

Exclusive processes at COMPASS – present and future

Materials for discussion

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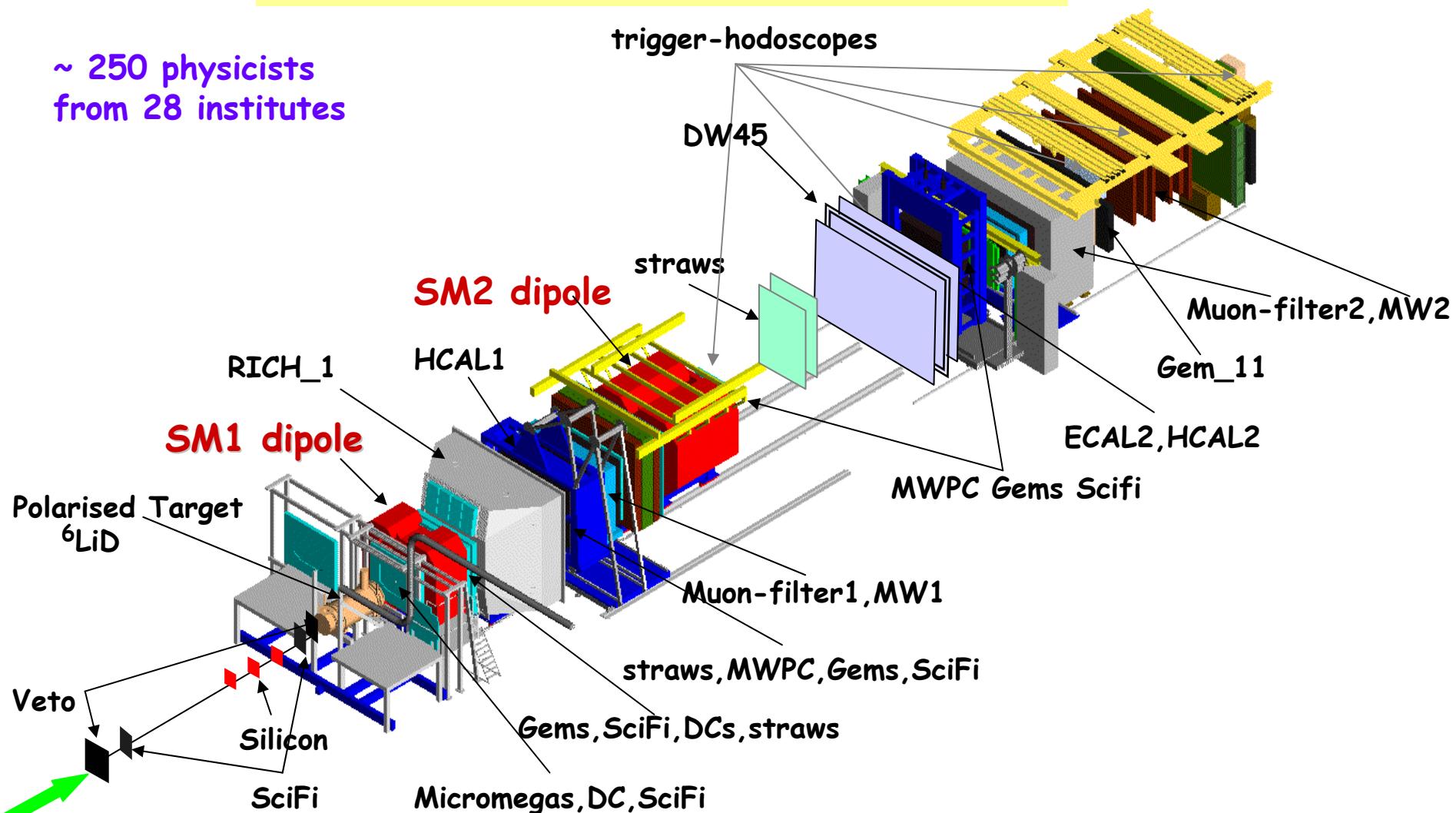
workshop on ‘Hard Exclusive Processes at JLab 12 GeV and a Future EIC’



University of Maryland College Park, October 29-30, 2006

COMPASS experiment

~ 250 physicists
from 28 institutes

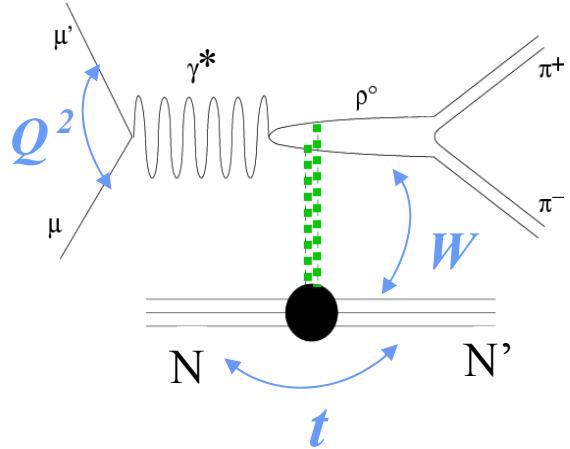


μ 160 GeV
from CERN SPS

Beam Polarization ~ -76%

Beam intensity $2 \cdot 10^8 \mu^+/\text{spill} (4.8 \text{ s} / 16.2 \text{ s})$
Luminosity $\sim 5 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

