

# The longitudinal spin structure of the nucleon at COMPASS

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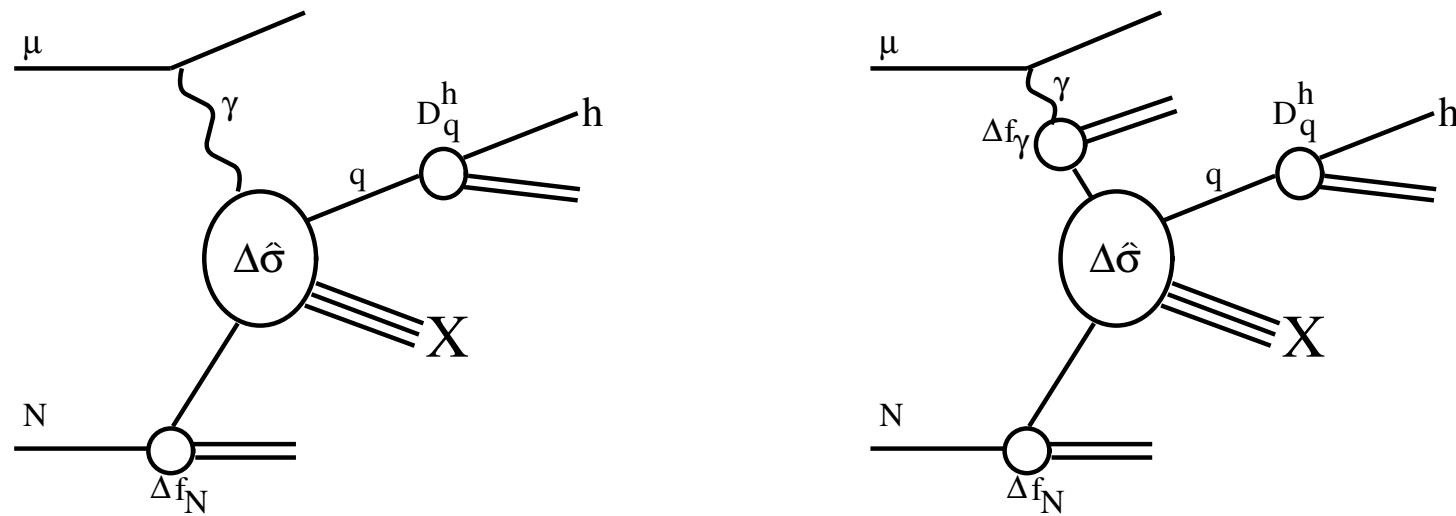
# Outline

- **Introduction**
- **The COMPASS experiment**
- **Longitudinal Spin: 2011 data**
- **$\Delta G$** 
  - Open charm: Update, NLO corrections
  - High  $p_T$  photoproduction: X-section *vs.*  $p_T$

# Introduction

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}\Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + L_q + L_g$$

- Inclusive DIS:
    - $\Delta\Sigma$  small.
    - $\Delta\Sigma \simeq 0.58 + 3\Delta S \Rightarrow \Delta S$  negative and large.
    - $\Delta G$  uncertain.
- ⇒ Semi-inclusive measurements (in DIS and photoproduction regimes)



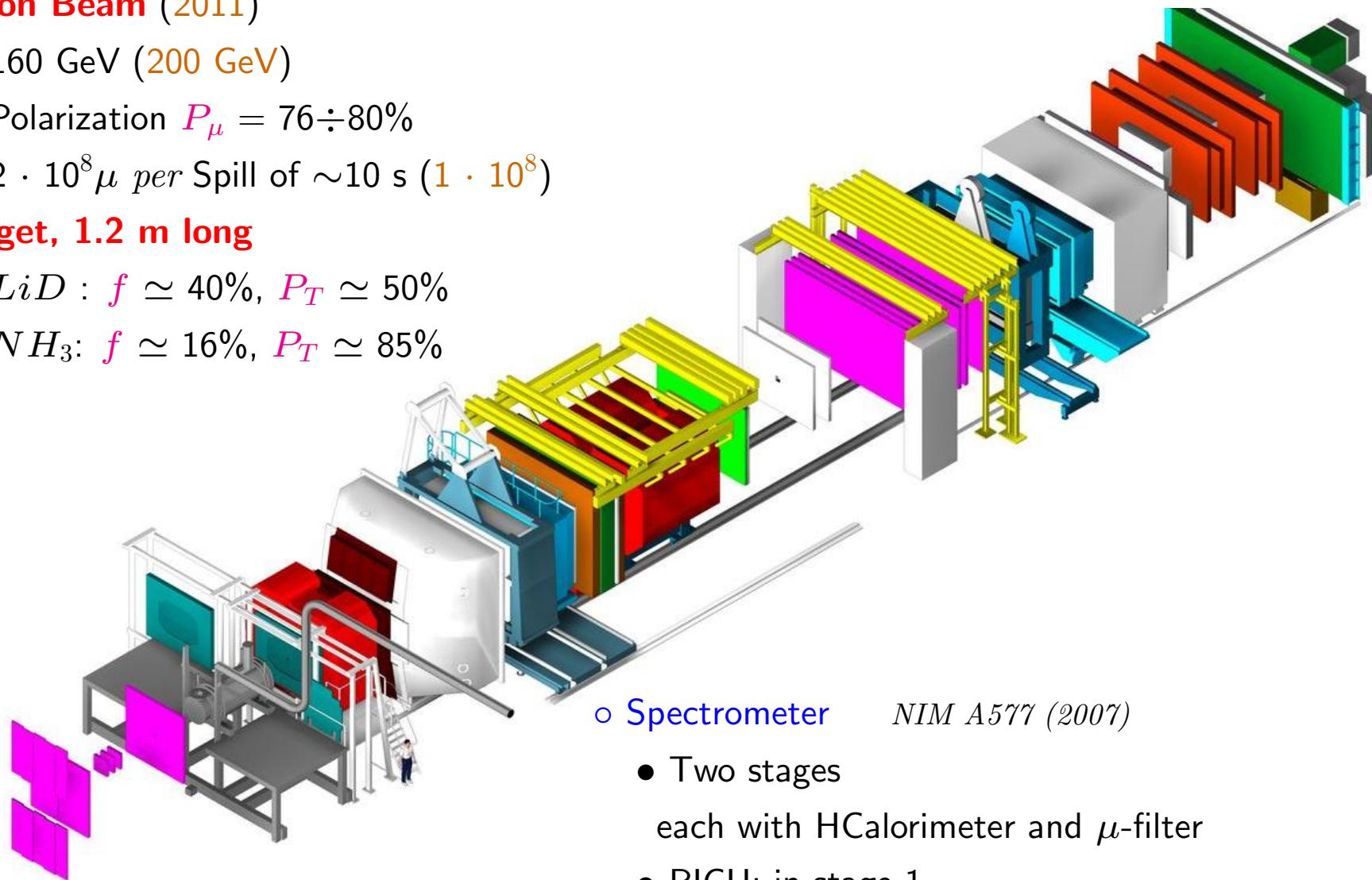
# COMPASS: Spectrometer

- **Muon Beam (2011)**

- 160 GeV (200 GeV)
- Polarization  $P_\mu = 76 \div 80\%$
- $2 \cdot 10^8 \mu$  per Spill of  $\sim 10$  s ( $1 \cdot 10^8$ )

