\pi \sim 370\,000$ events
 - ▶ Excellent acceptance for diffractive charged pion events ($\sim 55\text{-}60\%$ for 3π)
- Partial wave analysis on $\sim 400\,000 \pi^-\pi^-\pi^+$ events with $0.1 < t' < 1.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^2$
 - ▶ Dominant $a_1(1260)$, $a_2(1320)$ and $\pi_2(1670)$ states resolved
 - ▶ Excellent agreement with PDG
 - ▶ Also small, well-known resonances $\pi(1800)$ and $a_4(2040)$ can be fitted
- Spin-exotic 1^{-+} state observed in $\rho\pi$ decay channel both in intensity and phase motion
 - ▶ \Rightarrow consistent with $\pi_1(1600)$ resonance
 - ▶ Publication about to be submitted

- Analysis of $5\pi^\pm$ final state in progress
- Clear f_1 signal in 4π subsystem
- New PWA software: <http://ospdev.org/projects/rootpwa>
 - ▶ Users or collaborators welcome!
- COMPASS Hadron Run 2008
 - ▶ Change-over to liquid hydrogen target
 - ▶ Spectrometer upgrade (Recoil Detector, PID, ECAL ...)
 - ▶ ~ 2 orders of magnitude more high- t' statistics has been collected
 - ▶ Analysis in progress
- COMPASS Hadron Run 2009 topics:
 - ▶ Central Production (proton and pion beam)
 - ▶ Diffractive Dissociation
 - ▶ Repeat measurements on Pb with upgraded spectrometer; more statistics
 - ▶ Primakoff





- Two Breit-Wigners needed to describe $2^{++} 1^+ \rho\pi D$ phase motion:
BW1 for $a_2(1320)$ + BW2 for $a_2(1700)$
- $M = (1.321 \pm 0.001 {}^{+0.000}_{-0.007}) \text{ GeV}$, $\Gamma = (0.110 \pm 0.002 {}^{+0.002}_{-0.015}) \text{ GeV}$
- $a_2(1700)$ parameters fixed to PDG values: $M = 1.732 \text{ GeV}$, $\Gamma = 0.194 \text{ GeV}$

Mass-Independent Cross-Section and Spin Density Matrix

$$\sigma_{\text{indep}}(\tau) = \sum_{\epsilon} \sum_r \left| \sum_i T_{ir}^{\epsilon} \psi_i^{\epsilon}(\tau) / \sqrt{\int |\psi_i^{\epsilon}(\tau')|^2 d\tau'} \right|^2 , \quad \rho_{ij}^{\epsilon} = \sum_r T_{ir}^{\epsilon} T_{jr}^{\epsilon*}$$

- ϵ : reflectivity, r: rank of density matrix, i: different partial waves
- T : complex production amplitudes (**fit parameters!**)
- ψ : complex decay amplitudes
- τ : phase space coordinates (5 parameters for 3-body decay)

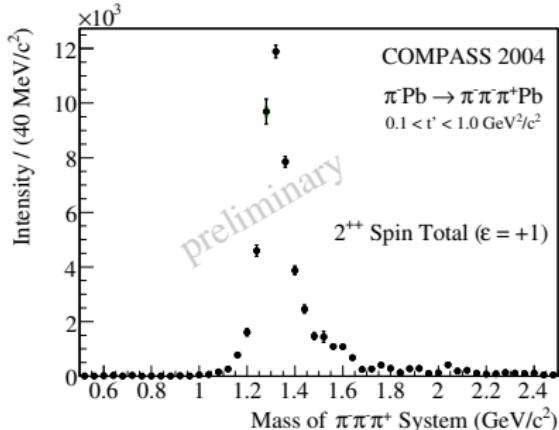
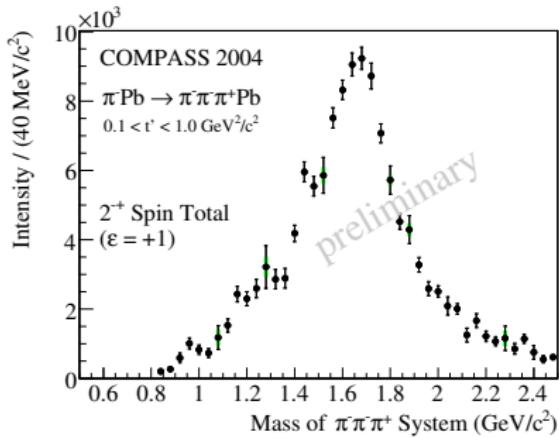
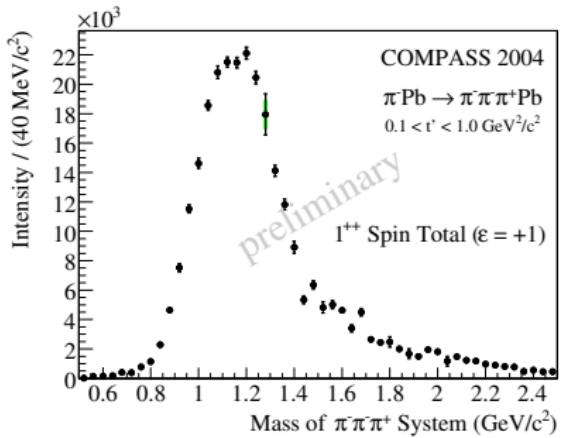
Likelihood Function