Incoherent exclusive ρ^0 production



${}^6\text{LiD}$ polarized target

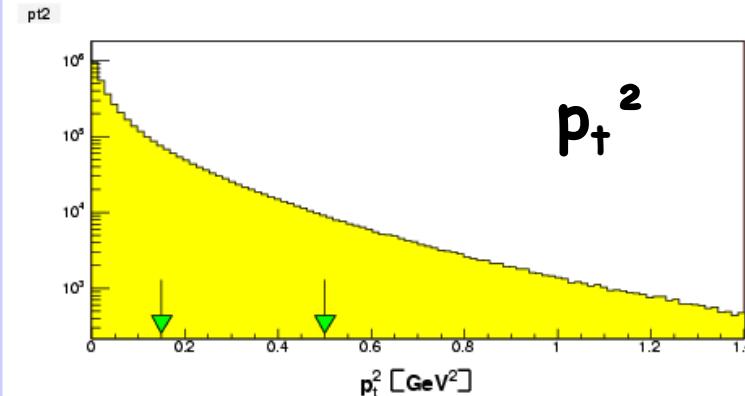
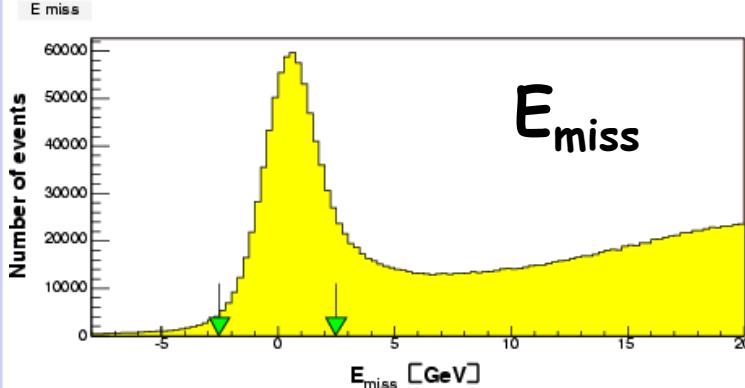
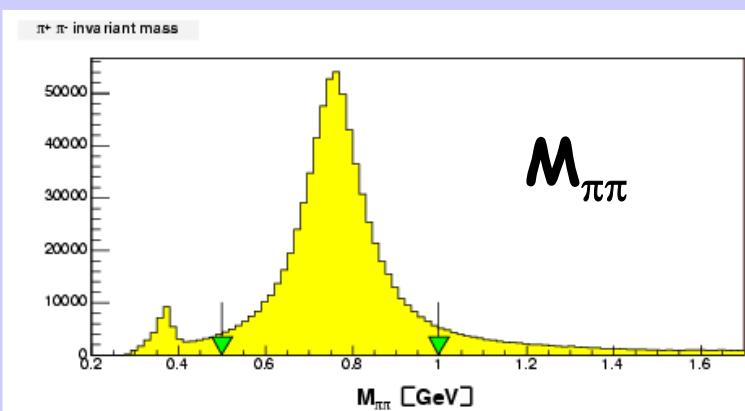
Kinematics:

$$v > 30 \text{ GeV}$$

$$E_{\mu'} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$Q^2 > 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2$$

(Q^2 cut applied only in SDME analysis)



Assuming both hadrons are π
 $0.5 < M_{\pi\pi} < 1 \text{ GeV}$

Exclusivity of the reaction

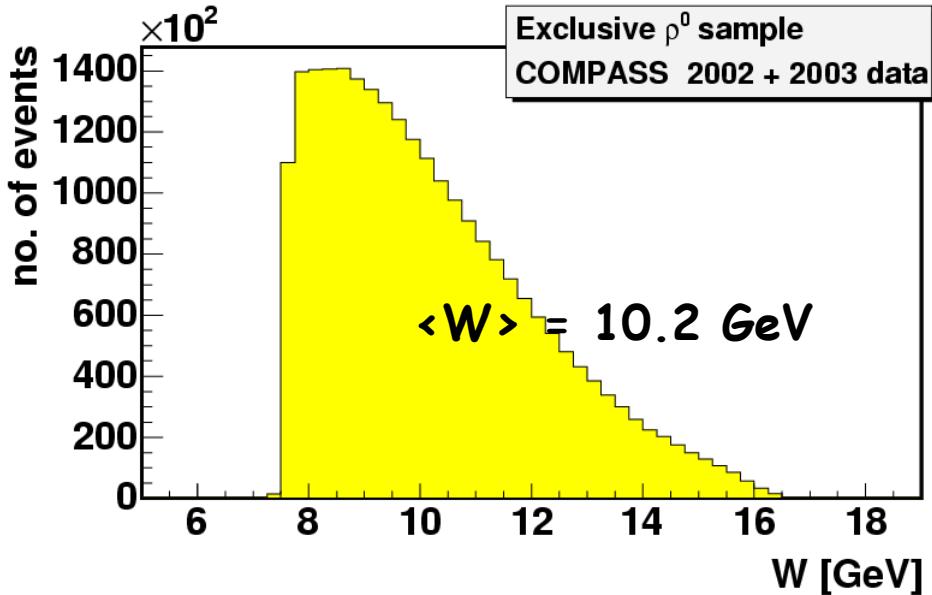
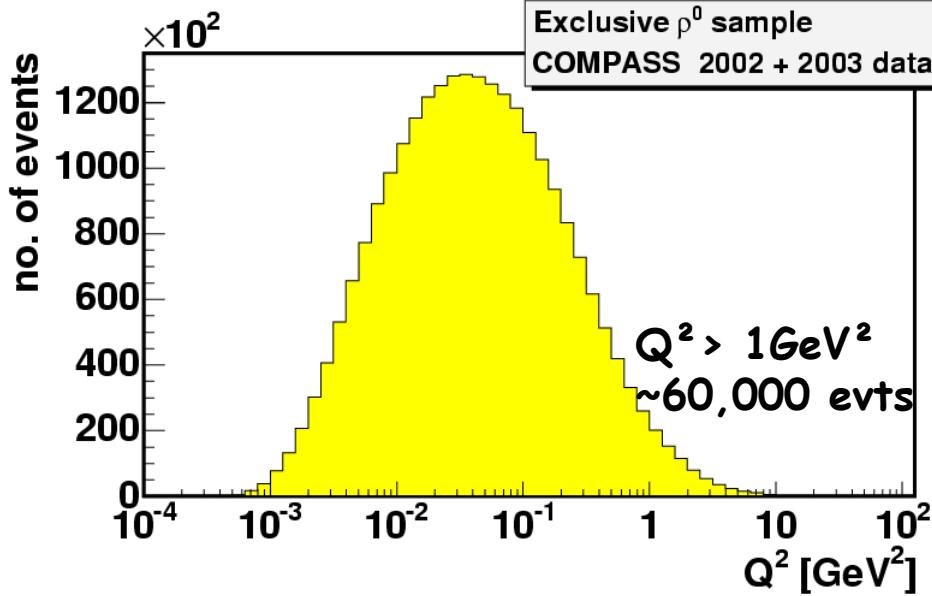
$$E_{\text{miss}} = (M_x^2 - M_N^2) / 2M_N$$

$$-2.5 < E_{\text{miss}} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}$$

Incoherent production
 $0.15 < p_t^2 < 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$
 scattering off a quasi-free nucleon

