

# COMPASS results on transverse spin dependent azimuthal asymmetries in two-hadron production in semi-inclusive deep-inelastic scattering

Christopher Braun<sup>1</sup>

on behalf of the **COMPASS** collaboration

<sup>1</sup>Physikalisches Institut IV der Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg

XXI INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP on DEEP-INELASTIC SCATTERING and RELATED SUBJECTS

April 24<sup>th</sup> 2013, Marseille, France



GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium  
für Bildung  
und Forschung



FRIEDRICH-ALEXANDER  
UNIVERSITÄT  
ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG

NATURWISSENSCHAFTLICHE  
FAKULTÄT

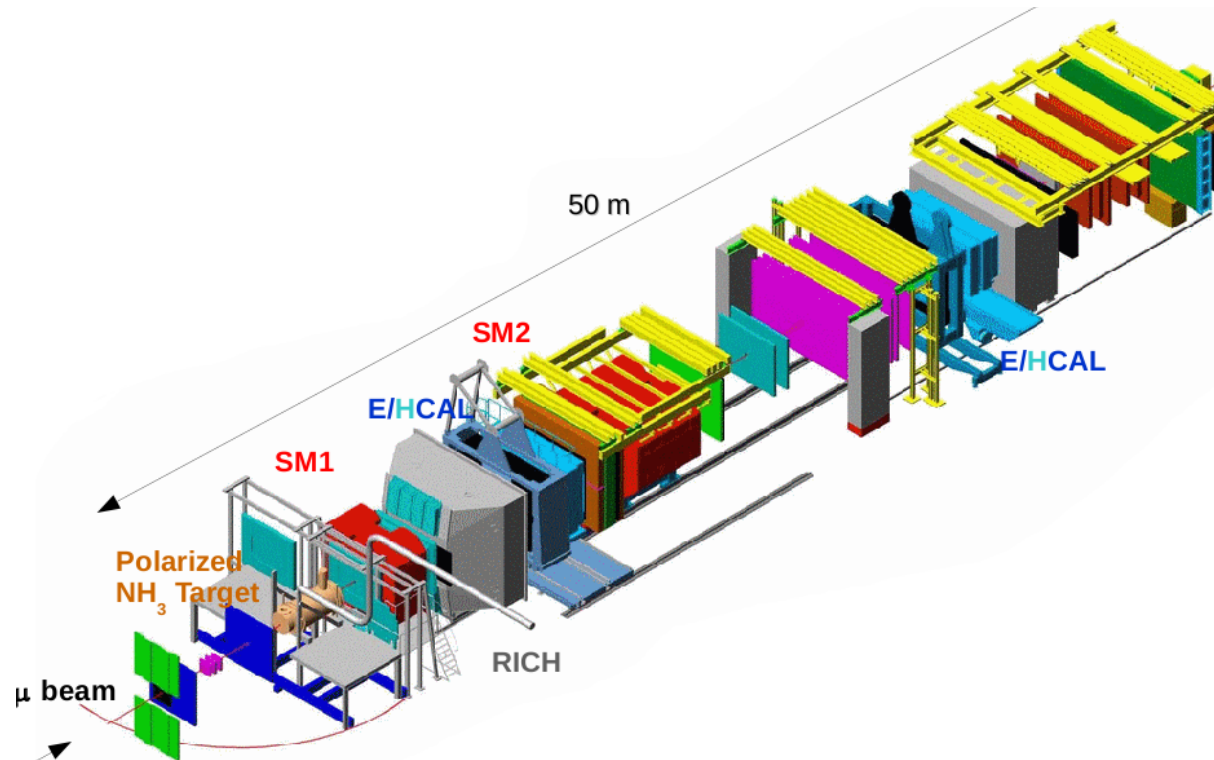
# Outline

- 1 The COMPASS experiment
- 2 Theoretical framework
- 3 Data selection
- 4 Two-hadron asymmetries: deuteron 2002-04 and proton 2007 data
- 5 Two-hadron asymmetries: proton 2010 data
- 6 Two-hadron asymmetries: combined 2007/2010 data
- 7 Conclusions & outlook

# The COMPASS experiment at CERN

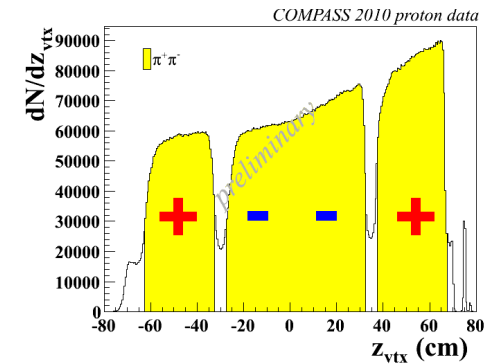


# The COMPASS experiment



*e.g.* COMPASS setup 2007

- 2-stage spectrometer with tracking, calo and PID (RICH)
- Longitudinally polarized 160 GeV/c  $\mu^+$ -beam
- 2002-04 transversely polarized deuterium 2-cell target
- 2007 & 2010 transversely polarized ammonia 3-cell target
- Polarization reversed every week via microwave



deuteron ( ${}^6\text{LiD}$ ):



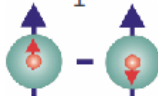
- polarization  $\approx 47\%$
- dilution factor  $\approx 0.38$

proton ( $\text{NH}_3$ ):

- polarization  $\approx 90\%$
- dilution factor  $\approx 0.15$

# Theoretical framework: from spin structure to Transversity

Three independent parton distribution functions (PDF) are necessary to describe the spin structure of the nucleon in leading twist in the collinear case:

		quark		
		U	L	T
nucleon	U	$f_1(x)$ 		
	L		$g_1(x)$ 	
	T			$h_1(x)$ 

**unpol. quark** distribution:  
 $f_1(x) = q^+(x) + q^-(x)$

**Helicity** distribution:  
 $g_1(x) = q^+(x) - q^-(x)$

**Transversity** distribution:  
 $h_1(x) = q^{\uparrow\uparrow}(x) - q^{\uparrow\downarrow}(x)$

Collins FF  $\ell N^\uparrow \rightarrow \ell' h X$

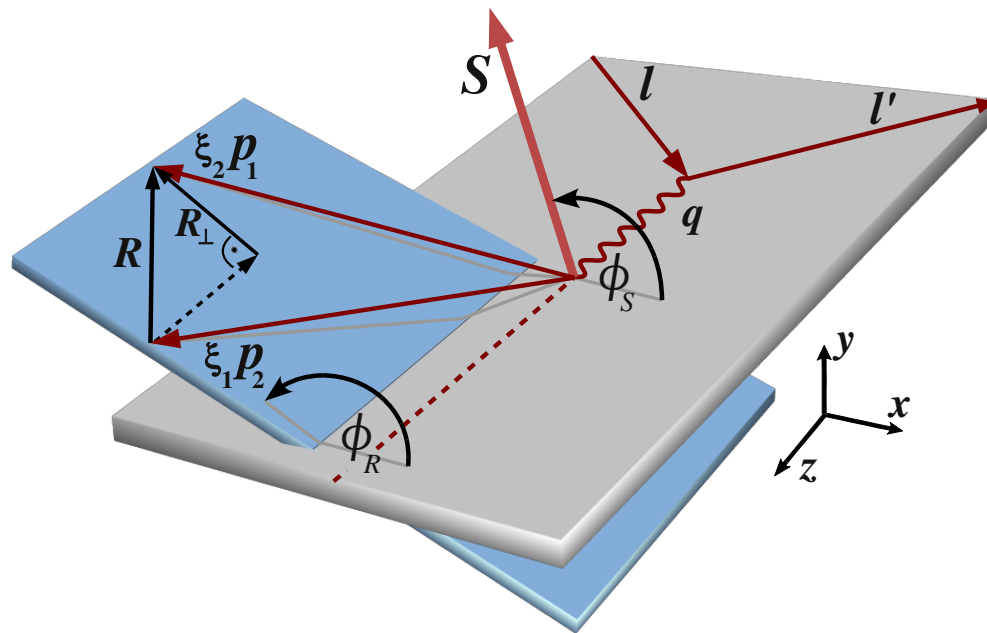
**Interference FF**  $\ell N^\uparrow \rightarrow \ell' h h X$

See also talks of A. Martin & B. Parsamyan

# Theoretical framework: angle definitions

$$\ell p^\uparrow \rightarrow \ell' h_1 h_2$$

Fragmentation of a transversely polarized quark into two unpolarized hadrons



- $\ell, \ell'$  and  $\mathbf{q}$  are 3-momenta of incoming, scattered lepton and virtual photon
- $\phi_S$  azimuthal angle of the spin  $\mathbf{S}$  of the fragmenting quark
- $\mathbf{p}_i$  is the 3-momenta of  $h_i$
- $z_i$  is the fraction of the virtual-photon energy carried by  $h_i$
- $\mathbf{R} = \frac{z_2 \mathbf{p}_1 - z_1 \mathbf{p}_2}{z_1 + z_2} = \xi_2 \mathbf{p}_1 - \xi_1 \mathbf{p}_2$
- $\mathbf{R}_T$  is the component of  $\mathbf{R}$  perpendicular to  $\mathbf{q}$
- Azimuthal angle of  $\mathbf{R}$ :

$$\phi_R = \frac{(\mathbf{q} \times \mathbf{l}) \cdot \mathbf{R}}{|(\mathbf{q} \times \mathbf{l}) \cdot \mathbf{R}|} \arccos \left( \frac{(\mathbf{q} \times \mathbf{l}) \cdot (\mathbf{q} \times \mathbf{R})}{|\mathbf{q} \times \mathbf{l}| |\mathbf{q} \times \mathbf{R}|} \right)$$

## Theoretical framework: two-hadron cross section

The differential two-hadron cross section is:

$$\frac{d^7\sigma}{d\cos\theta dM_{hh}^2 d\phi_R dz dx dy d\phi_S} =$$
$$\frac{\alpha^2}{2\pi Q^2 y} \left( (1 - y + \frac{y^2}{2}) \sum_q e_q^2 f_1^q(x) D_{1,q}(z, M_{hh}^2, \cos\theta) \right.$$
$$\left. + S_\perp (1 - y) \times \sum_q e_q^2 \frac{|\mathbf{p}_1 - \mathbf{p}_2|}{2M_{hh}} \sin(\theta) \sin(\phi_{RS}) h_1^q(x) H_{1,q}^\triangleleft(z, M_{hh}^2, \cos\theta) \right)$$

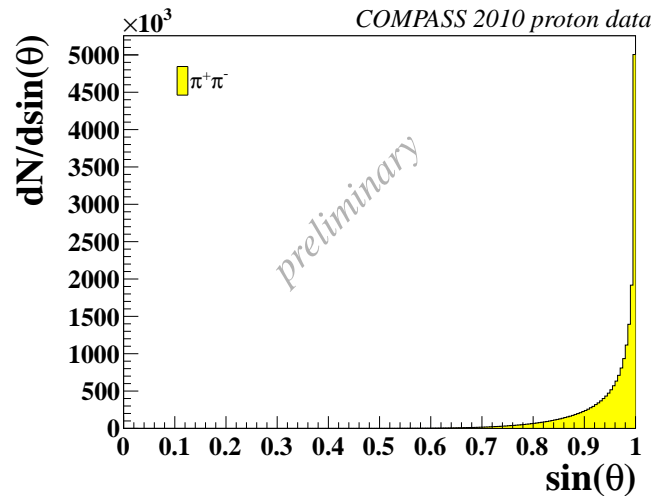
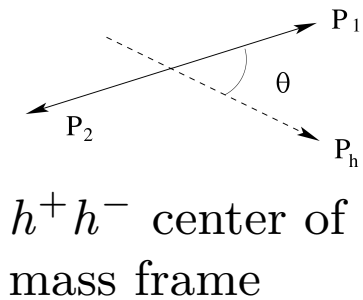
$$\text{with } \phi_{RS} = \phi_R + \phi_S - \pi$$

Where  $h_1(x)$  is the Transversity PDF and  $H_{1,q}^\triangleleft$  is the two-hadron Interference FF.  $D_{1,q}$  is the unpolarized two-hadron fragmentation function, which is measured at *e.g.* BELLE.

see talks by G. Karyan, N. Makke & C. van Hulse  
A. Vossen *et al.* [BELLE Collaboration], Phys. Rev. Lett. **107** (2011) 072004 arXiv:1104.2425v3.

# Theoretical framework: asymmetries extraction

$$N_{2h}(x, y, z, M_{hh}^2, \cos(\theta), \phi_{RS}) \propto \sigma_{UU}(1 \pm fP_T D_{NN} A_{UT}^{\sin \phi_{RS}} \sin \theta \sin \phi_{RS})$$



$\sigma_{UU}$  = unpolarized cross section  
 $\pm$  indicates nucleon spin orientation  
 $f$  = target dilution factor  
 $P_T$  = target polarization  
 $D_{NN}$  = transv. spin transfer coef.  
 $D_{NN} = \frac{1-y}{1-y+\frac{y^2}{2}}$

