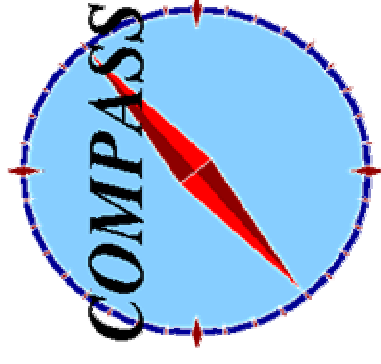


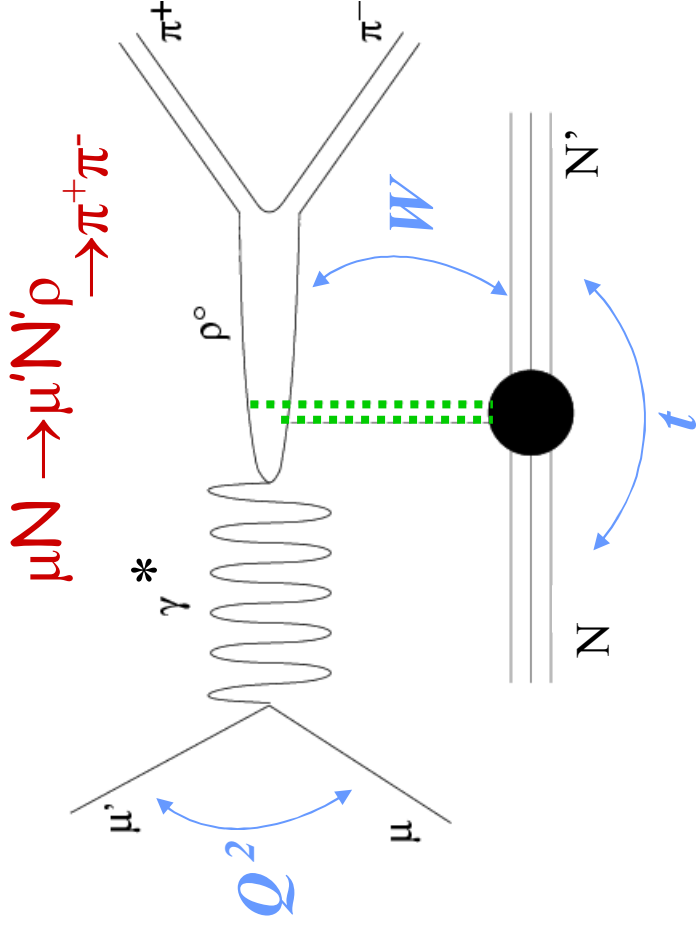
Diffraction ρ^0 production at COMPASS

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On behalf of the COMPASS collaboration



Physics motivations
COMPASS experiment
Ongoing analysis
Preliminary results
Prospects for the future

Description of the diffractive ρ^0 production



COMPASS: $10^{-2} < Q^2 < 10 \text{ GeV}^2$,
 $\langle W \rangle = 10 \text{ GeV}$, t small

Regge theory,
 pQCD calculations (for σ_L), ...

At low energy $W < 5 \text{ GeV}$:
 exchange of 2 quarks
 or of Reggeon

ρ, ω ($J^P=1^-$),
 a_2, f_2 ($J^P=2^+$),
 a_3, f_3 ($J^P=3^-$), ...

At higher energy :
 exchange of 2 gluons
 or of Pomeron

Experimental observations (NMC, E665, ZEUS, H1, HERMES):

the helicity of γ^* is approximatively retained by the ρ^0 meson \equiv **SCHC**
 the exchange object has natural parity **$P=(-1)^J \equiv$ NPE**

Spin properties of the production amplitudes

Angular Distribution of the production and decay of $\rho \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

⇒ Spin density matrix elements \equiv bilinear combinations

of the helicity amplitudes $A(\gamma^*(\lambda_\gamma) \rightarrow \rho(\lambda_\rho)) \equiv T_{\lambda_\rho \lambda_\gamma}$
 $\lambda_\gamma = \pm 1, 0 \quad \lambda_\rho = \pm 1, 0$

if NPE $T_{-\lambda_\rho -\lambda_\gamma} = (-1)^{\lambda_\rho - \lambda_\gamma} T_{\lambda_\rho \lambda_\gamma}$

9 helicity amplitudes reduce to five 5 independent amplitudes :

$A(L \rightarrow L), A(T \rightarrow T) \gg A(T \rightarrow L) > A(L \rightarrow T) > A(T \rightarrow -T)$

