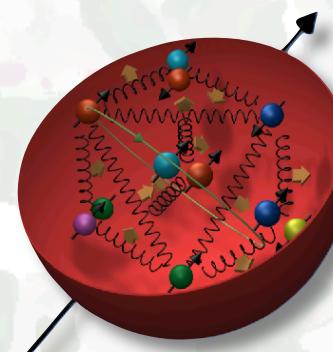


First results of W^\pm boson production in high-energy polarized p+p collisions at RHIC at BNL

Bernd Surrow

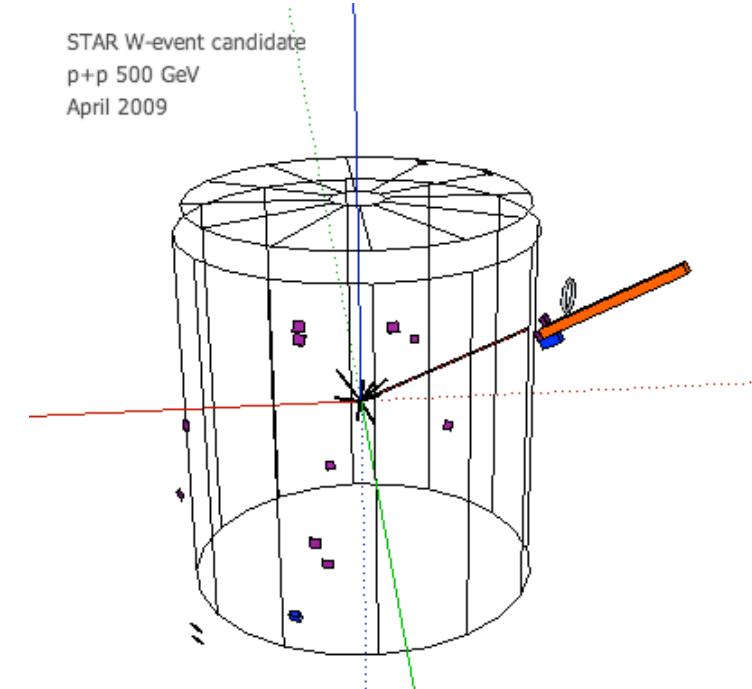


Massachusetts
Institute of
Technology

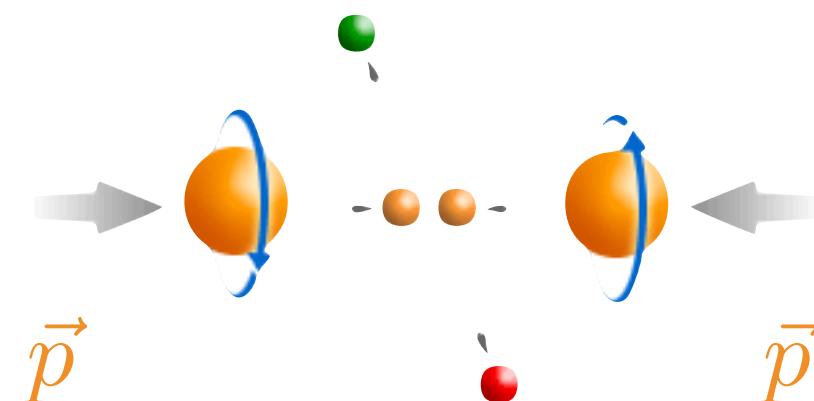


Outline

- W production - Recent Results
 - First W^+/W^- Cross-section and A_L Measurement at STAR
- Experimental aspects:
RHIC / STAR
- Introduction

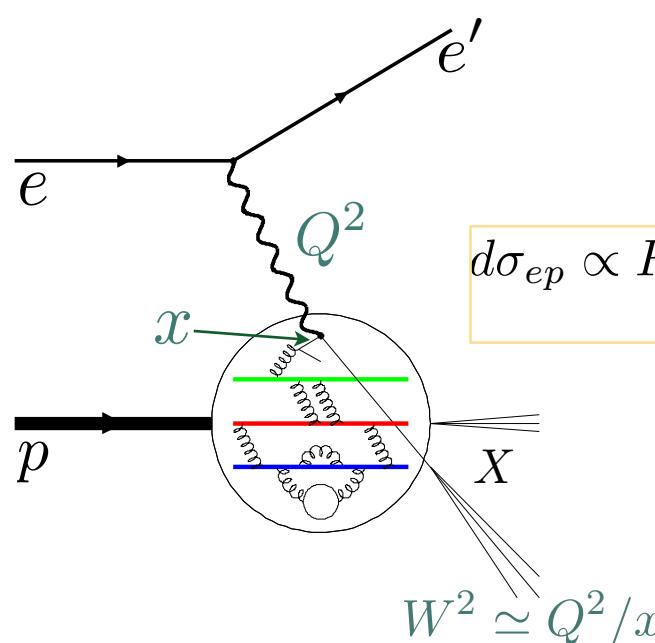


- Summary and Outlook



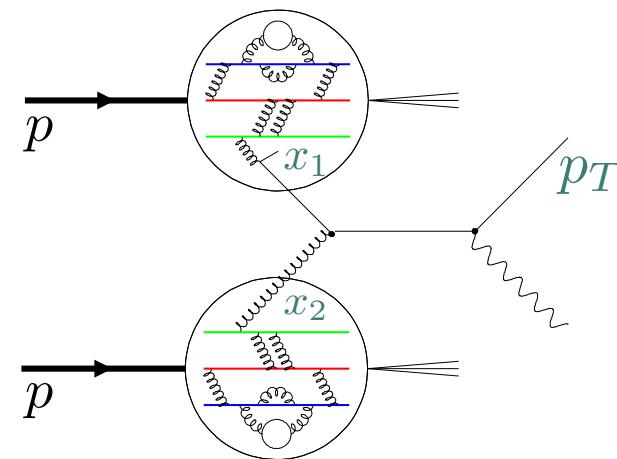
Introduction

- How do we probe the structure and dynamics of matter in ep / pp scattering?



$$d\sigma_{ep} \propto F_2 = \sum_q xe_q^2 f_q(x)$$

Universality



$$d\sigma_{pp} \propto f_1 \otimes f_2 \otimes \sigma_h \otimes D_f^h$$

Factorization

Momentum contribution

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(x) = \\ \quad \text{Diagram: two red circles with a plus sign between them, each containing a white dot with a green arrow pointing right} \\ \quad f^+(x) + f^-(x) \end{array} \right.$$

Spin contribution

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta f(x) = \\ \quad \text{Diagram: two red circles with a minus sign between them, each containing a white dot with a green arrow pointing right} \\ \quad f^+(x) - f^-(x) \end{array} \right.$$

Introduction

- What do we know about the polarized quark and gluon distributions?

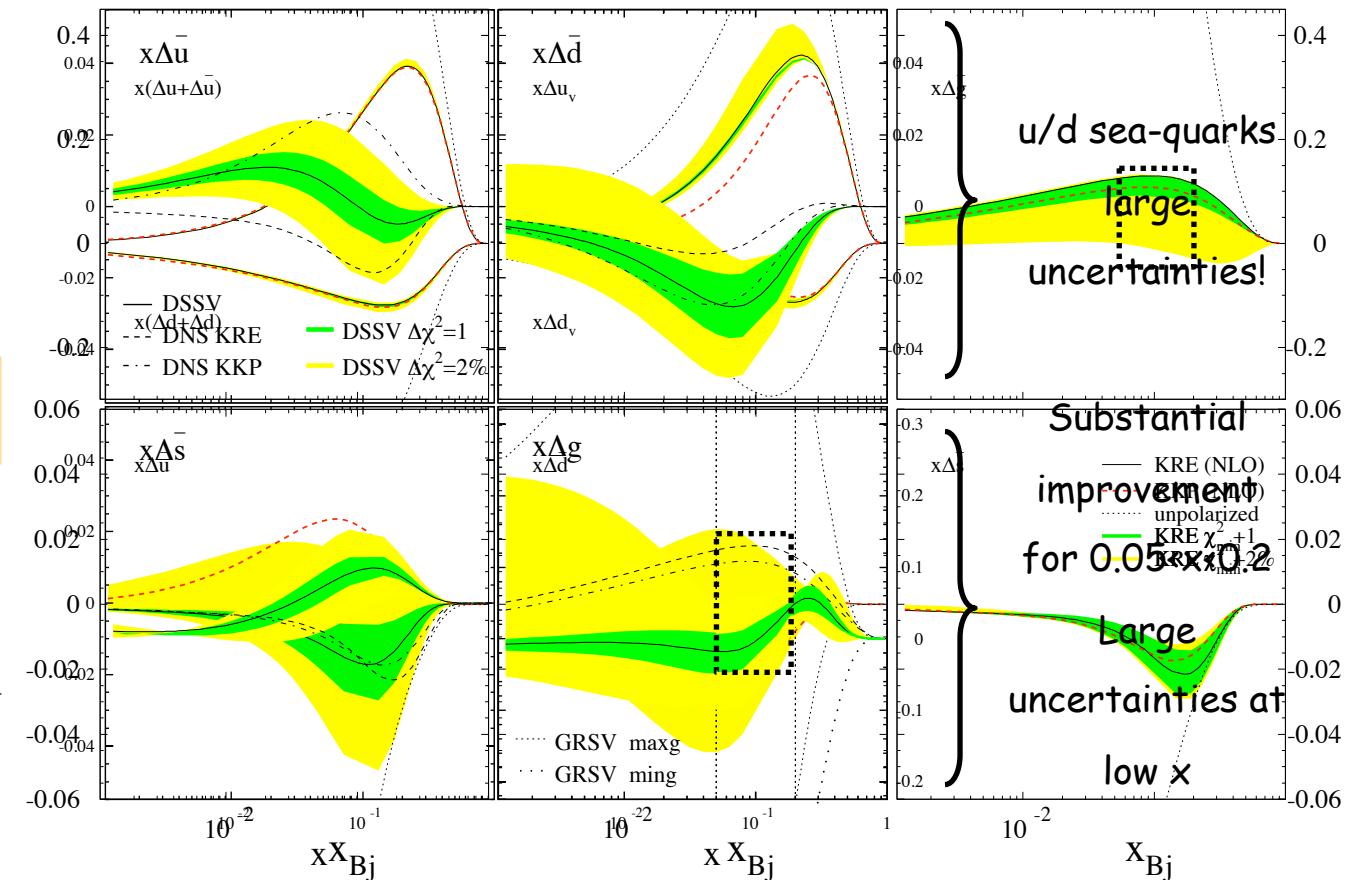
- Spin carried by quarks is very small ($\Delta \Sigma \sim 0.3$)!

$$\frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \langle S_q \rangle + \langle S_g \rangle + \langle L_q \rangle + \langle L_g \rangle$$

$$\Delta G$$

$$\Delta \Sigma = \Delta u + \Delta \bar{u} + \Delta d + \Delta \bar{d} + \Delta s + \Delta \bar{s}$$



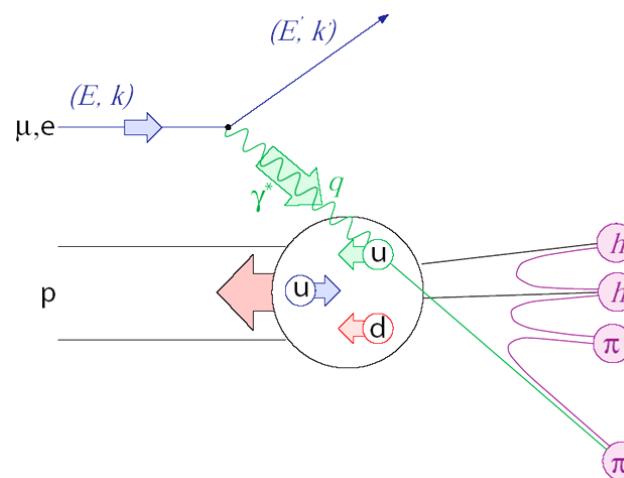
D. de Florian et al., Phys. Rev. D 71, 094028 (2005)

$$\Delta q_i(Q^2) = \int_0^1 \Delta q_i(x, Q^2) dx$$

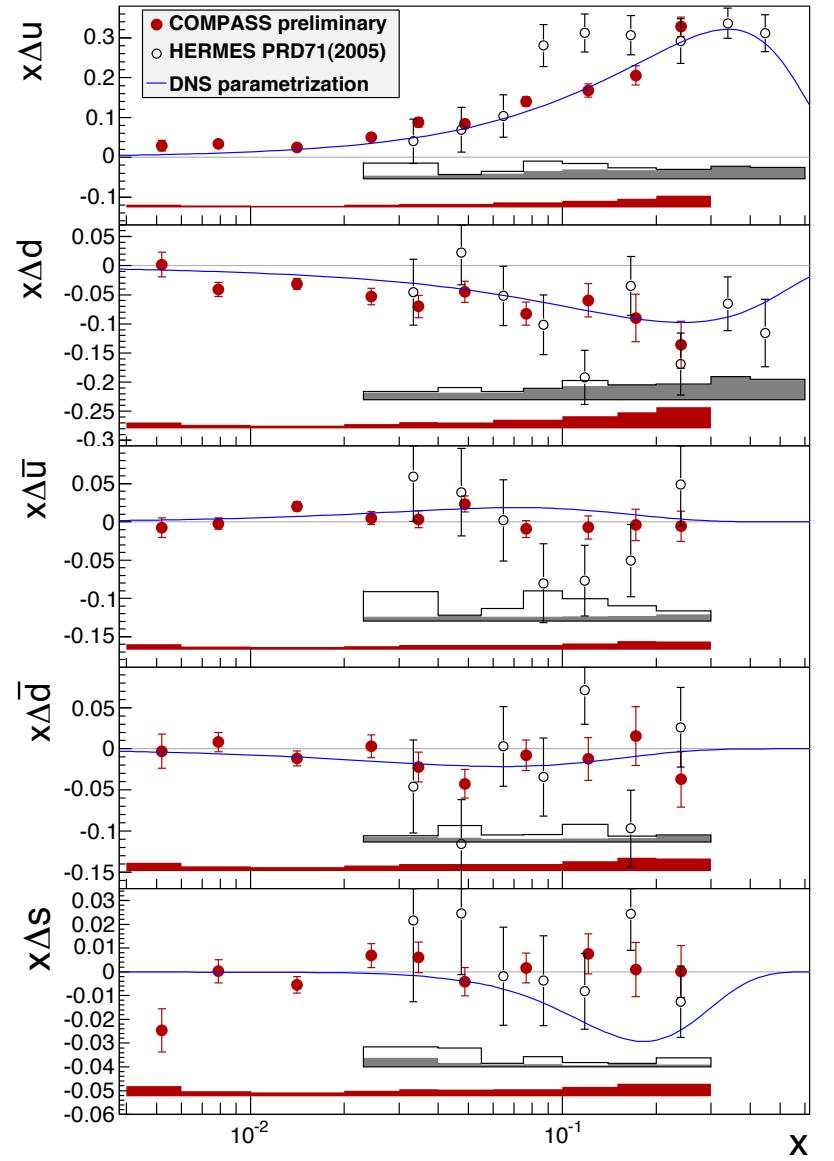
$$\Delta G(Q^2) = \int_0^1 \Delta g(x, Q^2) dx$$