Background ~12%

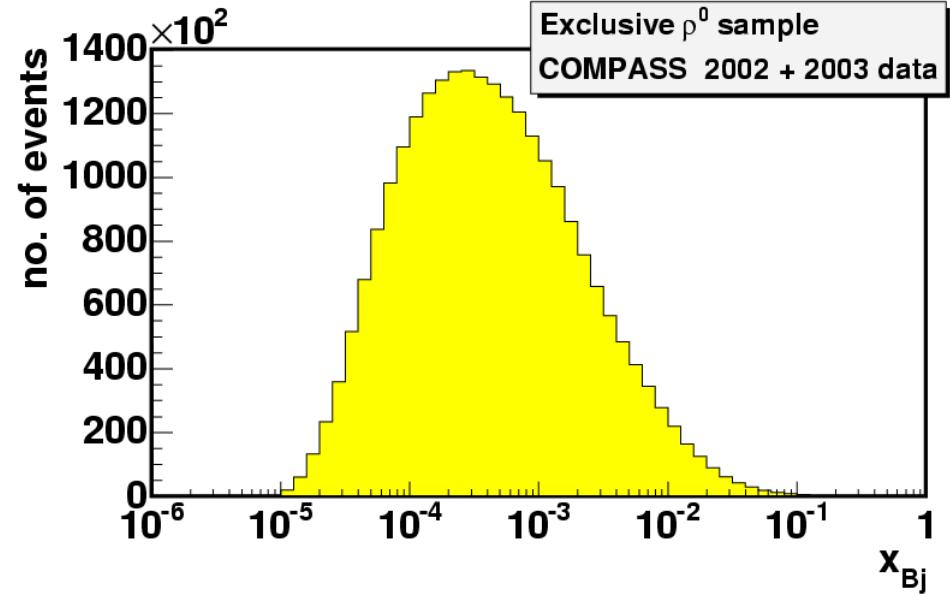
Kinematical domain of the final sample



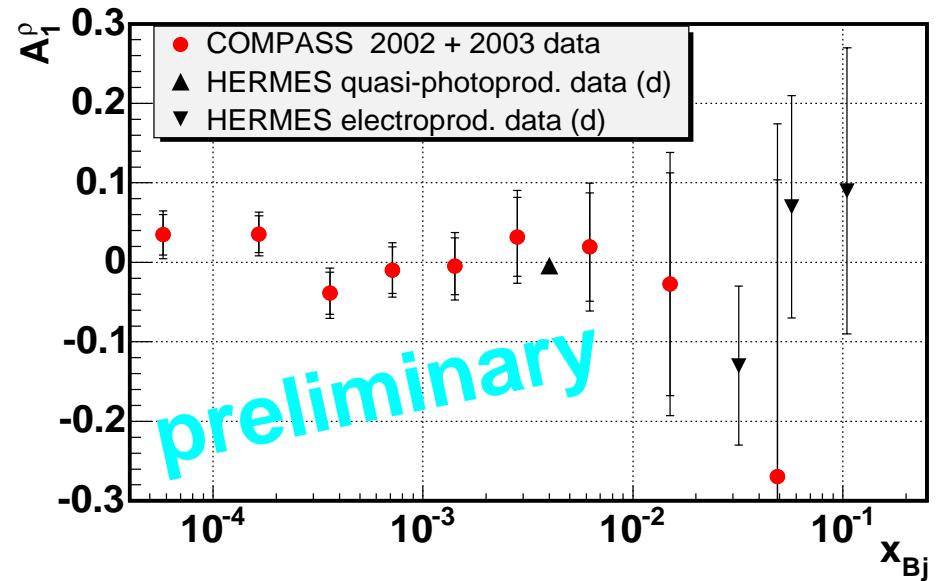
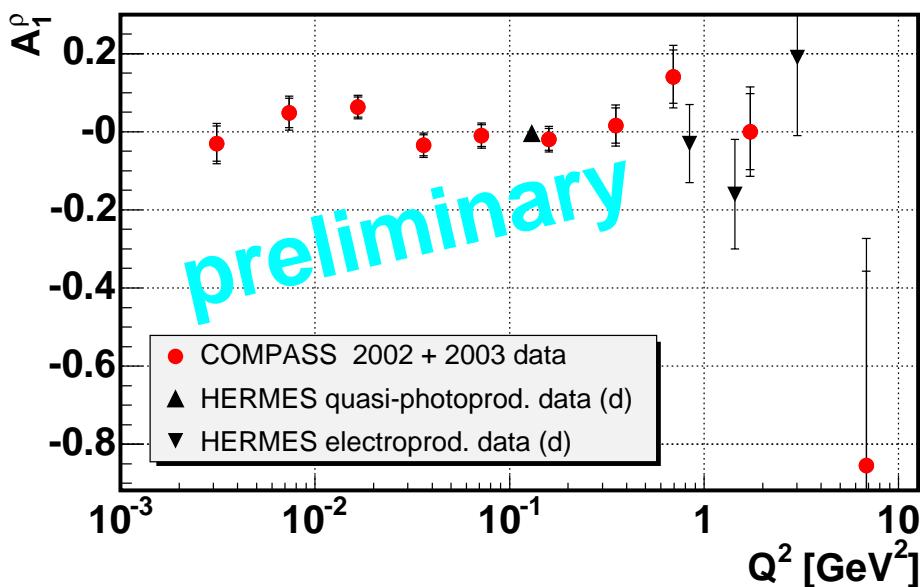
2002 : 800,000 evts
2003 : 1,600,000 evts