$\langle \sin \theta \rangle = 0.94$   
 $\Rightarrow$  can be neglected

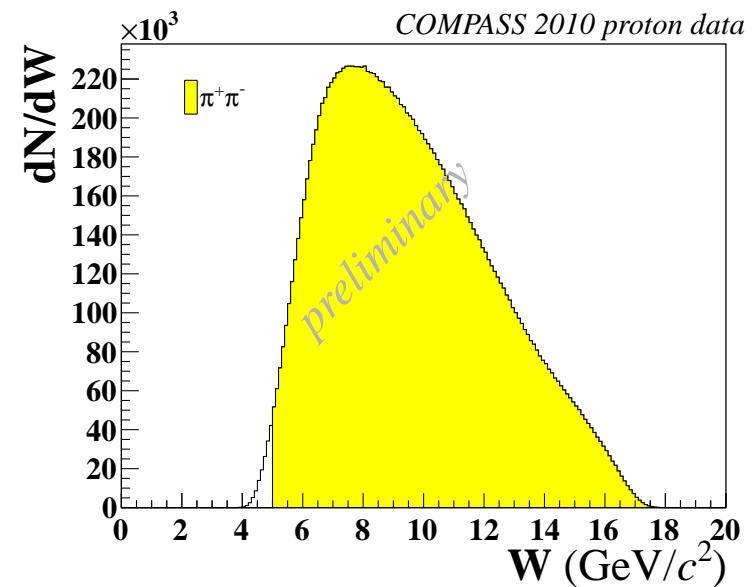
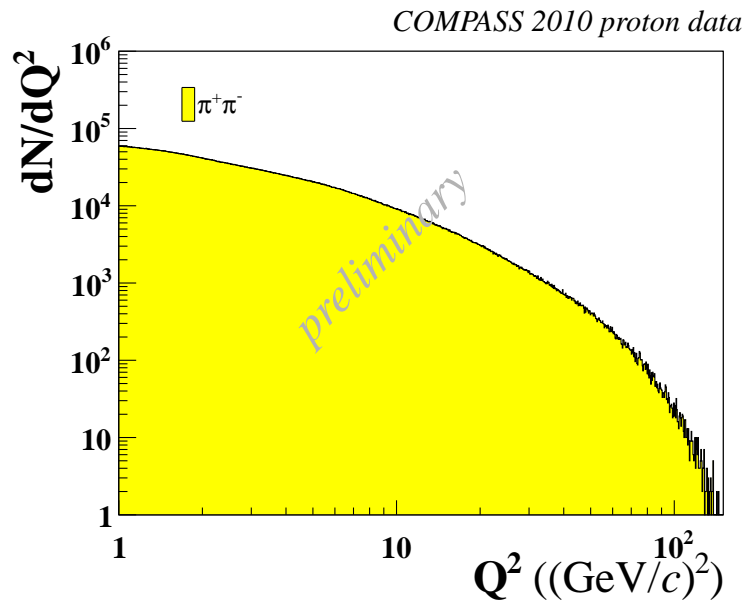
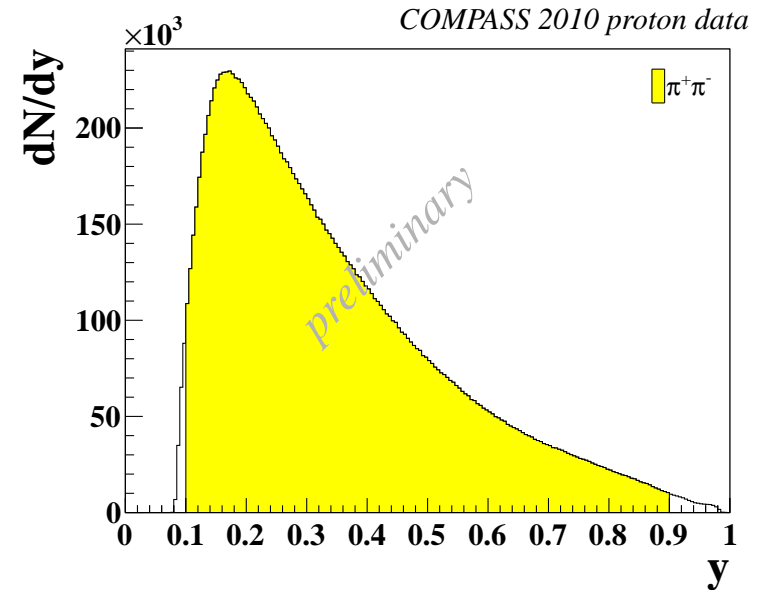
$$A_{UT}^{\sin \phi_{RS}} = \frac{|\mathbf{p}_1 - \mathbf{p}_2|}{2M_{hh}} \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 h_1^q(x) H_{1,q}^{\triangleleft}(z, M_{hh}^2, \cos \theta)}{\sum_q e_q^2 f_1^q(x) D_{1,q}(z, M_{hh}^2, \cos \theta)}$$



# Data selection: DIS cuts

## DIS cuts on events:

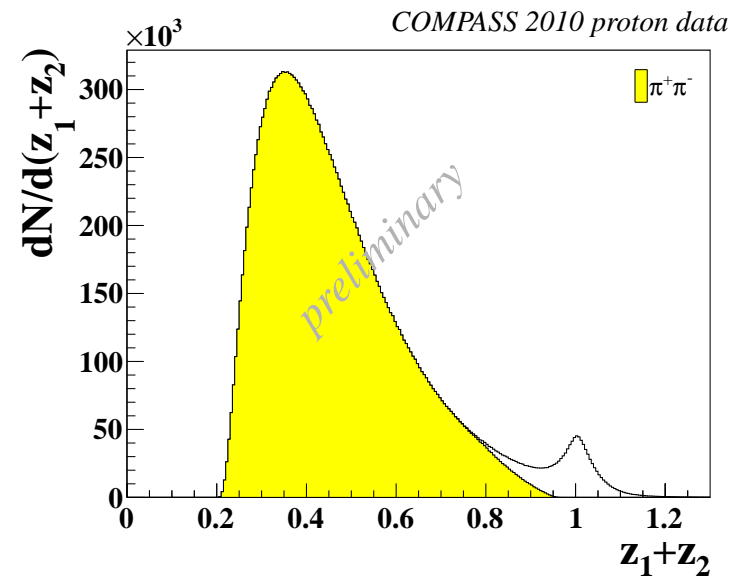
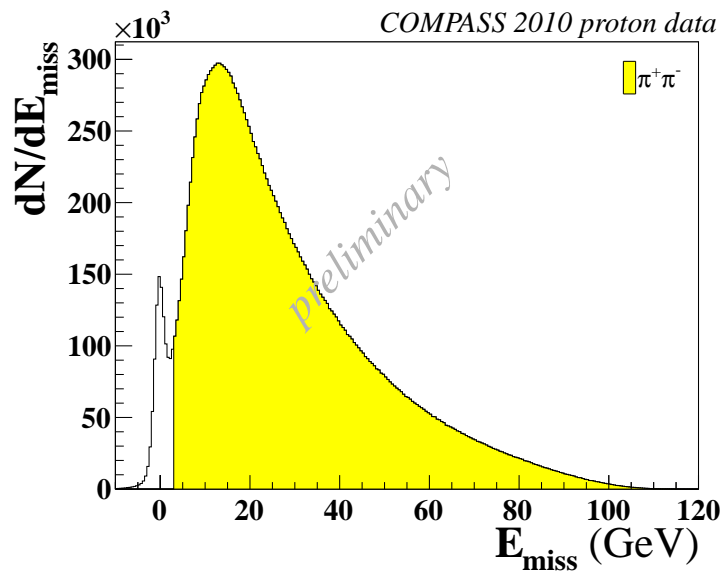
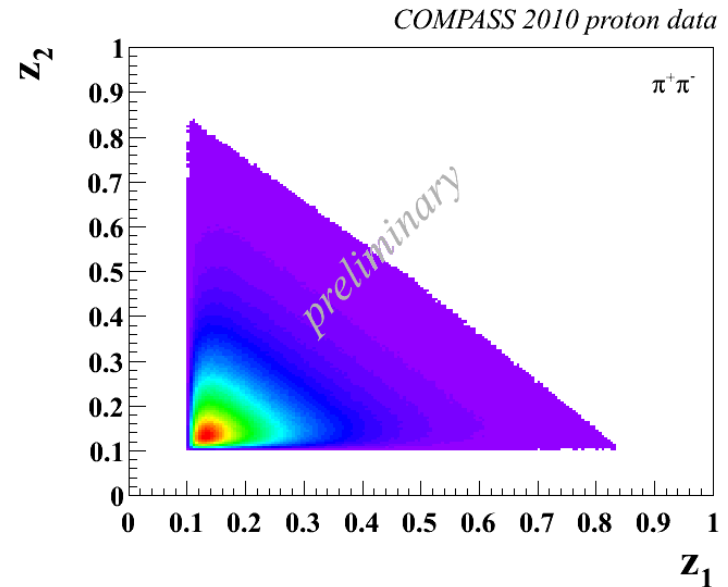
- $Q^2 > 1 \text{ (GeV/c)}^2$
  - $0.1 < y < 0.9$
  - $W > 5 \text{ GeV/c}^2$
- spectrometer acceptance:  
 $0.003 < x < 0.7$



# Data selection: hadron & hadron pair cuts

## hadron & hadron pair cuts:

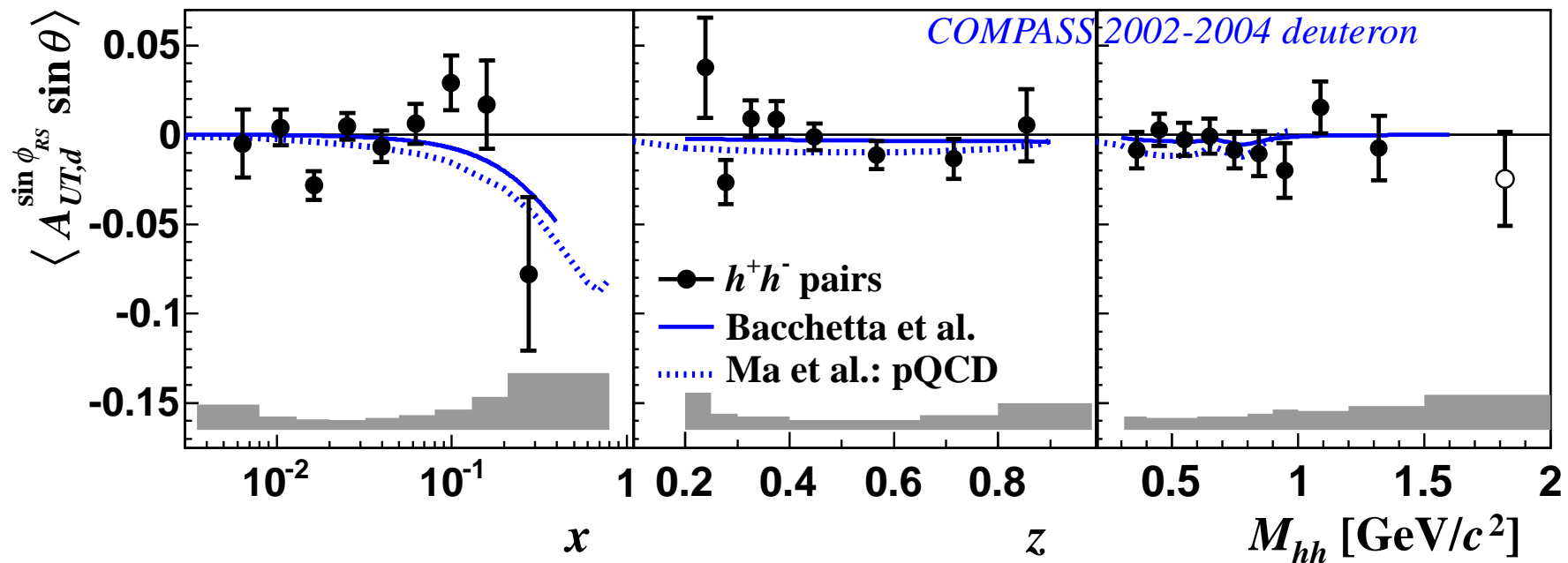
- at least 2 outgoing hadrons with opposite charge
- $z > 0.1$  for each hadron
- $x_F > 0.1$  for each hadron
- $E_{miss} > 3$  GeV for each pair
- $R_T > 0.07$  GeV/c for each pair



two-hadron asymmetries:

deuteron 2002-04 and proton 2007 data

## deuteron data 2002-04: all $h^+h^-$ pairs

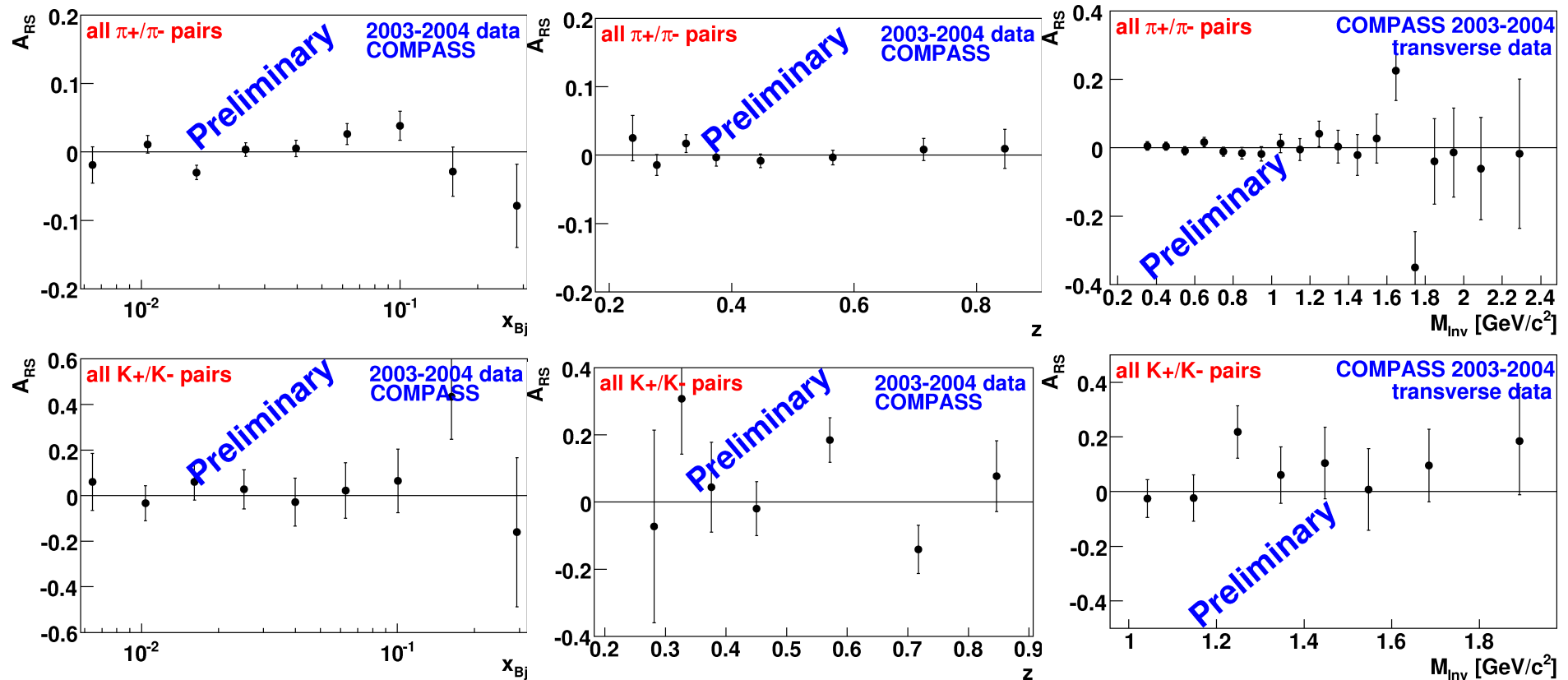


Adolph C. *et al.* [COMPASS Collaboration], Phys. Lett. B **713** (2012) 10  
 Bacchetta A. and Radici M., Phys. Rev. D **74** (2006) 114007  
 Ma B.-Q. *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **77** (2008) 014035

↔ Asymmetries for deuteron target compatible with zero within the uncertainties

The models also predict a cancellation of the  $u$  and  $d$  quark transversity on the deuteron.