- **Target, 1.2 m long**

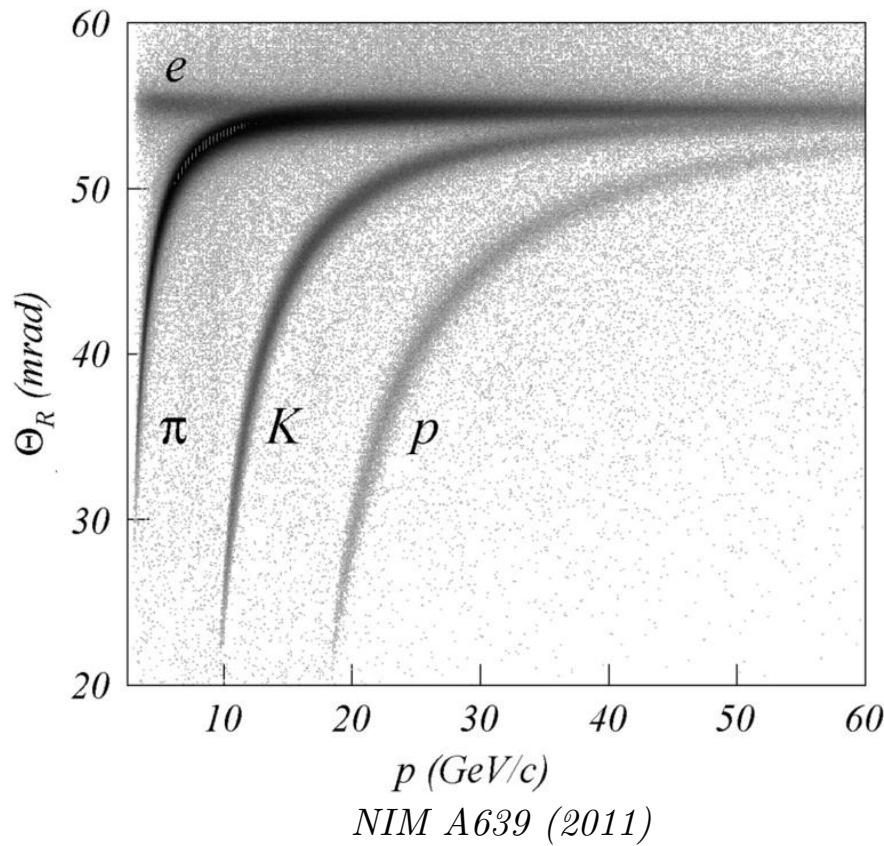
- $LiD : f \simeq 40\%, P_T \simeq 50\%$
- $NH_3 : f \simeq 16\%, P_T \simeq 85\%$



- **Spectrometer**      *NIM A577 (2007)*

- Two stages  
each with HCalorimeter and  $\mu$ -filter
- RICH: in stage 1
- ECalorimeters(1&2): added lately

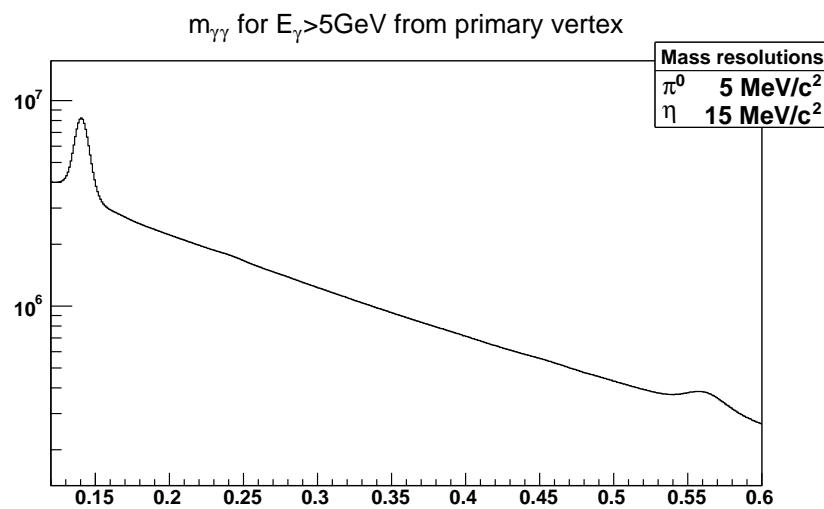
# COMPASS: RICH



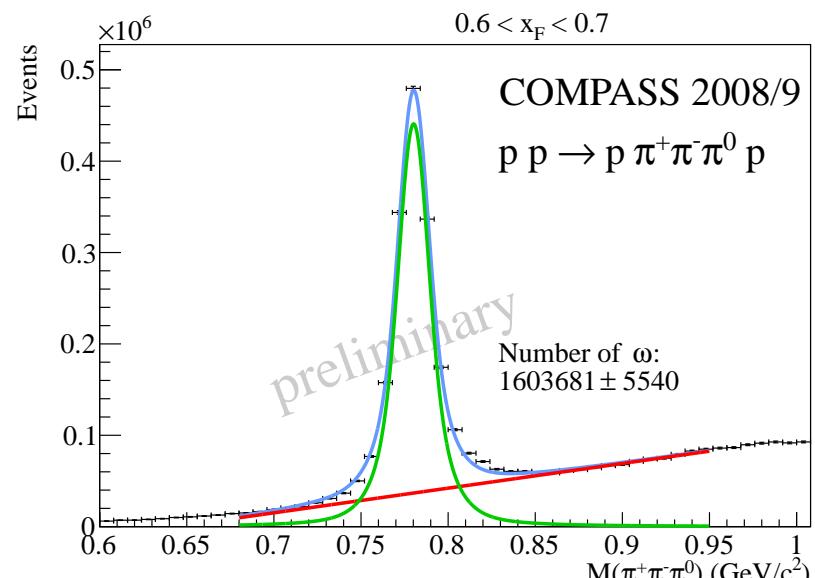
- Used to...
  - . . . ID final state hadrons in SIDIS
  - . . . Veto electrons in open charm production
- **$K$  range:  $10 \lesssim P \lesssim 50$  GeV**
- No  $K/p$  resolution below  $\sim 10$  GeV

# COMPASS: ECalorimeters

- No reconstruction of neutrals yet in any Spin physics analyses
- But used in our “hadron” programme (exotics search,  $\chi$ PT tests)  
*Cf. presentation of Boris Grube*



- Inclusive  $\pi^0, \eta$  from  $\pi$  beam on 40 cm  $LH_2$



- Caveat: Thickness of polarised targets along beam axis  $\simeq 1 \times X_0$ .

# COMPASS: Asymmetry Measurement

- **Simultaneous** recording of the two spin states in oppositely polarised target cells

- Reversal by field rotation to cancel acceptance diff

$$\dots \text{ 2 cells: } \begin{matrix} 1/2 \uparrow \\ 1/2 \downarrow \end{matrix} \iff 8 \text{ hours} \implies \begin{matrix} 1/2 \downarrow \\ 1/2 \uparrow \end{matrix}$$

$$\dots \text{ 3 cells: } \begin{matrix} 1/4 \uparrow \\ 2/4 \downarrow \\ 1/4 \uparrow \end{matrix} \iff 24 \text{ hours} \implies \begin{matrix} 1/4 \downarrow \\ 2/4 \uparrow \\ 1/4 \downarrow \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{A}^{\parallel}}{\mathbf{D}} = \frac{1}{|\mathbf{P}_\mu \mathbf{P}_T| f D} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\mathbf{N}^{\uparrow\downarrow} - \mathbf{N}^{\uparrow\uparrow}}{\mathbf{N}^{\uparrow\downarrow} + \mathbf{N}^{\uparrow\uparrow}} + \frac{\mathbf{N}^{\uparrow\downarrow} - \mathbf{N}^{\uparrow\uparrow}}{\mathbf{N}^{\uparrow\downarrow} + \mathbf{N}^{\uparrow\uparrow}} \right) \quad \mathbf{D} = \text{Depolarisation factor}$$

$$LiD: \mathbf{P}_\mu \times \mathbf{D} \times \mathbf{P}_T \times f \simeq 80\% \times 60\% \times 50\% \times 40\% \simeq 10\% \quad (\text{typical values})$$

$$NH_3: \dots \quad \mathbf{P}_T \times f \simeq \dots \quad 85\% \times 16\% \simeq 6\%$$

- Reversal *via* micro-wave once per year of data taking to cancel field/acceptance correlation