+ 2004 : not yet analyzed
~ will double the data sample

$$\langle p_t^2 \rangle = 0.27 \text{ GeV}^2$$



COMPASS results on A_1^ρ (d)



COMPASS results on A_1^ρ on polarized deuteron target consistent with 0

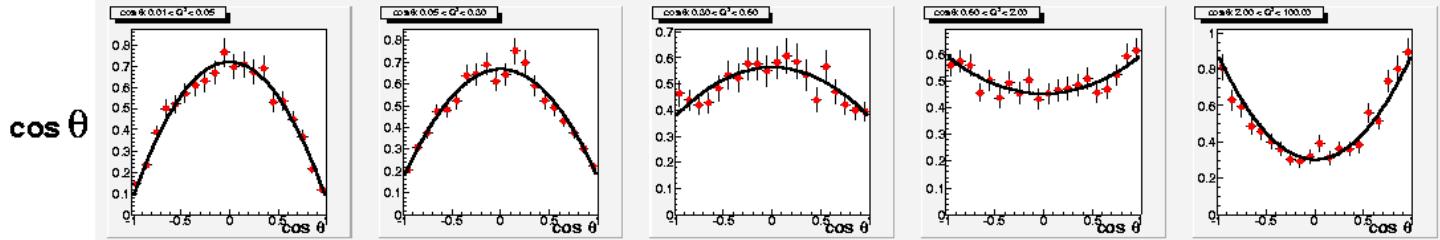
Extended kinematical range of COMPASS by almost 2 decades down both in Q^2 and x

COMPASS : inner bars –stat.
outer – total errors
HERMES: total errors

→ at small x (< 0.01) contribution of unnatural parity exchanges small
for exclusive ρ^0 production

Measurement of r_{00}^{04}

$0.01 < Q^2 < 0.05 < Q^2 < 0.3 < Q^2 < 0.6 < Q^2 < 2.0 < Q^2 < 10 \text{ GeV}^2$



Distribution :

$$W(\cos\theta) = \frac{3}{4} \left[(1 - r_{00}^{04}) + (3r_{00}^{04} - 1)\cos^2\theta \right]$$

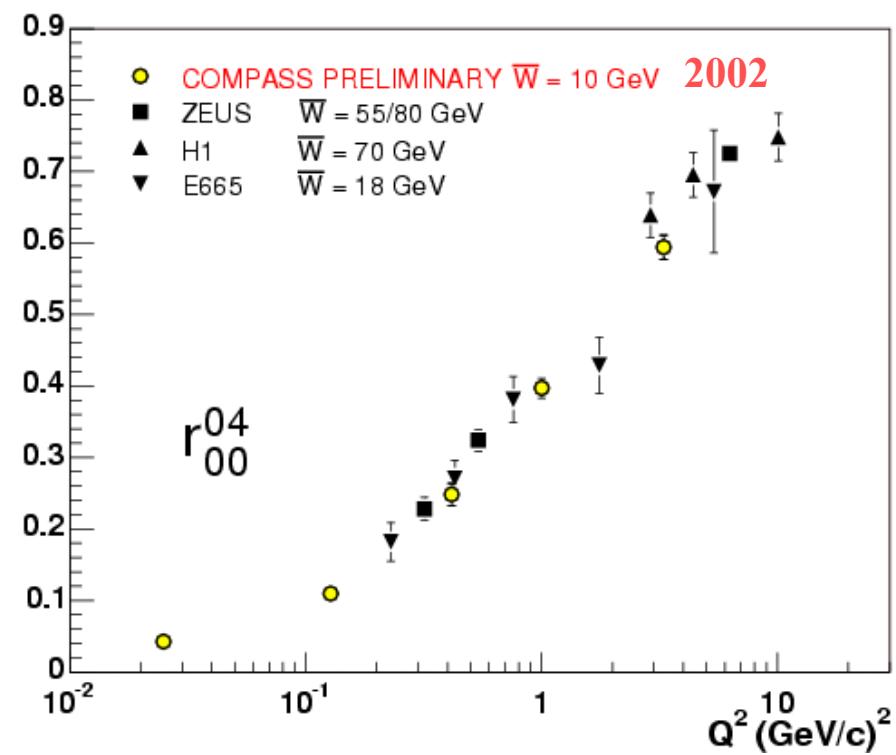
Spin density matrix element:

$$r_{00}^{04} = \frac{\left|T_{01}\right|^2 + (\varepsilon + \delta)\left|T_{00}\right|^2}{N_T(1 + (\varepsilon + \delta)R)} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{SCHC}} \frac{\sigma_L}{\sigma_T}$$

$$R = \sigma_L / \sigma_T \quad N_T = \left|T_{11}\right|^2 + \left|T_{-11}\right|^2 + \left|T_{01}\right|^2$$