Introduction

□ Polarized semi-inclusive DIS results: HERMES / COMPASS



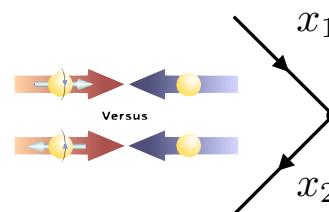
- Semi-inclusive DIS: Correlation of flavor content of hadron with flavor of quark / antiquark probed
- Good agreement of COMPASS and HERMES LO analysis
- Good agreement with global fit analysis / Sea quark distributions compatible with zero
- Great value of independent probe at large momentum scales (sub-leading twist effects unimportant) without hadronic fragmentation



Introduction

- STAR W program in e -decay mode at mid-rapidity and forward/backward rapidity

$u / \Delta u$ ($d / \Delta d$)



$\Delta \bar{d} / \bar{d}$ ($\Delta \bar{u} / \bar{u}$)

$$A_L^W = \frac{1}{P} \frac{N^+(W) - N^-(W)}{N^+(W) + N^-(W)}$$

$$y_l = y_W + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1 + \cos \theta^*}{1 - \cos \theta^*}}_{y_l^*}$$

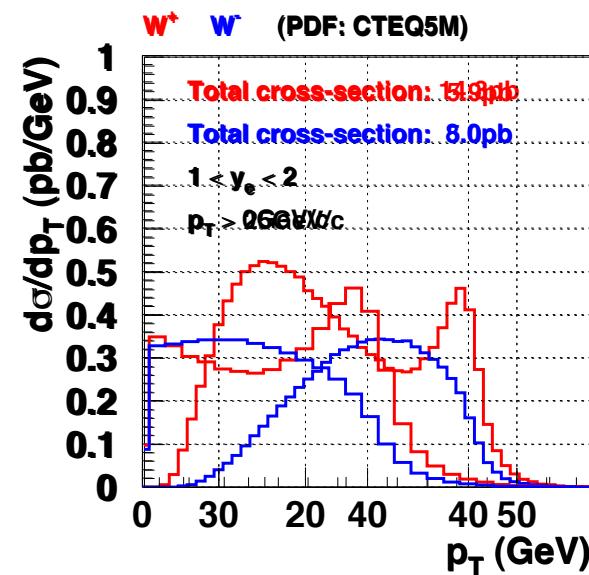
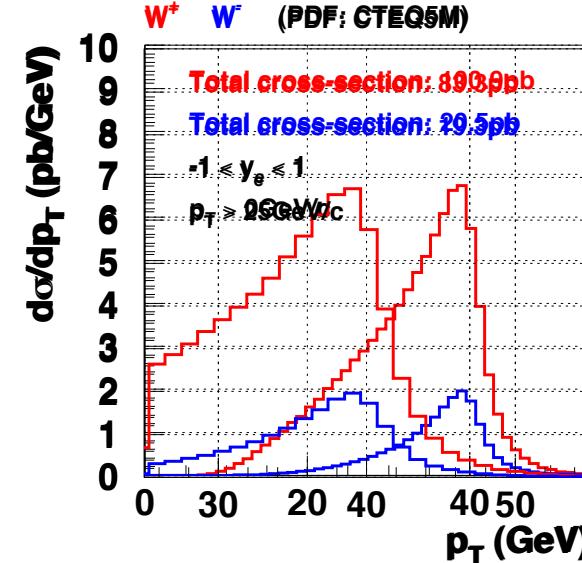
$$x_1 = \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} e^{y_W}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} e^{-y_W}$$

$$p_T = p_T^* = \frac{M_W}{2} \sin \theta^*$$

$$\frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} = 0.16$$

- Key signature: High p_T lepton
 $(e^-/e^+)(\text{Max. } M_W/2)$ - Selection
of W^+/W^- : Charge sign
discrimination of high p_T
lepton
- Required: Lepton/Hadron
discrimination



Total ($\sqrt{s}=500\text{GeV}$) $\sigma(W^+)=135\text{pb}$ and $\sigma(W^-)=42\text{pb}$

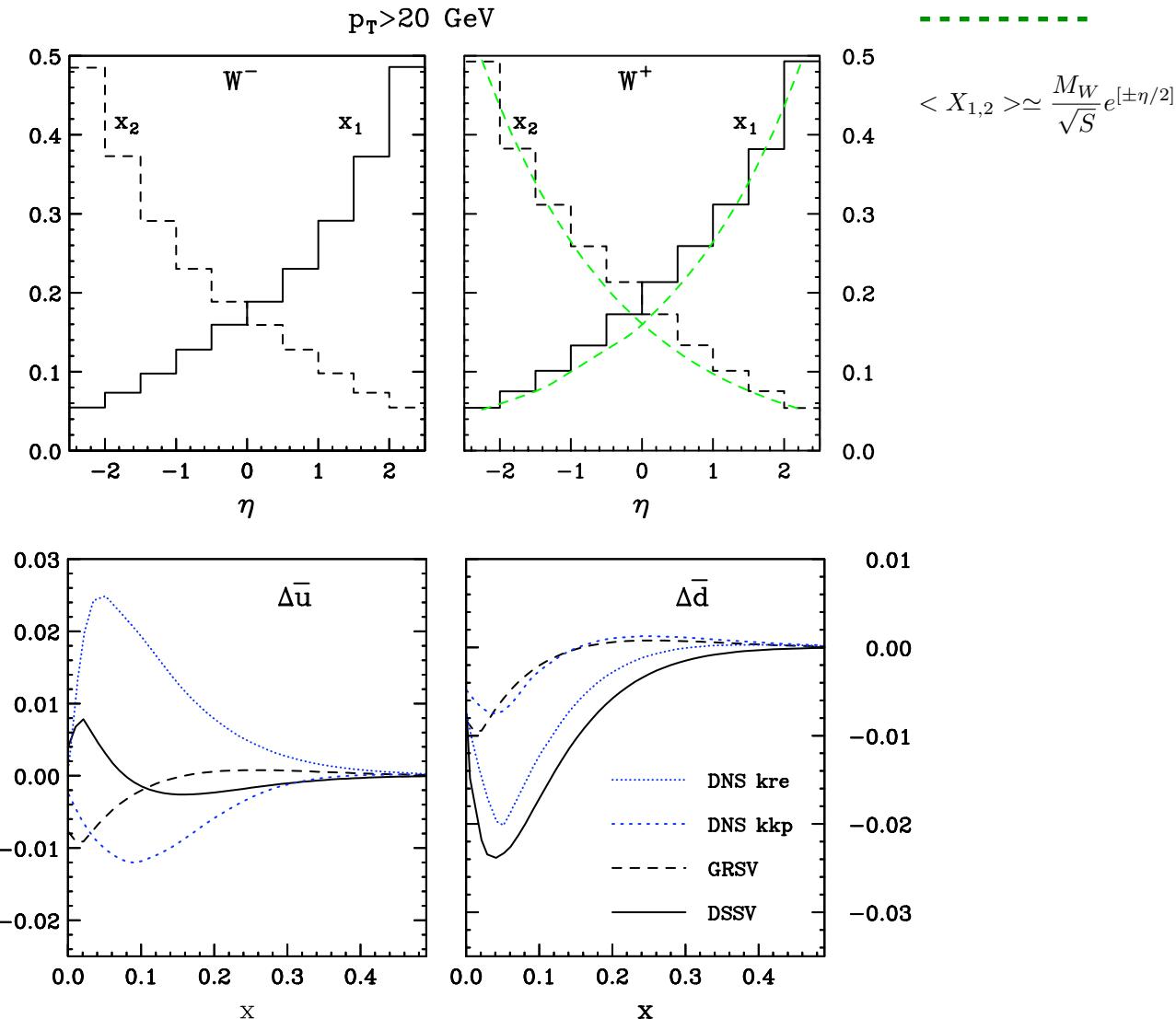
Introduction

□ W boson kinematics relevant for STAR rapidity acceptance

- Leptonic rapidity inherits relation to mean x

^
x
v

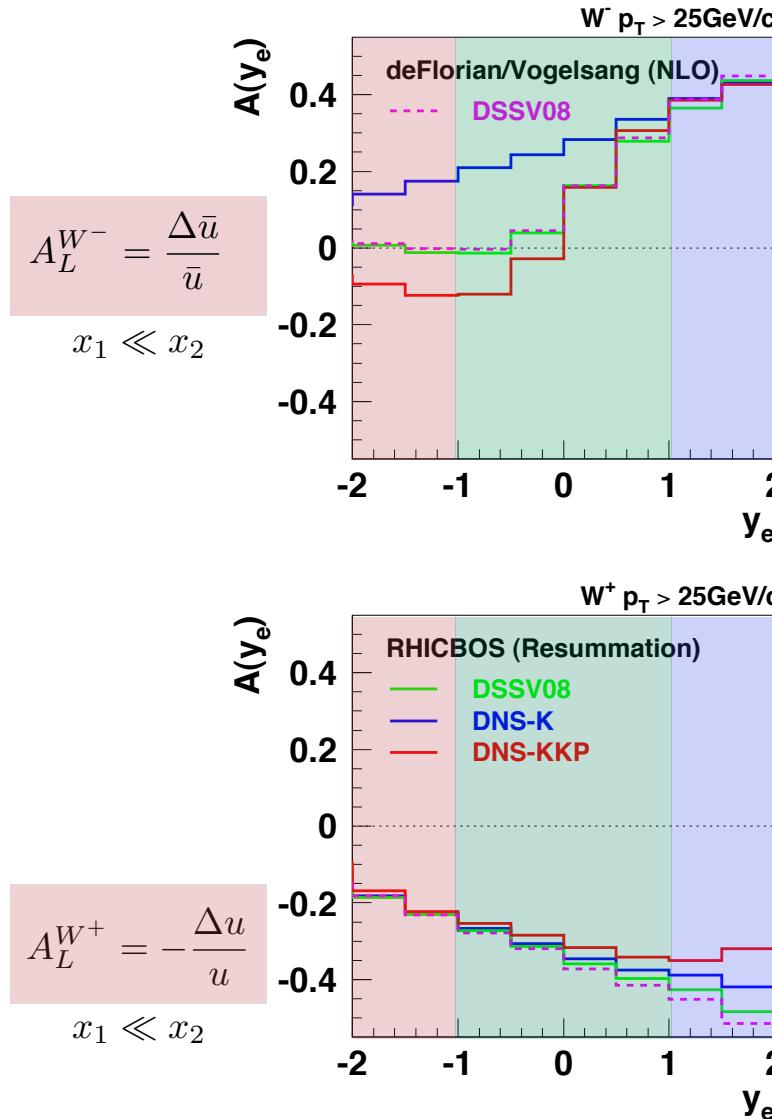
- Forward rapidity:
 - $\eta > 0$
 - $\langle x_1 \rangle$ larger than $\langle x_2 \rangle$



D. deFlorian and W. Vogelsang, hep-ph/1003.4533

Introduction

□ A_L behavior for STAR mid-rapidity and forward/backward rapidity region



$$A_L^{W^-} = -\frac{\Delta d}{d}$$

$x_1 \gg x_2$

$$A_L^{W^-} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\Delta \bar{u}}{\bar{u}} - \frac{\Delta d}{d} \right)$$

$x_1 = x_2$

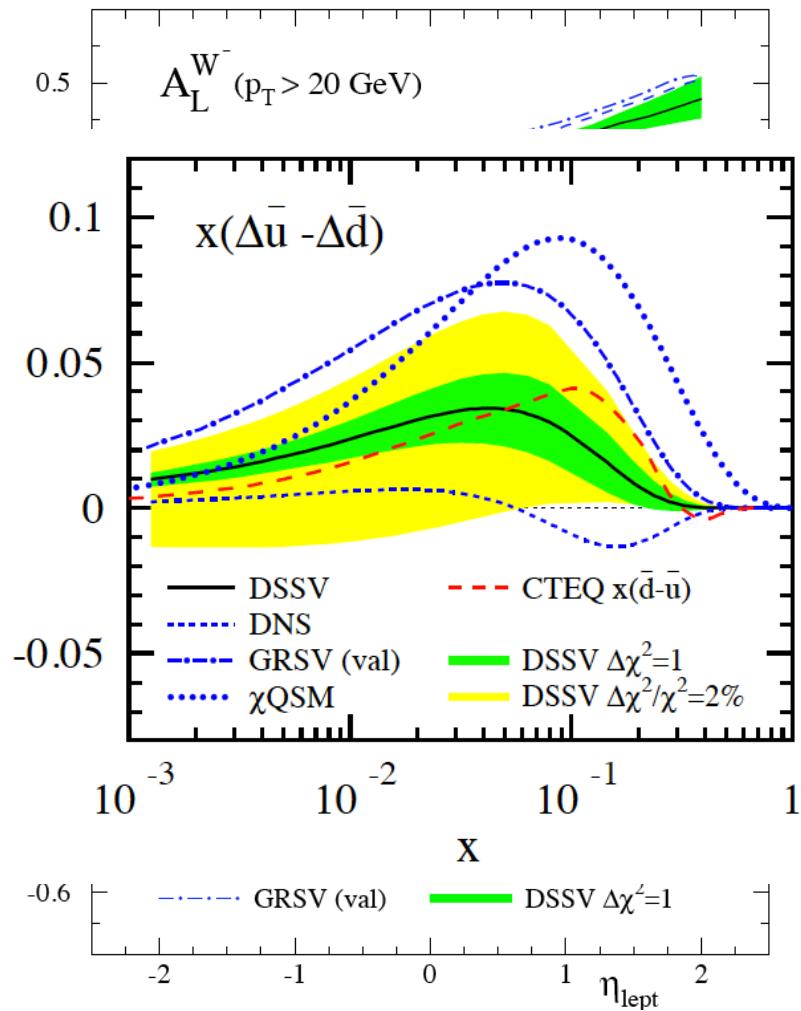
$$A_L^{W^+} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\Delta \bar{d}}{\bar{d}} - \frac{\Delta u}{u} \right)$$

