

COMPASS Calorimetry in view of future plans



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on behalf of the
COMPASS Collaboration

Outline:

- COMPASS Hadron and DVCS programme
- Calorimetry:
 - Test beam measurements, first results
 - Calibration, monitoring using muons
- Outlook



bmb+f - Förderschwerpunkt

COMPASS

Großgeräte der physikalischen
Grundlagenforschung



The COMPASS experiment



COmmun **M**uon **P**roton **A**pparatus for **S**tructure and **S**pectroscopy
(~270 physicists, 25 institutes, 11 countries)

a) Nucleon spin structure:

→ **polarised muon beam**

- data taken 2002-04, 2006/07

Target
(different kind)

muon or
hadron beam

b) Nucleon & meson spectroscopy:

- Primakoff
- Central, Diffractive production
- **hadron beams**

Hadron run in 2008 (after pilot run in 2004)



Proposal: General Parton Distributions (GPD) (EOI → CERN-SPSC-05-007)



Why measure GPDs:

- GPD framework – Novel tool for investigating nucleon structure
- accessible through hard exclusive reactions:
 - 3D picture of nucleon (quarks, gluons)
 - possibility to access still unknown quark & gluon orbital momentum

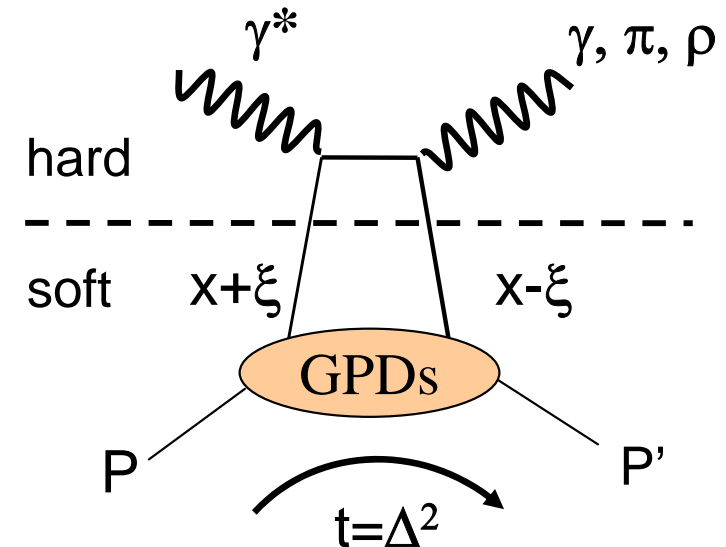
HEMP: $\mu p \rightarrow \mu p \pi, \rho, \dots$

&

DVCS: $\mu p \rightarrow \mu p \gamma$

Why doing with COMPASS:

- high energies available at CERN
- possibility of using polarised, positive & negative muons
- DVCS