$$\Gamma_L / \Gamma_T = \varepsilon + \delta$$

$T_{\lambda p \lambda \gamma}$ **helicity amplitudes**
 meson photon



Determination of $R = \sigma_L/\sigma_T$

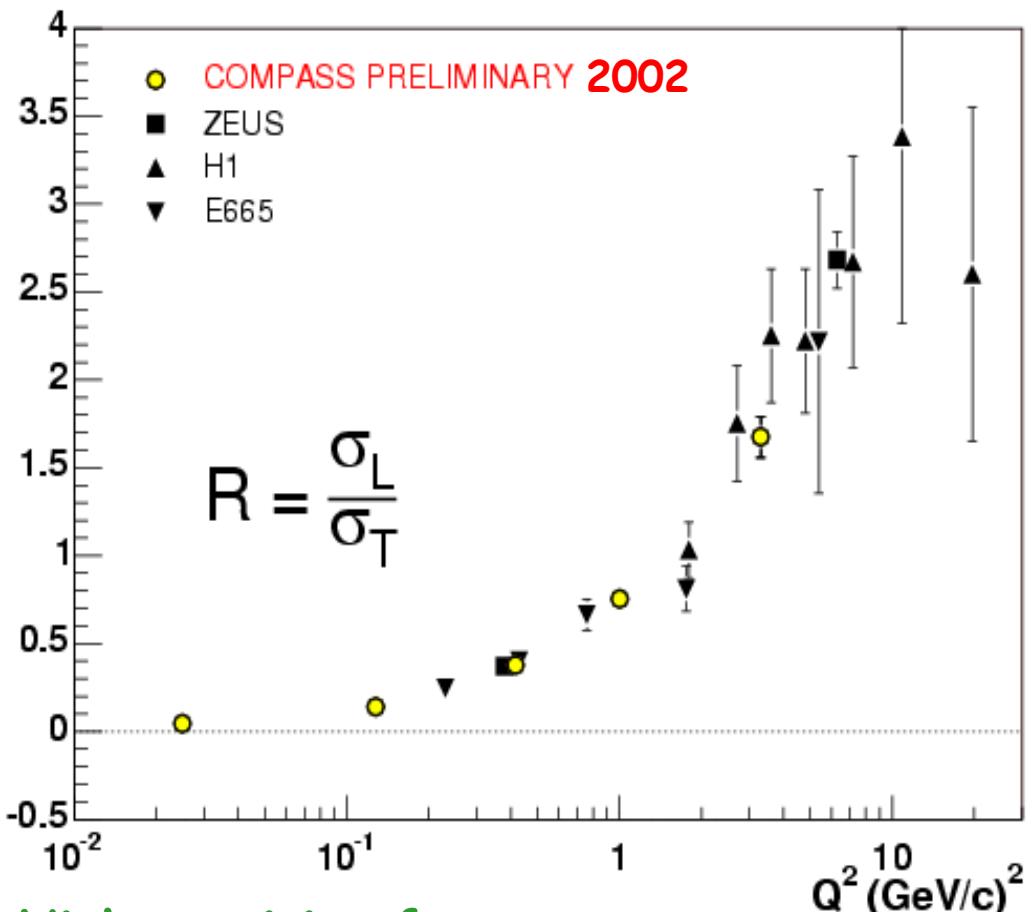
If SCHC holds :

only $T_{00} \neq 0$
 $T_{11} \neq 0$

Then :

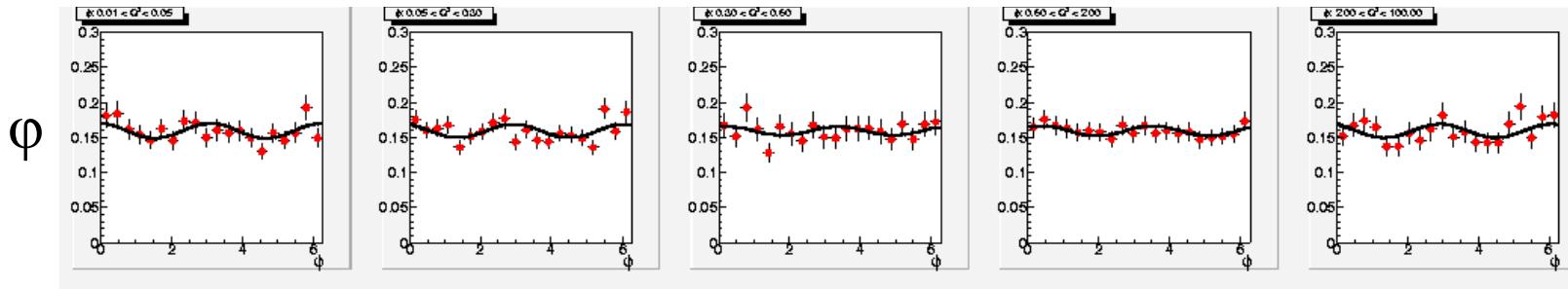
$$R = \frac{\sigma_L}{\sigma_T} = \frac{1}{(\varepsilon + \delta)} \frac{r_{00}^{04}}{1 - r_{00}^{04}}$$

Impact on GPD study:
determination of σ_L
 σ_L is dominant at $Q^2 > 2 \text{ GeV}^2$



- High statistics from quasi-photoproduction to hard production
- Better coverage at high Q^2 with 2003 and 2004 data

Measurement of r_{1-1}^{04} and $\text{Im } r_{1-1}^3$



Distribution :

$$W(\phi) = \frac{1}{2\pi} [1 - 2r_{1-1}^{04} \cos 2\phi + 2\text{Im}r_{1-1}^3 P_\mu \sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} \sin 2\phi]$$

↑
beam polarisation

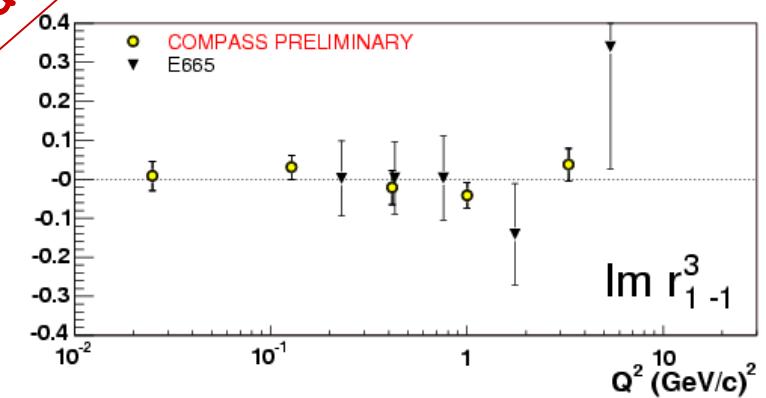
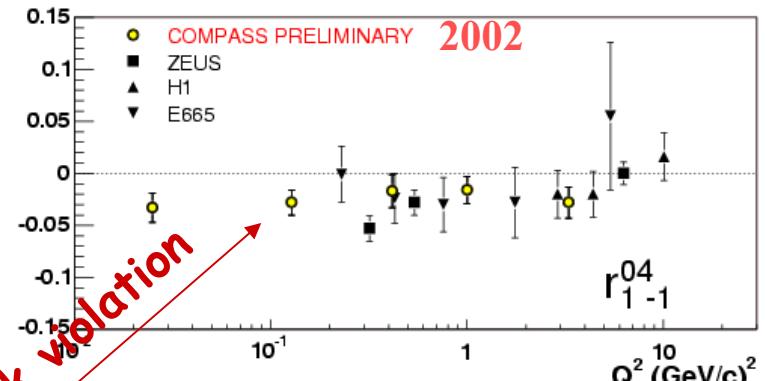
Spin density matrix elements:

$$r_{1-1}^{04} = \frac{\text{Re}(T_{11}T_{-11}^*) - (\varepsilon + \delta)|T_{10}|^2}{N_T(1 + (\varepsilon + \delta)R)} = 0$$