$$A_L^{W^+} = \frac{\Delta \bar{d}}{\bar{d}}$$

$x_1 \gg x_2$

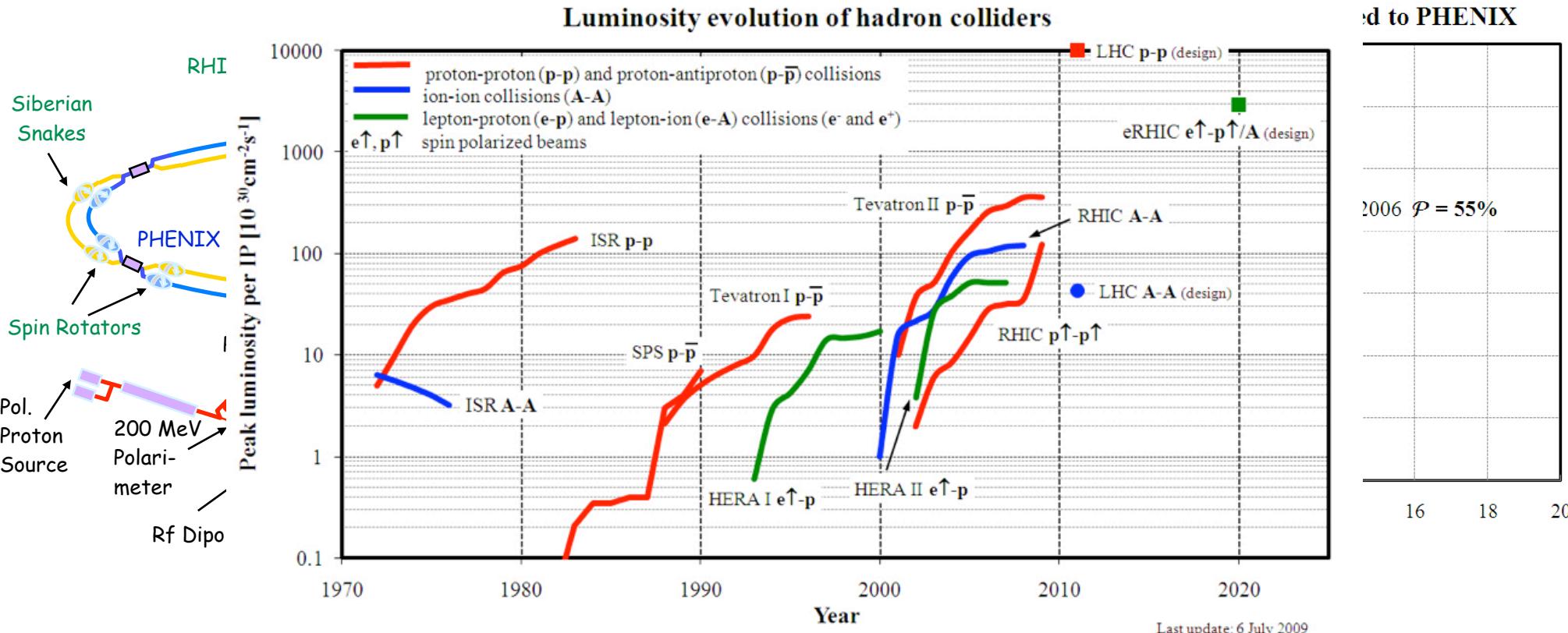
Calculations:

- 1) RHICBOS: P.M. Nadolsky and C.-P. Yuan, Nucl. Phys. B666 (2003) 31.
- 2) deFlorian / Vogelsang: D. deFlorian, private communications.



Collider: The First polarized p+p collider at BNL

□ RHIC Performance - Overview



- Long 200GeV production runs at $\sqrt{s}=200\text{GeV}$ (long. polarization): Run 5 / Run 6 / Run 9
- First collisions of polarized proton beams at $\sqrt{s}=500\text{GeV}$ (long. polarization): Run 9

Collider: The First polarized p+p collider at BNL

□ RHIC polarized p+p running

RHIC RUN	s [GeV]	$\mathcal{L}_{\text{recorded}} [\text{pb}^{-1}]$ (trans.)	$\mathcal{L}_{\text{recorded}} [\text{pb}^{-1}]$ (long.)	Polarization [%]
RUN 2	200	0.15	0.3	15
RUN 3	200	0.25	0.3	30
RUN 4	200	0	0.4	40-45
RUN 5	200	0.4	3.1	45-50
RUN 6	200	3.4/6.8	8.5	60
RUN 8	200	7.8	-	45
RUN 9	200 / 500	-	25 / 14	55 / 40

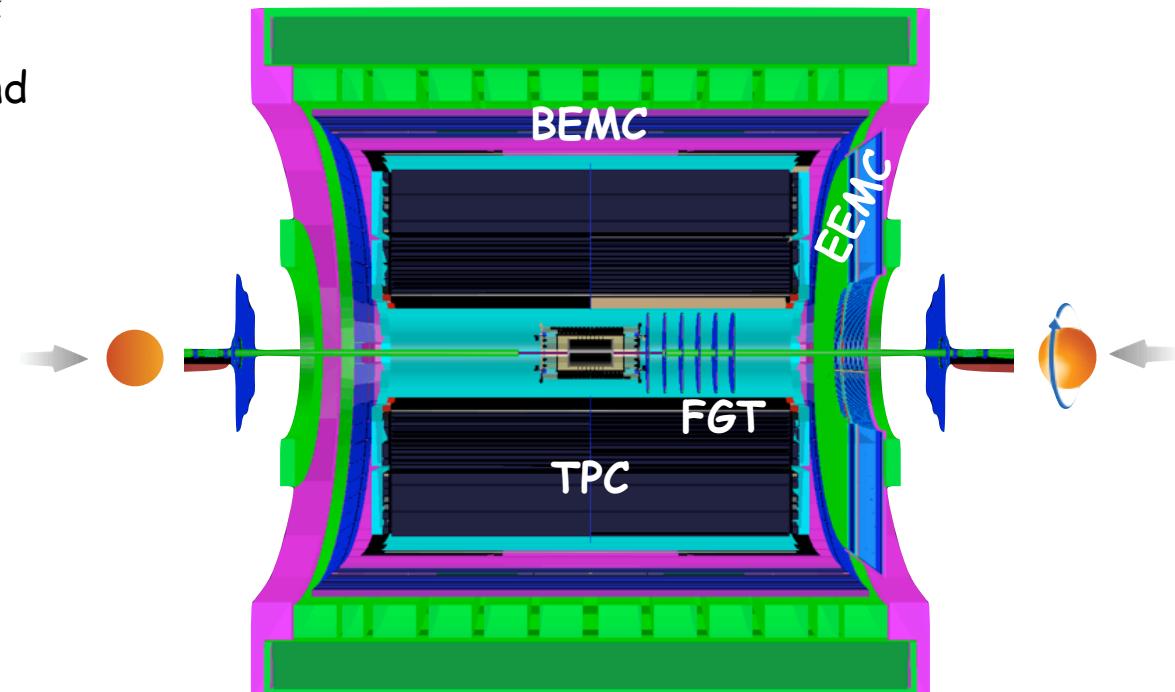
- Transverse program: A_N measurement of forward π^0 and η production (Run 2 / Run 6 / Run 8)
- Gluon polarization program: Inclusive jet and hadron production (Run 3/4, Run 5, Run 6 and Run 9)
- W program: First A_L measurement W^+ and W^- boson production from Run 9

The STAR Experiment at RHIC

□ Overview

First collisions of polarized proton beams at
STAR at $\sqrt{s} = 500\text{GeV}$: Run 9 ($P \sim 40\%$ / $L \sim 14\text{pb}^{-1}$)

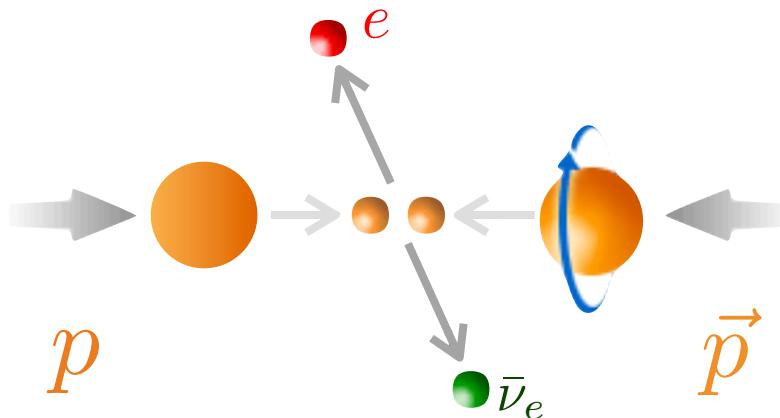
- Calorimetry system with 2π coverage: BEMC ($-1 < \eta < 1$) and EEMC ($1 < \eta < 2$)
- TPC: Tracking and particle ID
- ZDC: Relative luminosity and local polarimetry
- BBC: Relative luminosity and Minimum bias trigger



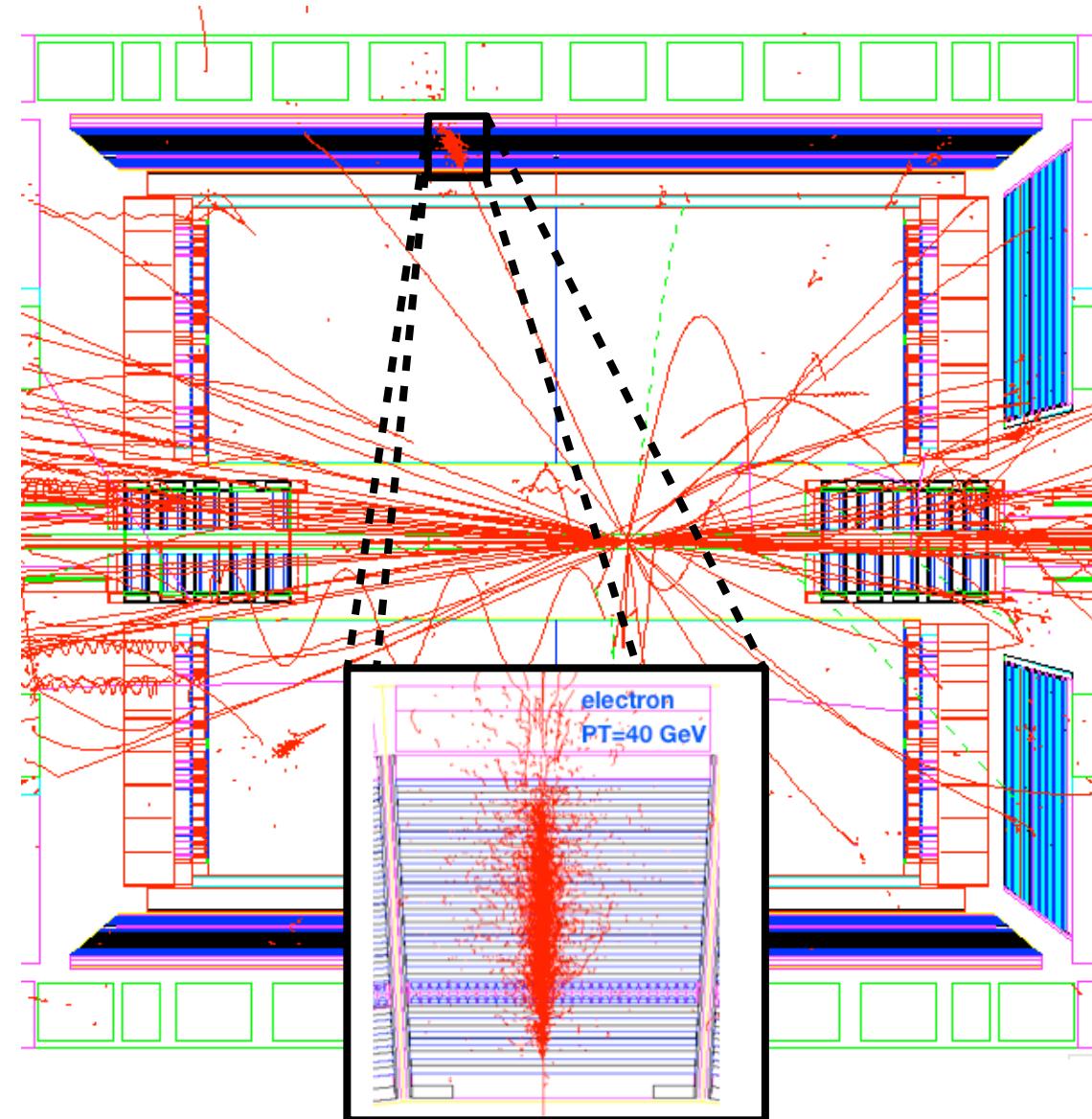
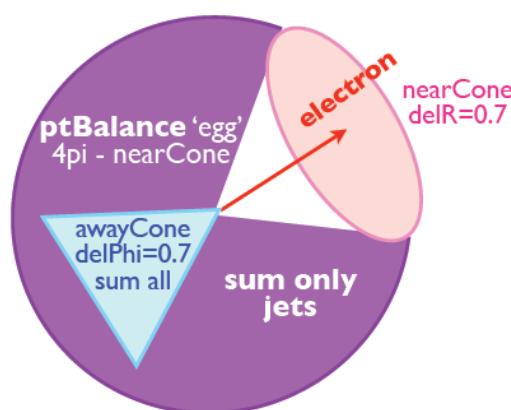
- STAR Mid-rapidity W program ($-1 < \eta < 1$): BEMC and TPC
- STAR Forward/Backward W program ($1 < \eta < 2$): EEMC and TPC / FGT (Installation in summer 2011)