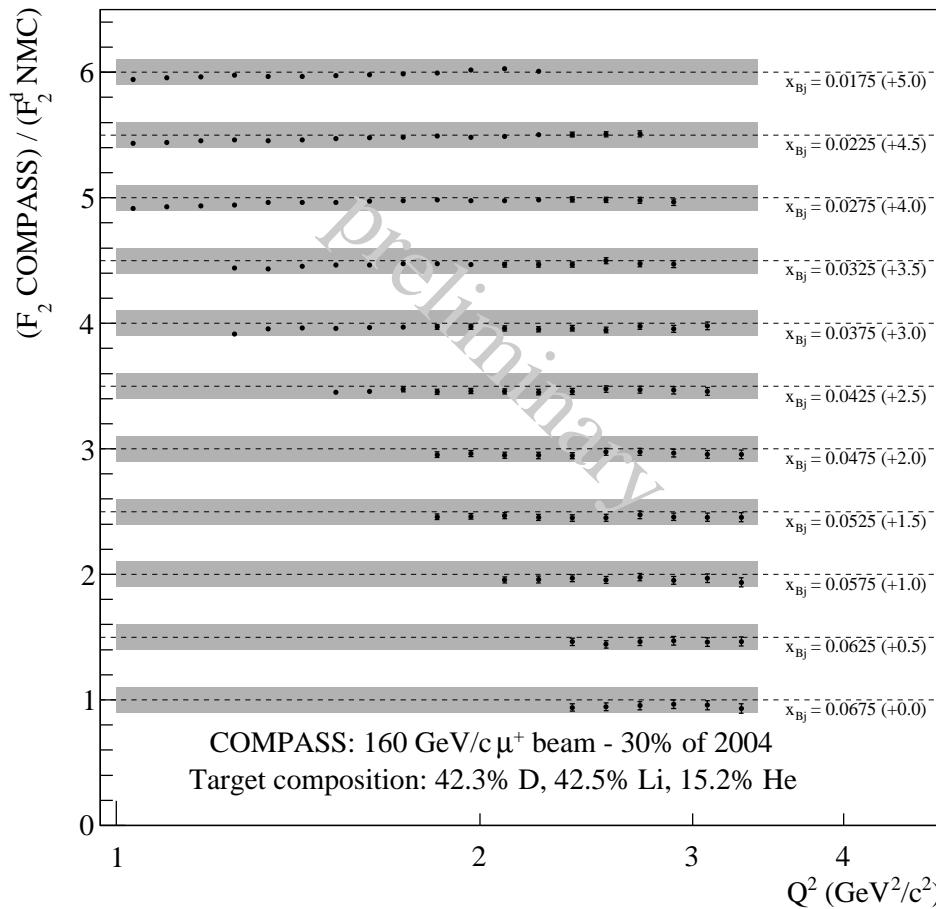
## COMPASS: Data Taking

- [2002,2004], 2006: 160 GeV
  - *Deuteron* target
  - ~20% of data taking in transverse mode
  - Longitudinal luminosity
- 2007: *Proton* target. 1/2 longitudinal, 1/2 transverse. 160 GeV
- 2008,2009: Hadron physics
- 2010: Transverse proton 160 GeV
- 2011: Longitudinal proton 200 GeV
- 2012: Hadron physics (*Primakoff*)
  - + muon beam on *LH2* target: DVCS test run and SIDIS

	2002	2003	2004	2006
Integrated Luminosity ( $fb^{-1}$ )	0.43	0.58	0.92	0.85

# COMPASS: Luminosity Measurement

- Precise luminosity plays an important role in part of our programme
  - in our future DVCS programme
  - in our measurement of hadron photo-production X-section *vs.*  $p_T$



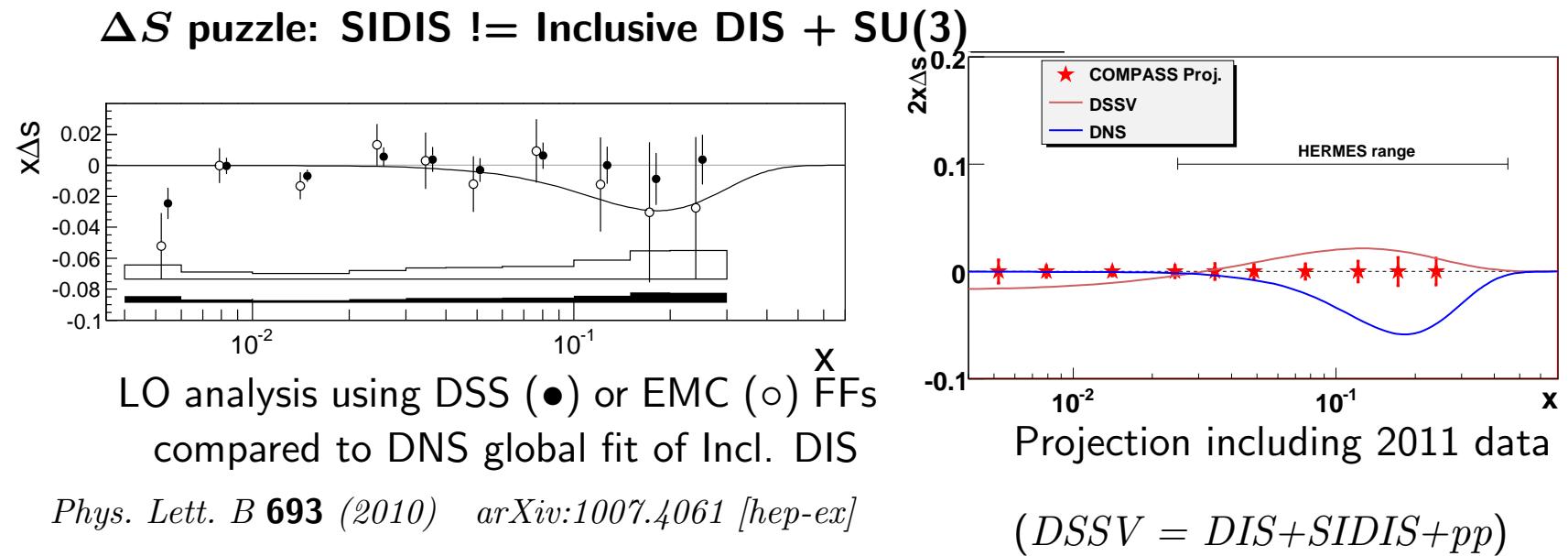
- As an evaluation exercise: F2 X-check

⇒ Systematics (=10%)  
most likely pessimistic.

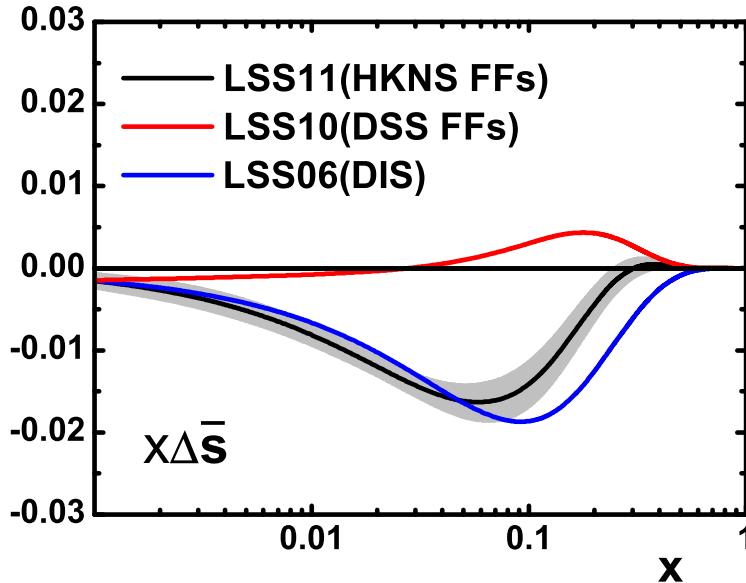
*arXiv:1104.2926 [hep-ex]*

# Longitudinal Spin: Motivations for 2011 data taking

- More statistics on polarized protons
- so as to restore somewhat the balance between  $p$  and  $d$ .  
 ⇒ Particularly interesting for the analyses mixing both.
- *E.g.* Strange Quark Polarisation Puzzle