↑
If SCHC holds

$$\text{Im}r_{1-1}^3 = \dots = 0$$

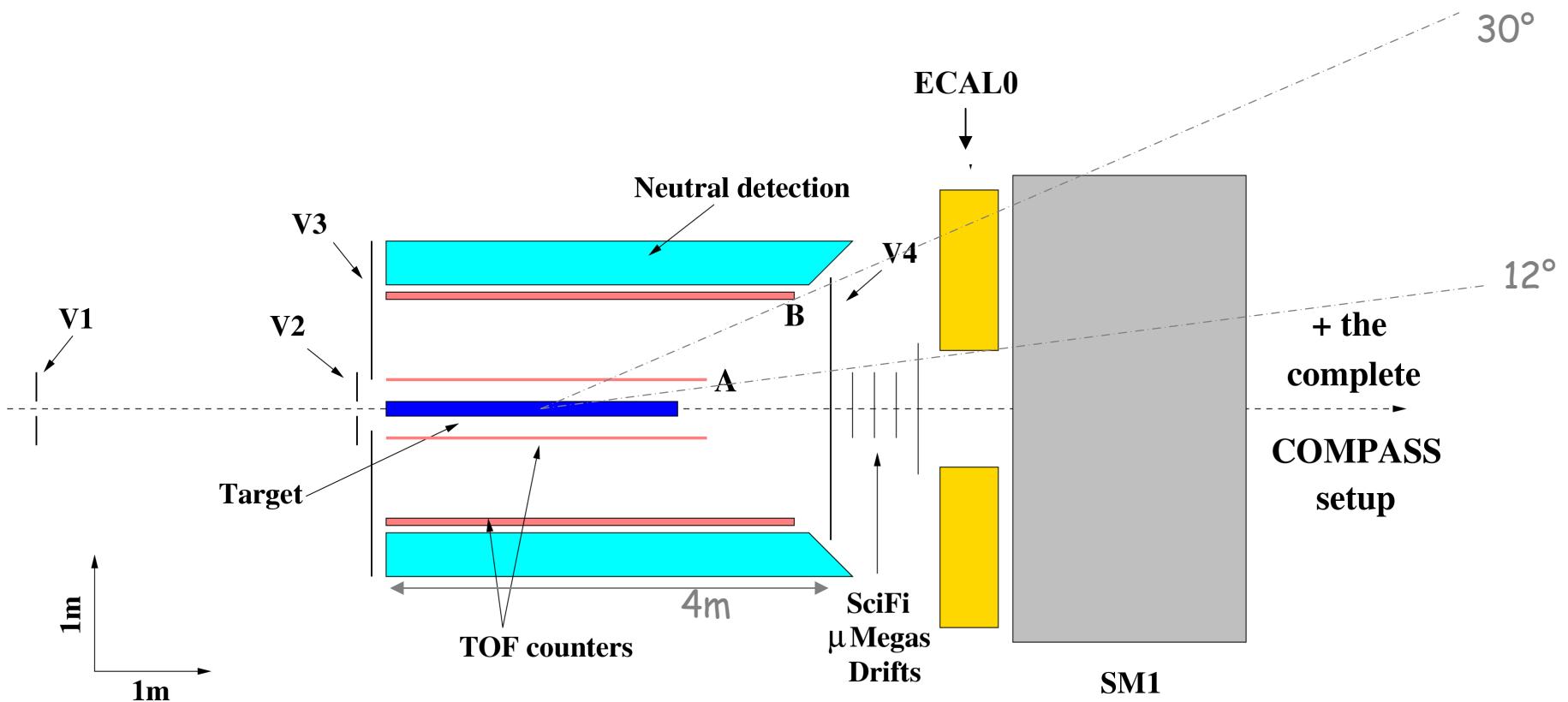
← If SCHC holds



Summary and outlook for vector mesons

- Asymmetry A_1^ρ (d) consistent with zero over wide range of Q^2 and x
small contribution of unnatural parity exchanges at $x < 0.01$
first measurement at small Q^2 and small x
- High-statistics data on SDM elements and R for incoherent exclusive ρ^0 production
in a wide Q^2 range (including small Q^2 not covered previously)
weak violation of SCHC observed
- Significant improvement of accuracy expected after including 2004 (and 2003 data)
extraction of 23 SDMEs under way
- Studies of coherent exclusive ρ^0 production foreseen
- Single spin asymmetry for transversely polarized target → E/H GPDs
- Analysis of exclusive φ and J/ψ production in progress

possible solution to complete the COMPASS setup

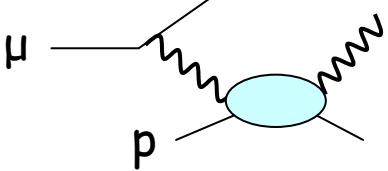


2004-2007:

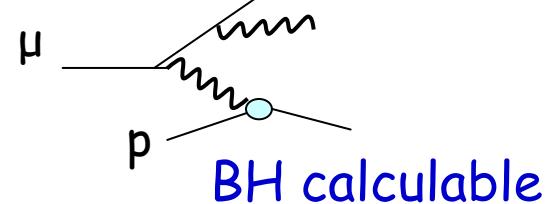
Received funding by EU FP6 (Bonn-Mainz-Warsaw-Saclay)

Goal: full test of feasibility of a 45° sector recoil detector

- scintillating material studies (200ps ToF Resolution over 4m)
- fast triggering and multi-hit ADC/TDC system