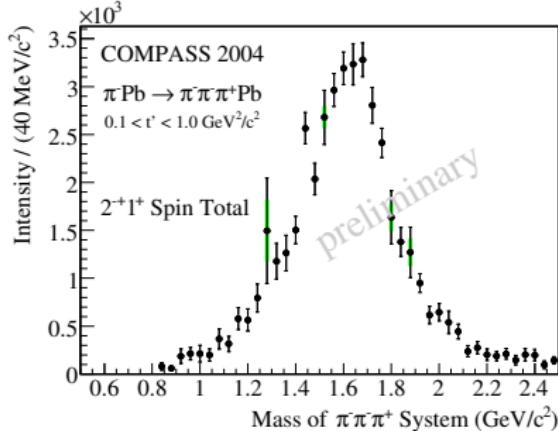
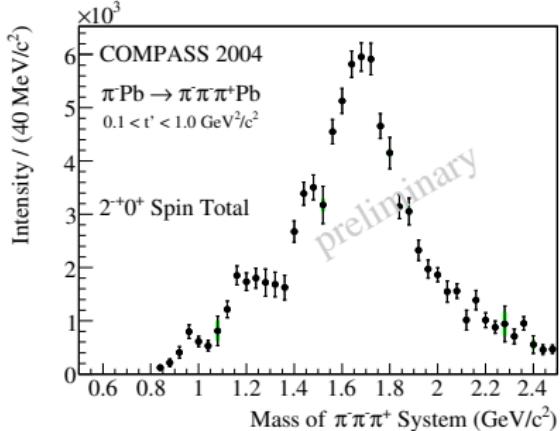
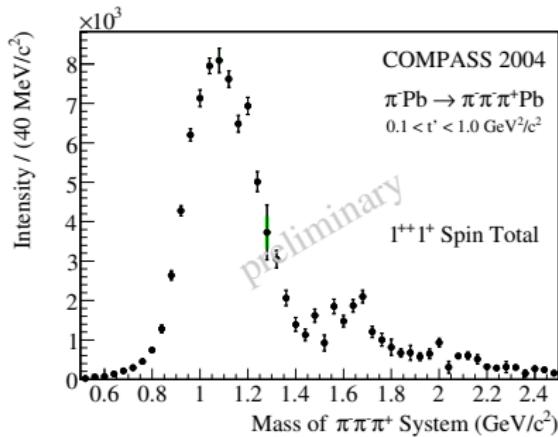
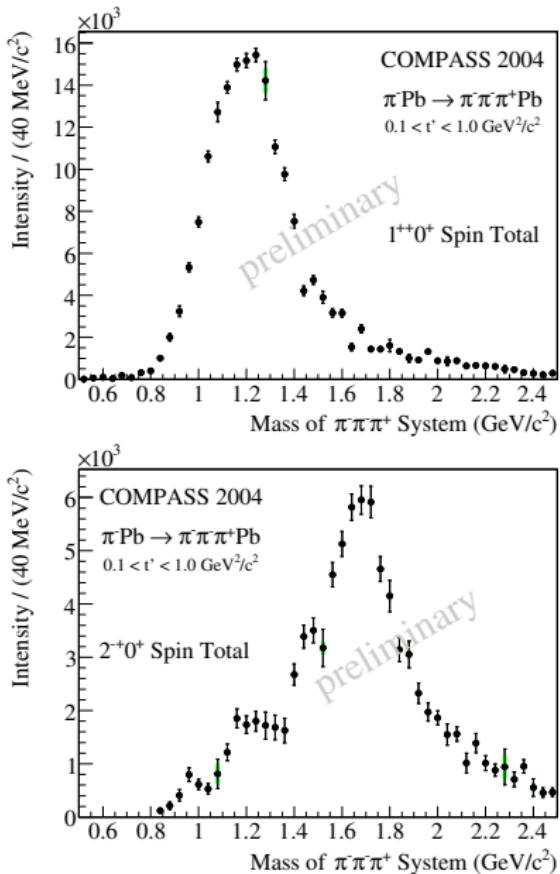
$$\ln L = \sum_n \ln \sigma_{\text{indep}}(\tau_n) - \int \sigma_{\text{indep}}(\tau') \text{Acc}(\tau') d\tau'$$