## $\Delta s$ in SIDIS: Sensitivity to $D_s^K$ FF



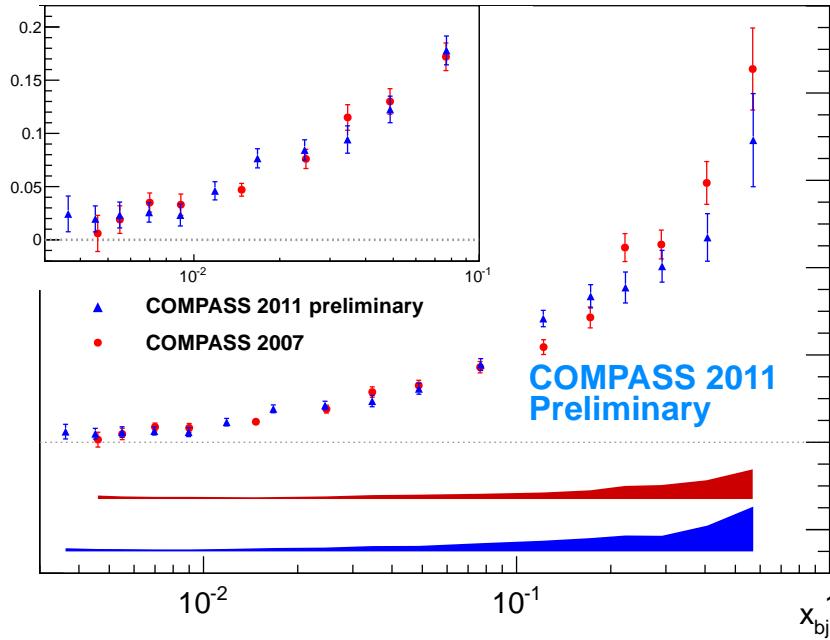
*Leader, Sidorov, Stamenov: DIS+SIDIS fits using various FFs  
compared to purely incl. DIS fit.*

*arXiv:1103.5979 [hep-ph]*

⇒ Programme of Hadron Multiplicities in SIDIS @ COMPASS, to contribute to FF global effort

*Cf. presentation of Luigi Capozza*

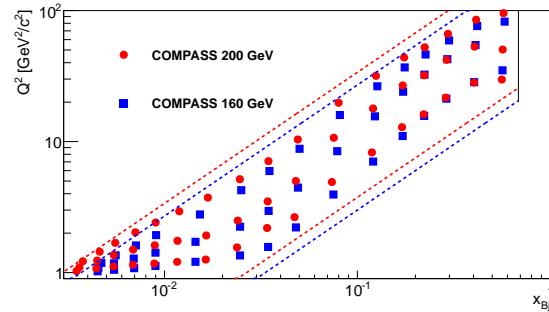
# Longitudinal Spin: 2011 preliminary results



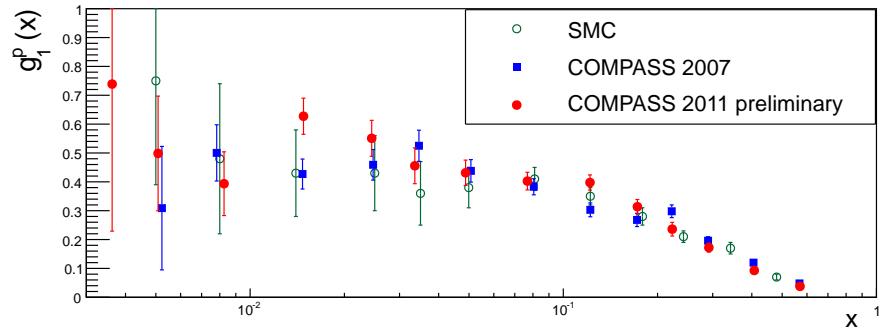
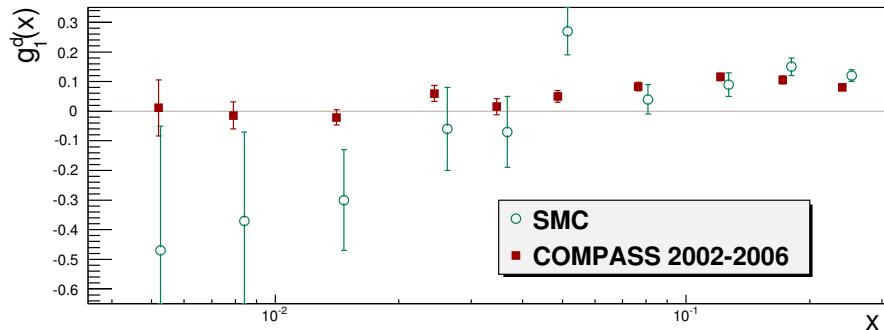
- Only inclusive so far:

$A_1^p(x) \simeq \frac{A_{\parallel}}{D}$  w/ good precision in COMPASS

2007 and 2011 at (slightly) different  $Q^2$

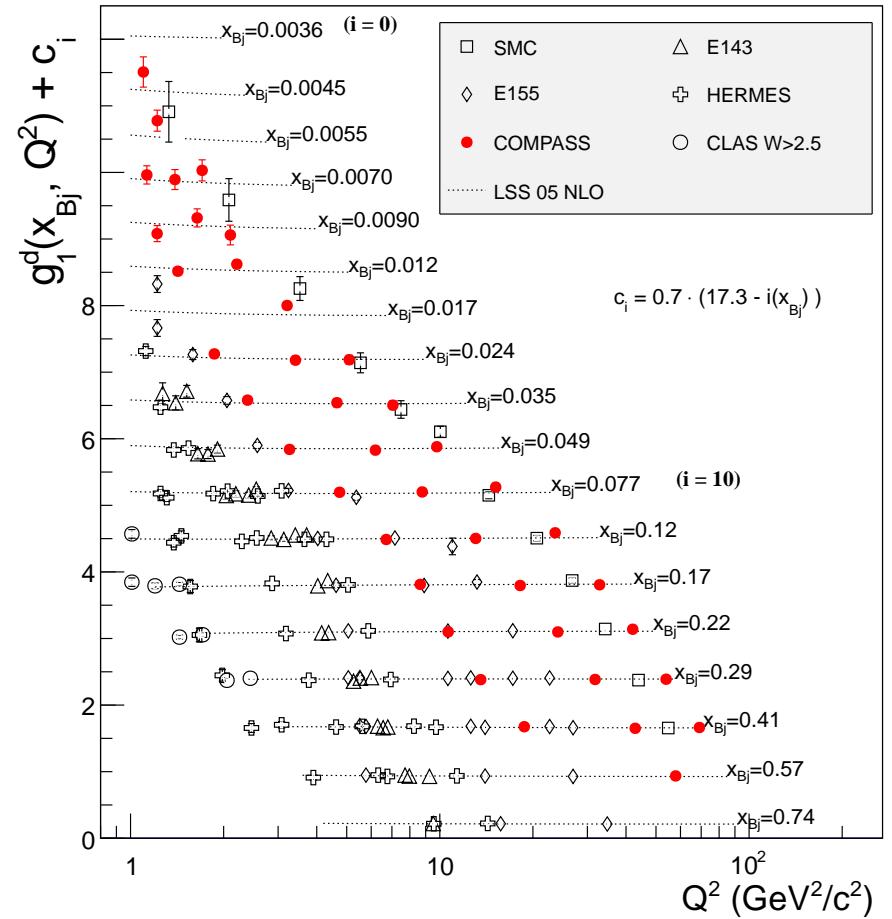
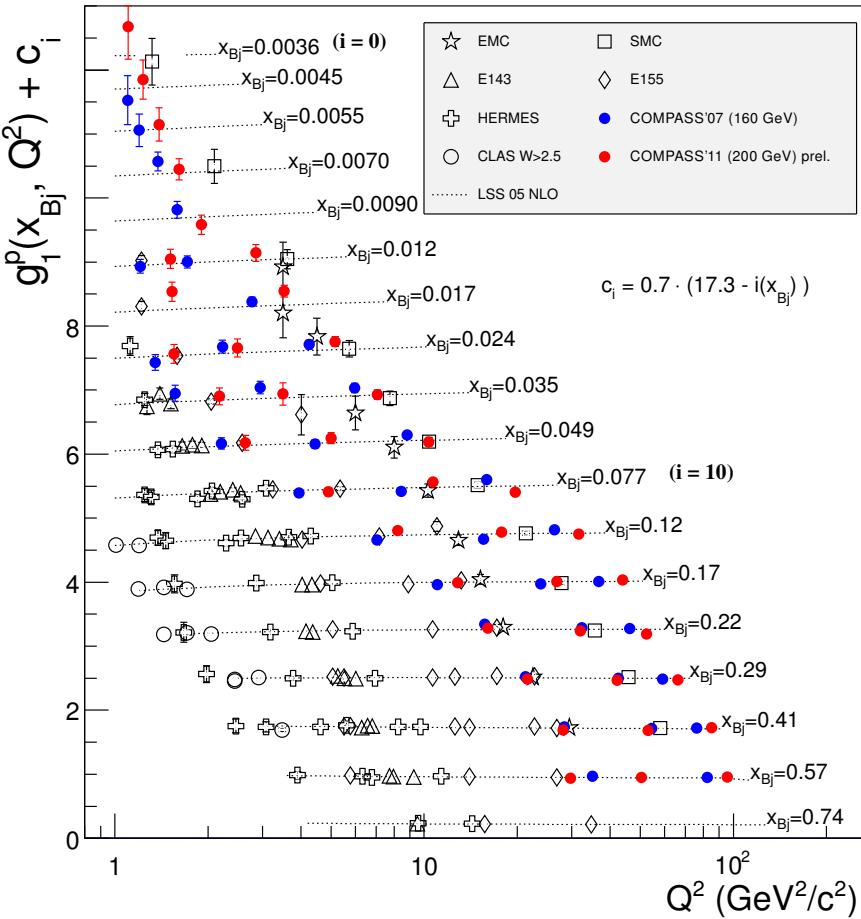