# deuteron data 2002-04: $\pi^+\pi^-$ & $K^+K^-$ pairs



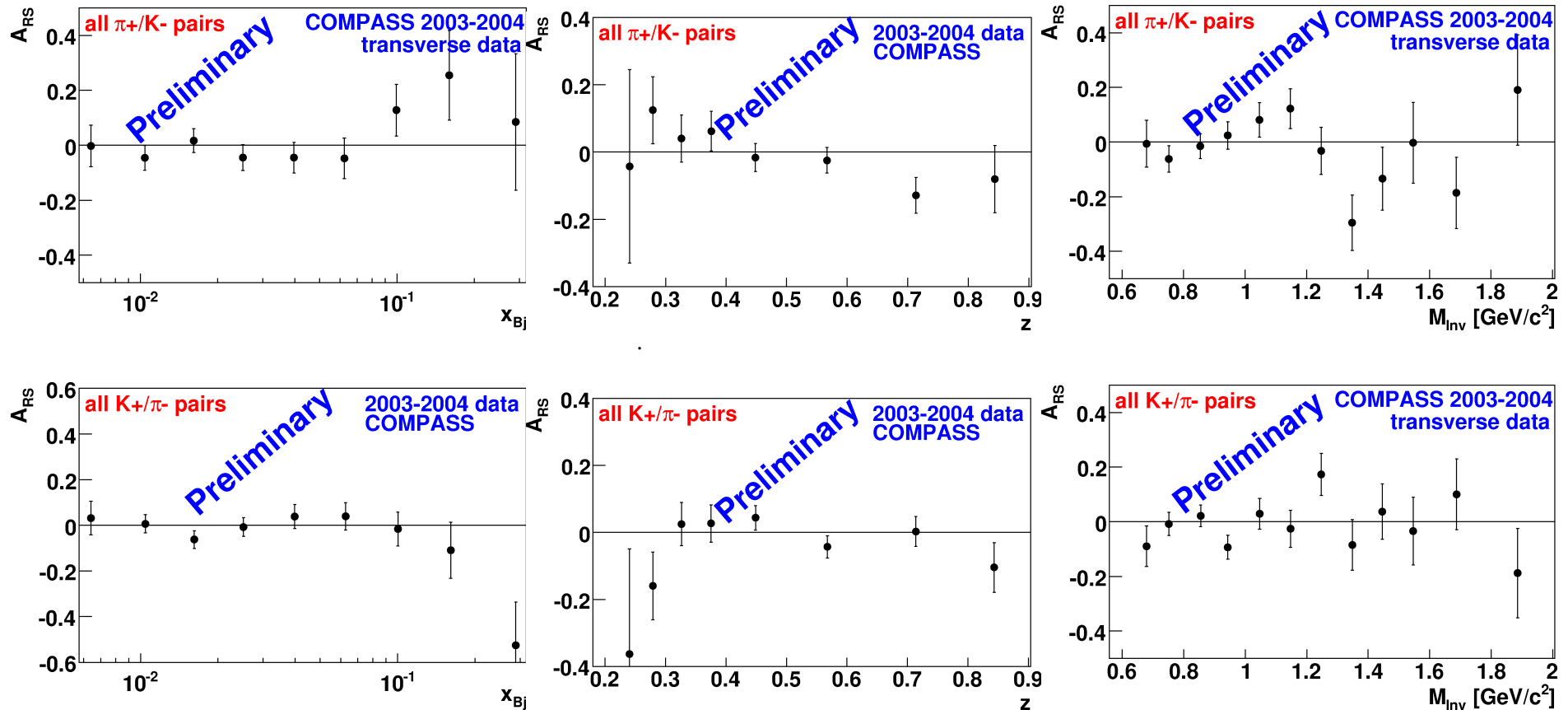
2002-04 deuteron data 2-hadron asymmetries:  $\pi^+\pi^-$  pairs (top),  $K^+K^-$  pairs (bottom)

$\hookrightarrow h^+h^-$  asymmetries follow mostly  $\pi^+\pi^-$  signal

$\pi^+\pi^-$  asymmetries are small and compatible with zero

$K^+K^-$  no signal & low statistics

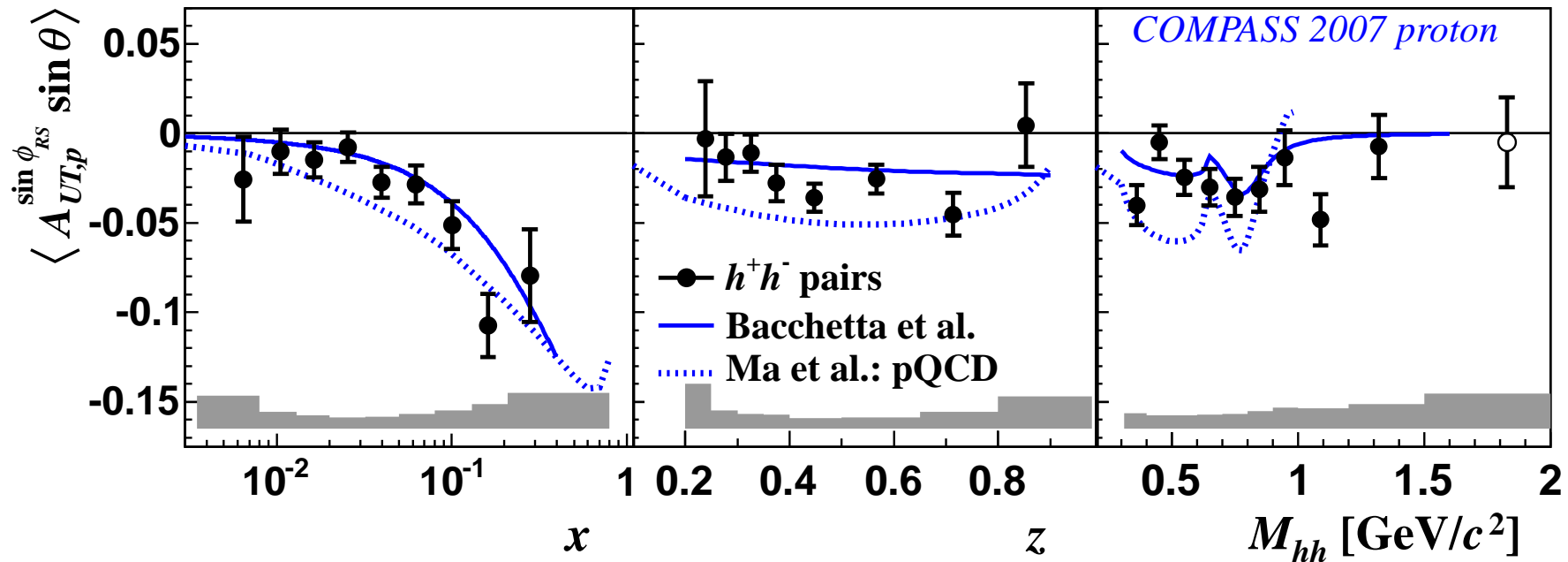
# deuteron data 2002-04: $\pi^+ K^-$ & $K^+ \pi^-$ pairs



2002-04 deuteron data 2-hadron asymmetries: all  $\pi^+ K^-$  pairs (top),  $K^+ \pi^-$  pairs (bottom)

$\hookrightarrow \pi^+ K^-$  &  $K^+ \pi^-$  signal compatible with zero  
 weak indication of opposite sign of the signal in  $x$  dependence

# proton data 2007: all $h^+h^-$ pairs



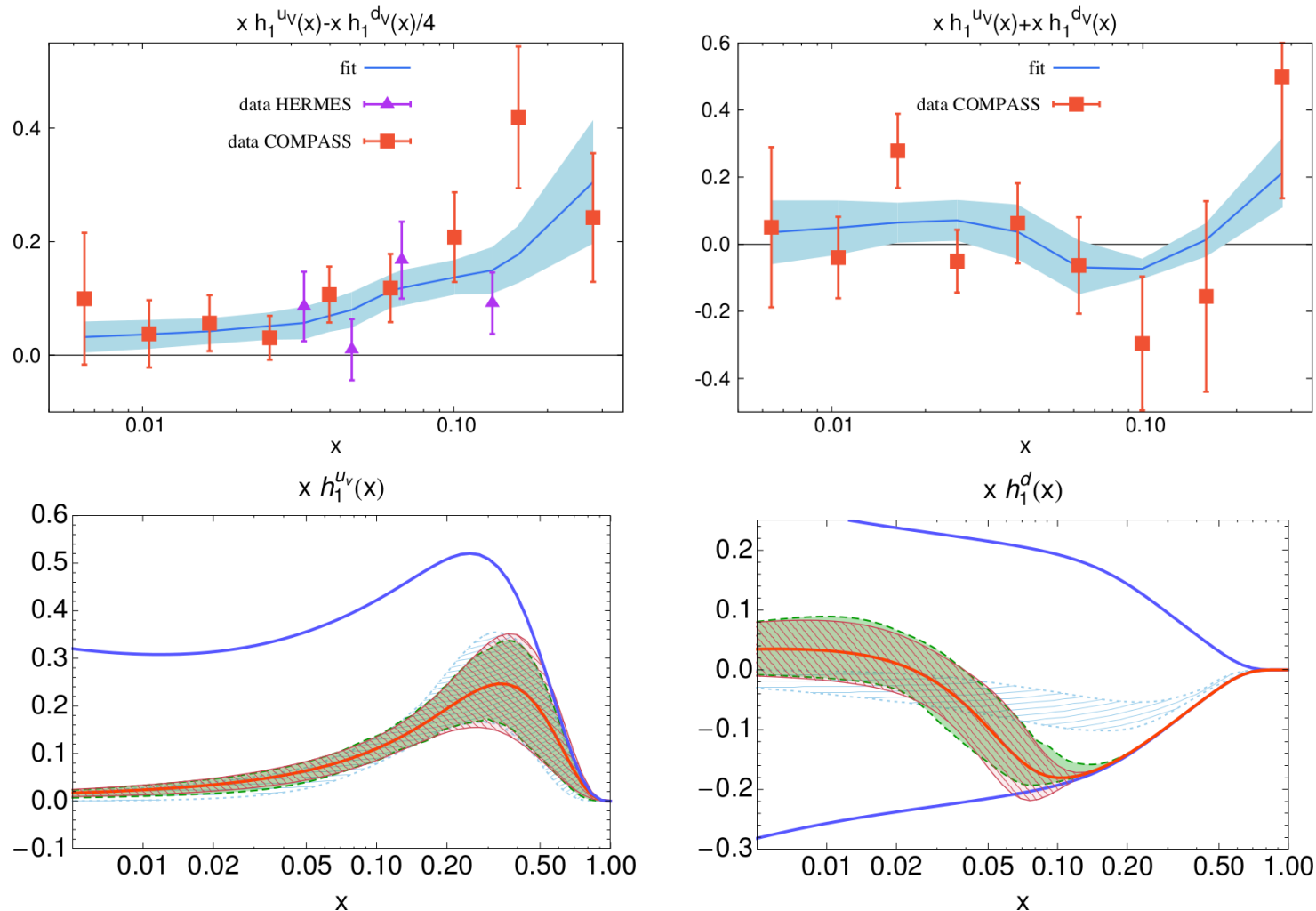
Adolph C. *et al.* [COMPASS Collaboration], Phys. Lett. B **713** (2012) 10  
 Bacchetta A. and Radici M., Phys. Rev. D **74** (2006) 114007  
 Ma B.-Q. *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **77** (2008) 014035

↪ Large asymmetries in  $x$  dependence up to -10%

Good agreement with the model predictions

# proton data 2007: extraction of $u$ and $d$ transversity

→  $h_1^u$  &  $h_1^d$  were extracted using **HERMES** proton and **COMPASS** 2007 proton & 2002-04 deuteron data



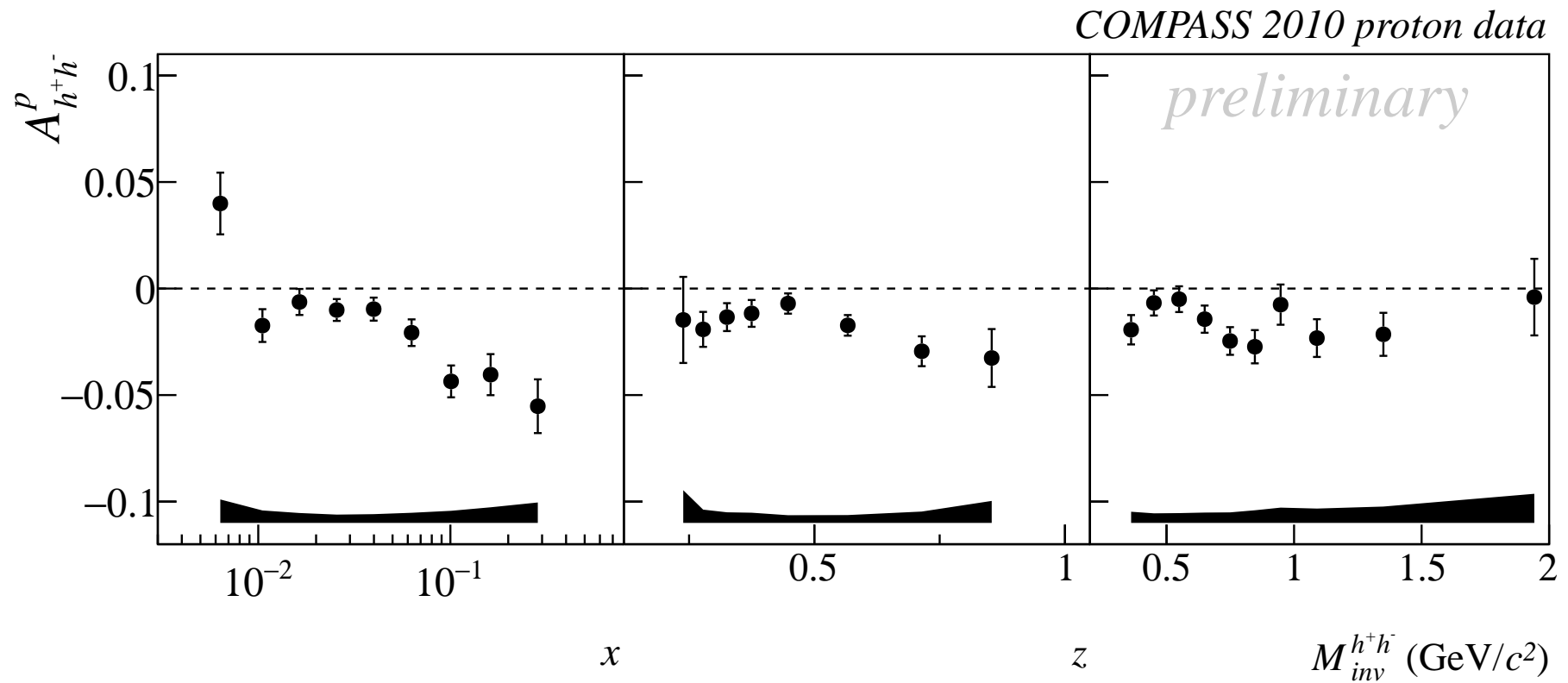
see talk by A. Courtoy | Bacchetta A., Courtoy A. and Radici M., JHEP **1303** (2013) 119



two-hadron asymmetries:

proton 2010 data

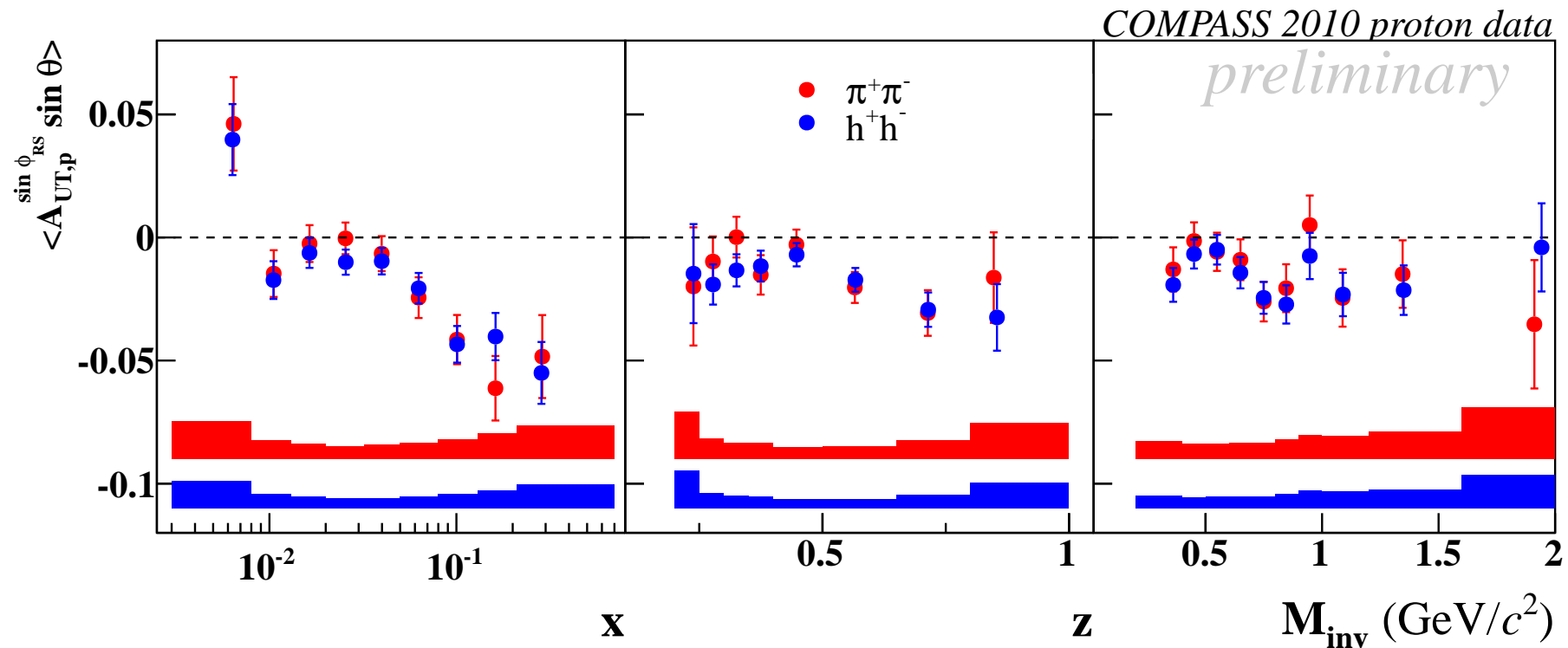
# proton 2010 data: all $h^+h^-$ pairs



C. Braun [COMPASS Collaboration], Nuovo Cimento C **035** (2012) 02

↪ Clear asymmetries of all hadron  $h^+h^-$  pairs

# proton 2010 data: identified two-hadron asymmetries $\pi^+\pi^-$



↪ Clear asymmetries of  $\pi^+\pi^-$  pairs

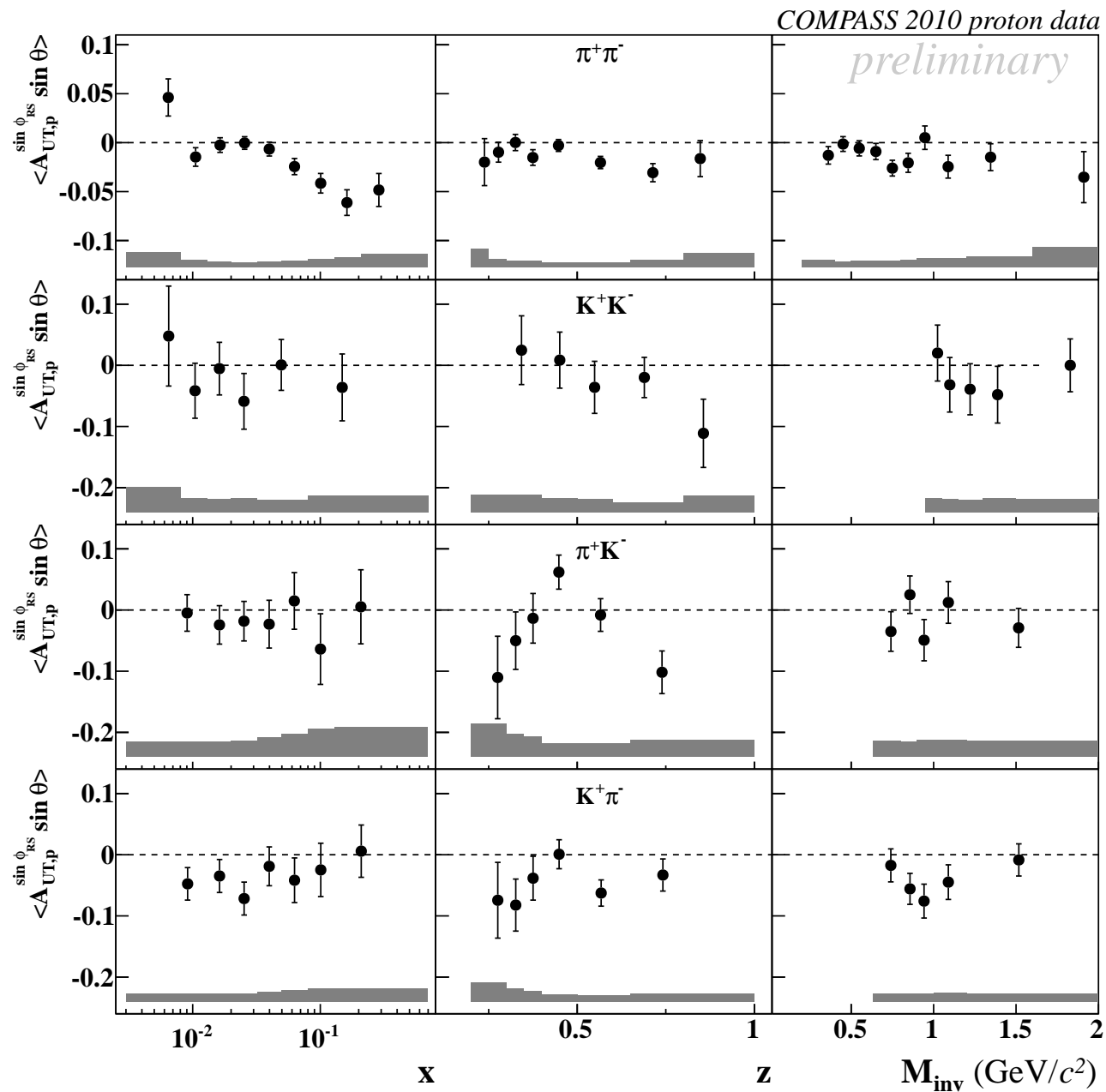
$x$  up to -6 %

$z$  no clear trend (compatible with a constant slope)

$M_{inv}$  clear dip around  $\rho^0$  mass

$h^+h^-$  signal follows mostly  $\pi^+\pi^-$  signal

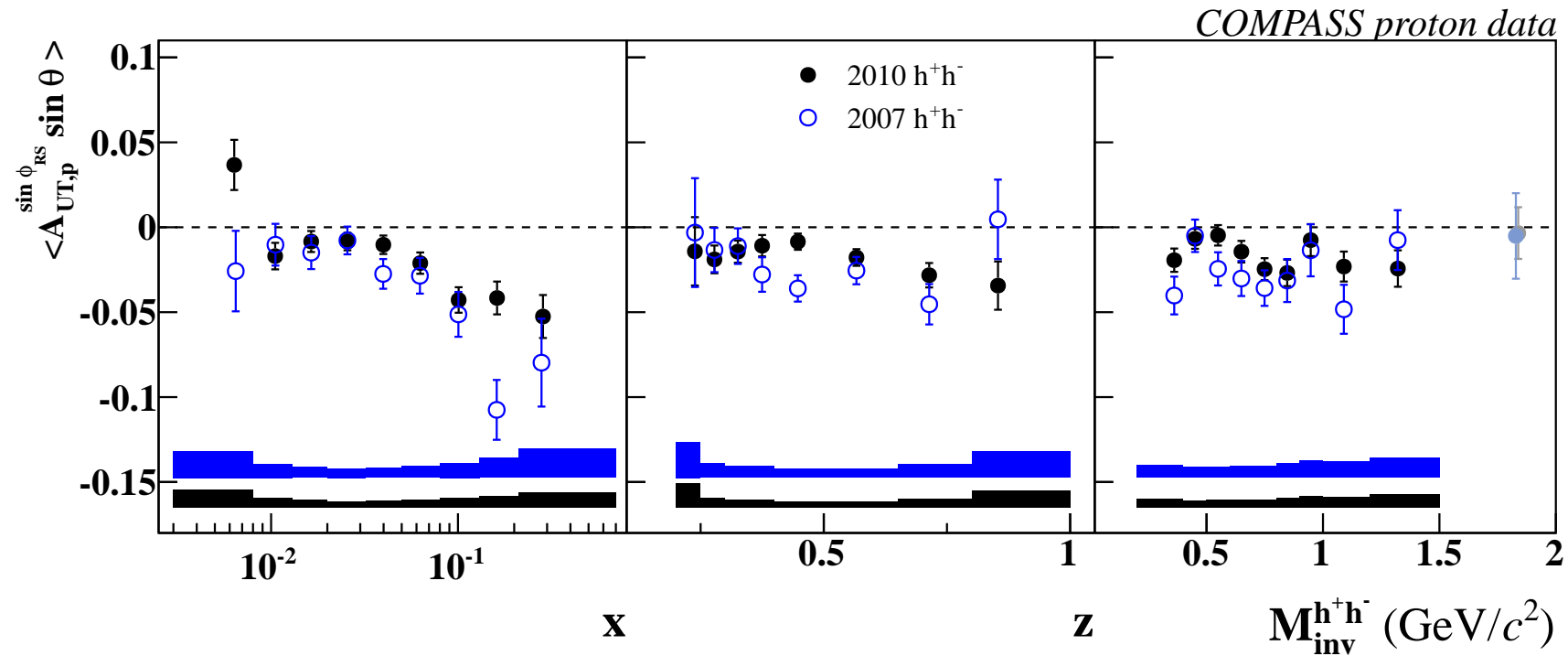
# 2010 proton data: identified two-hadron asymmetries all pairs



two-hadron asymmetries:

combined 2007/2010 data

# comparison 2010 and 2007 proton data: all hadron $h^+h^-$ pairs



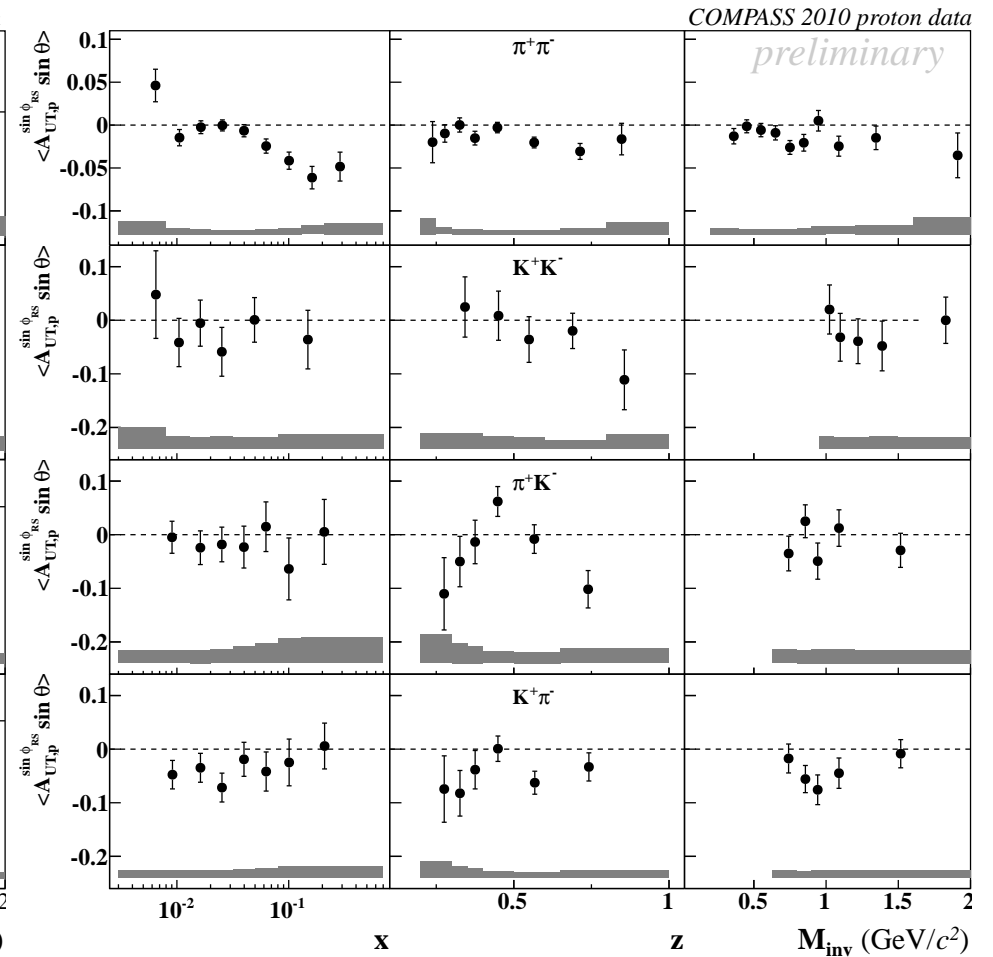
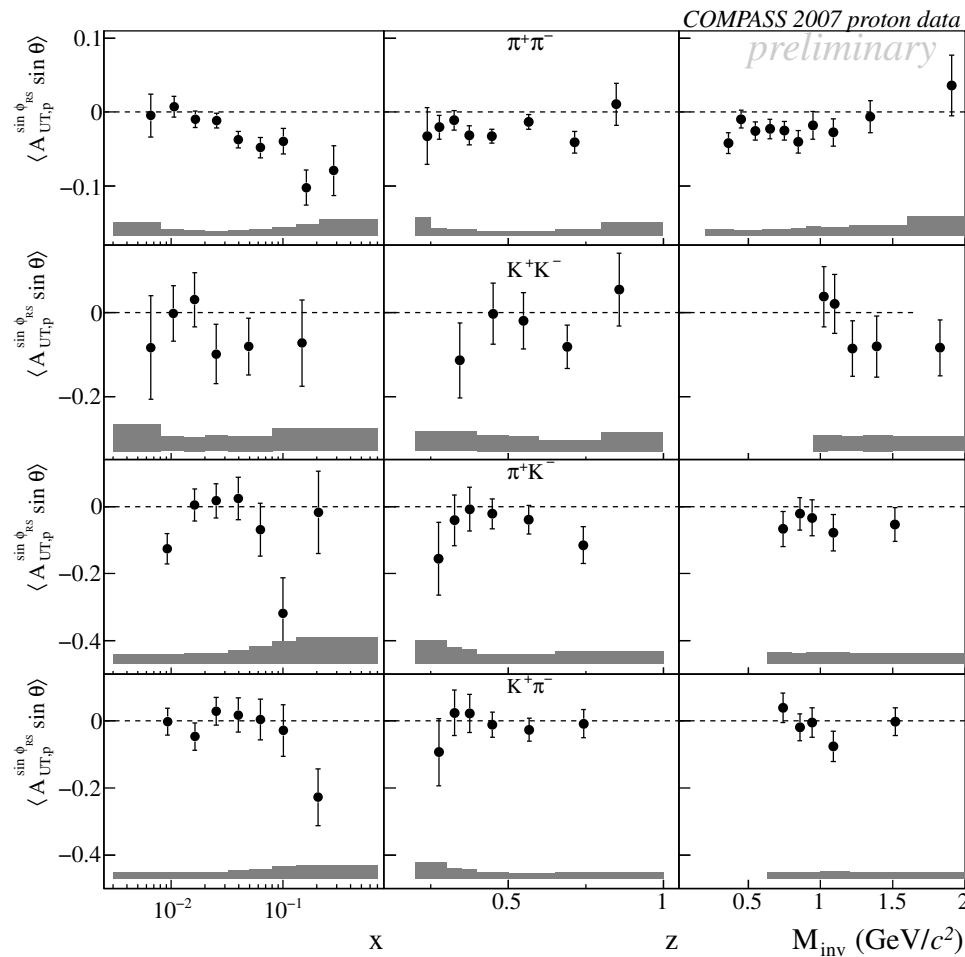
↪ Good agreement between 2007 and 2010 results within the uncertainties.

