## Transversity signal in two hadron pair production at COMPASS $\begin{aligned} & \text { Heiner Wollny } \\ & \text { University of Friburg } \\ & \text { on behalf of COMPASS }\end{aligned}$

## Outline:

- COMPASS experiment
- Transversity with Interference Fragmentation Function
- Results of 2007 Proton run


## COMPASS Experiment

## 230 physisists, 10 countries, 25 institutes



## COMPASS Detector

- high energy muon beam ( 160 GeV )
- high intensity beam $\left(2 \cdot 10^{8} \mu^{+}\right.$/spill)
- two stages spectrometer:
$\sim$ large angular acceptance $\left(0 \leq \theta_{l a b} \leq 180 \mathrm{mrad}\right)$ $\sim$ broad kinematical range



## COMPASS Polarized Target




## COMPASS target ( $\geq 2006$ ):

- 3 target cells
- acceptance: 180 mrad
- target material: $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
- dilution factor: $f \simeq 15 \%$
- polarization: $P_{T} \sim 90 \%$
- reversal of polarization every 4-5 days


## Transverse Spin Physics

In leading order three parton distributions are needed to describe the structure of the nucleon:

quark distribution
in unpolarized DIS
$\ell P \rightarrow \ell^{\prime} X$

helicity distribution in polarized DIS
$\vec{\ell} \vec{P} \rightarrow \ell^{\prime} X$

$$
\Delta_{T} \mathbf{q}(x)=\mathbf{q}^{\uparrow \uparrow}(x)-\mathbf{q}^{\uparrow \downarrow}(x)
$$


transversity distribution in polarized SIDIS
$\ell P^{\uparrow} \rightarrow \ell^{\prime} h h X$ Interference FF
$\begin{array}{ll}\ell P^{\uparrow} \rightarrow \ell^{\prime} h X & \text { Collins FF } \\ \ell P^{\uparrow} \rightarrow \ell^{\prime} \wedge X & \text { FF of } q^{\uparrow} \rightarrow \Lambda\end{array} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} & \text { A.Bressan } \\ & \text { on Wed. }\end{aligned}$

# Measuring transversity with Two-Hadron-Interference-FF $H_{1}^{\varangle}$ : 

$\leadsto$ azimuthal asymmetry:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
N_{h^{+} h^{-}} \propto 1 \pm A \cdot \sin \phi_{R S} \cdot \sin \theta \\
\phi_{R S}=\phi_{R}+\phi_{S}-\pi
\end{array}
$$

## Measuring transversity with <br> Two-Hadron-Interference-FF $H_{1}^{\varangle}$ :

$\leadsto$ azimuthal asymmetry:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
N_{h^{+} h^{-}} \propto 1 \pm A \cdot \sin \phi_{R S} \cdot \sin \theta \\
\phi_{R S}=\phi_{R}+\phi_{S}-\pi
\end{array}
$$



## Measuring transversity with Two-Hadron-Interference-FF $H_{1}^{\varangle}$ :

$\leadsto$ azimuthal asymmetry:


$$
\begin{array}{r}
N_{h^{+} h^{-}} \propto 1 \pm A \cdot \sin \phi_{R S} \cdot \sin \theta \\
\phi_{R S}=\phi_{R}+\phi_{S}-\pi
\end{array}
$$

## Measuring transversity with Two-Hadron-Interference-FF $H_{1}^{\varangle}$ :

$\leadsto$ azimuthal asymmetry:


$$
\begin{array}{r}
N_{h^{+} h^{-}} \propto 1 \pm A \cdot \sin \phi_{R S} \cdot \sin \theta \\
\phi_{R S}=\phi_{R}+\phi_{S}-\pi
\end{array}
$$

For this analysis: $\sin \theta$ can be neglected

Measured asymmetry $A$ is a convolution of transversity $\Delta_{T} \mathrm{q}(x)$ and