W production results: Algorithm

□ W reconstruction - Algorithm : Idea



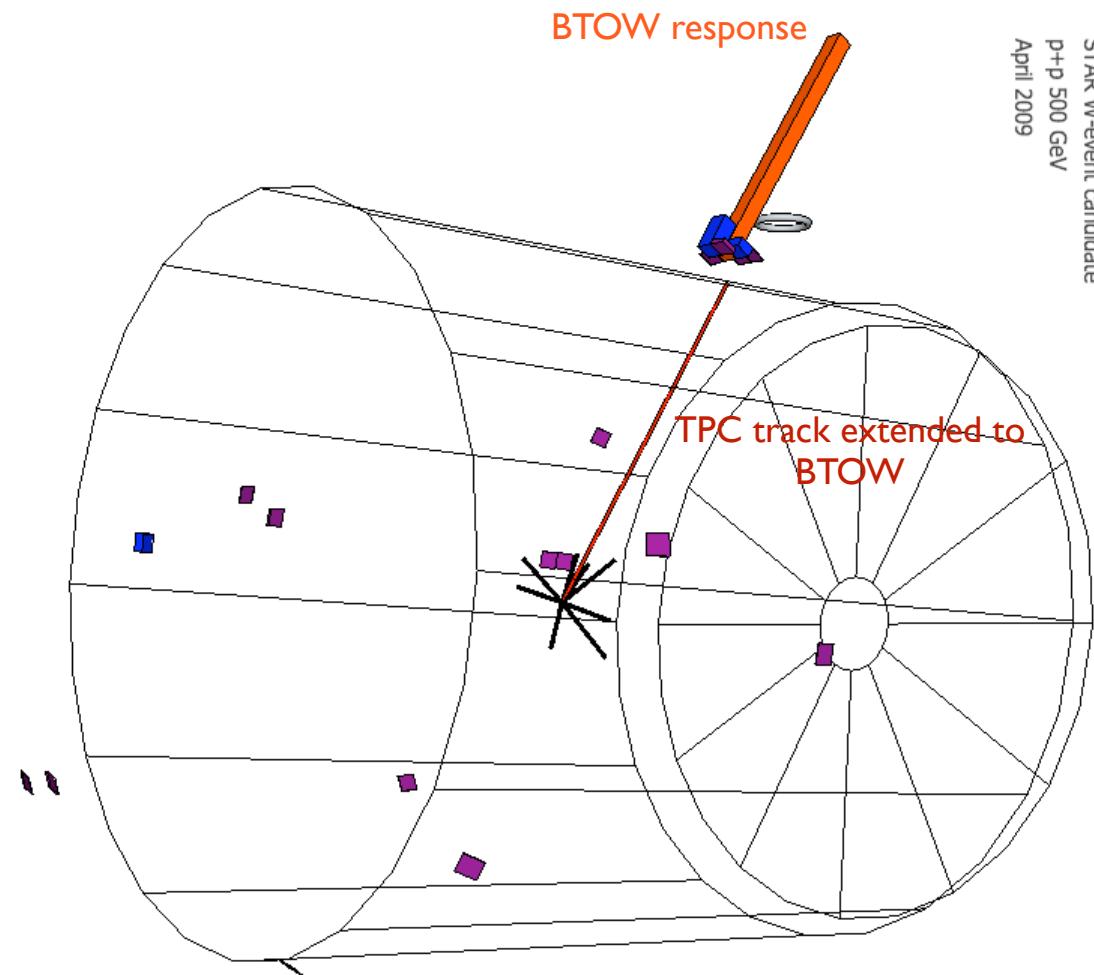
Transverse plane view



W production results: W event

- Event display (W event candidate) and detector signature

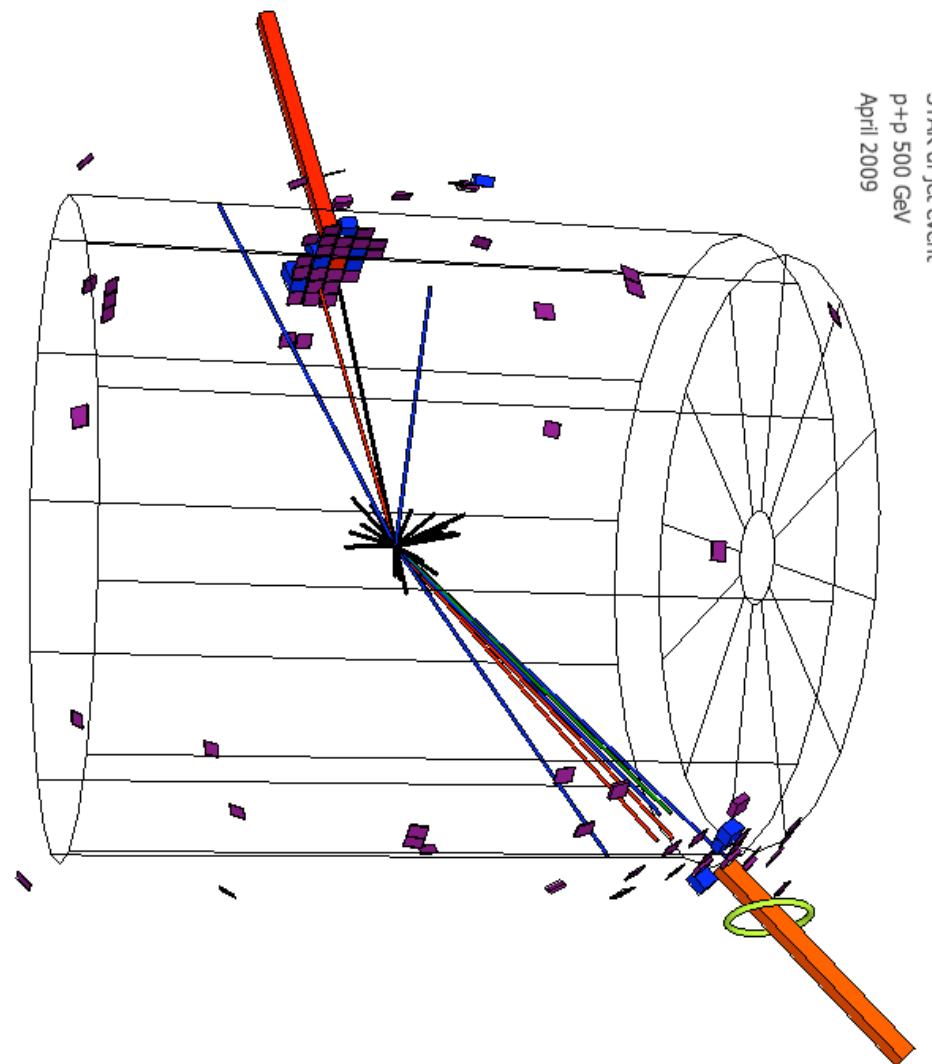
We found
~600 of those
kinds of
events!



W production results: QCD Background event

- Event display (Di-Jet event candidate) and detector signature

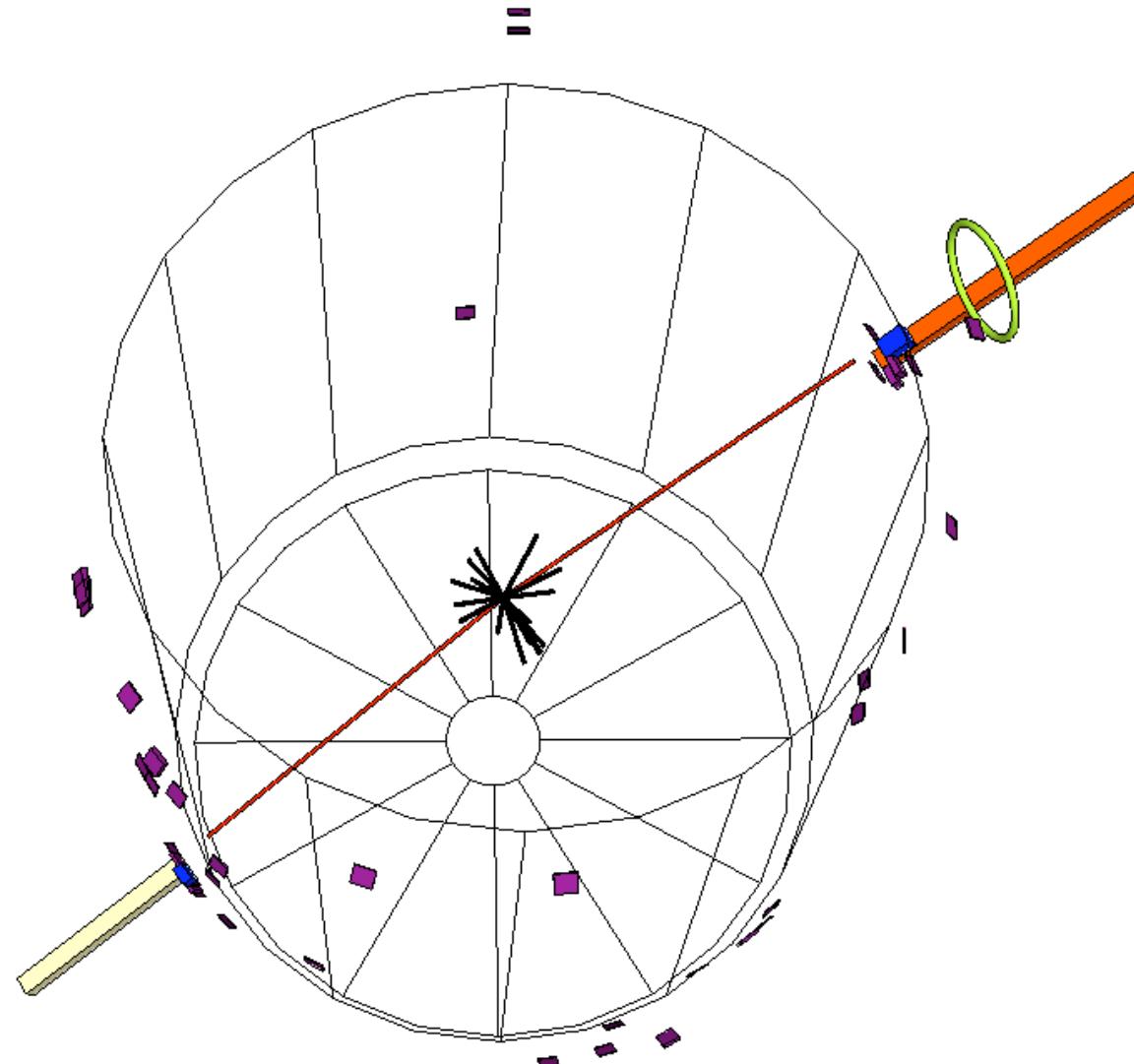
We recorded
and rejected
~1.5M of those
kinds of events!



W production results: Z^0 event

- Event display (Z event candidate) and detector signature

We found
a handful
of those
kinds of
events!



W production results: Lego plots

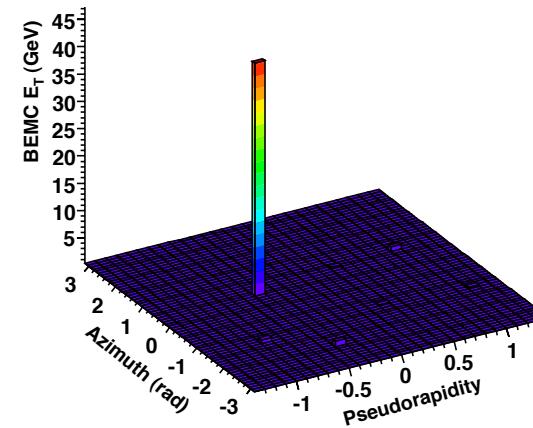
□ Lego plots - STAR BEMC/TPC

W event

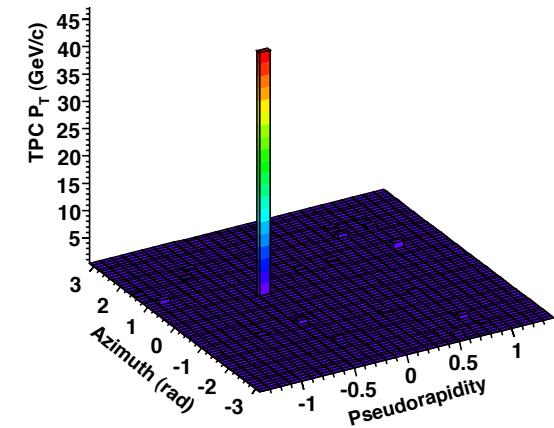


BEMC E_T Distribution (GeV)

Run 9 STAR Data ($\sqrt{s}=500\text{GeV}$)



TPC p_T Distribution (GeV/c)

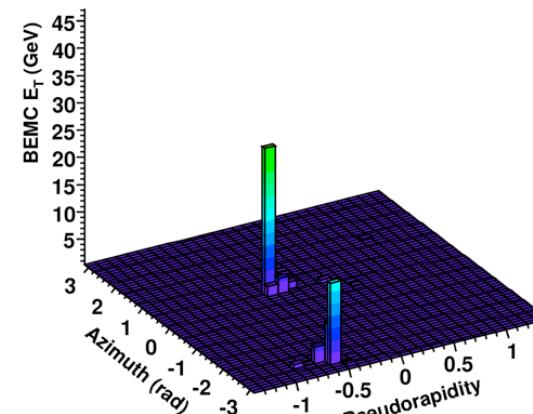


Di-Jet event

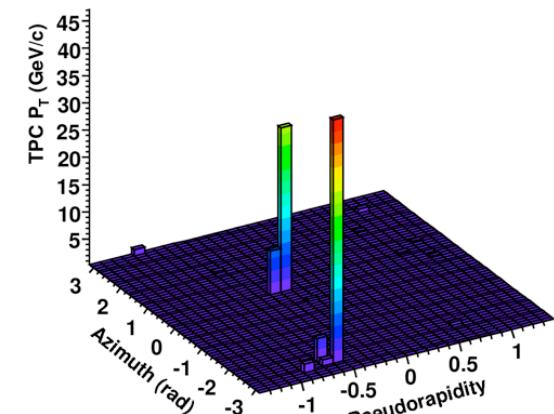


BEMC E_T Distribution (GeV)

Run 9 STAR Data ($\sqrt{s}=500\text{GeV}$)



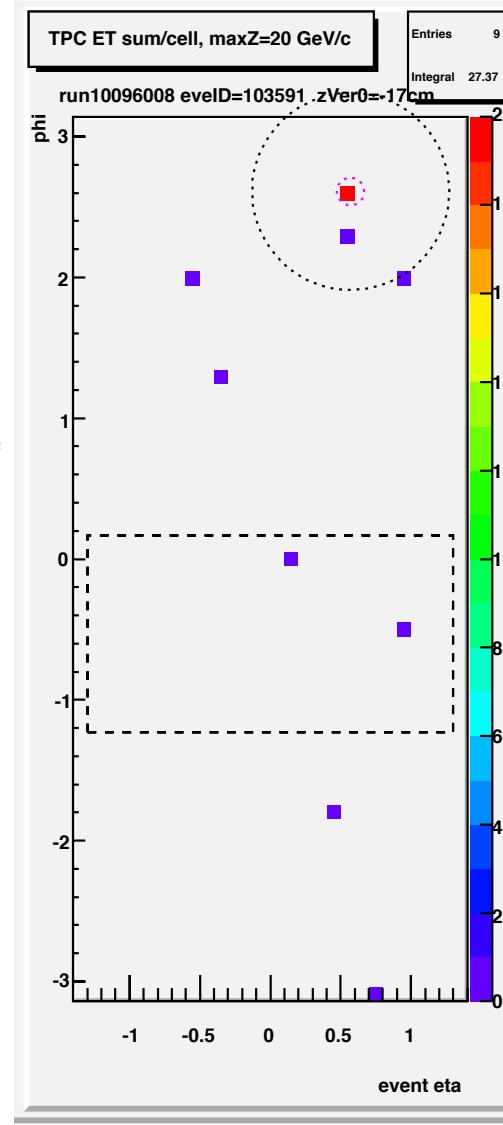
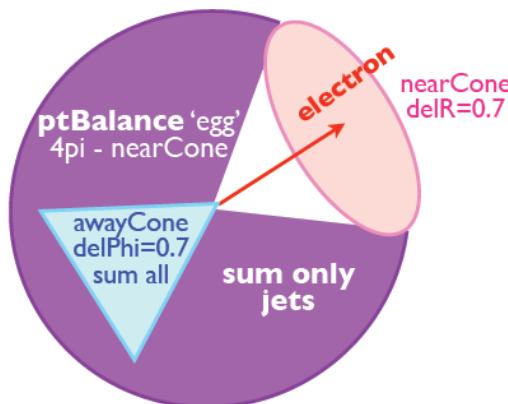
TPC p_T Distribution (GeV/c)