i.e. $T_{00}, T_{11} \gg T_{01} > T_{10} > T_{-11}$

SCHC

\gg

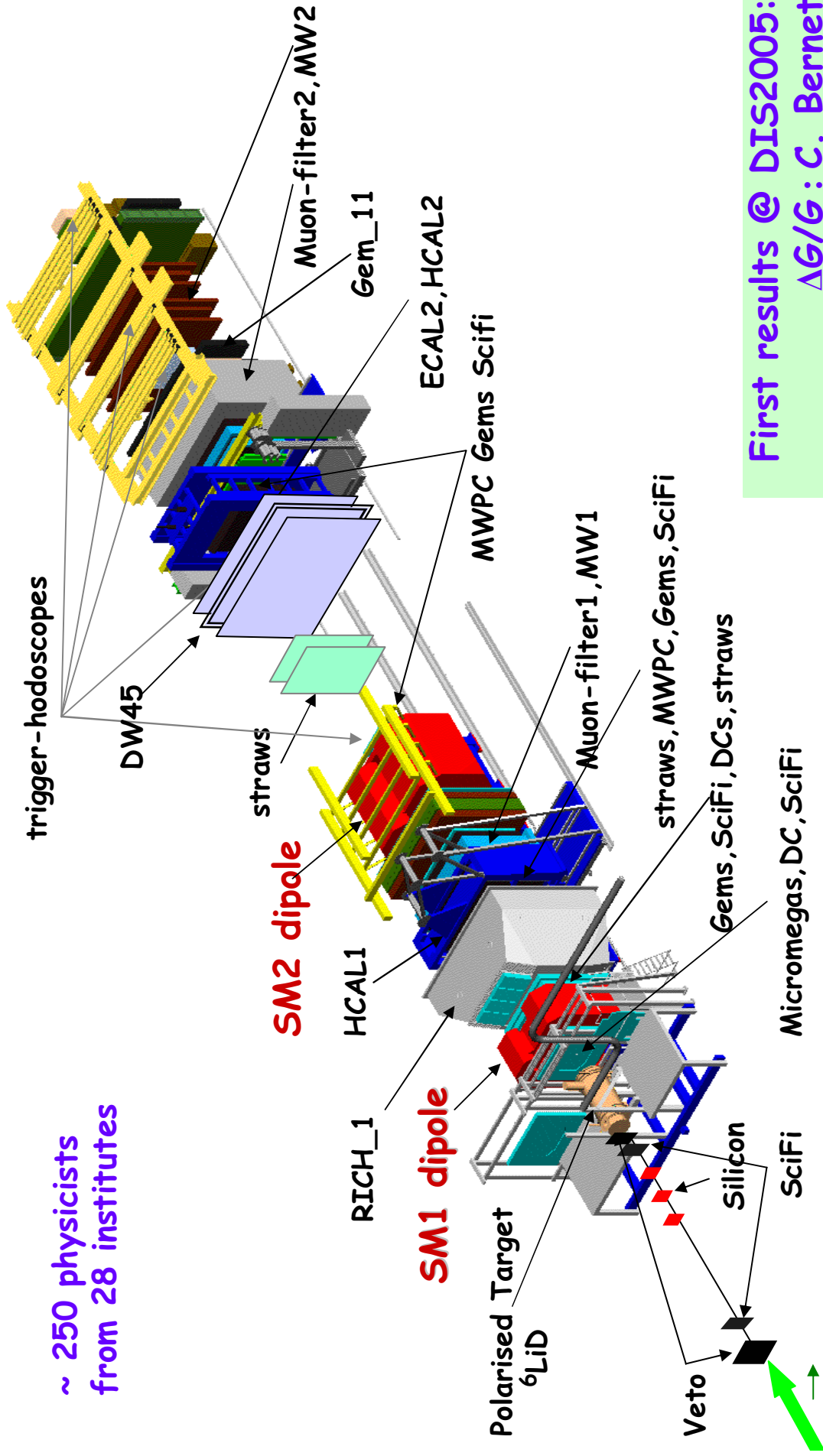
single helicity flip

$>$ double helicity flip

SCHNC

COMPASS experiment

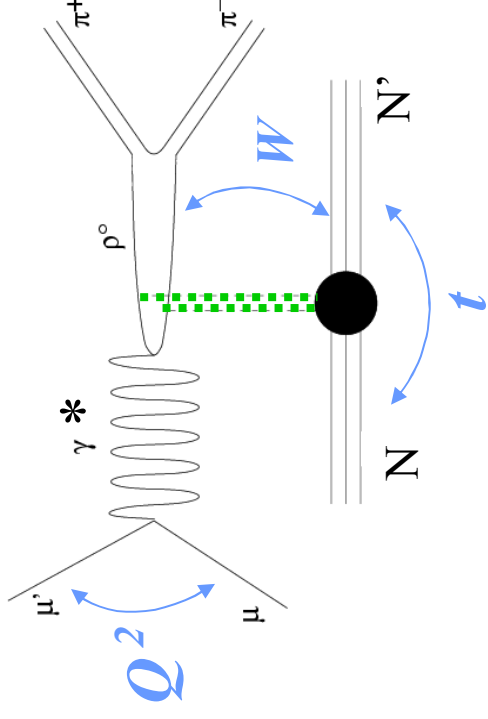
~ 250 physicists
from 28 institutes



First results @ DIS2005:
 $\Delta G/G$: C. Bernet
 Longitudinal spin depdt g_1^d : J. Hannappel
 Transversity : 1) Collins and Sivers asym: P. Pagano
 2) 2 hadrons correlation: R. Joosten

Selection of the sample

- **Topology :**
 - 1 incoming μ and 1 scattered μ
 - only 2 hadrons of opposite charge
 - vertex in the 'LiD polarized target

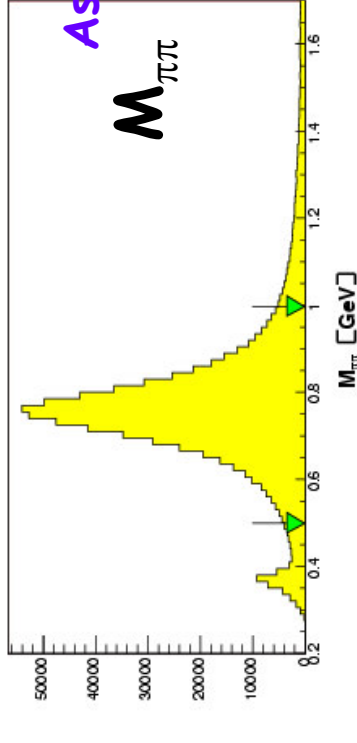


- **Kinematical conditions:**
 - $\nu > 30 \text{ GeV}$
 - $E_{\mu^*} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
 - $Q^2 > 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2$

Focus on Incoherent Exclusive ρ^0 production...