- COMPASS boost in precision at low  $x$  now completed



# Longitudinal Spin: Status of polarised DIS

- World polarised DIS data:  $g_1(Q^2) + c(x)$



# $\Delta G$ Dedicated Measurements: Direct extraction vs. Fit

- **Direct** vs. **Fit**, differing in:
  - Folding partonic level pQCD calculations with . . .
    - . . . the soft fragmentation process,
  - Handling of the quark contributions

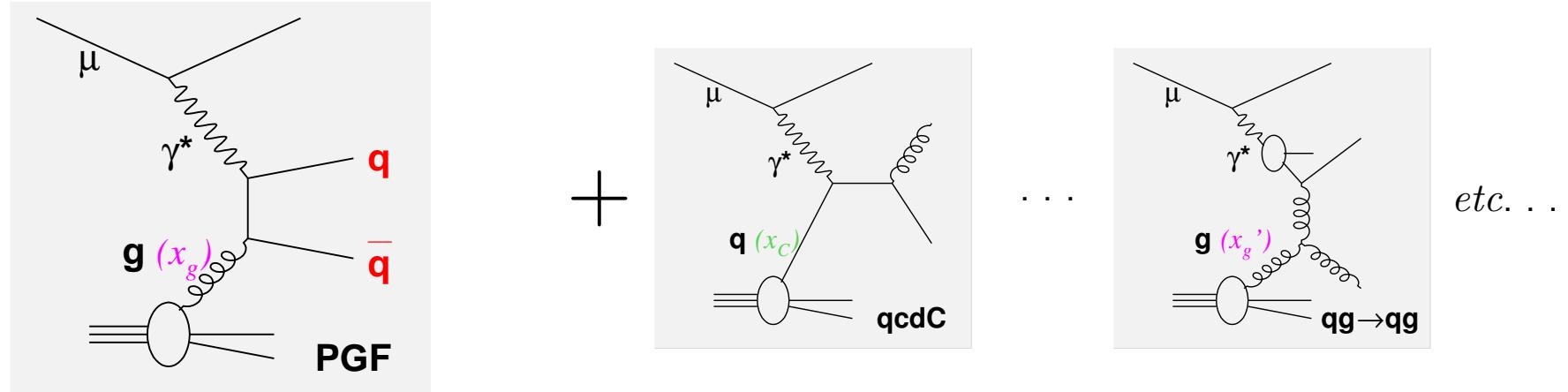
## 1. **Fit** (*Approach used at RHIC*)

- pQCD calculations w/ . . .
  - . . . Independent collinear fragmentation
- Quark contributions: from or w/in global fit
- In COMPASS: Photo-production of charge hadrons at high  $p_T$   
**New:** Validation of the framework on unpolarised data

## 2. **Direct** extraction (*Approach also used at HERMES*)

- Based on MC generator  
⇒ Lund Fragmentation
- Quark contributions autochthonous
  - . . . (except in the high  $p_T$  low  $Q^2$  case)
- In COMPASS: Approach mainly used so far (in both open-charm and high  $p_T$ )  
**New:** NLO corrections to open charm

## $\Delta G$ : Open charm *vs.* high $p_T$



- **$q = c$ : Open Charm production**
  - Generated by PGF at LO
  - Intrinsic charm neglectable (low  $x_{Bj}$ )
  - Resolved  $\gamma$  small (high  $x_\gamma$ )

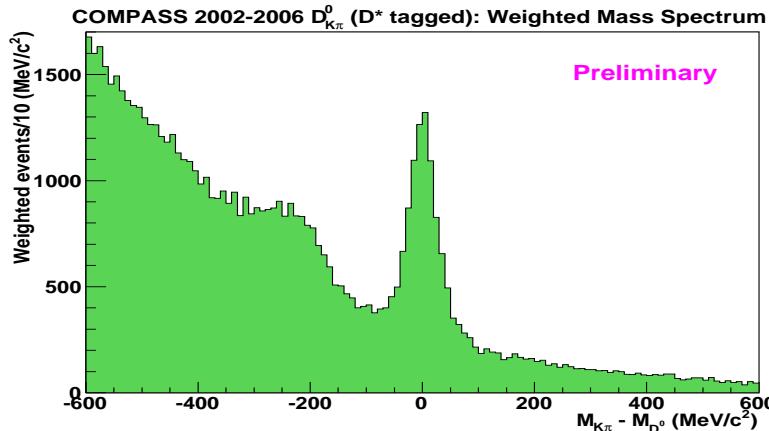
⇒ COMPASS Golden Channel

  - Experimentally difficult
  - pQCD scale set by  $\hat{s} > 4m_c^2$
- **$q = u,d,s,c$ : High- $p_T$  Hadrons**
  - Competing LO-DIS, QCD-Compton
  - Competing resolved  $\gamma$  processes.
  - Higher statistics
  - pQCD scale set by  $p_T$  or  $Q^2$

## ΔG: Open charm

- Open charm selection.