W production results: Algorithm Details

□ W reconstruction - Algorithm : Details (1)

Transverse plane view



General:

- Select L2W- E_T triggered events
- Select vertices with $|Z| < 100$ cm

Electron isolation cuts:

- Electron candidate is any primary TPC track with global $P_T > 10$ GeV/c
- Extrapolate TPC track to BTOW tower
- Compute 2x2 tower cluster E_T , require E_T sum > 15 GeV
- Require the excess E_T in 4x4 tower patch over 2x2 patch to be below 5%
- Require distance of 2x2 cluster vs. TPC track below 7 cm

Near-cone veto:

- Compute near-cone E_T sum of BEMC+TPC over $\Delta R = 0.7$ in eta-phi space
- Require near-cone excess E_T below 12%

Away-'cone' cuts: p_T balance requirement

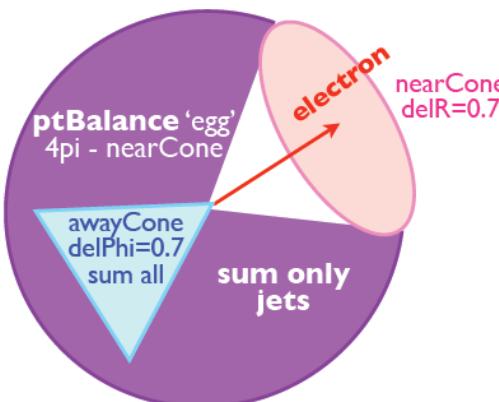
- Vector sum > 15 GeV/c of: 2X2 tower cluster p_T and p_T of any number of jets outside near-cone
- E_T of jet > 3.5 GeV

W production results: Algorithm Details

□ W reconstruction - Algorithm : Details (2)

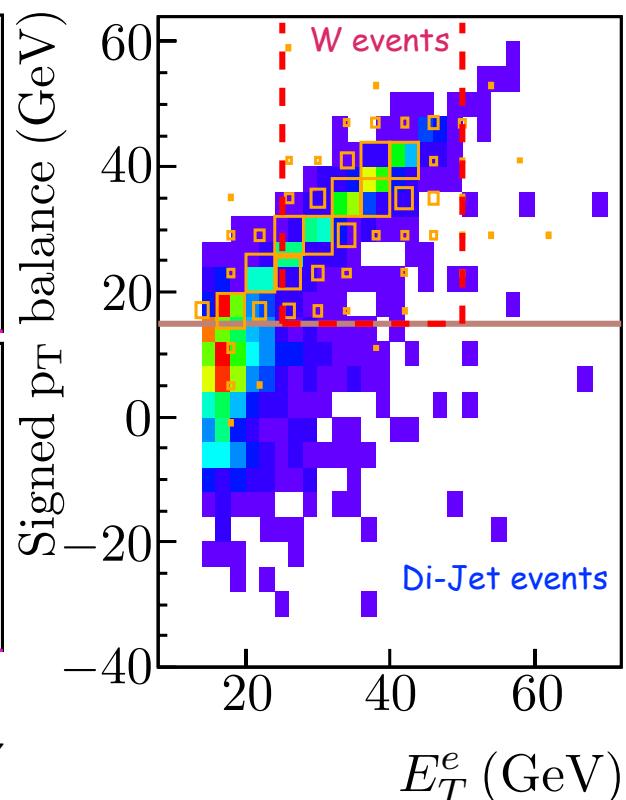
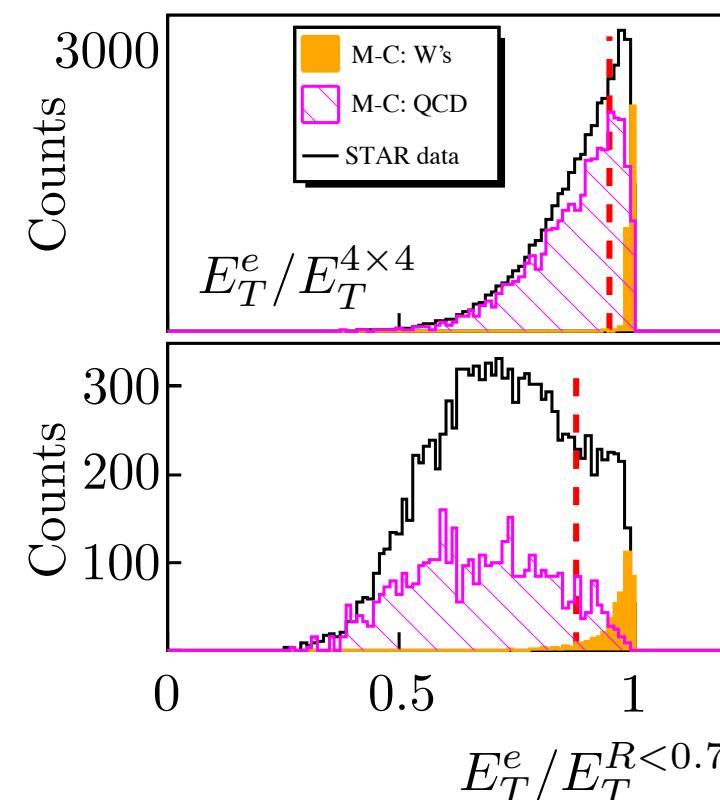
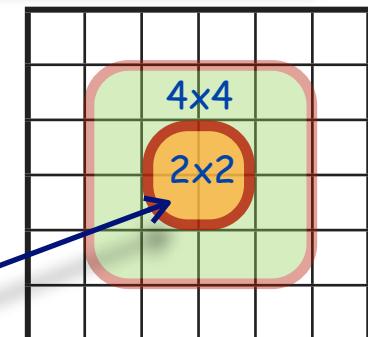
- Lepton meas. in TPC (direction) and in BEMC (energy)
 - TPC & BEMC matching
- Suppress background
 - BEMC cluster isolation
 - Near-side veto
 - Away-side veto

Transverse plane view



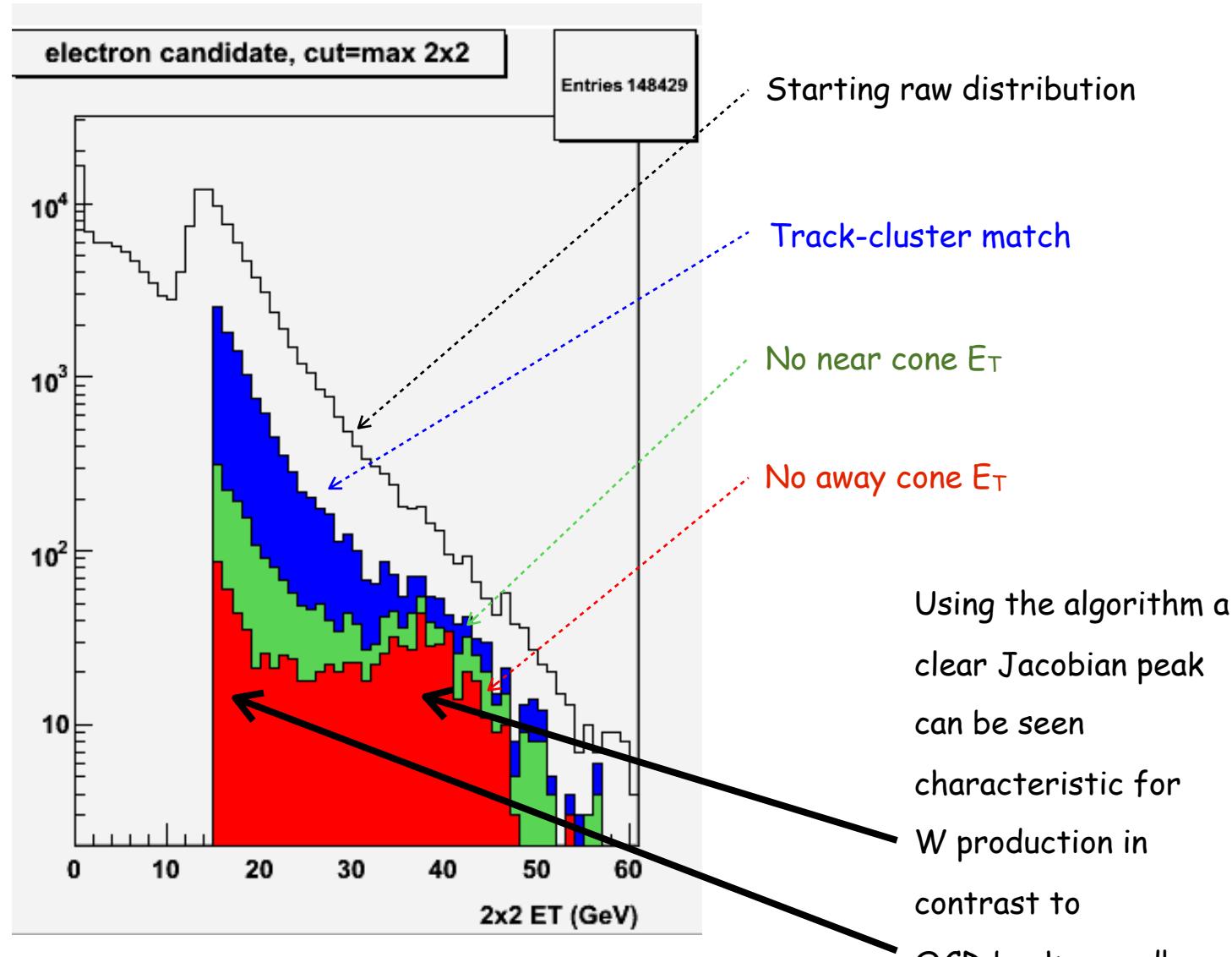
Select 2x2 cluster
with highest E_T sum

TPC track extrapolated
to BTOW tower grid



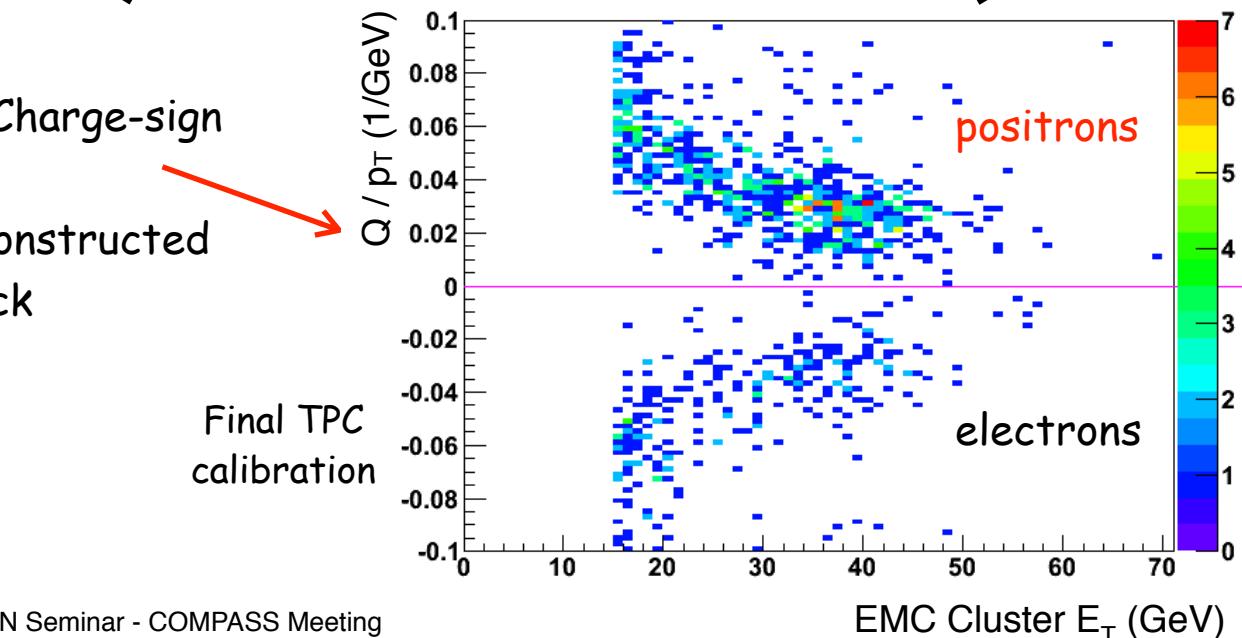
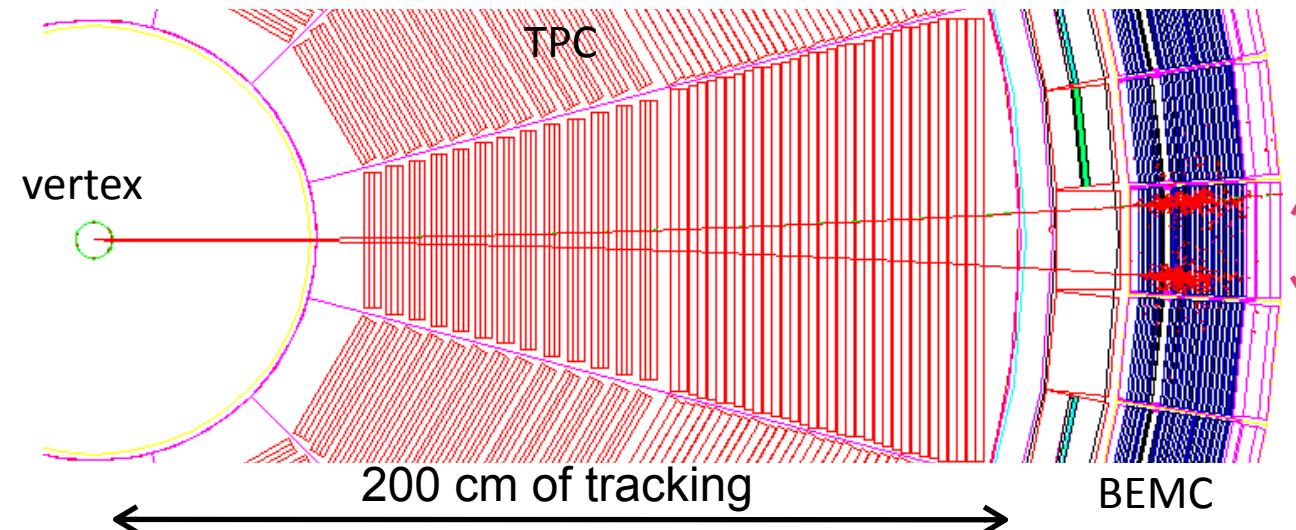
W production results: Algorithm Details