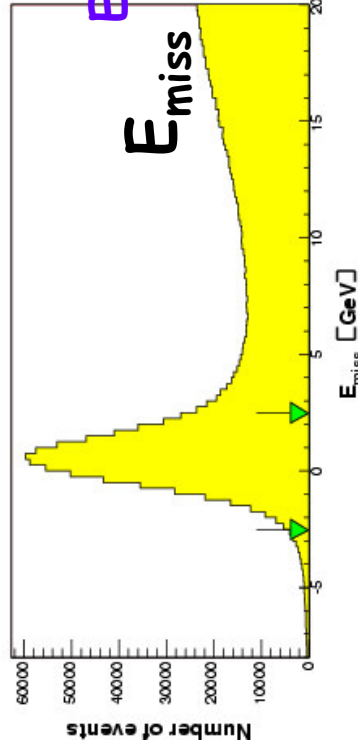
Incoherent exclusive ρ^0 production

$\pi^+ \pi^-$ invariant mass



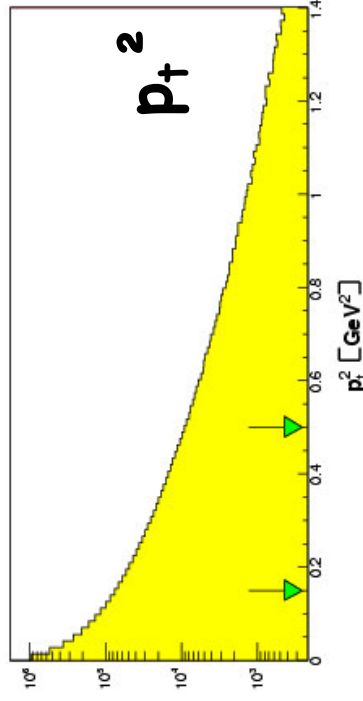
Assuming both hadron are π
 $0.5 < M_{\pi\pi} < 1 \text{ GeV}$

E_{miss}

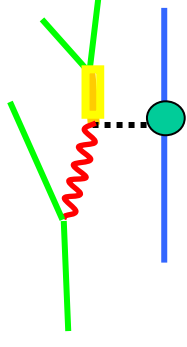


Exclusivity of the reaction
 $E_{\text{miss}} = (M_X^2 - M_N^2) / 2M_N$
 $-2.5 < E_{\text{miss}} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}$

p_t^2



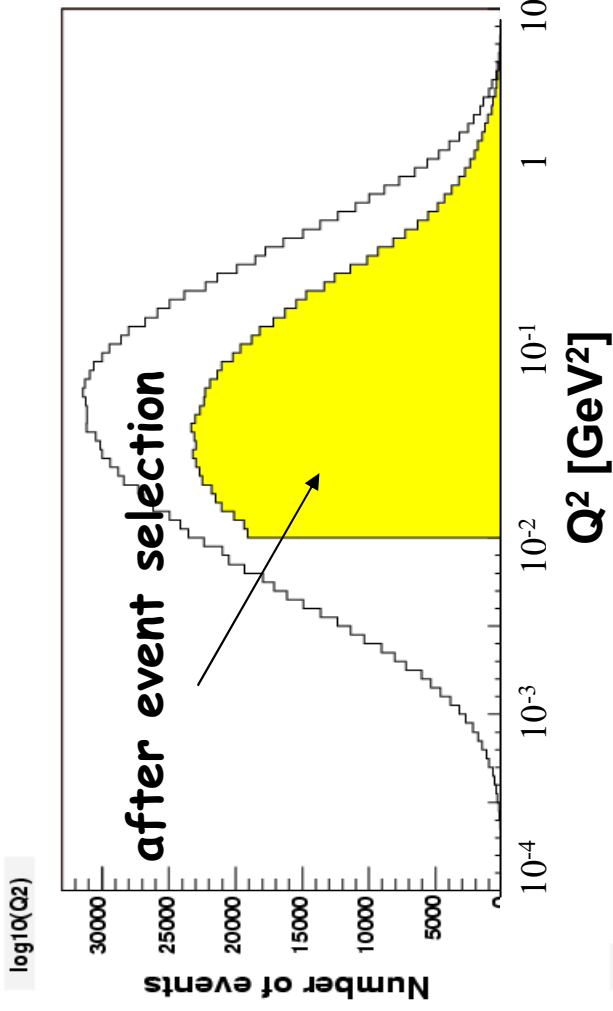
Incoherent production
 $0.15 < p_t^2 < 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$
 scattering off a
 quasi-free nucleon



Background proc.
 rejected :