*E.g.  $D^* \rightarrow D^0\pi \rightarrow K\pi\pi$*



- LO interpretation (2002-2007 data)

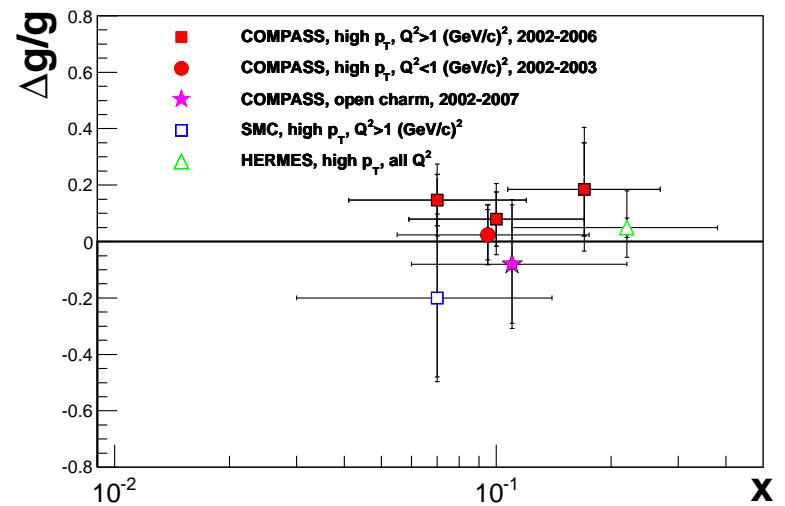
$$\Delta G/G = -0.08 \pm 0.21(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.11(\text{syst.}) \quad x_G = 0.11^{+0.11}_{-0.05}; \quad \mu^2 \approx 13 \text{GeV}^2$$

- COMPASS open charm at LO (\*) and other direct measurements (@ 3 GeV<sup>2</sup>)

⇒  $\Delta G/G$  small

*Axial anomaly scenario definitely excluded*

- LO ⇒ not into global fits



## ΔG: NLO corrections to open charm

- Bojak and Stratmann, Nucl. Phys. B **540** (1999) arXiv:hep-ph/9807405

Collinear fragmentation: Charm quark is "measured" via measured D meson

$\gamma + N \rightarrow Q[\bar{Q}] + X$  @  $Q^2 = 0$  w/ Mandelstam invariants  $U_1$  and  $T_1$   
 $d^2\hat{\sigma}/dU_1dT_1$  and  $d^2\Delta\hat{\sigma}/dU_1dT_1$  including virtual + soft and real gluon corrections

- K. Kurek, J. Phys. Conf. Ser. **295** (2011)

Analytical integration over  $U_1$ .

**MC integration over  $x$  using AROMA w/ Parton Shower**

$$\Rightarrow \langle a_{LL} \rangle(p_T)$$

- Asymmetries binned along  $p_T$  (also available in  $(p_T, E)$  bins)

$$\langle a_{LL} \rangle(p_T) A^{\gamma N}(p_T) = \langle a_{LL}^g \rangle(p_T) \Delta G/G + \langle a_{LL}^q \rangle(p_T) A_1$$

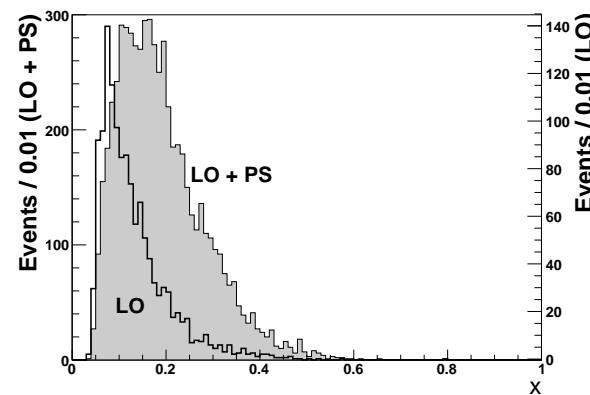
$$\Rightarrow \Delta G/G = -0.13 \pm 0.15(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.15(\text{syst.}) \quad x_g = 0.20^{+0.13}_{-0.08} \quad \mu^2 \approx 13 \text{ GeV}^2$$

- Significant impact on  $x_g$

Note: Dissent w/  $x_g$  result in

Riedl, Stratmann, Schäfer, EPJ C73 (2013)

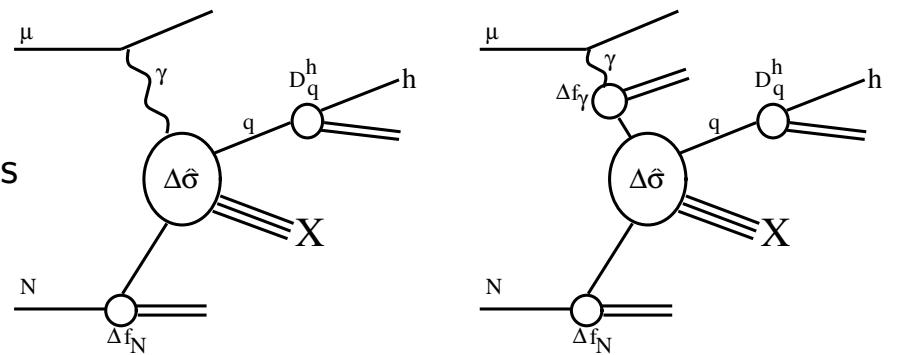
arXiv:1212.1319 [hep-ph]



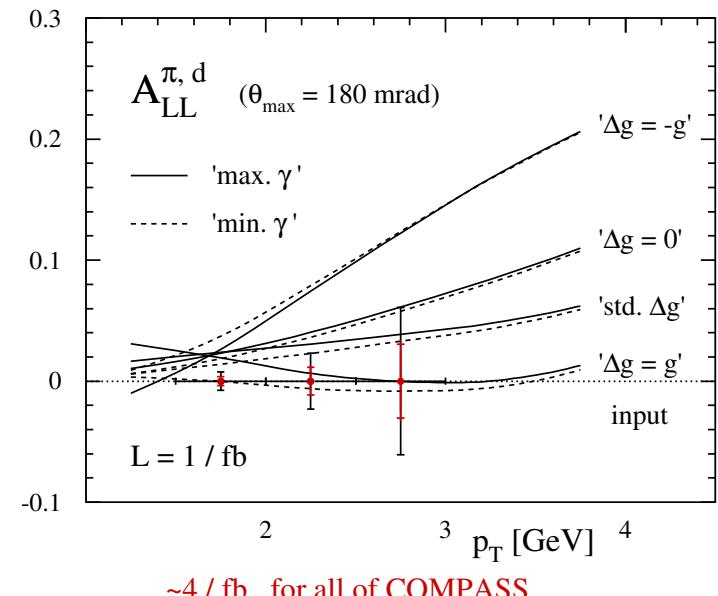
## $\Delta G$ : High $p_T$ Hadron Photo-production

- NLO pQCD for  
[Polarised] Photoproduction of Inclusive Hadrons

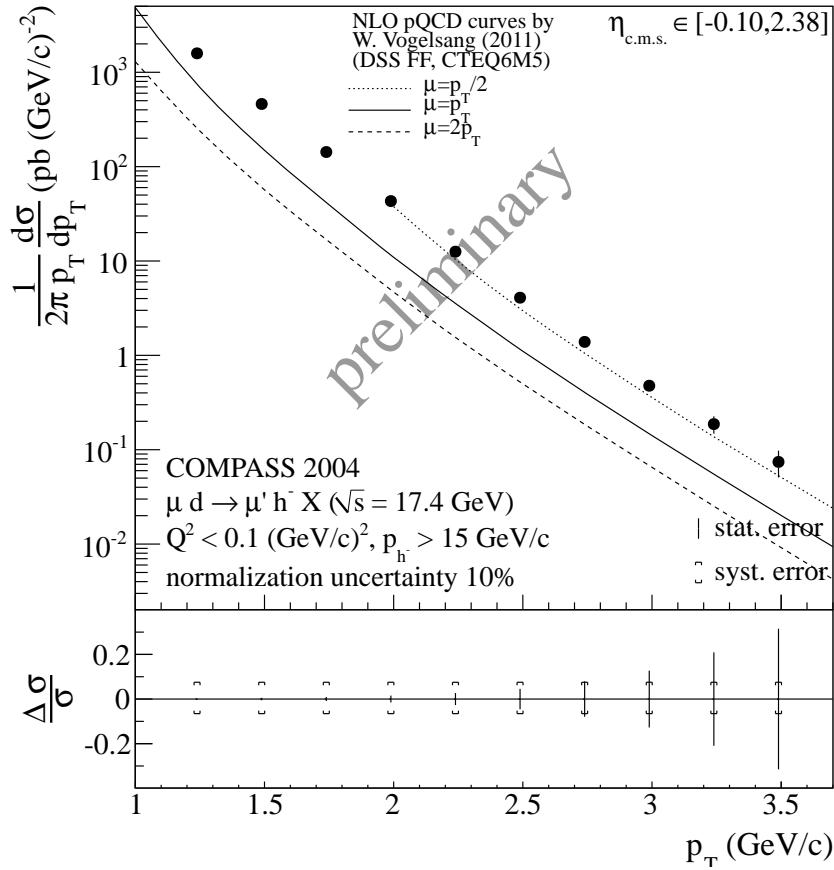
Jäger et al., EPJ. C44 (2005)  
[arXiv:hep-ph/0505157]