Two-Hadron-Interference-FF $H_{1}^{\varangle}$ :
$A_{R S}=\frac{A}{f P_{T} D_{n n}}=\frac{\sum_{q} e_{q}^{2} \cdot \Delta_{T} q(x) \cdot H_{1}^{\varangle}\left(z, M_{h^{+}}^{2} h^{-}\right)}{\sum_{q} e_{q}^{2} \cdot q(x) \cdot D_{1}\left(z, M_{h^{+} h^{-}}{ }^{-}\right.}$
$H_{1}^{\varangle}=H_{1}^{\varangle, s p}+\cos \theta H_{1}^{\varangle, p p}$
$f$ target dilution factor
$P_{T}$ target polarization
$D_{n n}=\frac{1-y}{1-y+y^{2} / 2}$ depolarization factor

## Single Spin Asymmetries in Two hadron production: 2

Measured asymmetry $A$ is a convolution of transversity $\Delta_{T} \mathrm{q}(x)$ and

Two-Hadron-Interference-FF $H_{1}^{\varangle}$ :
$A_{R S}=\frac{A}{f P_{T} D_{n n}}=\frac{\sum_{q} e_{q}^{2} \cdot \Delta_{T} q(x) \cdot H_{1}^{\varangle}\left(z, M_{h^{+}}^{2} h^{-}\right)}{\sum_{q} e_{q}^{2} \cdot q(x) \cdot D_{1}\left(z, M_{h^{+} h^{-}}^{2}\right)}$
$H_{1}^{\varangle}=H_{1}^{\varangle, s p}+\cos \theta H_{1}^{\varangle, p p}$
$f$ target dilution factor
$P_{T}$ target polarization
$D_{n n}=\frac{1-y}{1-y+y^{2} / 2}$ depolarization factor


## 2007 Proton Run: Statistics

Data taking in 2007: May to November $81.5 \cdot 10^{12}$ muons on tape equally shared between transverse and longitudinal target polarization

Total statistics for transverse target polarization (after all cuts):

| Proton target $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)$ <br> $h^{+} h^{-}$pairs | Deuteron target $\left({ }^{6} \mathrm{LiD}\right)$ <br> $h^{+} h^{-}$pairs |
| :---: | :---: |
| $11.28 \cdot 10^{6}$ | $6.1 \cdot 10^{6}$ |

Considering: $\left\langle f \cdot P_{T}\right\rangle_{N H_{3}} \simeq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left\langle f \cdot P_{T}\right\rangle_{6}{ }_{\text {LiD }}$
$\leadsto$ similar statistical precision

## Asymmetry Extraction: Method

Splitting middle cell into two parts
$\leadsto$ two couples of cells with
opposite polarization
$\leadsto$ two independent values for the asymmetries per period


Extraction: Extended Unbinned Maximum Log-Likelihood Fit:

$$
\begin{aligned}
P^{\uparrow \downarrow}\left(\phi_{h}, \phi_{S}\right)=a \cdot g^{\uparrow \downarrow}(\vec{A}) \quad \begin{array}{l} 
\\
\\
\\
\\
g^{\uparrow \downarrow}=\text { acceptance }(\vec{A})=8 \text { spin dependent modulations }
\end{array} \\
\quad \text { plus } \cos \phi_{R} \text { and } \cos 2 \phi_{R}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\mathrm{LH}=\left(\prod_{j} P_{j}\right) \cdot e^{-\mu}, \quad \text { 'extended' factor: } \quad \mu=\int \mathrm{d} \phi_{R} \int \mathrm{~d} \phi_{S} P^{\uparrow \downarrow}\left(\phi_{h}, \phi_{S}\right)
$$

## Asymmetry Extraction: Method

Separation of acceptance and spin dependent modulations:
Coupling of:
two cells ( $u, d$ )
with opposite polarization $\uparrow \downarrow$ and
two periods ( $\mathrm{p} 1, \mathrm{p} 2$ )

with opposite target polarization:
Fix acceptances with Assumption:

$$
C_{u}=\frac{a_{u}^{\uparrow}}{a_{u}^{\downarrow}} ; \quad C_{d}=\frac{a_{d}^{\downarrow}}{a_{d}^{\uparrow}}
$$