Kinematical domain of the final sample

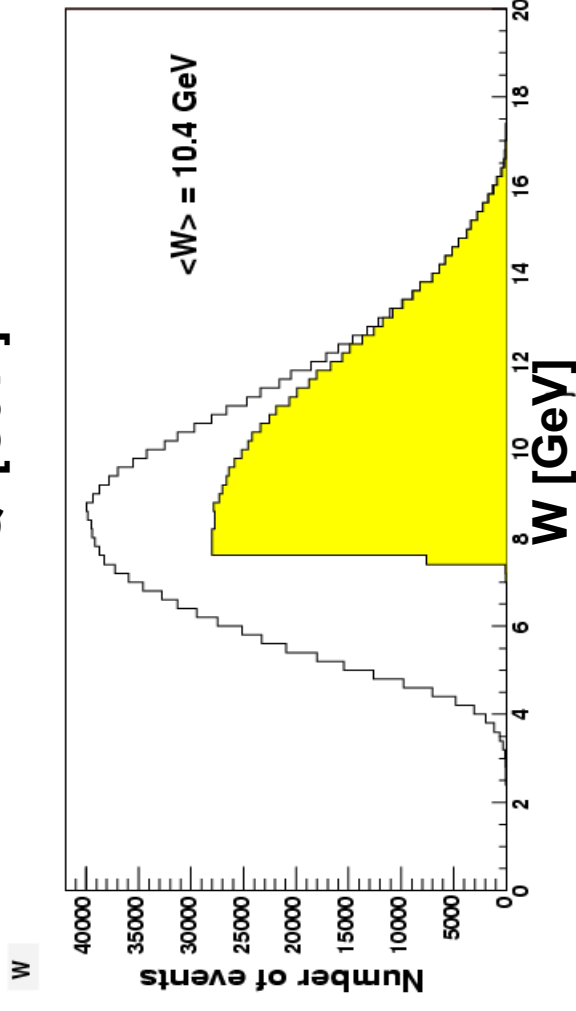


2002 : this analysis

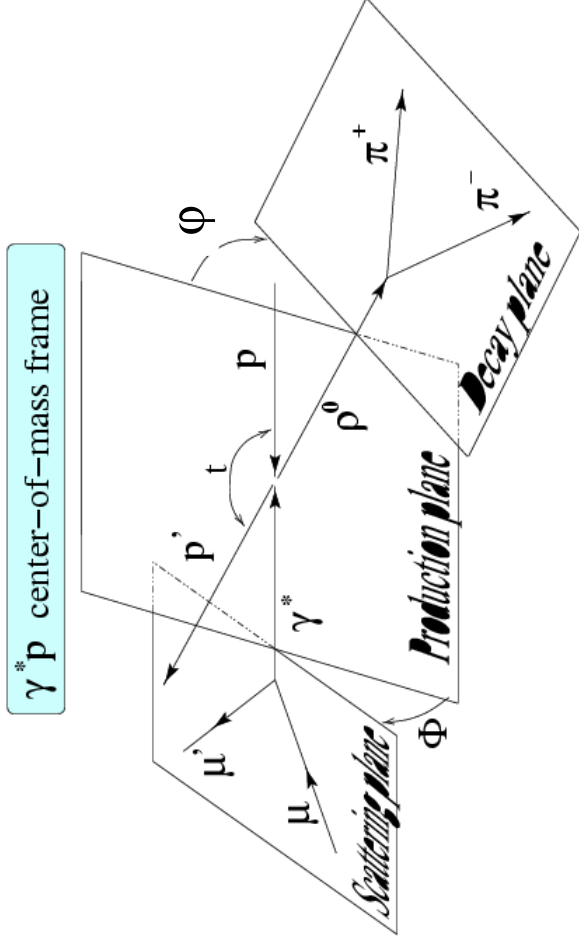
- ~ 700,000 evts (whole range)
- ~ 20,000 evts ($Q^2 > 1\text{GeV}^2$)

2003 and 2004:

- trigger coverage improved
- enlarged acceptance at high Q^2
(up to 20 GeV)
- ~ 4 times more statistics



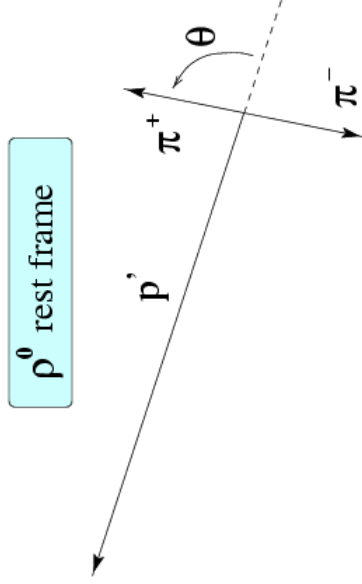
ρ° angular distributions $W(\cos\theta, \varphi, \Phi)$
 depends on the **Spin density matrix elements**
 \Rightarrow 23 (15) observables with polarized (unpolarized) beam