DVCS+ Bethe Heitler

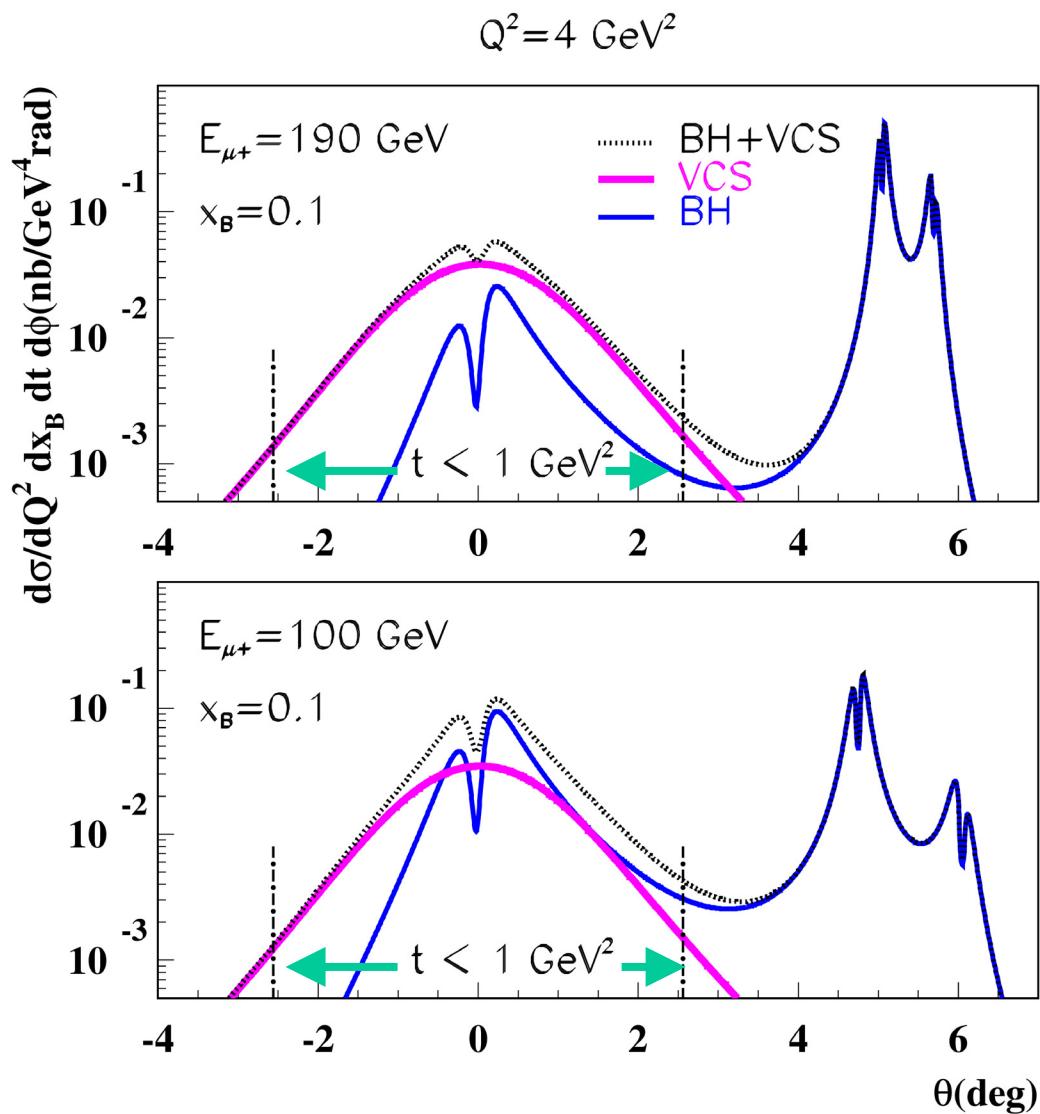
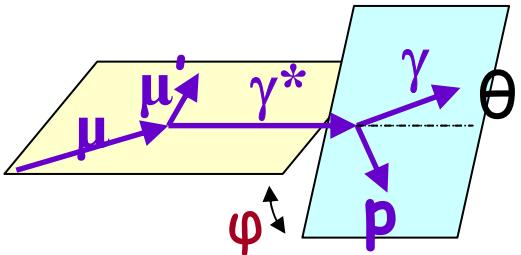


The high energy muon beam at COMPASS allows to play with the relative contributions DVCS-BH which depend on

$$1/\gamma = 2 m_p E_\ell x_{Bj} / Q^2$$

Higher energy: DVCS>>BH
 ⇒ DVCS Cross section

Smaller energy: DVCS~BH
 ⇒ Interference term will provide the DVCS amplitude



Advantage of $\bar{\mu}^+$ and $\bar{\mu}^-$

for Deeply virtual Compton scattering (+Bethe-Heitler)

$$A_{(\mu p \rightarrow \mu p \gamma)}^{DVCS} = \int_{-1}^{+1} dx \frac{H(x, \xi, t)}{x - \xi + i\epsilon} = \mathcal{P} \int_{-1}^{+1} dx \frac{H(x, \xi, t)}{x - \xi} - i\pi H(x = \xi, \xi, t)$$

$t, \xi \sim x_{Bj/2}$ fixed

$$d\sigma_{(\mu p \rightarrow \mu p \gamma)} = d\sigma^{BH} + d\sigma^{DVCS}_{unpol}$$