□ Evolution of E_T distribution vs. cut ID



W production results: Charge separation

- Mid-rapidity high p_T e^\pm charge separation



positron $p_T = 5 \text{ GeV}/c$

electron $p_T = 5 \text{ GeV}/c$

$+/-$ distance $D: \sim 1/p_T$

$p_T = 5 \text{ GeV}/c : D \sim 15 \text{ cm}$

$p_T = 40 \text{ GeV}/c : D \sim 2 \text{ cm}$

Assign:

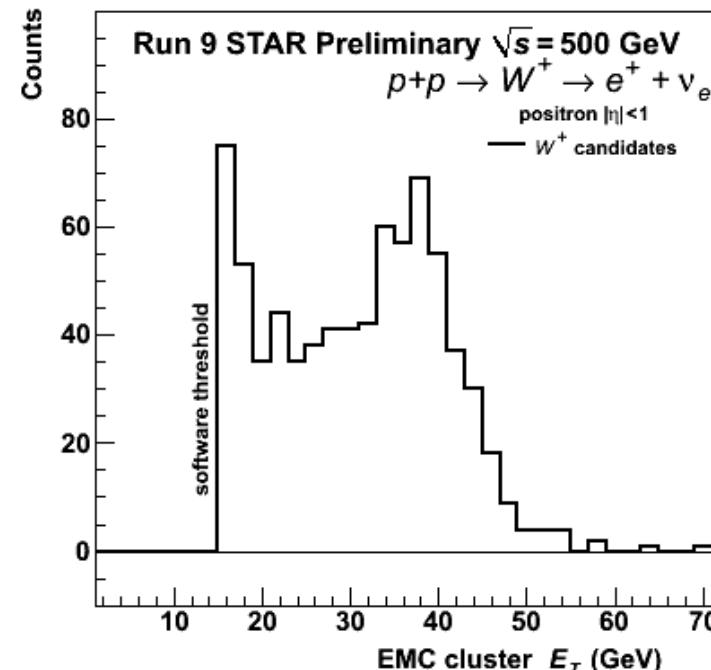
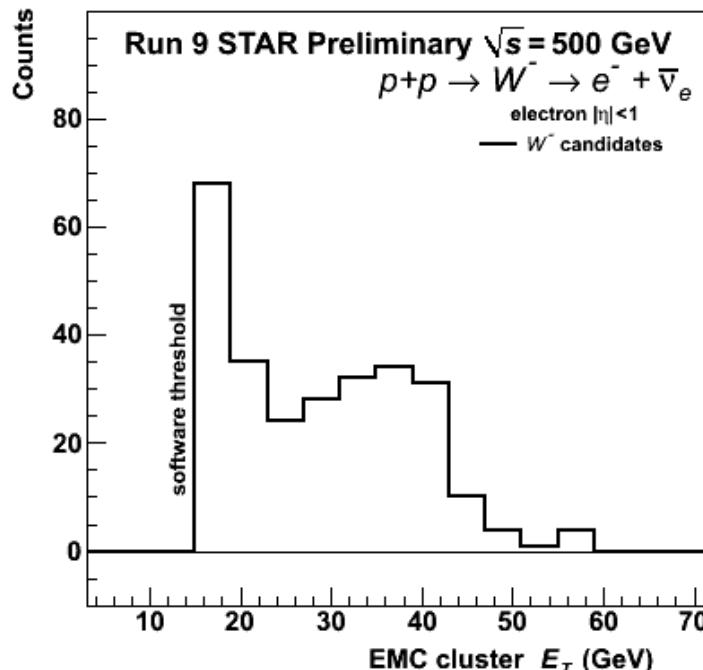
$Q/p_T > 0$ positrons

$Q/p_T < 0$ to be electrons

Successful separation of different charge states!

W production results: Charged-separated Yields

- Charge separated raw Signal / Jacobian Peak Distributions



- Charged separated W^+/W^- candidate distributions of the BEMC cluster transverse energy E_T (GeV)
- Cuts: All previously discussed cuts!

W production results: Background

□ Background treatment

PYTHIA+GEANT MC →

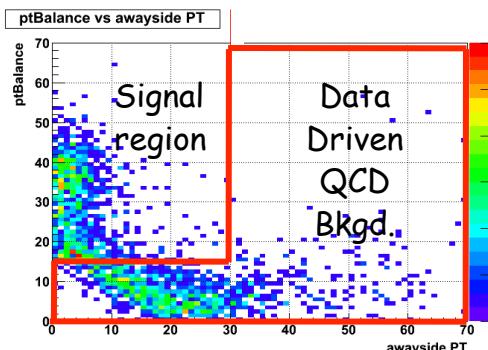
$$W \rightarrow \tau + \nu_\tau$$

$$\tau \rightarrow e + \nu_e + \nu_\tau$$

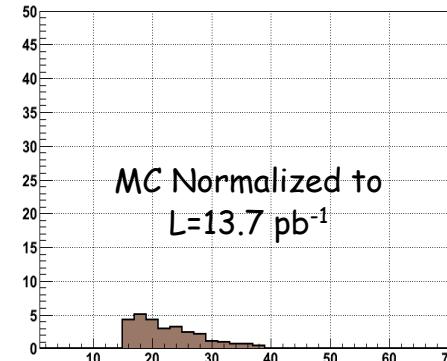
1. Run analysis **with** EEMC in veto cuts

2. Run analysis **without** EEMC in veto cuts

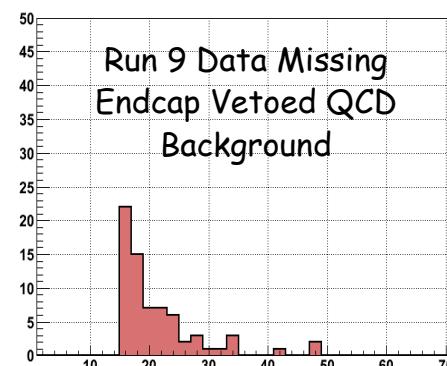
3. Subtract two raw signals



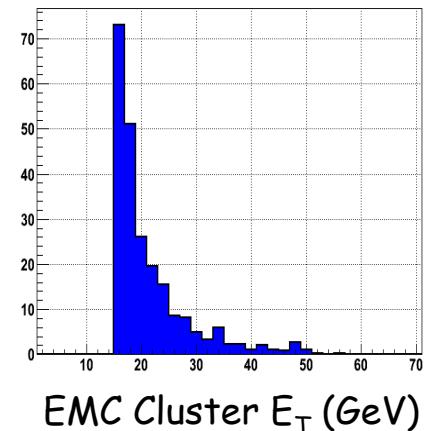
W⁺ distributions



Run 9 Data Missing
Endcap Vetoed QCD
Background



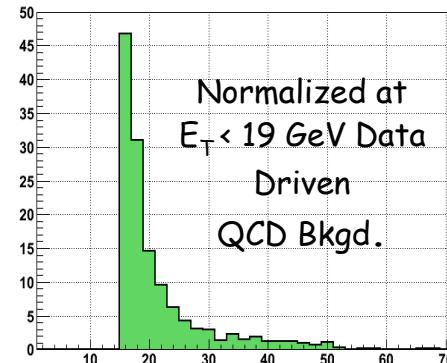
Total Background



EMC Cluster E_T (GeV)

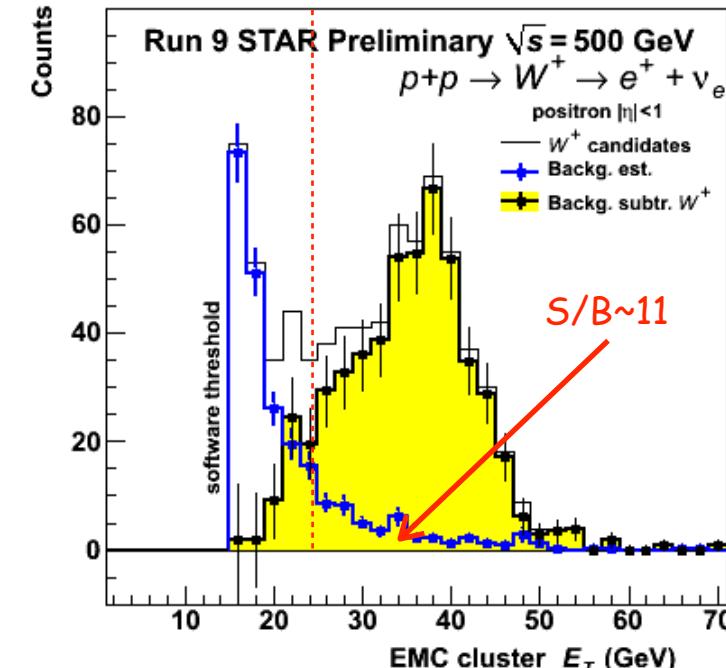
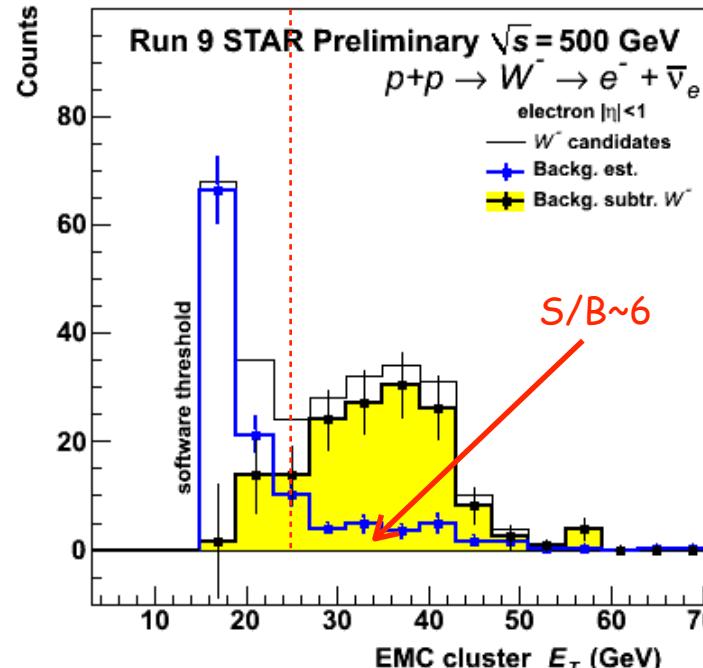
Background systematics:

- Calculate different data driven QCD background shapes by varying p_T balance and away-side p_T cuts
- Vary normalization region ($E_T < 17$ – 21 GeV)
- The largest deviation in each bin used for sys. error estimate



W production results: Background

□ Background subtraction

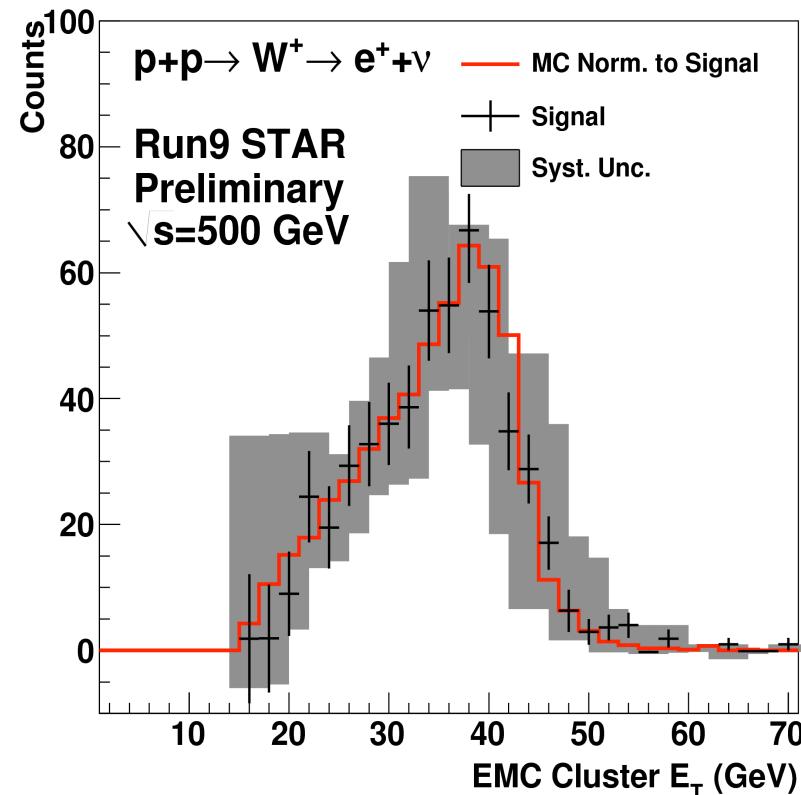
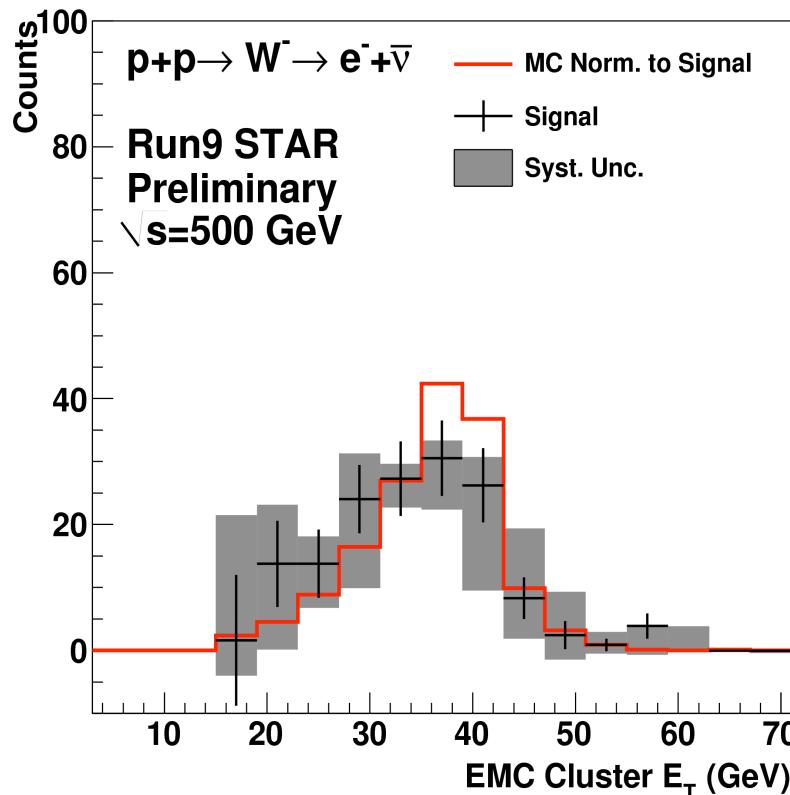