- Projections ( $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) compared to GRSV options  
Polarised photon structure explored based on extreme scenarios: limited impact
- Total COMPASS integrated luminosity:  $\sim 4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- “Threshold Resummation”  
X-section 3÷4 higher

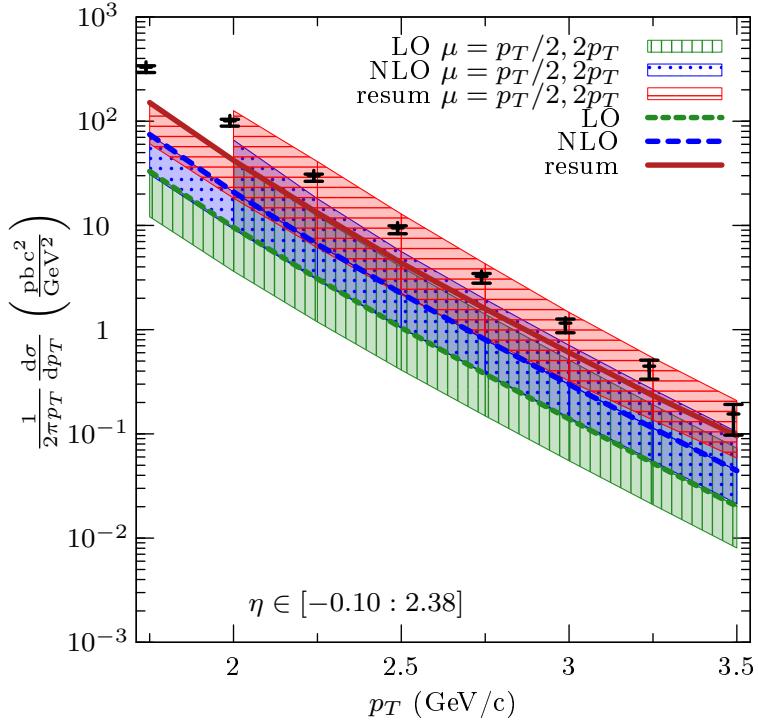


# $\Delta G$ : Hadron Photo-production X-section vs. $p_T$



**Measured X-section**  
(compared to  $NLO$  calculation)

arXiv:1207.2022 [hep-ex]



**New calculation w/ "threshold resummation"**  
(compared to data and old-calculation)

de Florian, Pfeuffer, Schäfer, Vogelsang

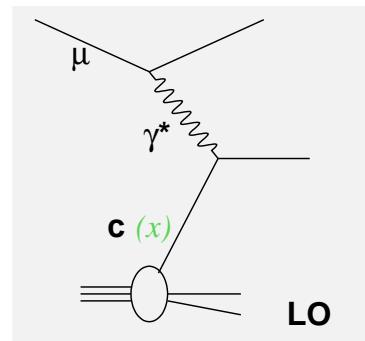
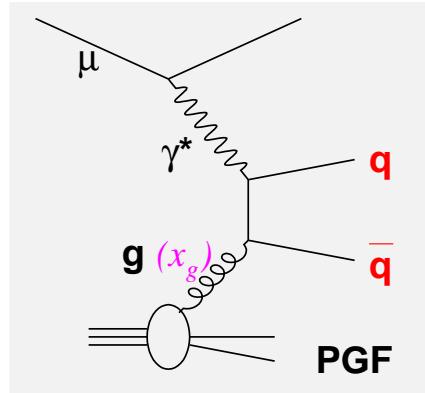
arXiv:1305.6468 [hep-ph]

## Outlook

- Promising first results from 2011 Longitudinal data taking
- $\Delta G/G$  toward NLO accuracy
- The 2011 polarized proton run closes the first phase of COMPASS.  
COMPASS-II proposal approved by CERN Research Board.  
Including GPD dedicated measurements:
  - Short test run in 2012.
  - Data taking in 2016/17.

# SPARES

## $\Delta G$ : Open charm vs. high $p_T$

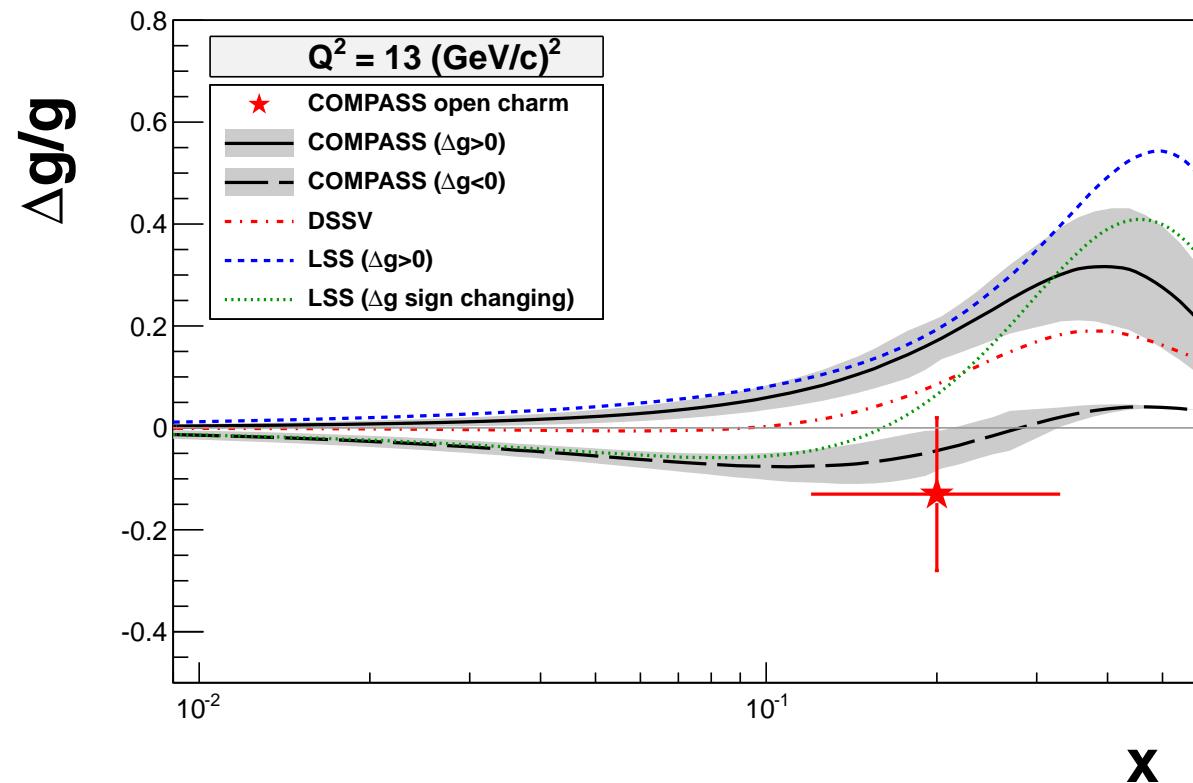


*Intrinsic charm: Expected at large  $x$   
(Brodsky et al., Phys.Lett. B93 (1980))  
Probed here at  $x = 10^{-4} \div 10^{-2} \ll x_g$   
 $\Rightarrow$  Neglect intrinsic charm*