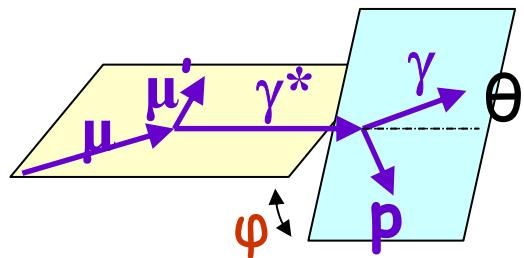
$$+ e_{\parallel} a^{BH} \text{Re } A^{DVCS}$$

$$\times \cos n\varphi$$

$$+ P_{\mu} d\sigma^{DVCS}_{pol}$$

$$+ e_{\parallel} P_{\mu} a^{BH} \text{Im } A^{DVCS}$$

$$\times \sin n\varphi$$



$$P_{\mu^+} = -0.8 \quad P_{\mu^-} = +0.8$$

$$\sigma^{\bar{\mu}^+} + \sigma^{\bar{\mu}^-} \sim H(x = \xi, \xi, t)$$

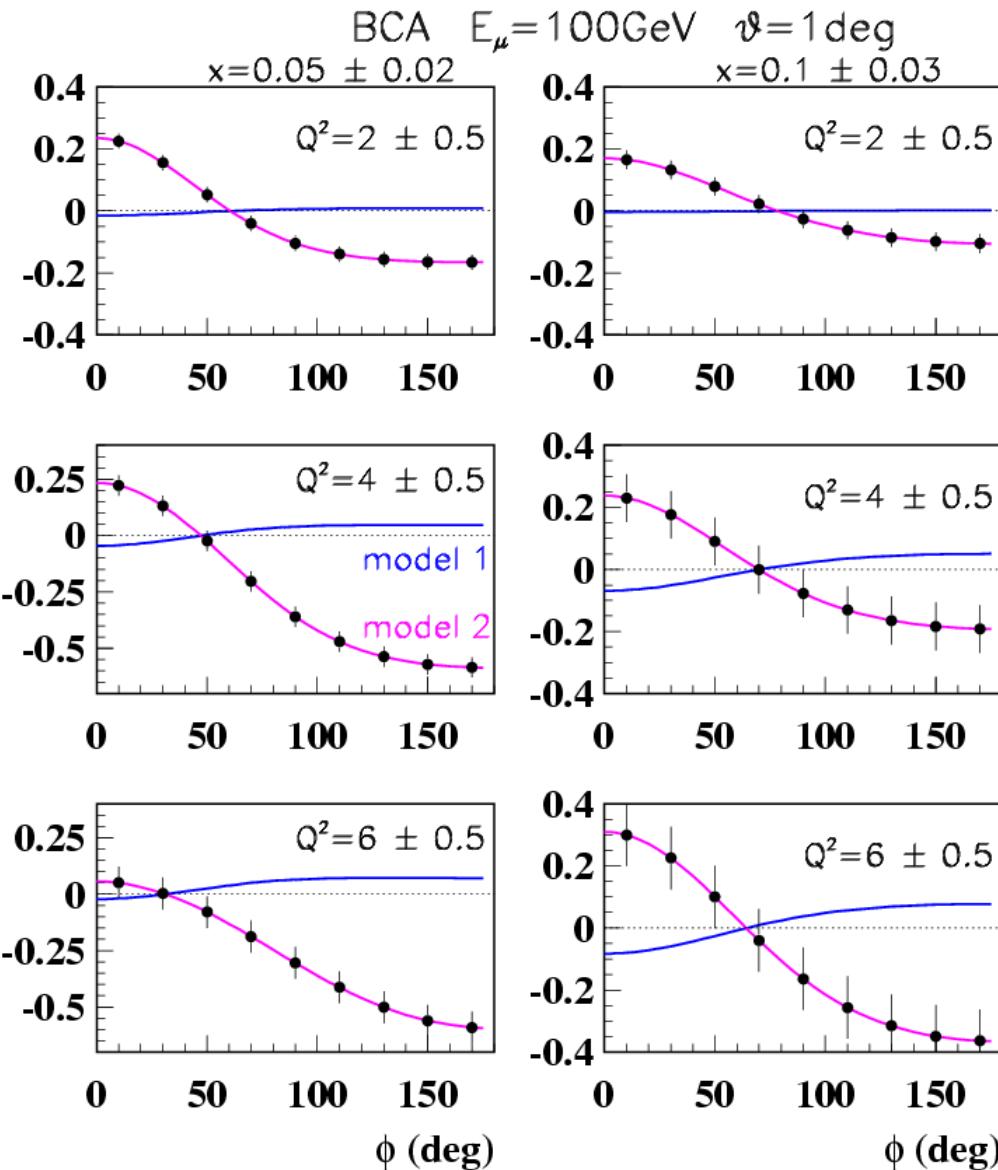
$$\sigma^{\bar{\mu}^+} - \sigma^{\bar{\mu}^-} \sim \mathcal{P} \int_{-1}^{+1} dx \frac{H(x, \xi, t)}{x - \xi}$$

Diehl

COMPASS

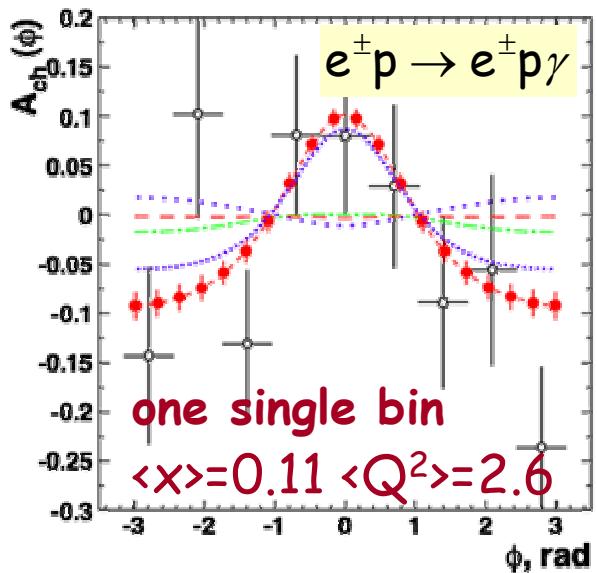
6 angular distributions

among 18: 3 bins in $x_{Bj}=0.05, 0.1, 0.2$
6 bins in Q^2 from 2 to 7 GeV^2



BCA in DVCS
projections
for 1 year

HERMES



if $N\mu \times 5 \Rightarrow Q^2 < 17 \text{ GeV}^2$
for DVCS

Benefit of a higher
muon intensity
for GPDs study

if $N\mu \times 2 \Rightarrow Q^2 < 11 \text{ GeV}^2$
for DVCS

Limitation by luminosity

now $N\mu = 2.10^8 \mu$ per SPS spill
for DVCS
 $\Rightarrow Q^2 < 7.5 \text{ GeV}^2$

At fixed x_{Bj} , study in Q^2