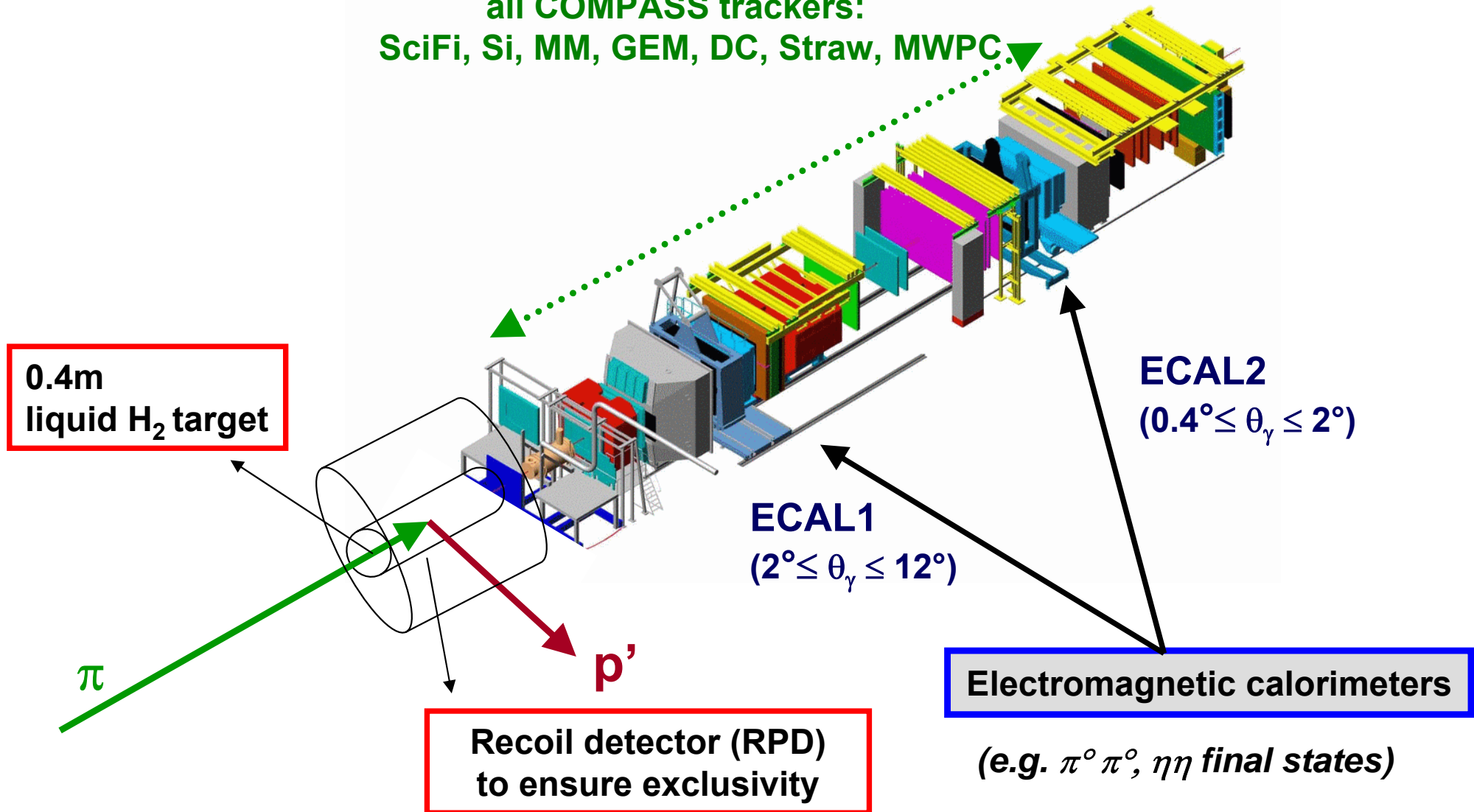
→ **COMPASS = unique place for studying GPD via DVCS !**



COMPASS spectrometer: Hadron setup 2008



all COMPASS trackers:
SciFi, Si, MM, GEM, DC, Straw, MWPC.