This analysis:
 only one-dimensional
 angular distribution

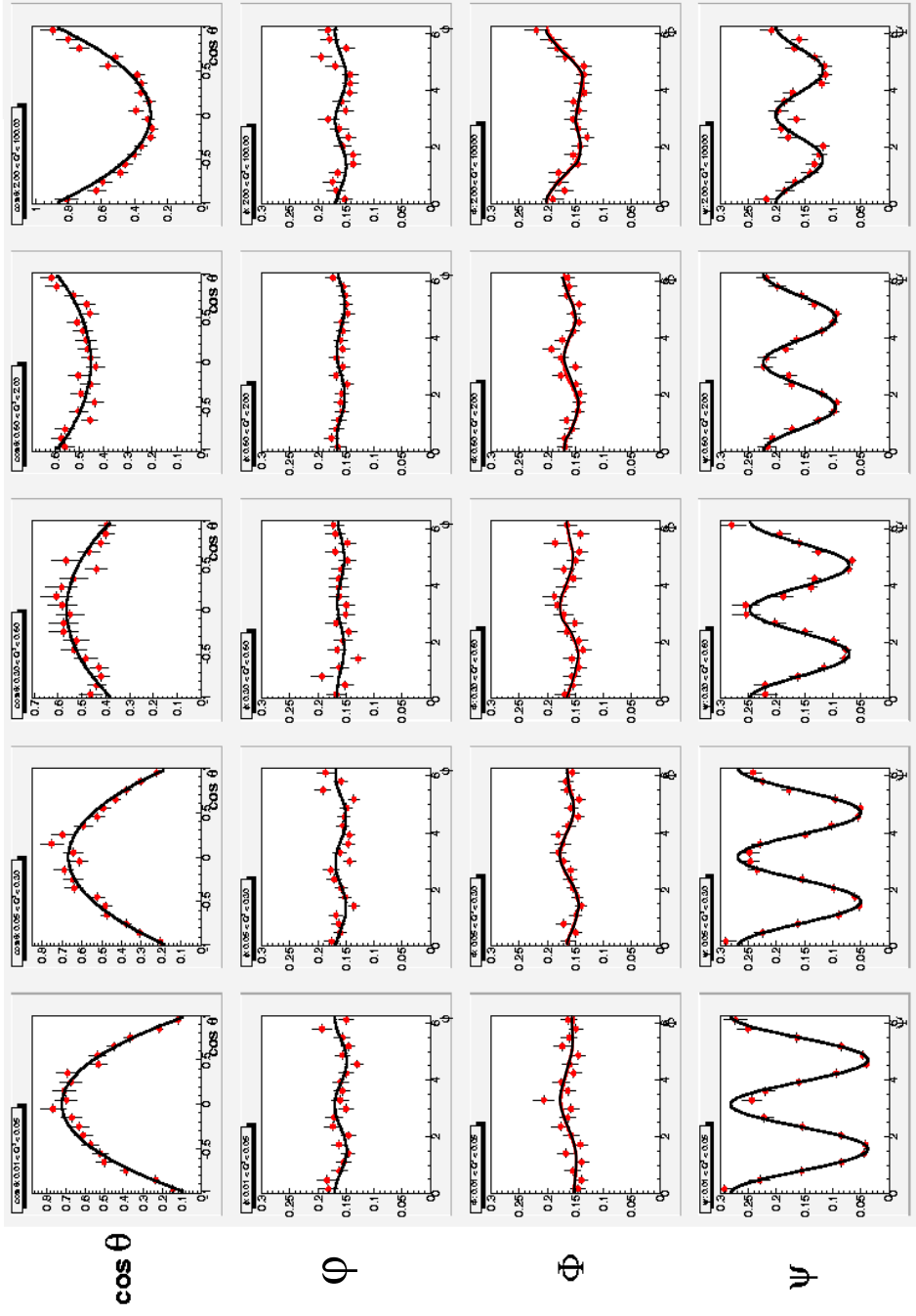
We will use also:

$$\psi = \varphi - \Phi$$



Angular distributions

$0.01 < Q^2 < 0.05 < Q^2 < 0.3 < Q^2 < 0.6 < Q^2 < 2.0 < Q^2 < 10 \text{ GeV}^2$



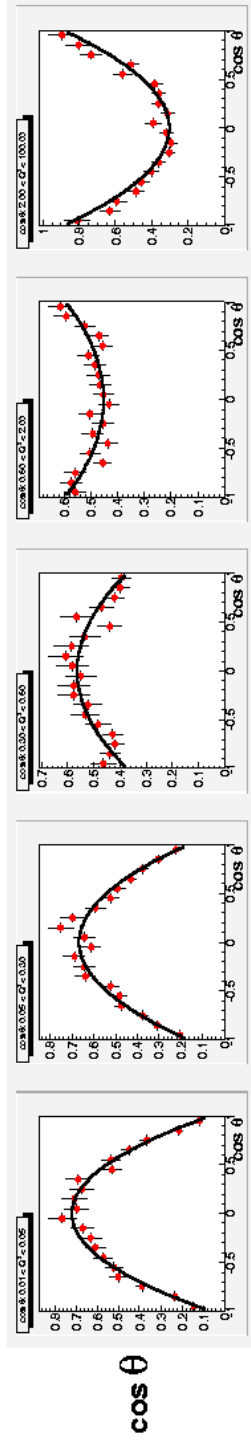
Preliminary :

- Corrected for Acceptance, smearing and efficiency (MC:DIPSI gen)
- Background not subtracted

Statistical error only, limited by MC

Measurement of r_{00}^{04}

$0.01 < Q^2 < 0.05 < Q^2 < 0.3 < Q^2 < 0.6 < Q^2 < 2.0 < Q^2 < 10 \text{ GeV}^2$



Distribution :

$$W(\cos\theta) = \frac{3}{4} |(1 - r_{00}^{04}) + (3r_{00}^{04} - 1)\cos^2\theta|$$

Spin density matrix elements:

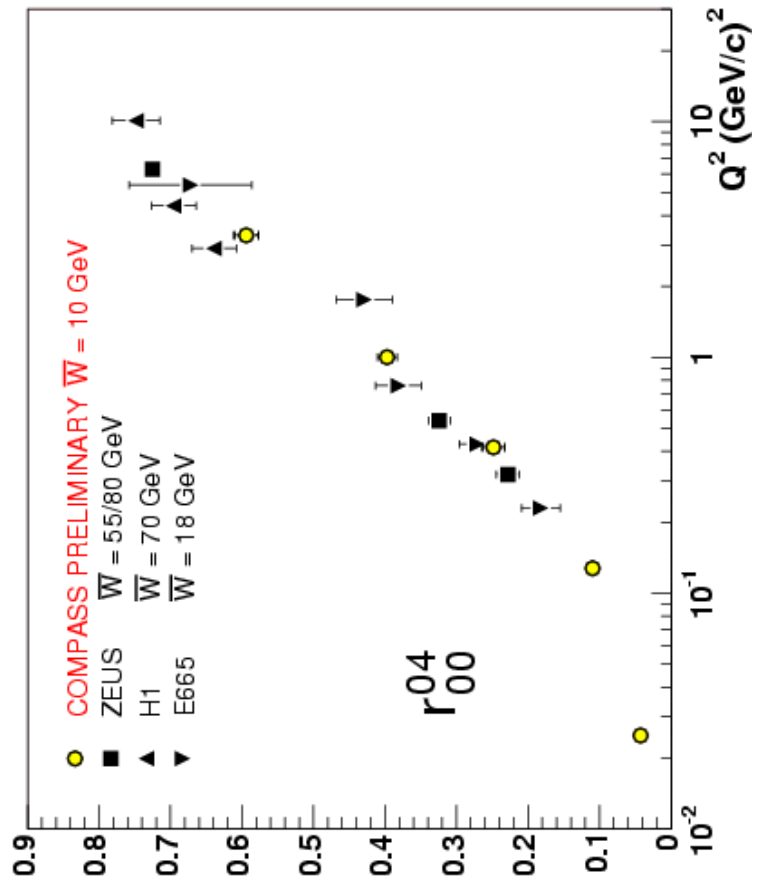
$$r_{00}^{04} = \frac{|T_{101}|^2 + (\varepsilon + \delta)|T_{00}|^2}{N_T(1 + (\varepsilon + \delta)R)}$$

$$\frac{\text{SCHC}}{\sigma_{\text{Tot}}} \rightarrow \frac{\sigma_L}{\sigma_{\text{Tot}}}$$

$$R = \sigma_L / \sigma_T \quad N_T = |T_{11}|^2 + |T_{-11}|^2 + |T_{01}|^2$$

$T_{\lambda\rho\lambda\gamma}$ are helicity amplitudes

meson photon



Determination of $R_{\rho^0} = \sigma_L / \sigma_T$

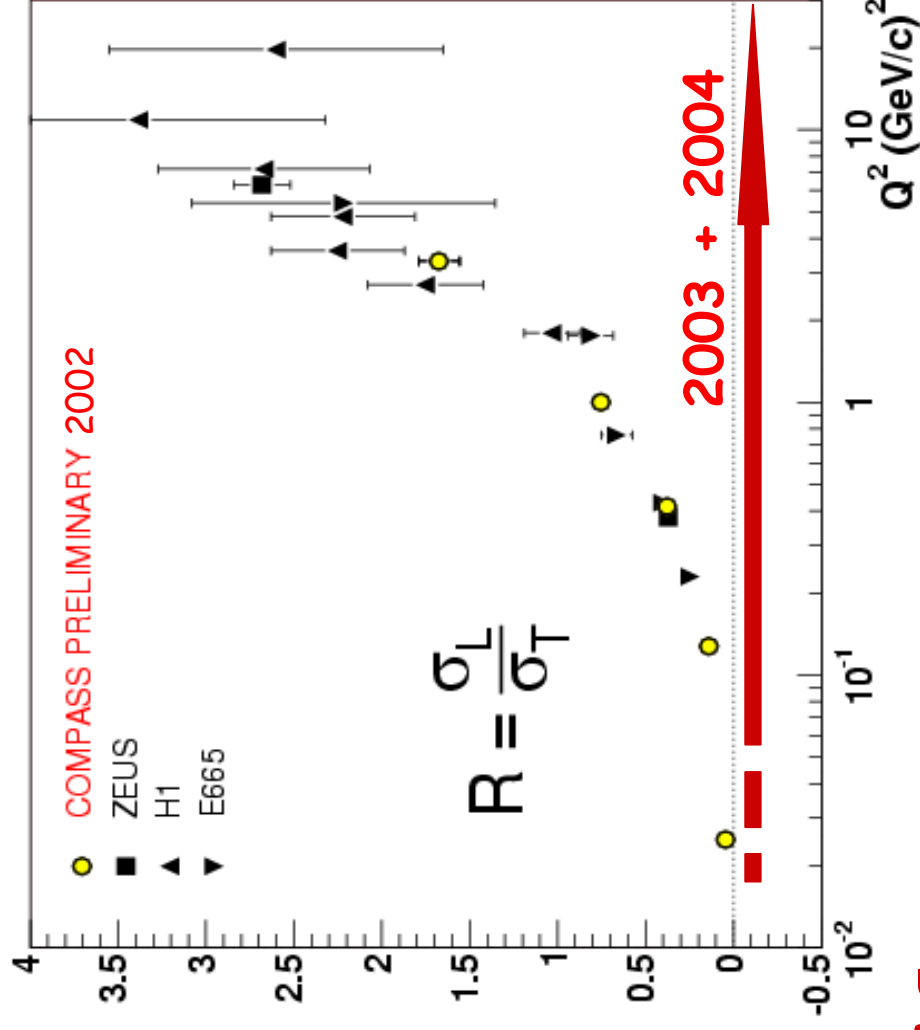
If SCHC holds :

only $T_{00} \neq 0$

$T_{11} \neq 0$

Then :

$$R = \frac{\sigma_L}{\sigma_T} = \frac{1}{\varepsilon + \delta} \frac{r_{00}^{04}}{1 - r_{00}^{04}}$$