## 2007 Proton Run: Data Quality Checks

## Data quality checks:

- detector profiles
- event reconstruction
- $K^{0}$-reconstruction (invariant mass)
- distributions of kinematical variables


$$
x_{b j}, Q^{2}, y, W, p_{\mu^{\prime}}, \phi_{\mu_{L a b}^{\prime}}, \theta_{\mu_{L a b}^{\prime}}, p_{h a d}, p_{T_{h a d}}, z, \phi_{h a d_{L a b}}, \theta_{h a d_{L a b}}, \phi_{h}, \phi_{S}, Z_{\text {vertex }}
$$




## SIDIS Event Selection

## DIS cuts:

- $Q^{2}>1(\mathrm{GeV} / c)^{2}$
- $0.1<y<0.9$
- $W>5 \mathrm{GeV} / c^{2}$




## SIDIS Event Selection

DIS cuts:

- $Q^{2}>1(\mathrm{GeV} / c)^{2}$
- $0.1<y<0.9$
- $W>5 \mathrm{GeV} / c^{2}$



## SIDIS Event Selection

Physikalisches Institut

## hadron cuts:

- $x_{F}>0.1$
- $z_{i}>0.1$
$-z_{\text {sum }}=z_{1}+z_{2}<0.9$
- $R_{T}>0.07 \mathrm{GeV} / \mathrm{c}$


COMPASS 2007 TRANSVERSE PROTON DATA



DIS 2009, Madrid, Apr. 26-30.09

## Mean Kinematics - Proton Data 2007






## Systematic Tests

Tests for systematic errors:

- Splitting spectrometer into sectors:
- Left / Right
- Top / Bottom
- Splitting middle cell: two asymmetries per double period
- Check for false asymmetries:

Combination of cells with same polarization


- Comparison of 4 estimators for asymmetry extraction 1D and 2D double ratios, binned LH, unbinned LH


## Results Proton 2007



## Results Proton 2007 and predictions



Bacchetta, Radici hep-ph/0608037



## Results Proton 2007 and HERMES



HERMES: JHEP 0806:017,2008


- different definition of $\phi s$
- No $D_{n n}$ correction


## Results Proton 2007 and HERMES



HERMES: JHEP 0806:017,2008


- different definition of $\phi_{S}$
- No $D_{n n}$ correction


## Results Deuteron 2002-2004




Heiner Wollny (University of Freiburg)



DIS 2009, Madrid, Apr. 26-30.09

First result for asymmetry in two hadron pair production measured in COMPASS 2007 proton transverse run:

- Measured Asymmetry:
- significantly different from zero
$\leadsto$ Two Hadron-Interference-FF and Transversity are non zero
- in agreement with prediction
- signal stronger than measured by HERMES
- Outlook:
- Identified hadron pairs


## End

## Thank You

email: heiner.wollny@cern.ch

## Back up

## Back Up

## Definition of $R_{T}$

$\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{T}}=\frac{z_{2} \mathbf{P}_{1 \mathbf{T}}-z_{1} \mathbf{P}_{2 \boldsymbol{T}}}{z_{1}+z_{2}}$
$\cos \phi_{R}=\frac{\vec{q} \times \vec{\ell}}{|\vec{q} \times \vec{\ell}|} \cdot \frac{\vec{q} \times \vec{R}_{T}}{\left|\vec{q} \times \vec{R}_{T}\right|}, \quad \sin \phi_{R}=\frac{\left(\vec{\ell} \times \vec{R}_{T}\right) \cdot \hat{q}}{|\hat{q} \times \vec{\ell}|\left|\hat{q} \times \vec{R}_{T}\right|}$


## Table of Contents

Physikalisches Institut

COMPASS Experiment
Detector
Polarized Target

Transverse Spin Physics
Single Spin Asymmetries in Two Hadron Pair Production

2007 Proton Run

Asymmetry Extraction
Data Quality Checks
SIDIS Event Selection
Mean Kinematics
Systematic Tests

Results Proton 2007
Comparison with predictions
Results Proton 2007 and HERMES
Results Deuteron 2002-2004

Summary

Back Up

Table of Contents