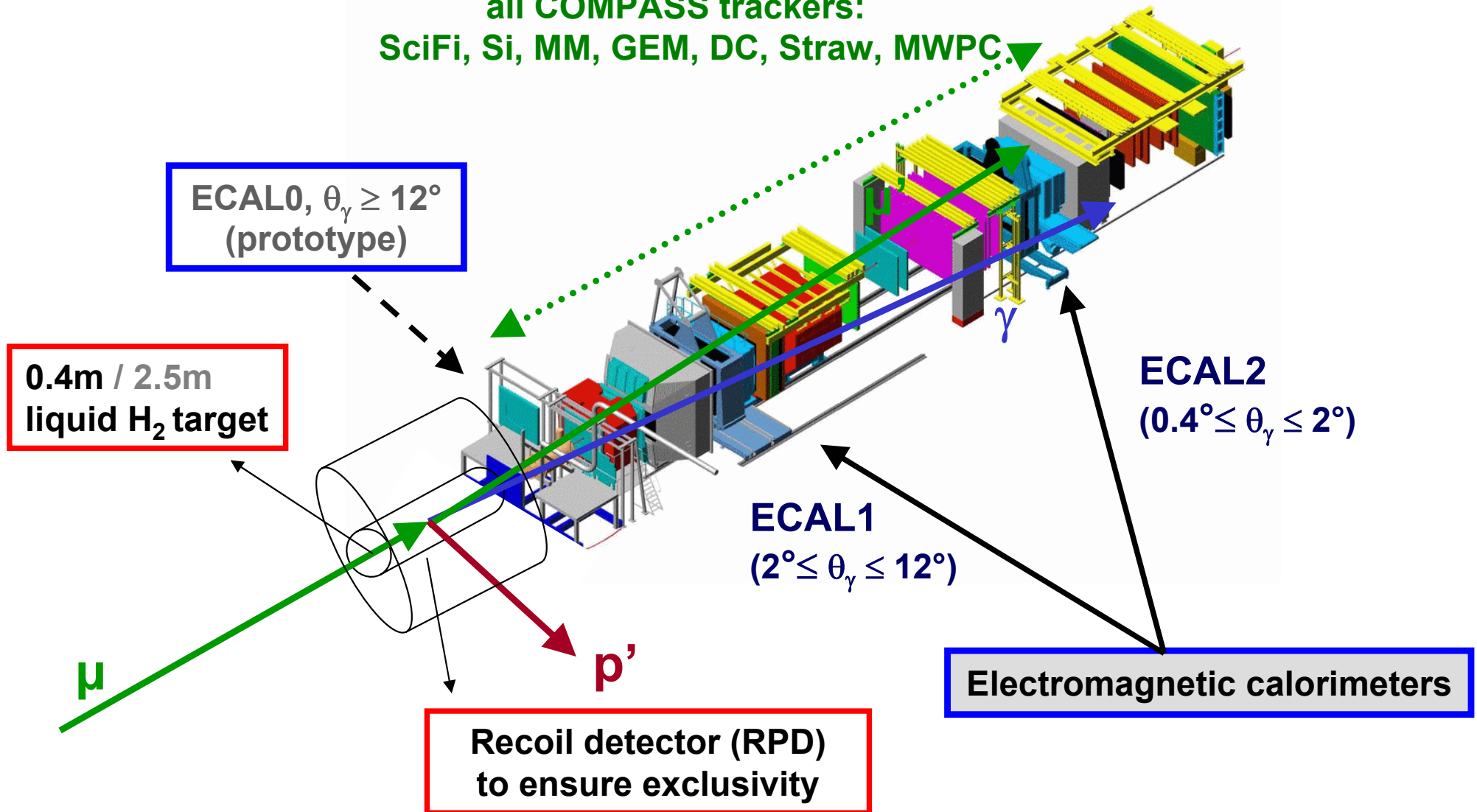




COMPASS: Setup 2008 and beyond



all COMPASS trackers:
SciFi, Si, MM, GEM, DC, Straw, MWPC.