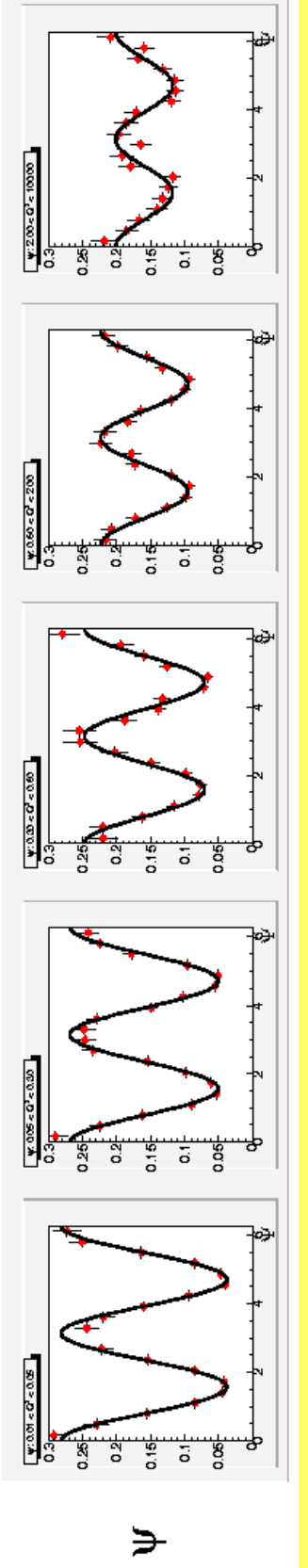


Impact on GPD study:

easy determination of σ_L
factorisation only valid for σ_L

Measurement of r_{1-1}^1

$0.01 < Q^2 < 0.05 < Q^2 < 0.3 < Q^2 < 0.6 < Q^2 < 2.0 < Q^2 < 10 \text{ GeV}^2$



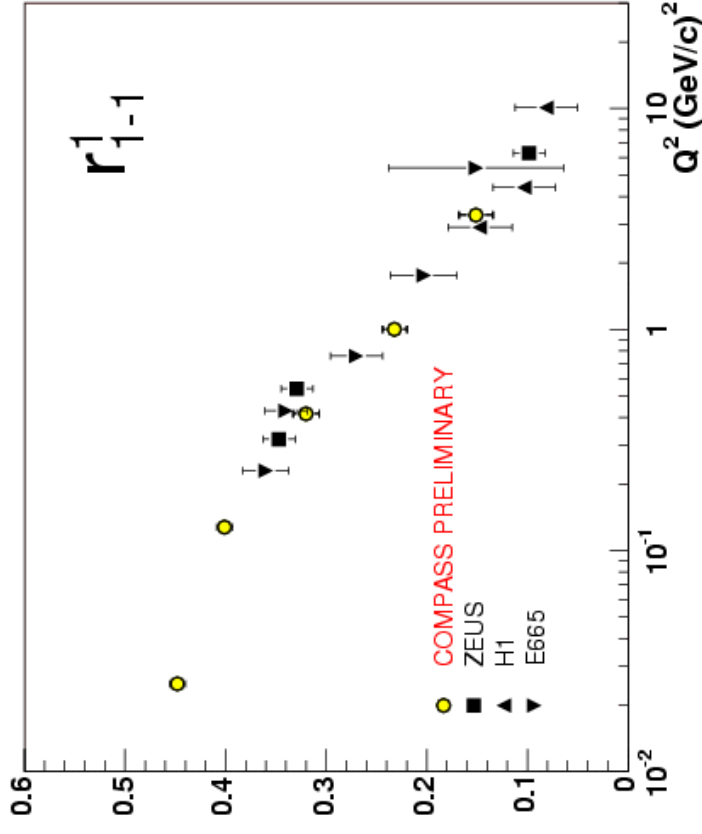
Distribution, if SCHC holds:

$$W(\psi) = \frac{1}{2\pi} |1 + 2\varepsilon \cdot r_{1-1}^1 \cos 2\psi|$$

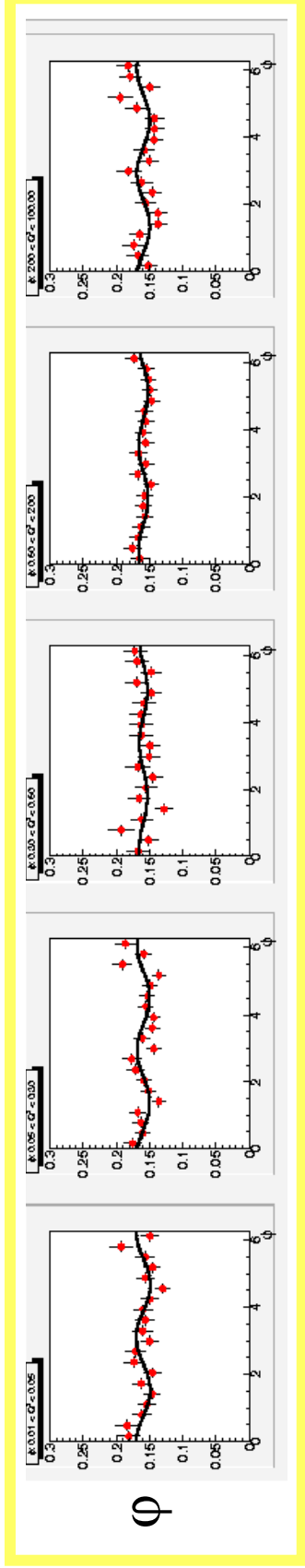
with $\psi = \varphi - \Phi$

if in addition, NPE holds:

$$r_{1-1}^1 = \frac{1}{2} |1 - r_{00}^{04}|$$



Measurement of r_{1-1}^{04} and $\text{Im } r_{1-1}^3$



Distribution :