↪ Factor of gain in statistical uncertainty  $\sim 1.7$

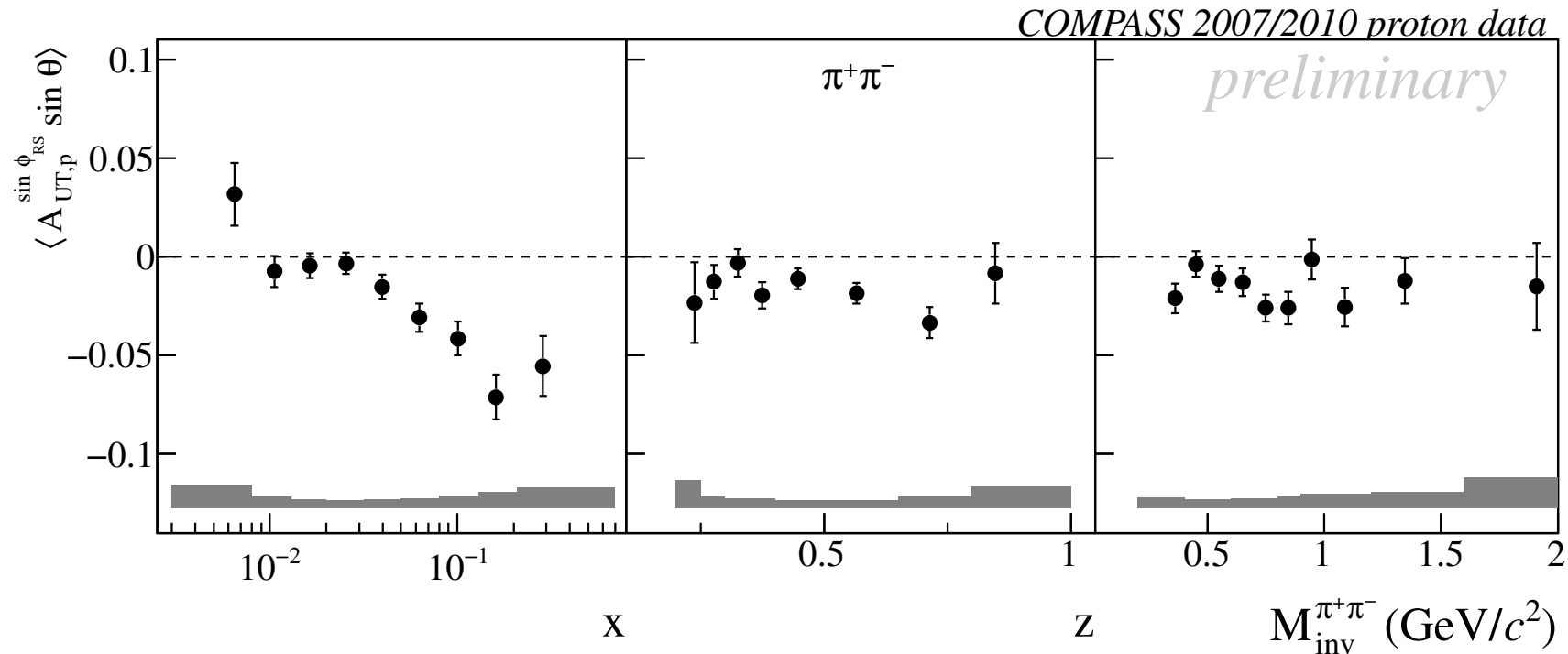
# NEW: 2010 and 2007 proton data: all identified pairs

## 2007 data

## 2010 data



# NEW: combined 2007/2010 data: $\pi^+\pi^-$ asymmetries



↪ Clear asymmetries of  $\pi^+\pi^-$  pairs

$x$  up to  $-6\%$

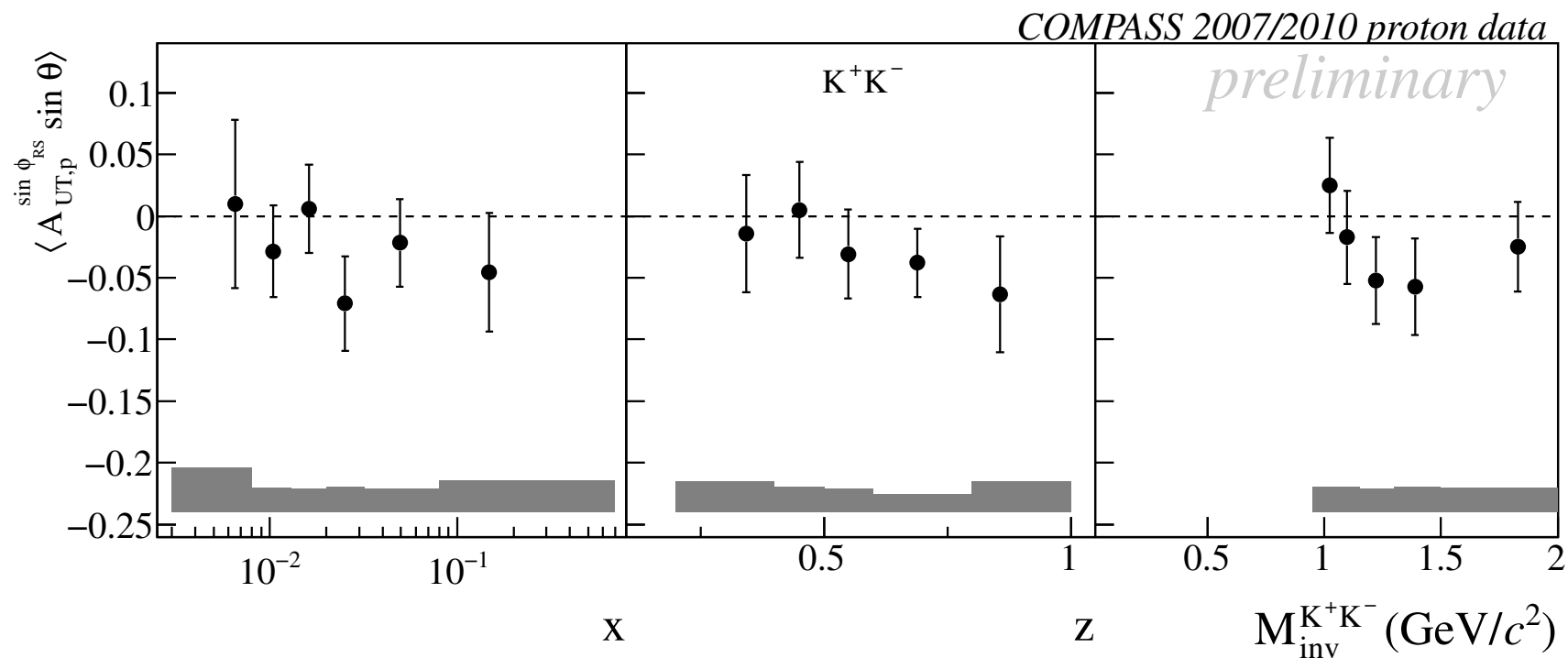
$z$  no clear trend (compatible with a constant slope)

$M_{inv}$  clear dip around  $\rho^0$  mass

$h^+h^-$  signal follows mostly  $\pi^+\pi^-$  signal



# NEW: combined 2007/2010 data: $K^+K^-$ asymmetries



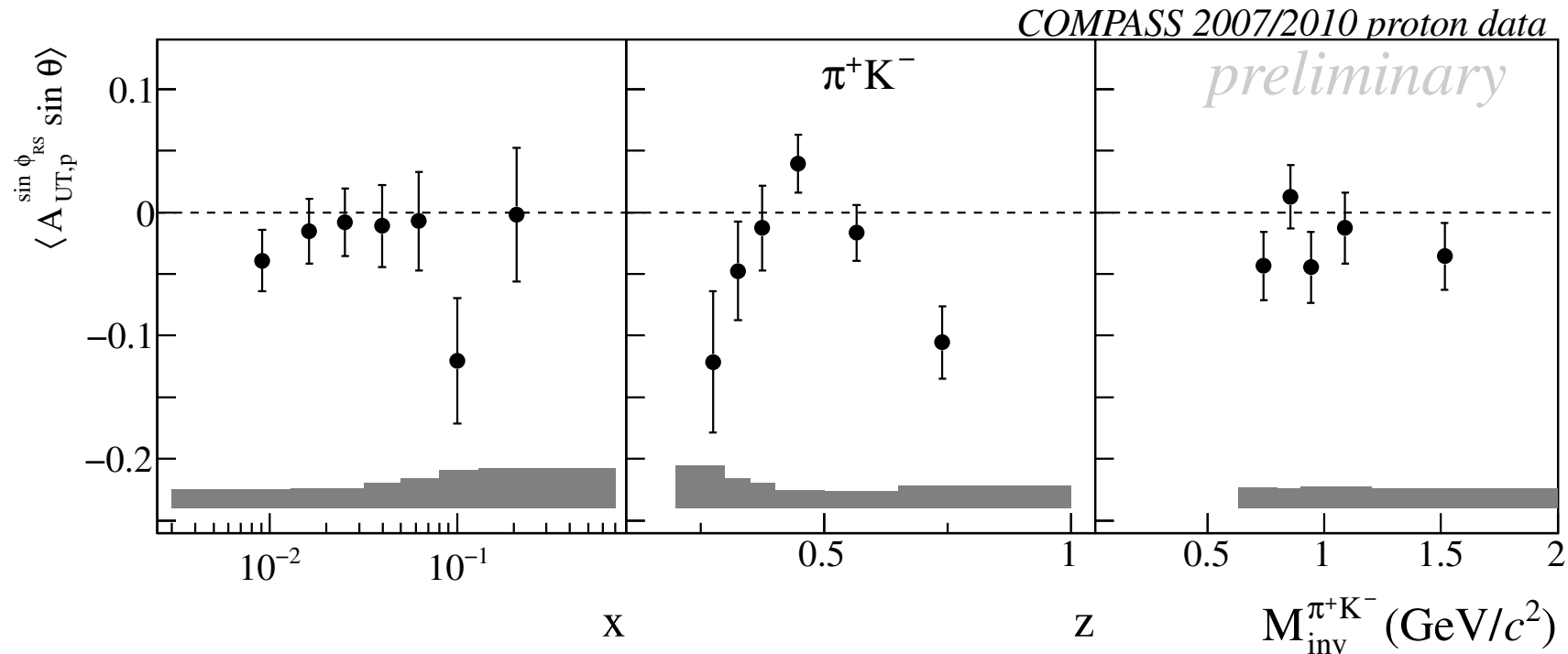
↪ no clear trend & compatible with zero within the statistical uncertainties

$x$  no significant signal

$z$  no significant signal

$M_{inv}$  no significant signal

# NEW: combined 2007/2010 data: $\pi^+ K^-$ asymmetries



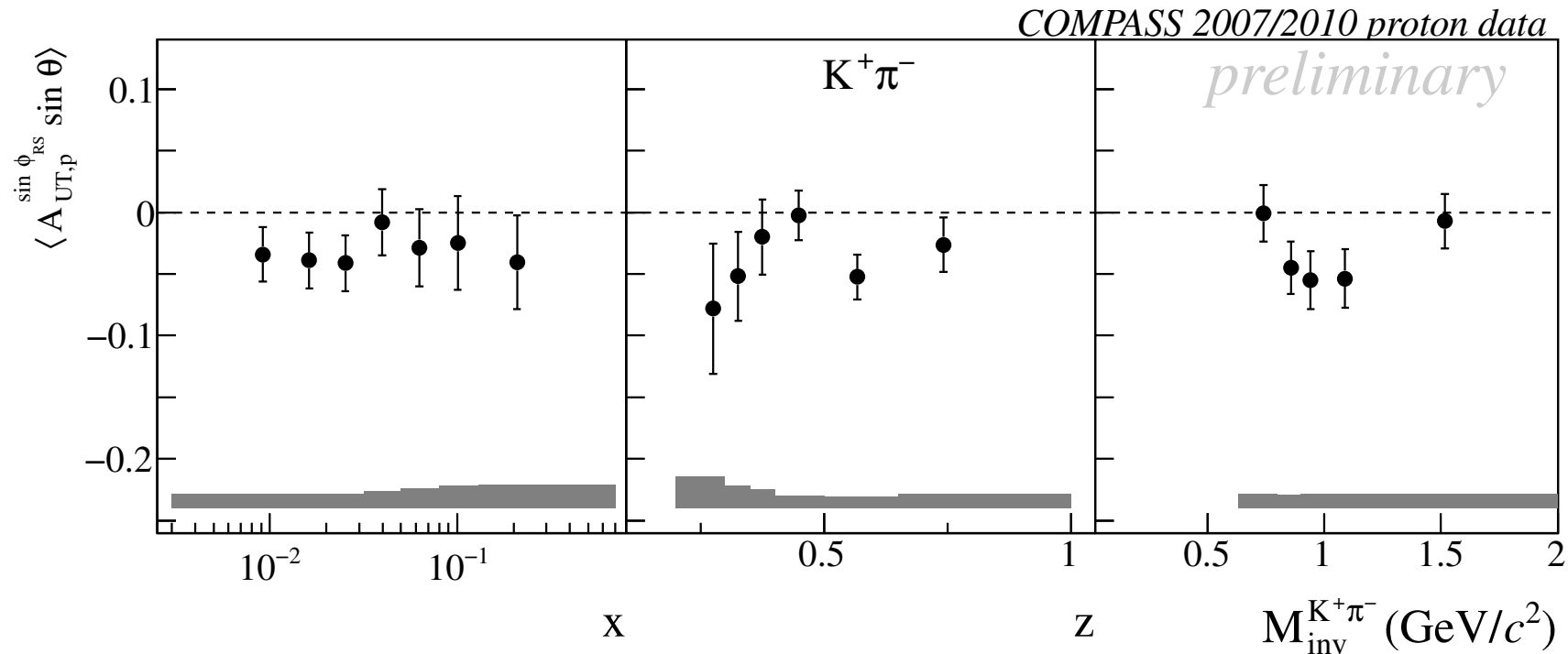
↪ compatible with zero within the statistical uncertainties