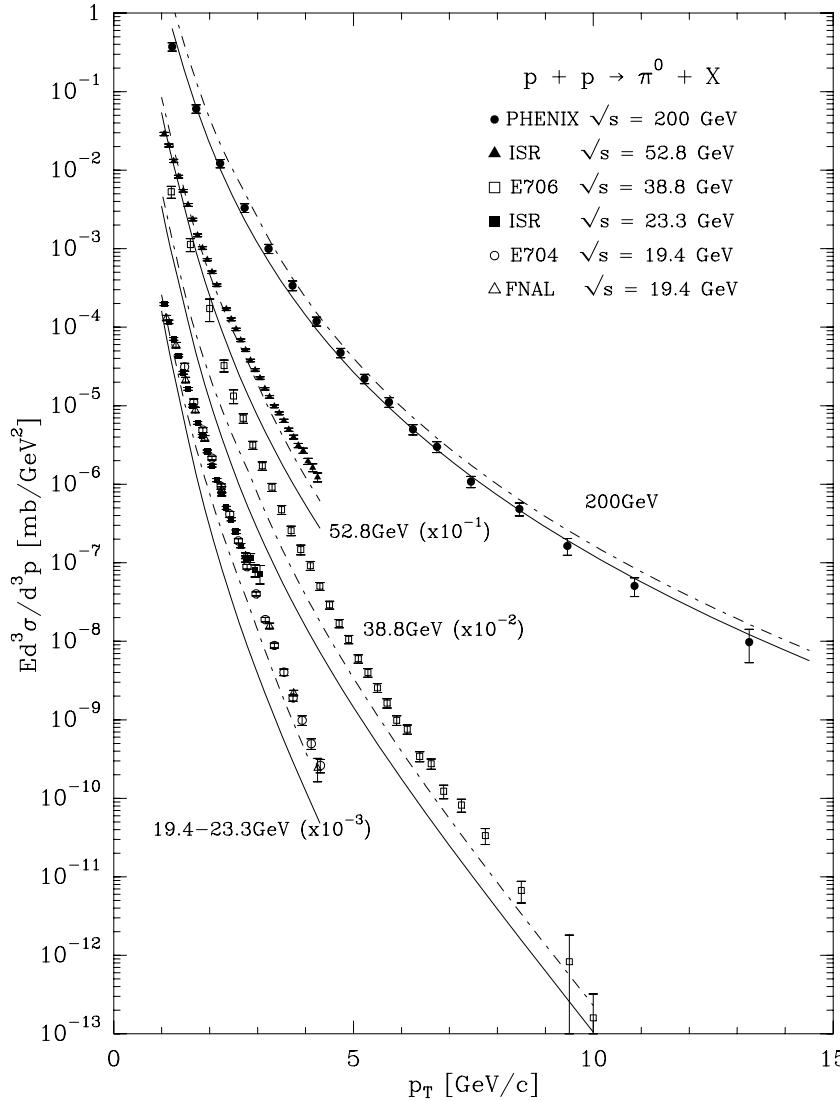
- **$q = c$ : Open Charm** production
  - Generated by PGF at LO
  - Resolved  $\gamma$  small (high  $x_\gamma$ )  
 $\Rightarrow$  COMPASS Golden Channel
  - Experimentally difficult
  - pQCD scale set by  $\hat{s} > 4m_c^2$
- **$q = u,d,s,c$ : High- $p_T$**  Hadrons
  - Competing LO-DIS, QCD-Compton
  - Competing resolved  $\gamma$  processes.
  - Higher statistics
  - pQCD scale set by  $p_T$  or  $Q^2$

## $\Delta G$ : Global DIS + open charm NLO fit

- NLO corrected  $\Delta G/G$  included in NLO QCD fit of polarised parton distributions



## $\Delta G$ : High $p_T$ Hadron $p + p$ production vs. $\sqrt{s}$

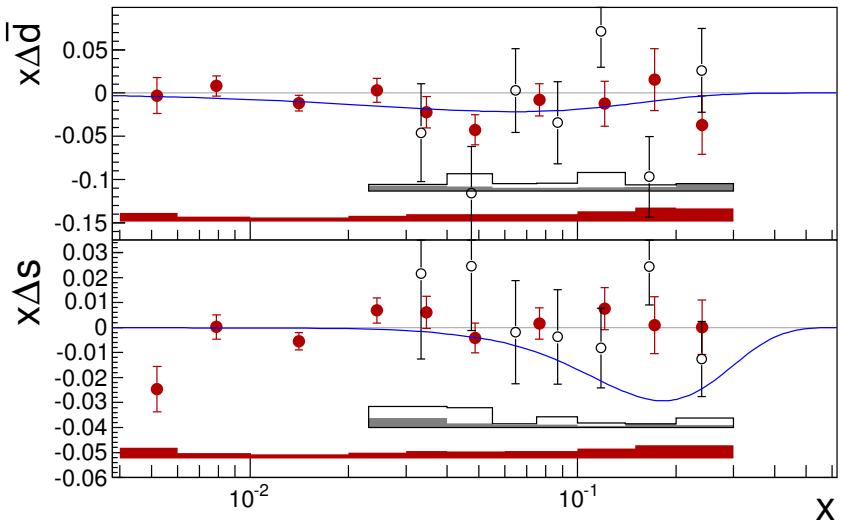
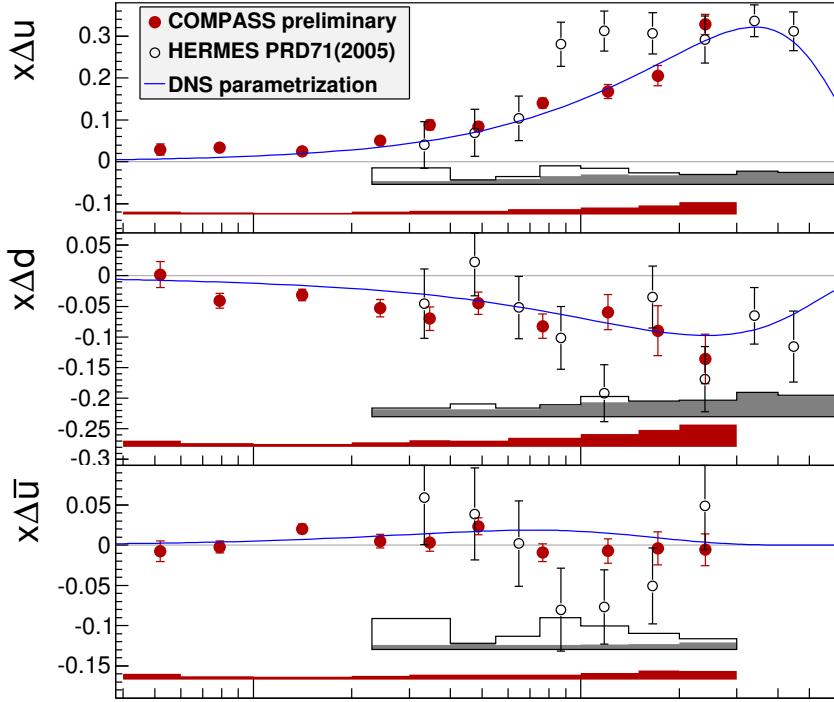


*Bourrely and Soffer,  
Eur. Phys. J. C **36** (2004)  
[arXiv:hep-ph/0311110]*

⇒ Need validate pQCD framework  
in COMPASS ( $\sqrt{s} \simeq 17$  GeV) case

## SIDIS: Flavor separation

- SIDIS can make up for lack of  $\nu$  and Drell-Yan polarized data.
- QPM fit to COMPASS data, using LO unpolarized PDFs and FFs.



- $\Delta s$  compatible w/ 0, at variance to QCD fit of Incl. data.
- $\Delta s$  very sensitive upon choice of FF.

- Global QCD fit including SIDIS: DSSV [*arXiv:0904.3821 [hep-ex]*].

## Open charm vs. $x_{Bj}$