- Background distribution and background-subtracted signal distribution
- $B/(S+B)$ ($E_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$) W^- : 16%
- $B/(S+B)$ ($E_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$) W^+ : 8%

Background Events ($E_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$)	$W^- \rightarrow e^- + \bar{\nu}_e$	$W^+ \rightarrow e^+ + \nu_e$
$W \rightarrow \tau + \nu_\tau$	2.7 ± 0.7	8.4 ± 2.2
Missing Endcap	14 ± 4	13 ± 4
Normalized QCD	8.0^{+20}_{-4}	25^{+36}_{-9}
Total	25^{+21}_{-7}	46^{+36}_{-11}

W production results: Data/MC Comparison

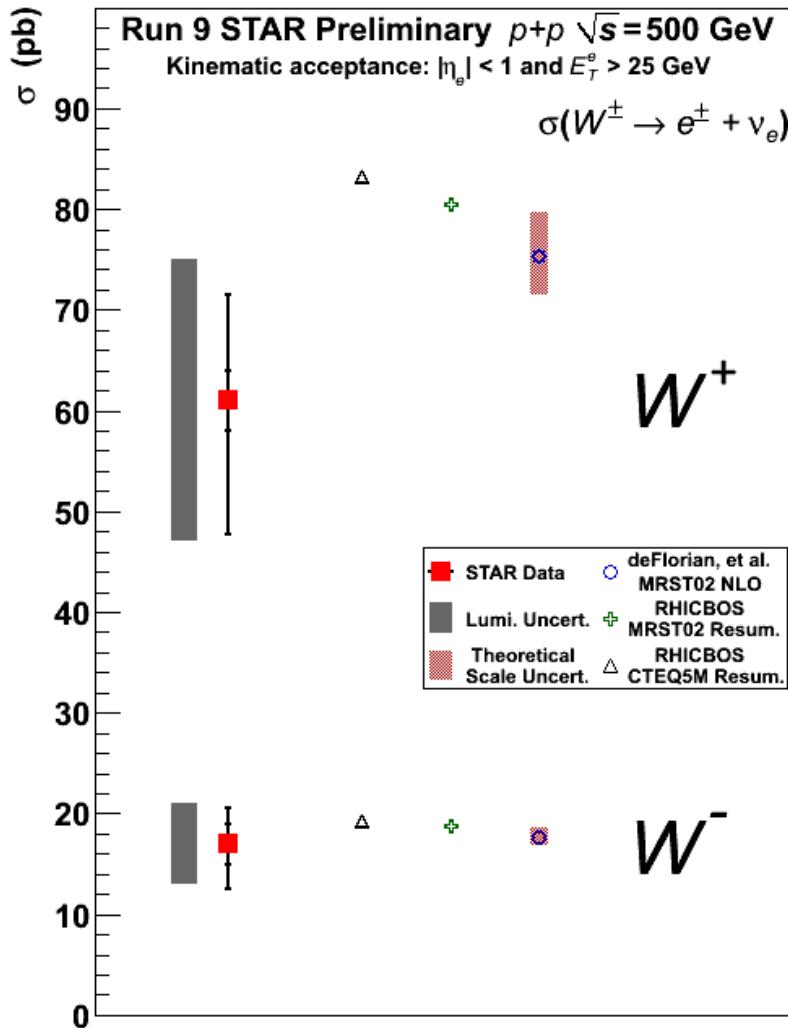
- Data/MC Comparison of charge-separated Jacobian peak distributions



- Comparison of data and PYTHIA+GEANT simulations for W signal events at $\sqrt{s}=500$ GeV
- Systematic uncertainties were estimated by varying cuts and normalization regions for QCD background and by varying BEMC energy scale uncertainty ($\pm 7.5\%$)

W production results: Cross-Section

□ Total W^+/W^- Cross-section results



STAR Preliminary Run 9 ($p+p \sqrt{s}=500 \text{ GeV}$)

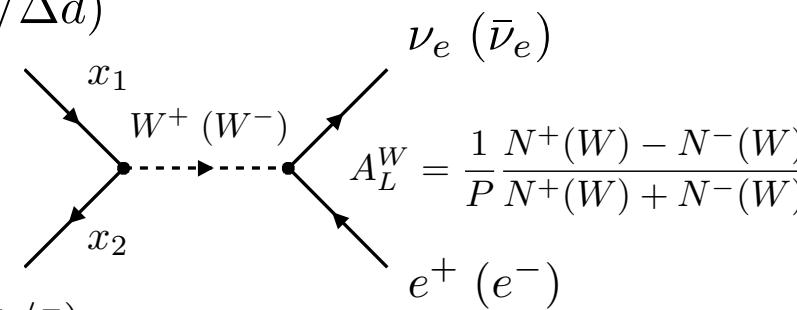
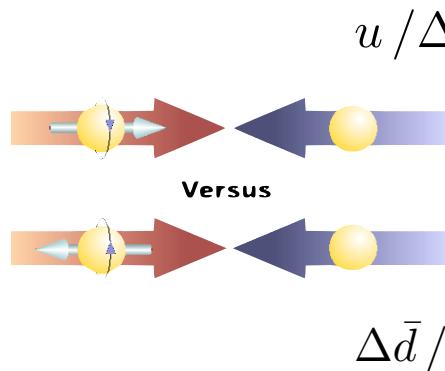
$$\sigma_{W^+ \rightarrow e^+ + \nu} = 61 \pm 3 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 10 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 14 \text{ (lumi.) pb}$$

$$\sigma_{W^- \rightarrow e^- + \bar{\nu}} = 17 \pm 2 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 3 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 4 \text{ (lumi.) pb}$$

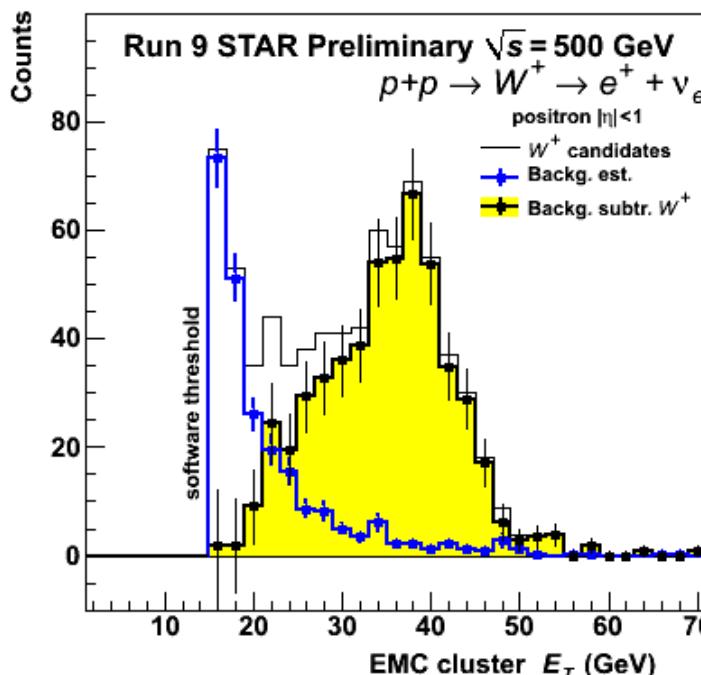
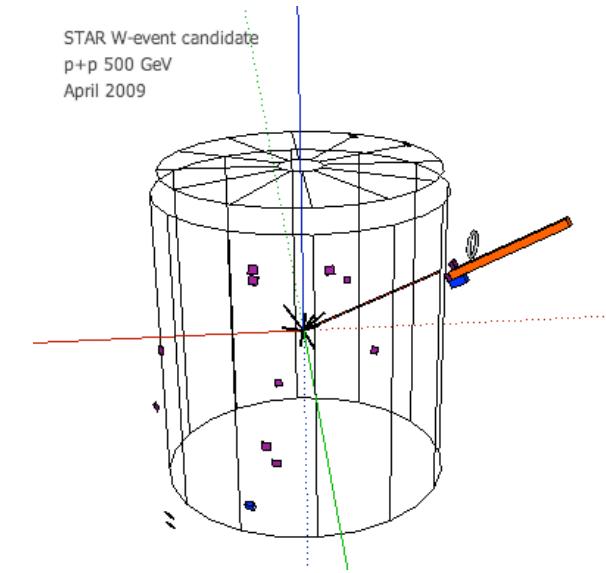
- Reasonable agreement between measured and theory evaluated cross-sections within uncertainties!

W production results: Asymmetry measurement

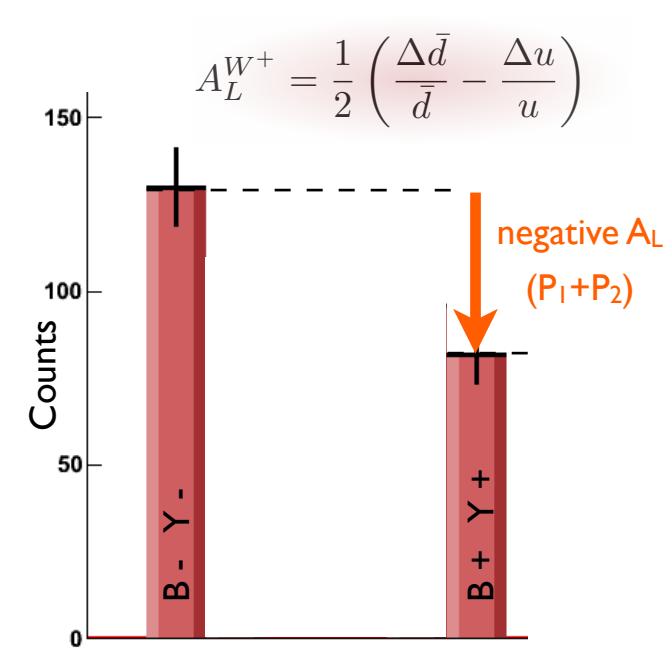
A_L determination



STAR W-event candidate
p+p 500 GeV
April 2009

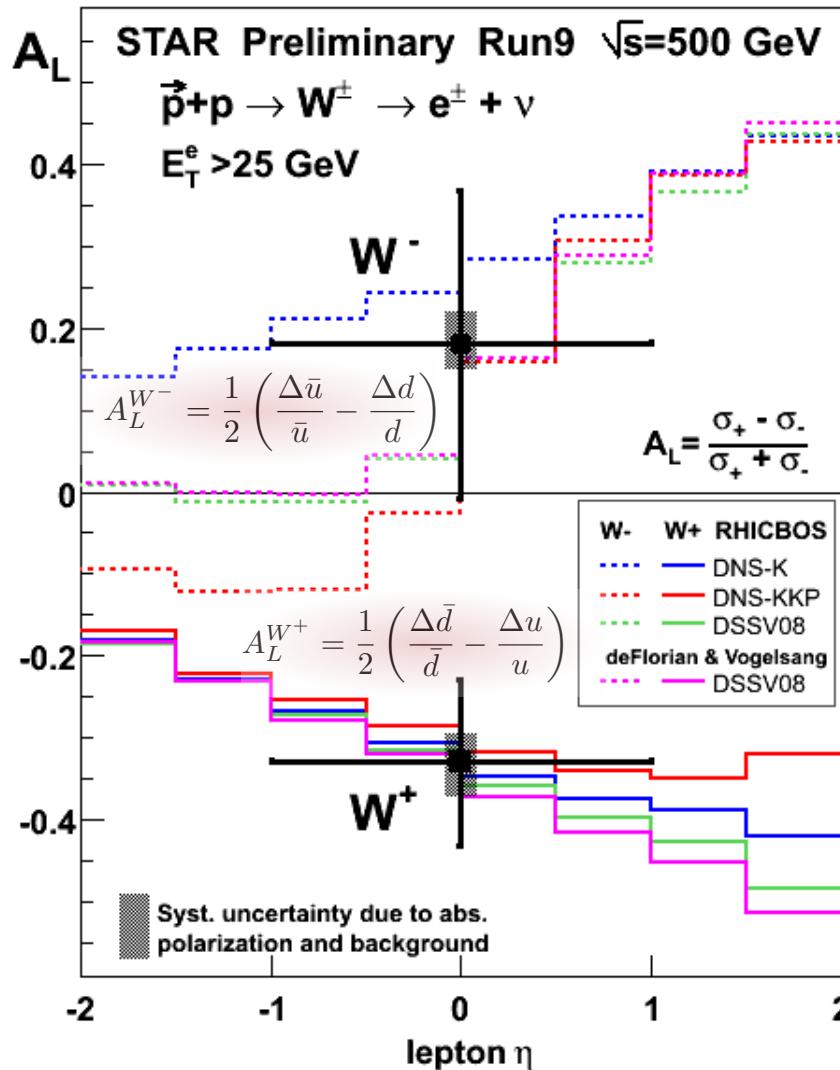


- First measurement of parity-violation in polarized proton-proton collisions at RHIC
- W^+ : Observe directly u quark polarization!