$x$  no signal

$z$  significant slope with a relative maximum around 0.45

$M_{inv}$  no clear signal

# NEW: combined 2007/2010 data: $K^+\pi^-$ asymmetries



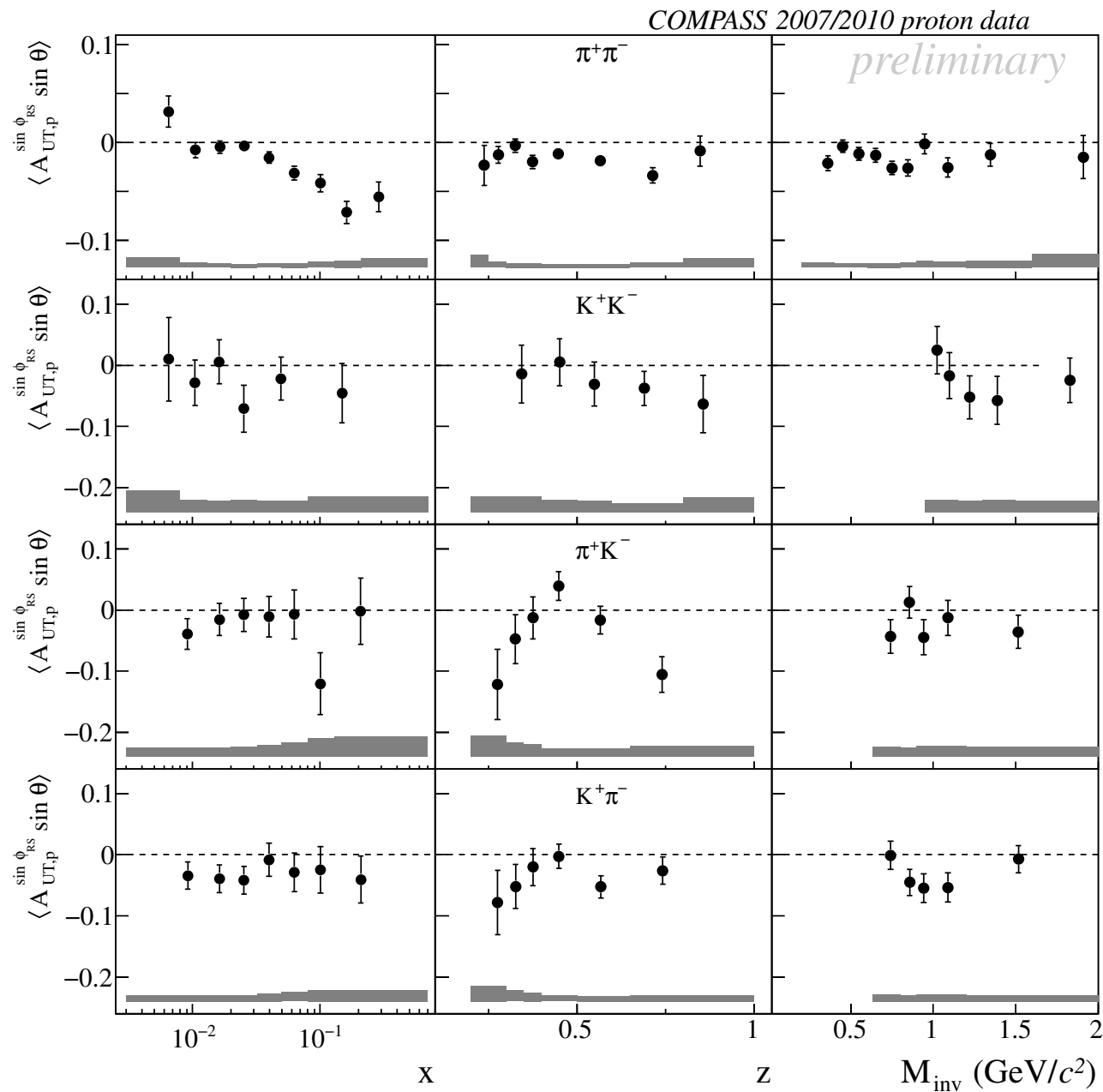
↪ compatible with zero within the statistical uncertainties

$x$  no clear signal & negative mean value

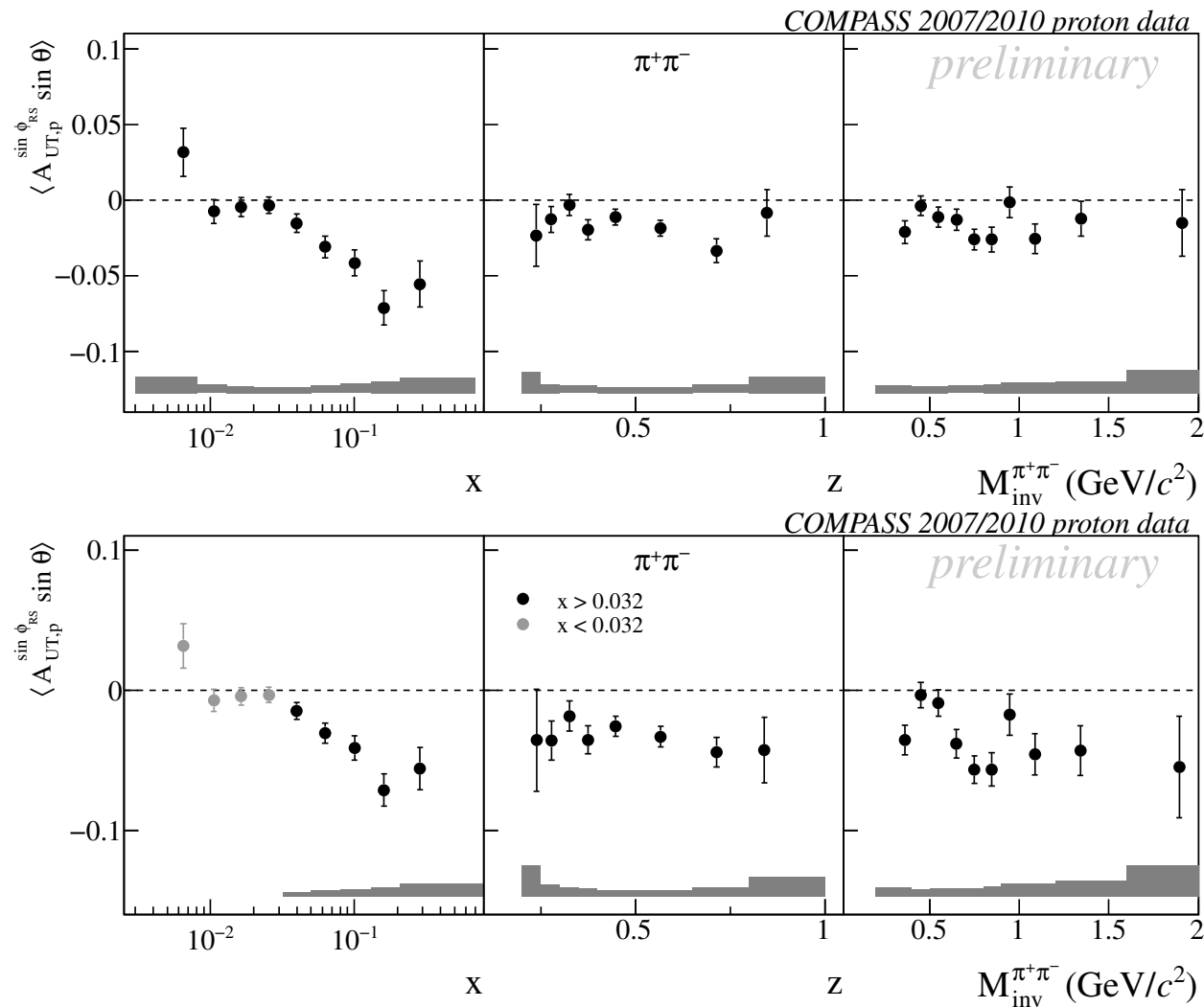
$z$  no clear signal & negative mean value

$M_{inv}$  minimum around  $0.9 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

# NEW: combined 2007/2010 data: all identified asymmetries



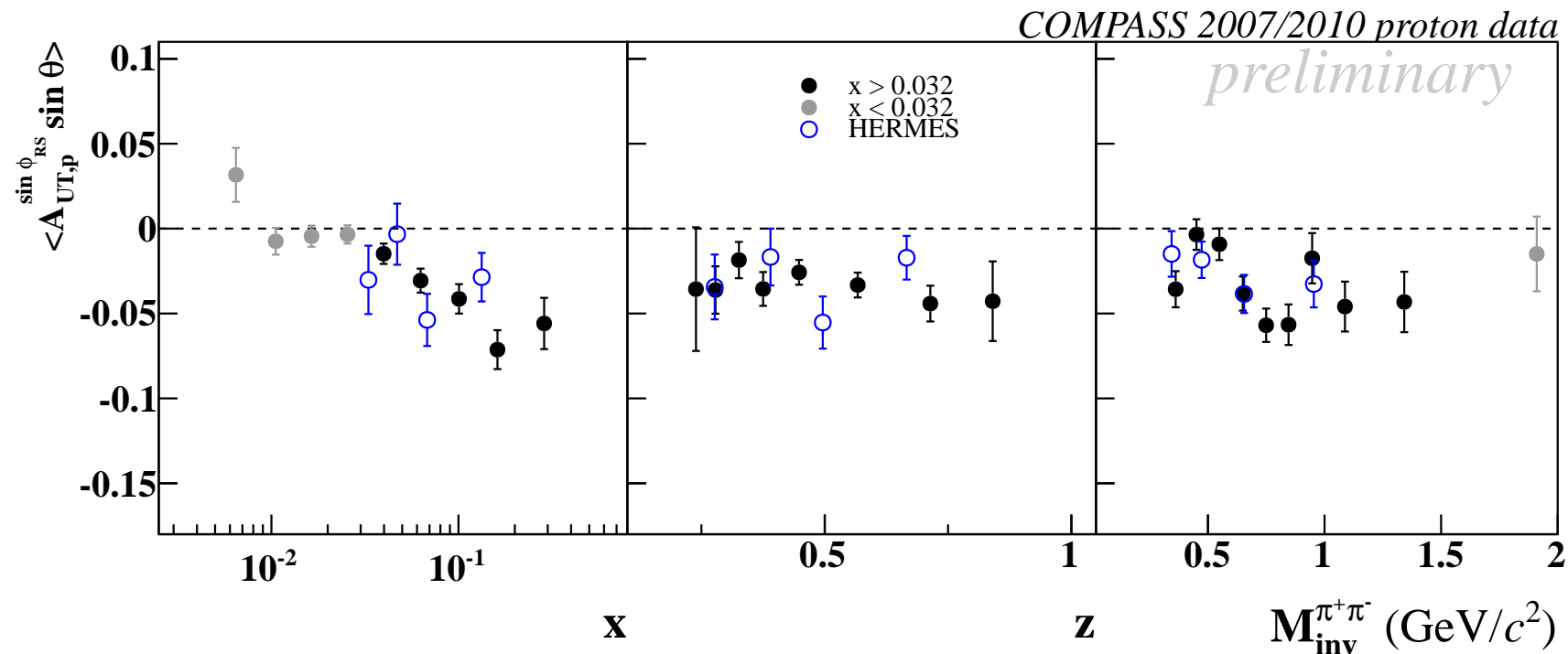
# NEW: combined 2007/2010 data: $\pi^+\pi^-$ in valence region



$\hookrightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  valence region  $x > 0.032$

Dip around the  $\rho^0$  mass is pronounced in the valence region sample

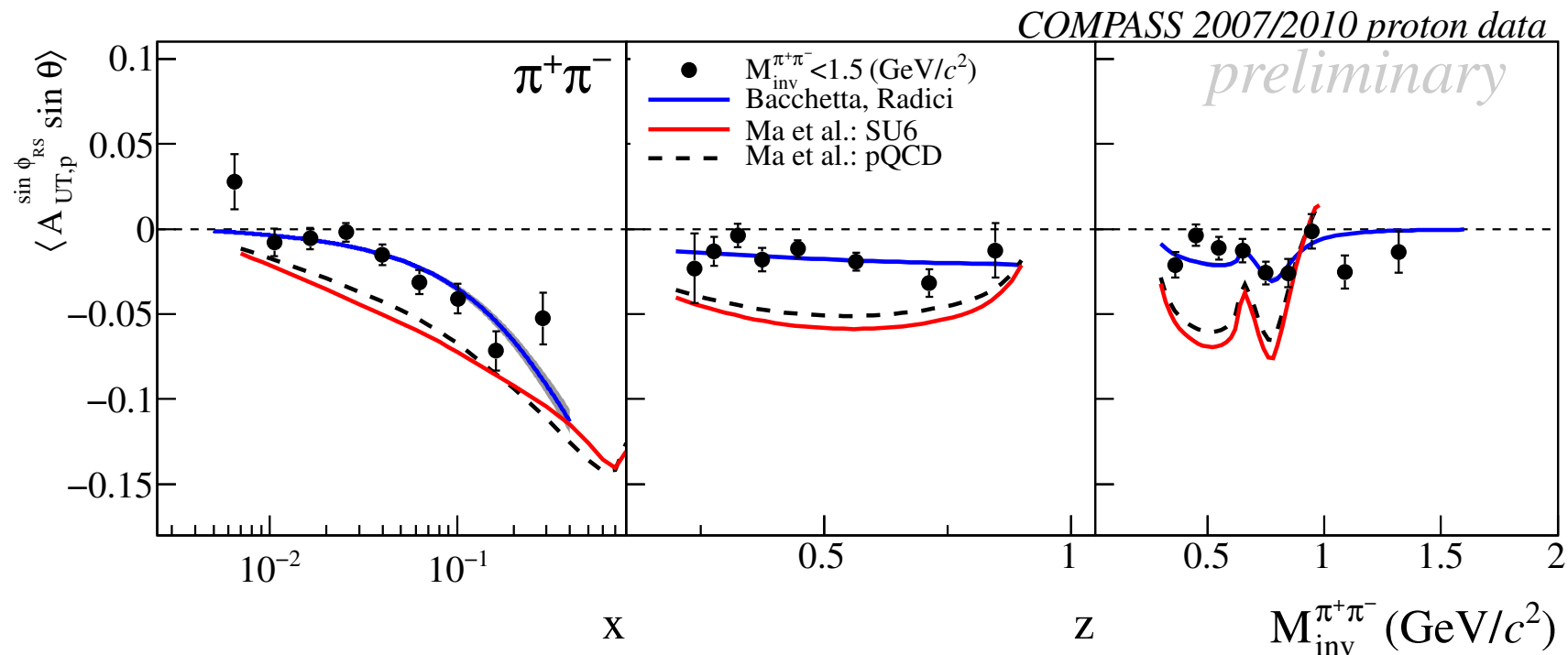
# NEW: combined 2007/2010 data: comparison of $\pi^+\pi^-$ with results from HERMES



see talk of S. Gliske  
Airapetian A. et al. *et al.* [HERMES collaboration], J. High Energy. Phys. **06** (2008) 017  
scaled with  $\frac{1}{D_{nn}}$  and sign changed

↪ Good agreement within the uncertainties, bearing in mind the larger kinematic range of COMPASS

# NEW: combined 2007/2010 data: comparison with model predictions



Bacchetta A. and Radici M., Phys. Rev. D **74** (2006) 114007  
 Ma B.-Q. *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **77** (2008) 014035

- $\hookrightarrow x$ : *Ma* trend confirmed | *Bacchetta* good agreement
- $\hookrightarrow z$ : *Ma* too large | *Bacchetta* compatible
- $\hookrightarrow M_{inv}$ : *Ma* too large | *Bacchetta* good agreement around  $\rho^0$  mass