- n: analyzed events, Acc: Acceptance

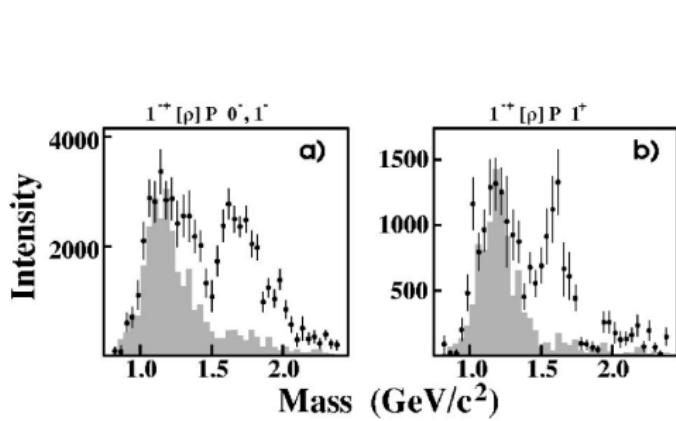
Mass-Dependent Fit

$$\rho_{ij}^{\epsilon} = \sum_r \left(\sum_k C_{ikr}^{\epsilon} \text{BW}_k(m) \sqrt{\int |\psi_i^{\epsilon}(\tau)|^2 d\tau} \right) \left(\sum_l C_{jlr}^{\epsilon} \text{BW}_l(m) \sqrt{\int |\psi_j^{\epsilon}(\tau)|^2 d\tau} \right)^*$$