W production results: Asymmetry result

□ Parity-violating single-spin asymmetry $W^+/W^- A_L$ results



STAR Preliminary Run 9 ($p+p \sqrt{s}=500$ GeV)

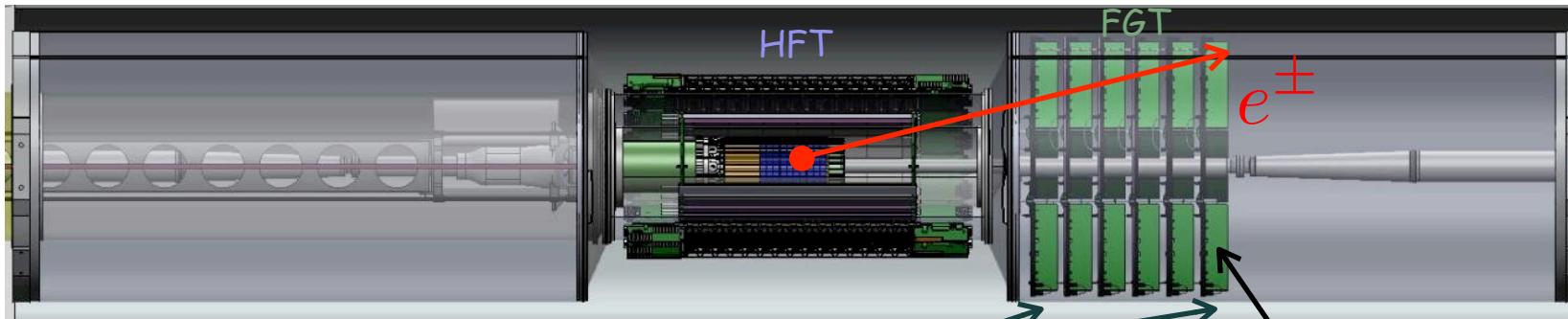
$$A_L(W^+) = -0.33 \pm 0.10(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.04(\text{syst.})$$

$$A_L(W^-) = 0.18 \pm 0.19(\text{stat.}) \quad {}^{+0.04}_{-0.03}(\text{syst.})$$

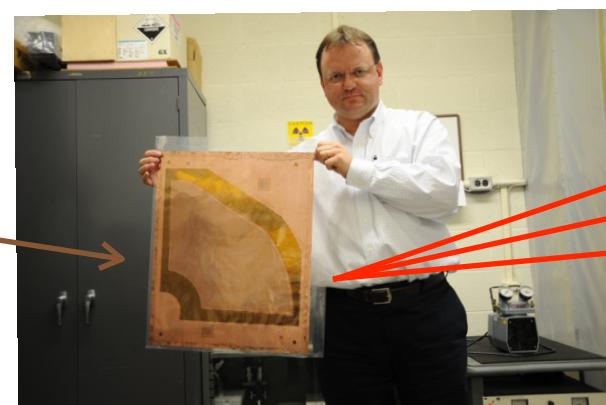
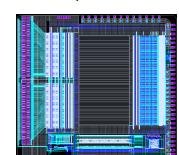
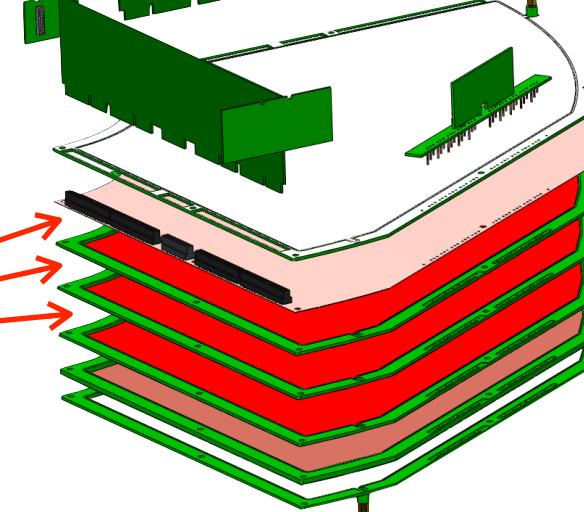
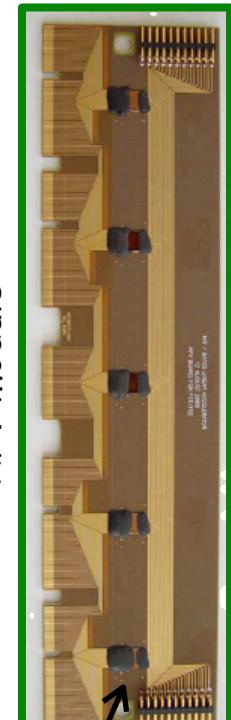
- $A_L(W^+)$ negative with a significance of 3.3σ
- $A_L(W^-)$ central value **positive**
- Systematic errors of A_L under control
- TPC charge separation works up to $p_T \sim 50$ GeV
- Measured asymmetries are in **agreement** with theory evaluations using polarized pdf's (DSSV) constrained by polarized DIS data
⇒ **Universality of helicity distribution functions!**

Future W program: Forward GEM Tracker

□ FGT layout



- FGT: 6 light-weight triple-GEM disks using industrially produced GEM foils (Tech-Etch Inc.)
- New mechanical support structure
- Expected installation: Summer 2011



Future W program: Projections

- A_L projections

lepton $|\eta| < 1$: 2 beams, eff=0.65 w/ 9MHz RF, Run9 QCD bckg, rhicbos $\sigma W^+, W^- = 82, 19 \text{ pb}$
 lepton $|\eta| \in [1,2]$: 1 beam, eff=0.60 w/ 9MHz RF, M-C QCD bckg, rhicbos $\sigma W^+, W^- = 5.3, 4.7 \text{ pb}$

- Assumptions:

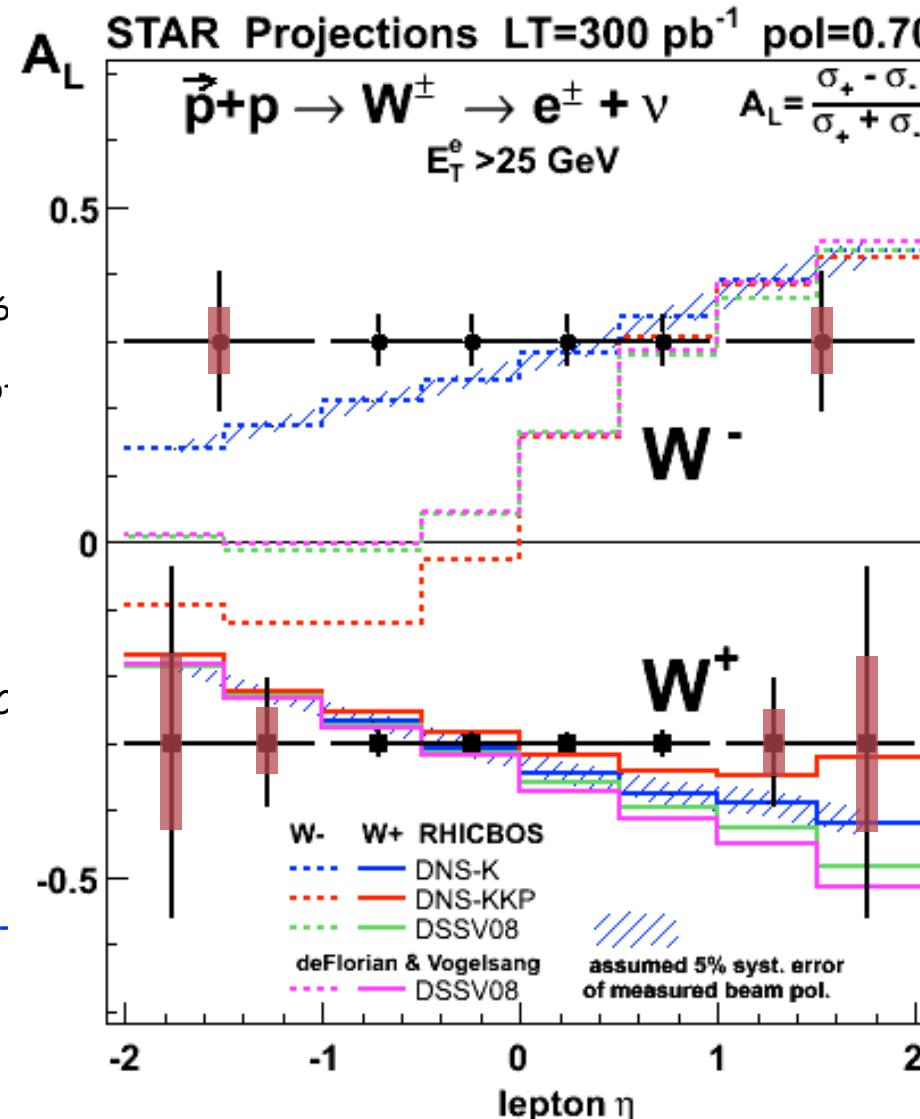
 - Efficiency:

 - Mid-rapidity: 0.65
 - Forward rapidity: 0.6
 - Assume availability of 9MHz RF

 - Background:

 - Mid-rapidity: Run 9
 - Forward rapidity: QC MC simulations

 - Full charge-sign discrimination at high- p_T



- Conclusions:

- W Program** at RHIC is a **multi-year program** - Initial sample of $\sim 100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ / $\sim 50\%$ is only a step along the way!

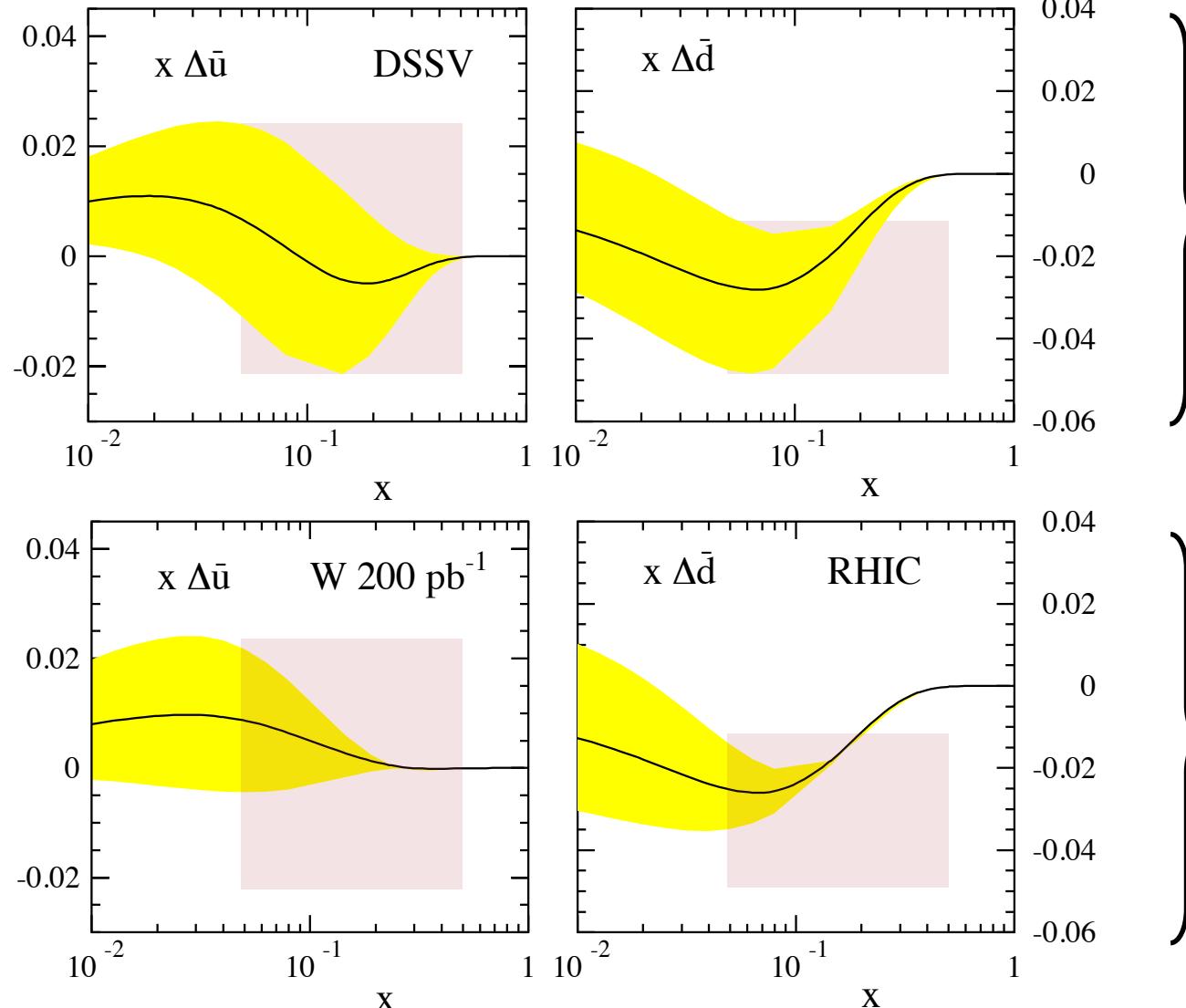
- Critical:

 - Design polarization performance of 70% to collect at least 300 pb^{-1}
 - Polarization uncertainty $\sim 5\%$

Future W program: Projections

STAR W Impact on polarized QCD sea

D. deFlorian and W. Vogelsang, hep-ph/1003.4533



DSSV08 Fit

Include W results at RHIC

(PHENIX and STAR)

assuming $-2 < \eta < 2$

with 200pb^{-1}

Strong constrain for $x > 0.05$

Summary

- STAR High-energy polarized p-p program
 - pQCD: Critical role to interpret measured asymmetries
 - First global analysis incl. RHIC SPIN data ⇒ Evidence for small gluon polarization for $0.05 < x < 0.2$
 - Correlation measurements (Di-Jets / γ -Jets) will allow to provide needed constrain on the partonic kinematics ⇒ First Di-Jet cross-section measurement at RHIC at $\sqrt{s} = 200\text{GeV}$
 - Run 9 analysis of 200GeV in full swing - Strong focus on di-jet measurements!
 - First Run 9 STAR W result (Cross-section and A_L for W^+/W^- at mid-rapidity) important milestone!
 - Forward rapidity: Complete FGT construction in ~fall 2010 followed by full system test and subsequent full installation in ~summer 2011
⇒ Ready for anticipated long 500GeV polarized pp run in FY12 (Run 12)
 - Future measurements of A_L at STAR at mid-rapidity and forward rapidity (Wide rapidity coverage!) are expected to play an important role in our understanding of the polarized QCD sea!

Outlook

□ Outlook - RHIC SPIN

- Three key elements:

- Gluon polarization
- Quark / Anti-Quark Polarization
- Transverse spin dynamics

- Critical:

	Recorded Luminosity	Main physics Objective	Remarks
	$\sim 50\text{pb}^{-1}$	Gluon polarization using di-jets and precision inclusive measurements	200 GeV
	$\sim 100\text{pb}^{-1}$	W production (Important consistency check to DIS results - Phase I) Gluon polarization (Di-Jets / Photon-Jets)	500 GeV
	$\sim 300\text{pb}^{-1}$	W production (Constrain antiquark polarization - Phase II) Gluon polarization (Di-Jets / Photon-Jets)	500 GeV
	$\sim 30\text{pb}^{-1}$	Transverse spin gamma-jet	200 GeV
	$\sim 250\text{pb}^{-1}$	Transverse spin Drell-Yan (Long term)	200 GeV

- Beam polarization: 70% / Narrow vertex region / Spin flipper
- Critical: Sufficient running time!