## Conclusions & Outlook

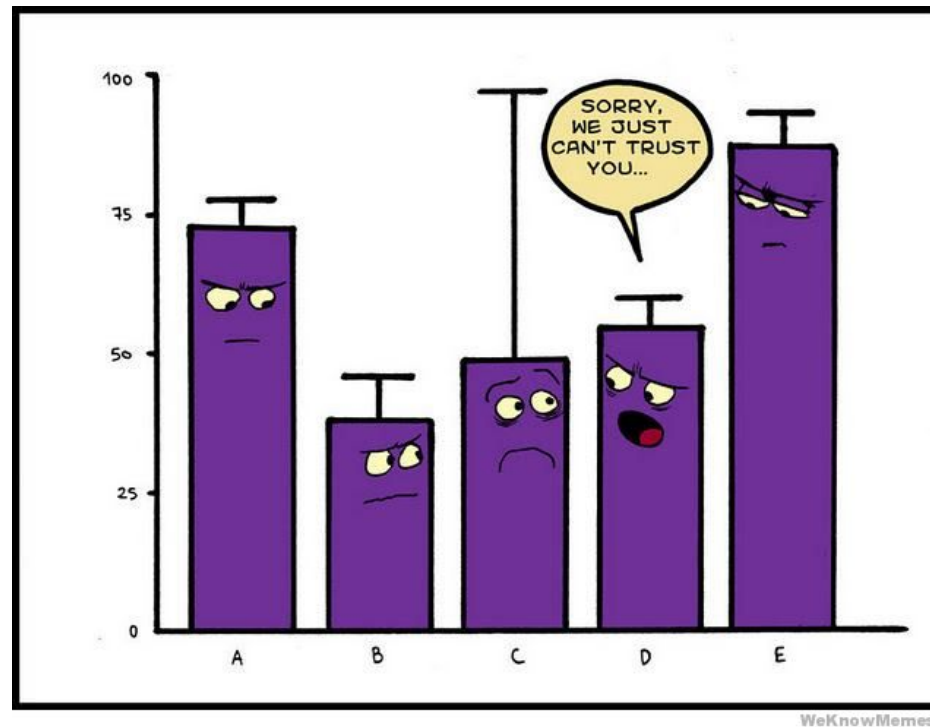
- COMPASS 2002-04  $h^+h^-$  deuteron data published
  - COMPASS 2007 proton data published
  - preliminary results for 2010 COMPASS proton data
  - preliminary combined results 2007/2010 COMPASS proton data
- ① Recently: COMPASS **proton** data on transverse spin asymmetries in **identified** two-hadron production
    - ▶  $\pi^+\pi^-$  (also measured by HERMES)
    - ▶  $K^+K^-$ ,  $\pi^+K^-$  and  $K^+\pi^-$  never measured before
  - ② COMPASS  $\pi^+\pi^-$  data is in good agreement with HERMES data
  - ③ Reasonable agreement with available model predictions
  - ④ Important input for the extraction of transversity  $h_1$

### Outlook:

- Paper on proton 2010 data:  $h^+h^-$  asymmetries
- Paper on identified asymmetries: combined proton 2007 & 10 and deuteron 2002-04 data



# Thank you for your attention!



electronic address: [christopher.braun@cern.ch](mailto:christopher.braun@cern.ch)

# Invitation to IWHSS2013

## IWHSS 2013

International Workshop on Hadron Structure and Spectroscopy,  
Erlangen, 22-24 July 2013

### Topics

- Longitudinal and Transverse Spin Structure of the Nucleon
- Fragmentation Functions
- Hadron Spectroscopy
- Search for Exotic Resonances
- Transverse Momentum Dependent Parton Distribution Functions
- Generalized Parton Distributions
- Primakoff Reactions



[www.iwhss2013.uni-erlangen.de](http://www.iwhss2013.uni-erlangen.de)

# Invitation to IWHSS2013: Preliminary list of speakers and topics

E.-C. Aschenauer	Experimental review of hadron multiplicities and fragmentation functions
M. Boglione	Transverse momentum distributions – $Q^2$ evolution
F. Bradamante	Highlights of the workshop
V. Burkert	The JLAB 12 GeV project
V. Drach	Recent progress in Lattice QCD
A. Ferrero	COMPASS II: experiment and physics case
B. Grube	Spectroscopy at COMPASS and related Experiments
A. Guskov	Experimental review of Primakoff reactions
M. Kreps	Meson spectroscopy at LHCb
K. Kurek	Review of longitudinal spin physics
C. Lorce	The proton spin decomposition: observability and physical interpretation
H. Moutarde	Review of some recent developments on Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering
B. Parsamyan	Unpolarized azimuthal asymmetries in SIDIS
M. Pennington	Directions in Spectroscopy: COMPASS points the way
K. Peters	The FAIR project
M. Radici	Theoretical overview of transverse spin physics in SIDIS and Drell-Yan
C. Riedl	Review of Drell-Yan experiments
F. Ringer	QCD resummation for semi-inclusive hadronproduction processes
K. Rith	Deep inelastic scattering – an overview
G. Schnell	Experimental review of transverse spin physics
M. Stratmann	Theoretical review of fragmentation functions

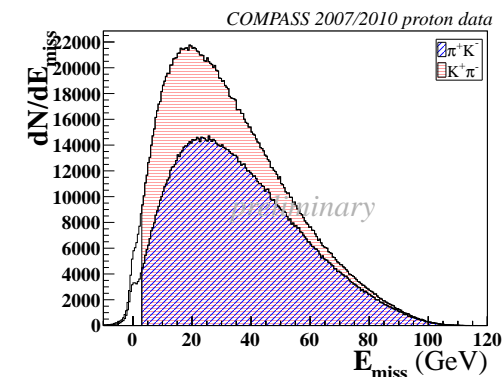
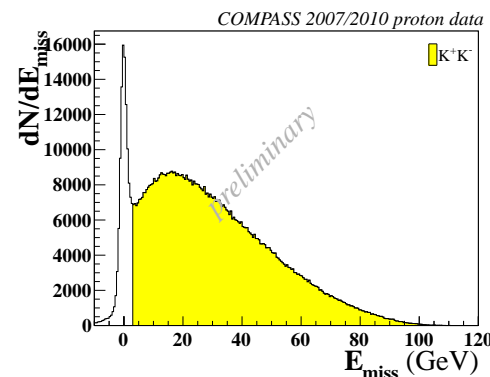
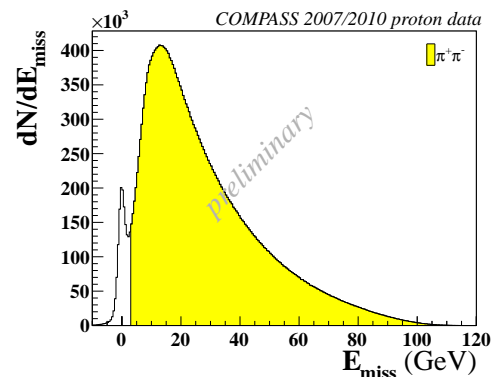
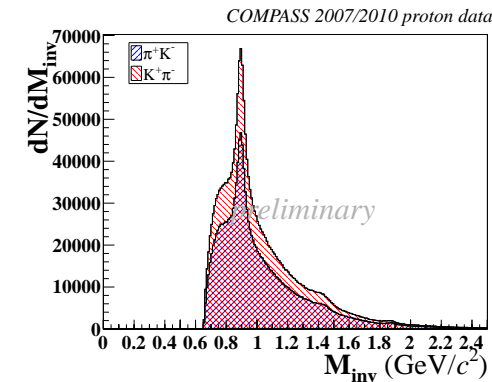
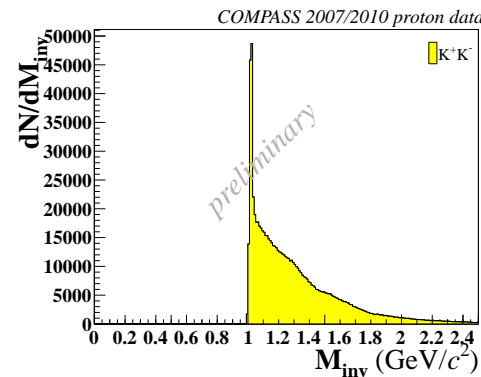
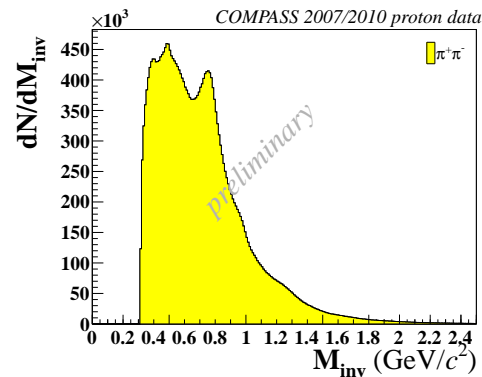
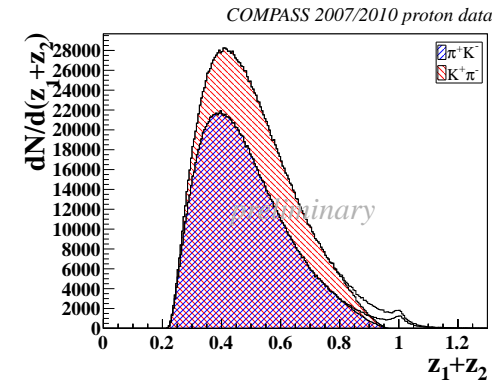
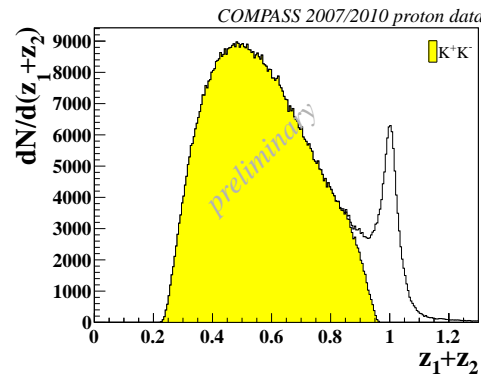
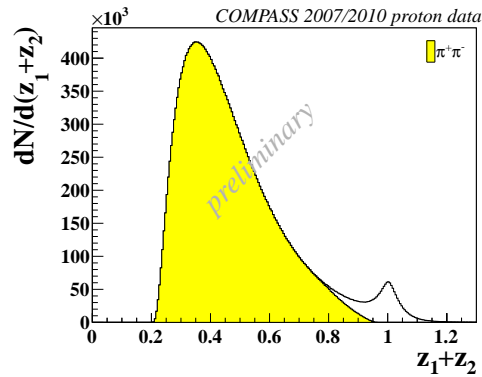
Back up

# Identified hadron pairs: kin. distributions $z_1 + z_2$ , $M_{inv}$ and $E_{miss}$

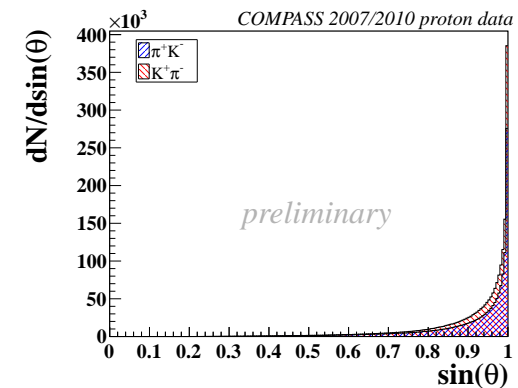
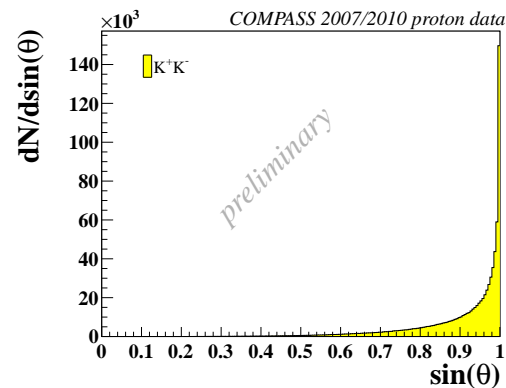
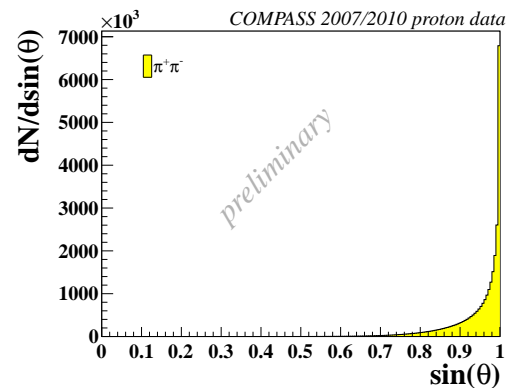
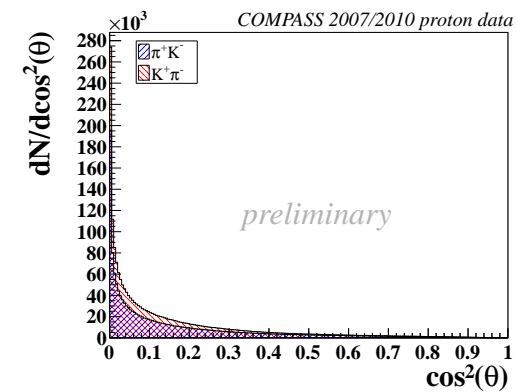
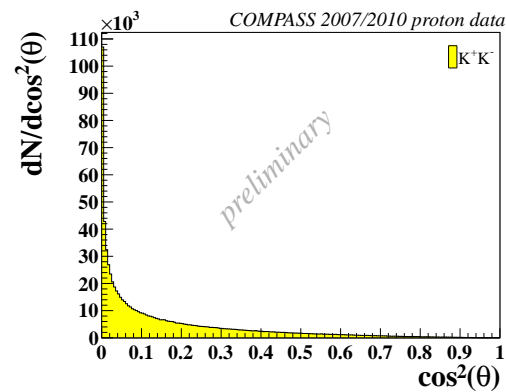
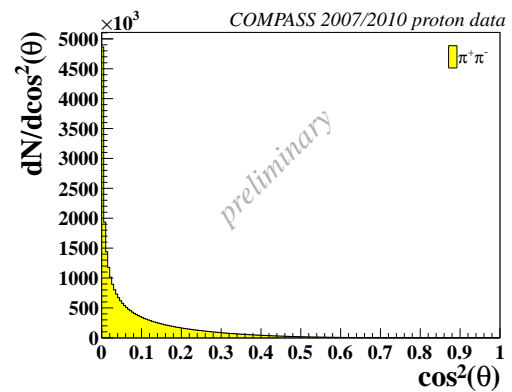
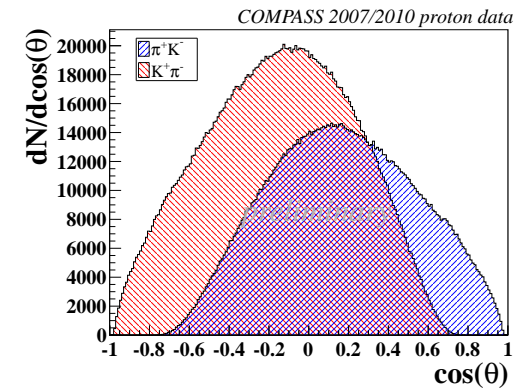
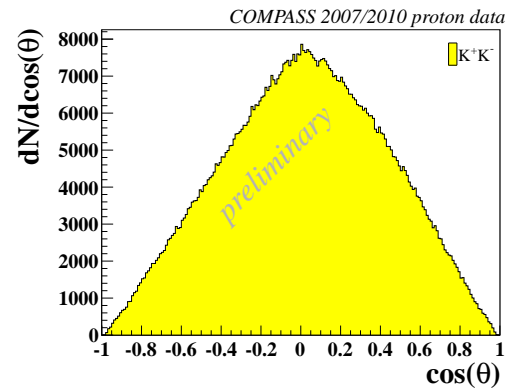
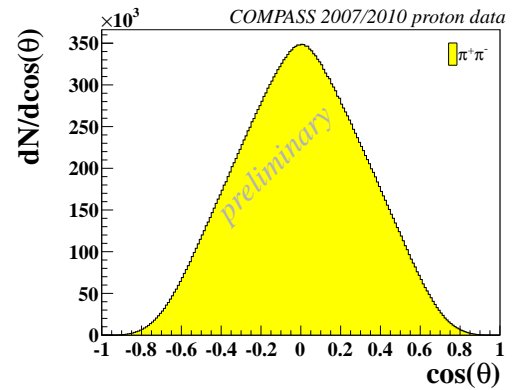
$\pi^+ \pi^-$