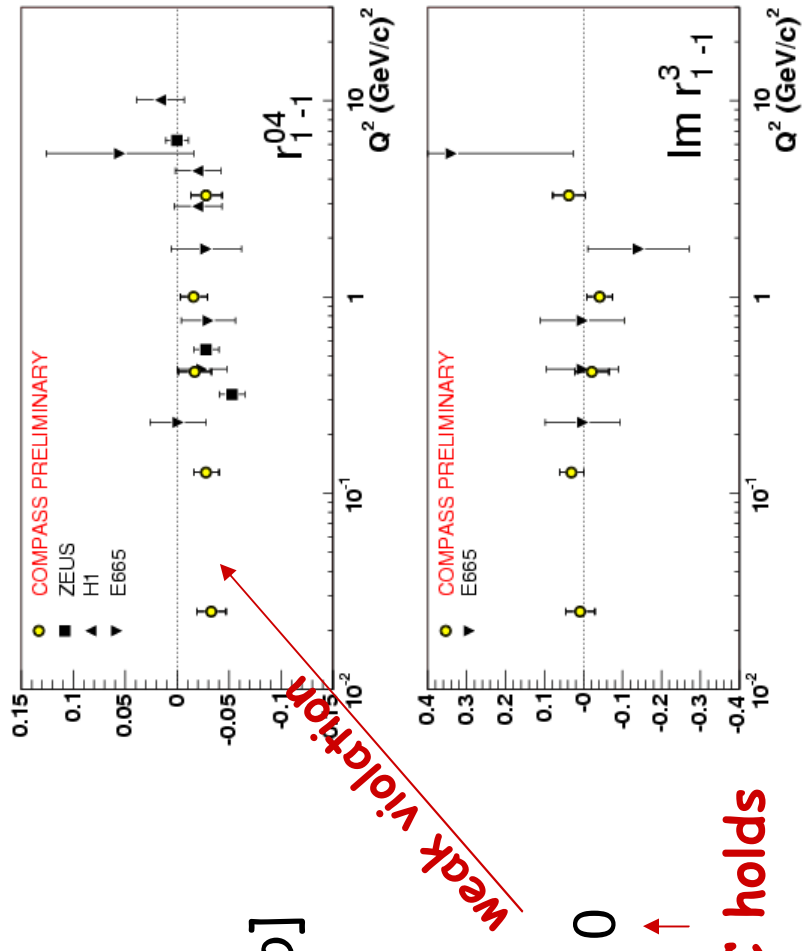
$$W(\varphi) = \frac{1}{2\pi} [1 - 2r_{1-1}^{04} \cos 2\varphi + 2\text{Im } r_{1-1}^3 P_\mu \sqrt{1 - \epsilon^2} \sin 2\varphi]$$

beam polarisation

Spin density matrices:

$$r_{1-1}^{04} = \frac{\text{Re}(T_{11}T_{-11}^*) - (\epsilon + \delta)|T_{10}|^2}{N_T(1 + (\epsilon + \delta)R)} = 0$$

$\text{Im } r_{1-1}^3 = \dots = 0$ ← **If SCHC holds**



Conclusions and perspectives

Incoherent exclusive ρ^0 production under investigation:

- high statistics from photo-production to the hard regime
- larger acceptance at high Q^2 in 2003 and 2004 (up to 20 GeV²)

Preliminary results on a few Spin Density Matrix Elements:

- only statistical errors are shown (dominated by MC)
- systematics to be evaluated (background contamination)
- **SDME in agreement with other experiments**
- **weak violation of SCHC observed**

Double spin longitudinal asymmetry for ρ^0 production (NPE control)

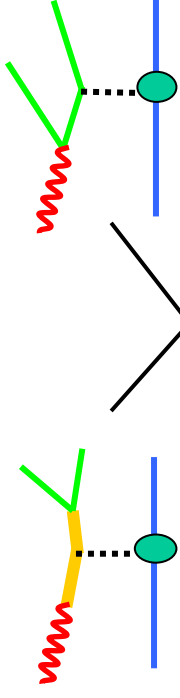
Spin asymmetries for transversally polarised target (GPD study)

Exclusive production of ϕ and J/Ψ also observed and will be studied

ρ^0 mass distribution

Söding parametrization:

$$\frac{dN}{dm_{\pi\pi}} = A \cdot \frac{\sqrt{m_{\pi\pi}} m_\rho \Gamma(m_{\pi\pi})}{m_{\pi\pi}^2 - m_\rho^2 + im_\rho \Gamma(m_{\pi\pi})} + B + f_{ps} \Gamma(m_{\pi\pi}) = \Gamma_\rho \left(\frac{q}{q_0} \right)^3 \frac{m_\rho}{m_{\pi\pi}}$$



No acceptance corrections yet!

(subtracted)