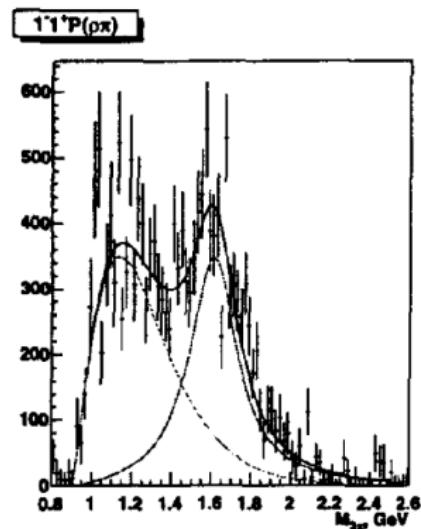




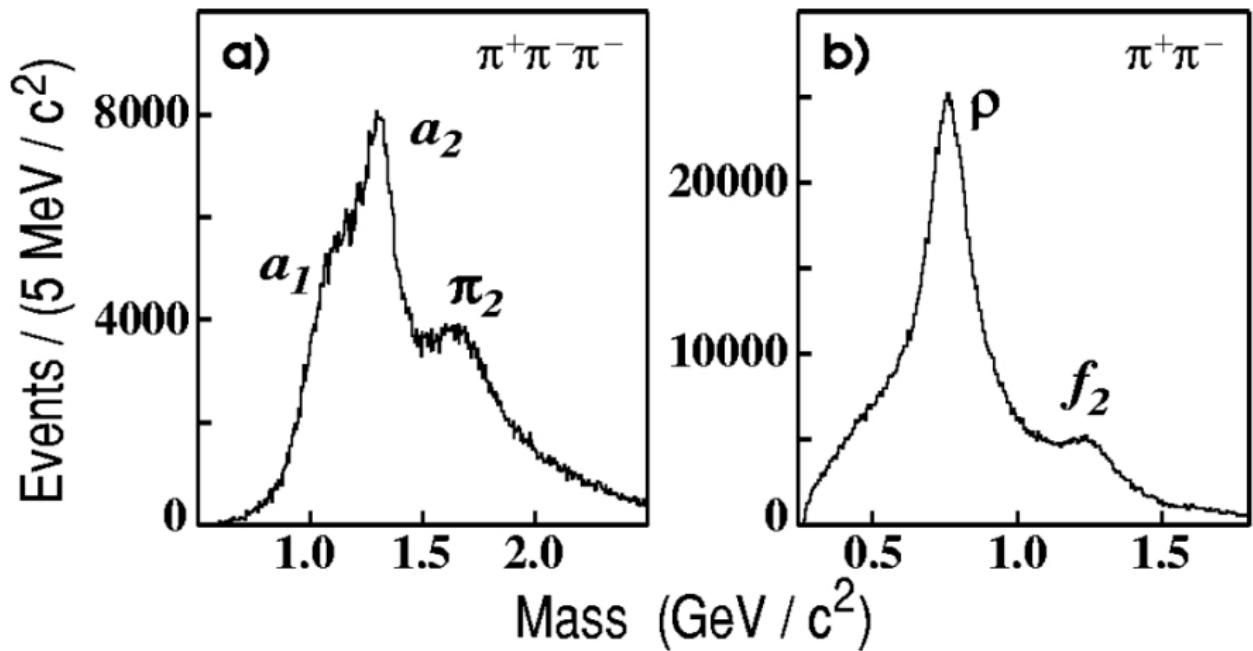
State	(GeV)	COMPASS ± stat ± syst	PDG
$a_1(1260)$	M	$1.256 \pm 0.006 + 0.007 - 0.017$	1.230 ± 0.040
	Γ	$0.366 \pm 0.009 + 0.028 - 0.025$	0.250 to 0.600
$a_2(1320)$	M	$1.321 \pm 0.001 + 0.000 - 0.007$	1.3183 ± 0.0006
	Γ	$0.110 \pm 0.002 + 0.002 - 0.015$	0.107 ± 0.005
$\pi_1(1600)$	M	$1.660 \pm 0.010 + 0.000 - 0.064$	$1.653^{+0.018}_{-0.015}$
	Γ	$0.269 \pm 0.021 + 0.042 - 0.064$	$0.225^{+0.045}_{-0.028}$
$\pi_2(1670)$	M	$1.659 \pm 0.003 + 0.024 - 0.008$	1.6724 ± 0.0032
	Γ	$0.271 \pm 0.009 + 0.022 - 0.024$	0.259 ± 0.009
$\pi(1800)$	M	$1.785 \pm 0.009 + 0.012 - 0.006$	1.812 ± 0.014
	Γ	$0.208 \pm 0.022 + 0.021 - 0.037$	0.207 ± 0.013
$a_4(2040)$	M	$1.884 \pm 0.013 + 0.050 - 0.002$	2.001 ± 0.010
	Γ	$0.295 \pm 0.024 + 0.046 - 0.019$	0.313 ± 0.031



BNL-E852, Phys. Rev. **D65**, 072001, 2002



VES, Nucl. Phys. **A663**, 596, 2000



Phys. Rev. D65, 072001, 2002

Backup Slides: 5π Acceptance from Monte Carlo Simulation

Angular Acceptance – $\pi^- R_{4\pi}^0$ Gottfried-Jackson Angle

Single pion decay angle in X^- rest frame (Gottfried-Jackson frame).