$K^+ K^-$

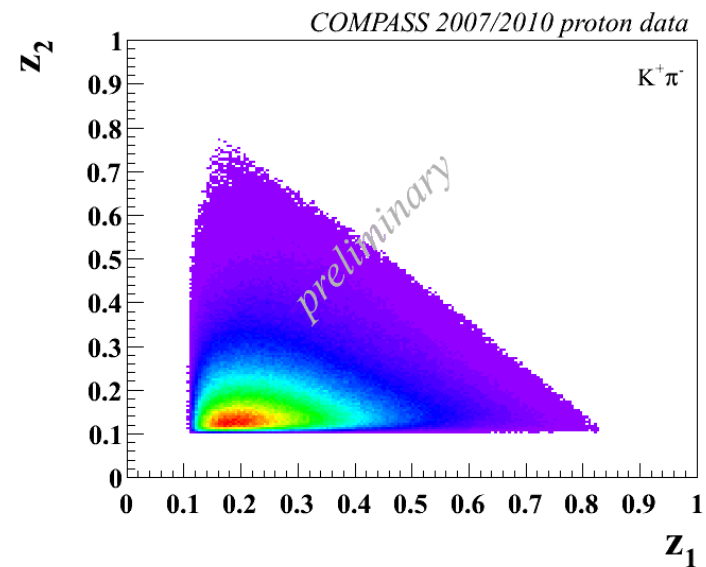
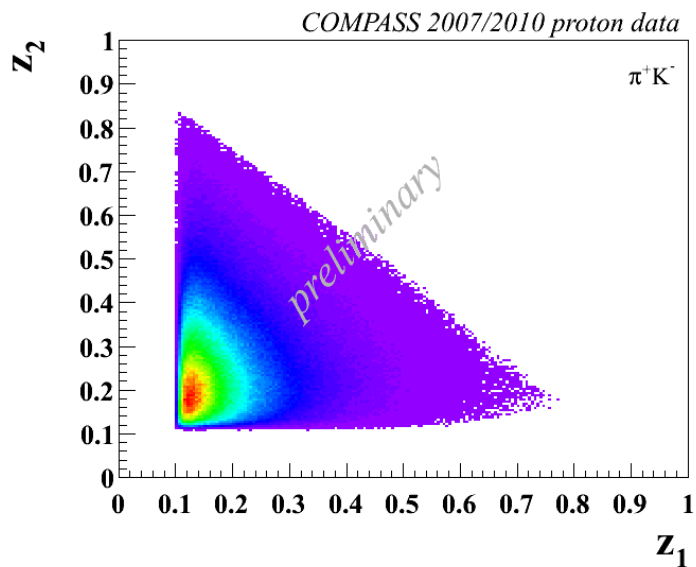
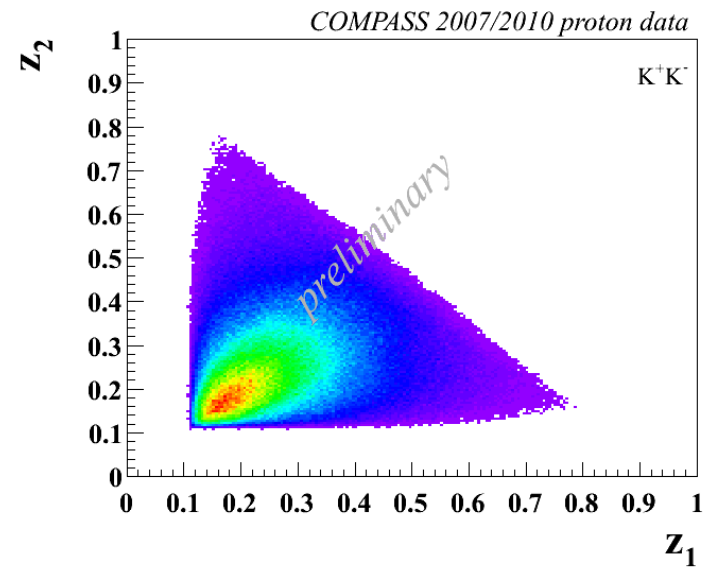
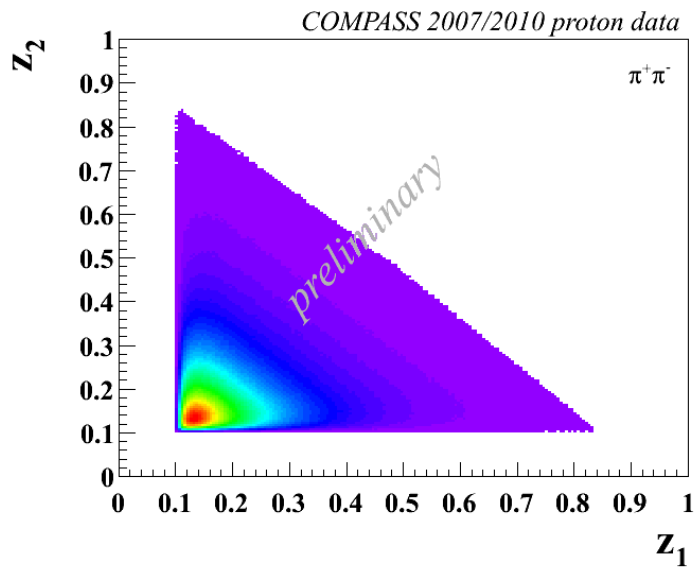
$\pi^+ K^-$  &  $K^+ \pi^-$



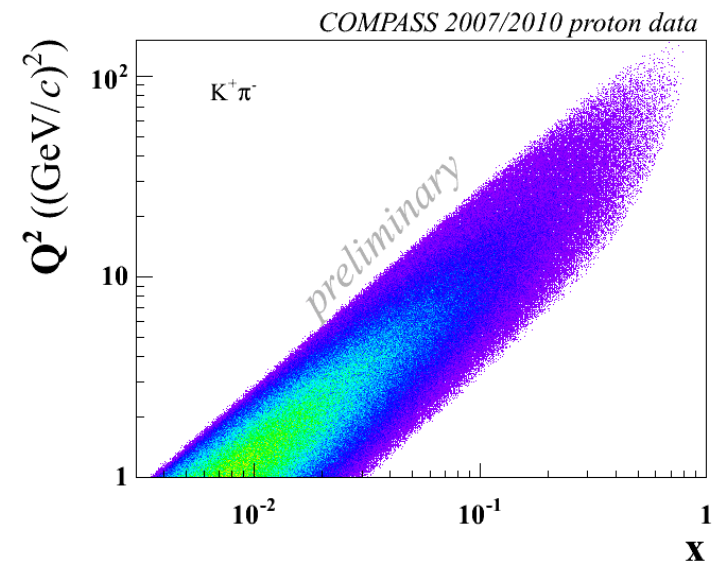
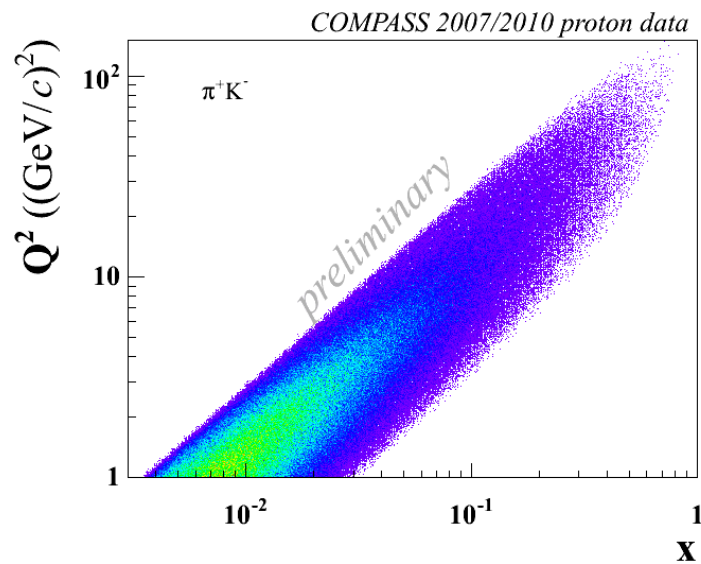
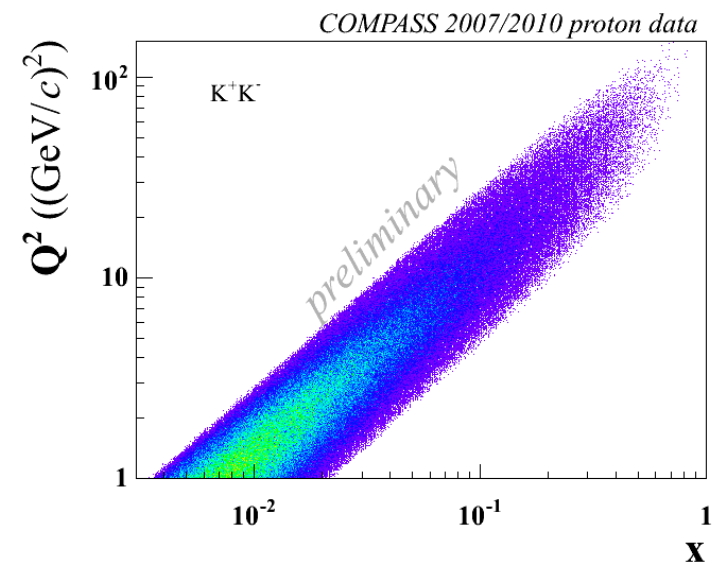
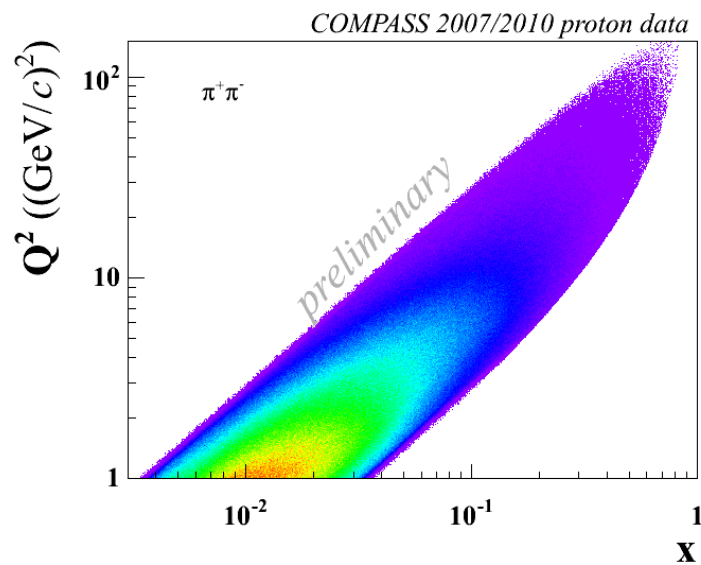
# Kinematic distributions of DIS events: $\cos \Theta$ , $\cos^2 \Theta$ and $\sin \Theta$



# Kinematic distributions of DIS events: $z_1$ vs. $z_2$

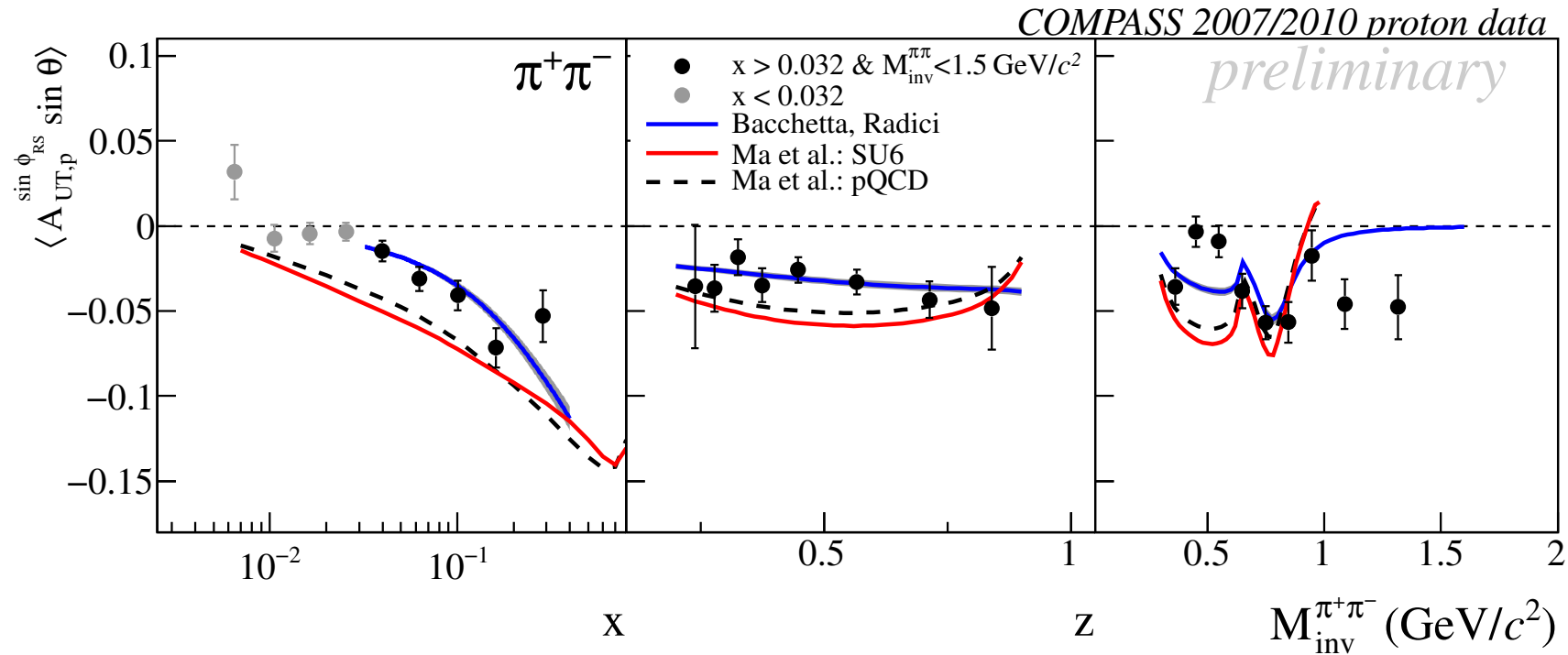


# Kinematic distributions of DIS events: $Q^2$ vs. $x$





# comparison with model predictions in valence region



Bacchetta A. and Radici M., Phys. Rev. D **74** (2006) 114007  
 Ma B.-Q. *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **77** (2008) 014035

- ↪  $x$ : *Ma* trend confirmed | *Bacchetta* good agreement
- ↪  $z$ : compatible within the errors
- ↪  $M_{inv}$ : good agreement in the region of the  $\rho^0$  mass