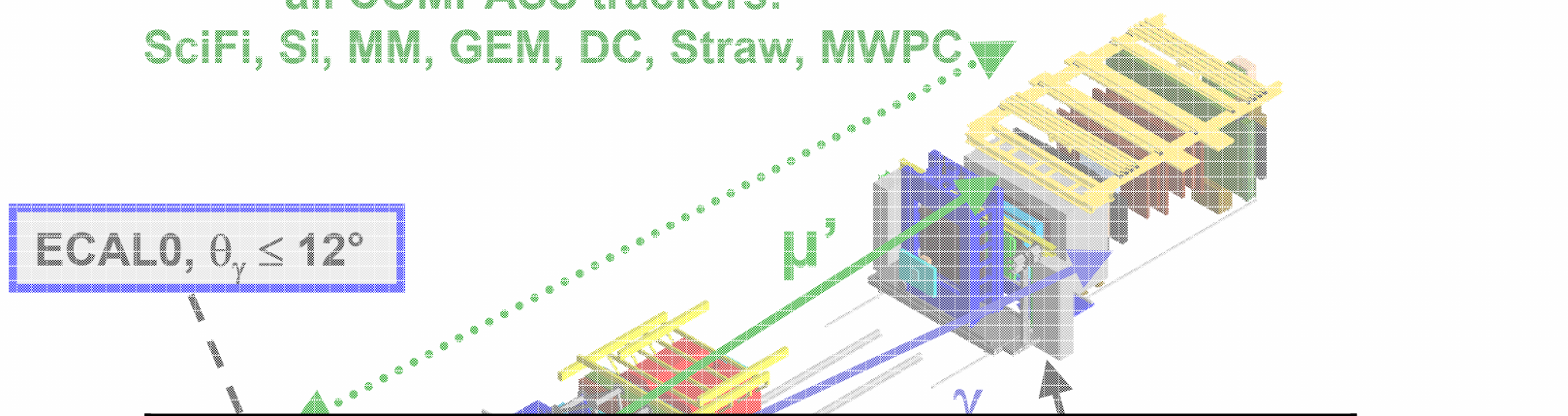




COMPASS: Setup 2008 and beyond



all COMPASS trackers:
SciFi, Si, MM, GEM, DC, Straw, MWPC.



1.5m / 2.5m
liquid H₂ target

	Beam	Target	RPD	Ecal1	Ecal2
Hadron	π	LH ₂	!!!	!!!	!!!
GPD	μ	LH ₂	!!!	!!!	!!!

- Ideal complementarity & synergie:
RPD with hadron beam and RPD for DVCS with muon
- At **COMPASS** both **hadron & muon beams** available
- **No big change over** needed for **GPD** via DVCS!



COMPASS ECAL1&2

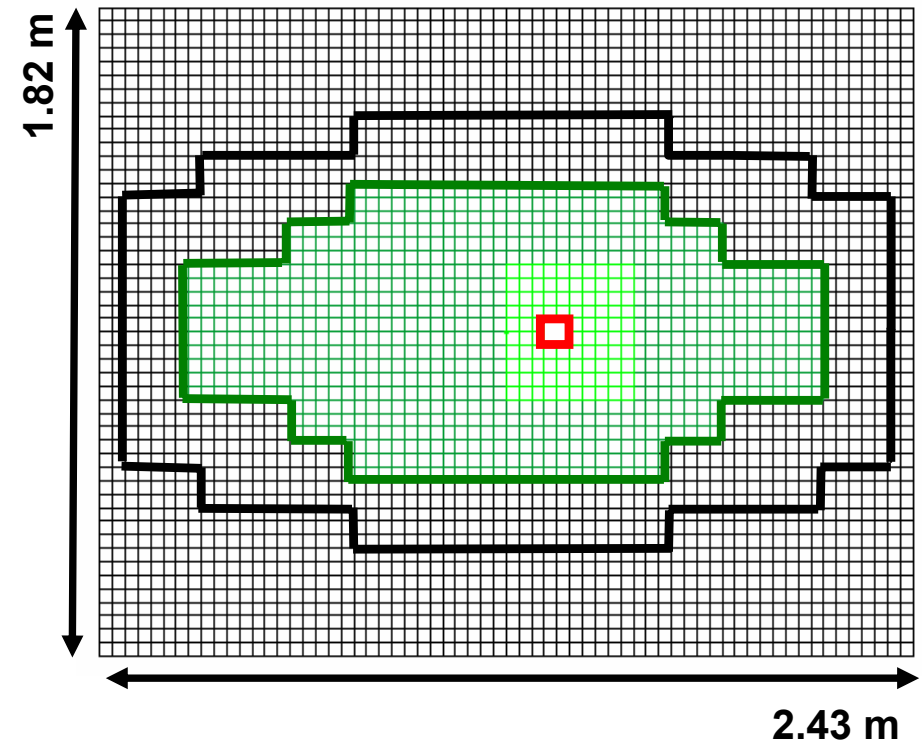
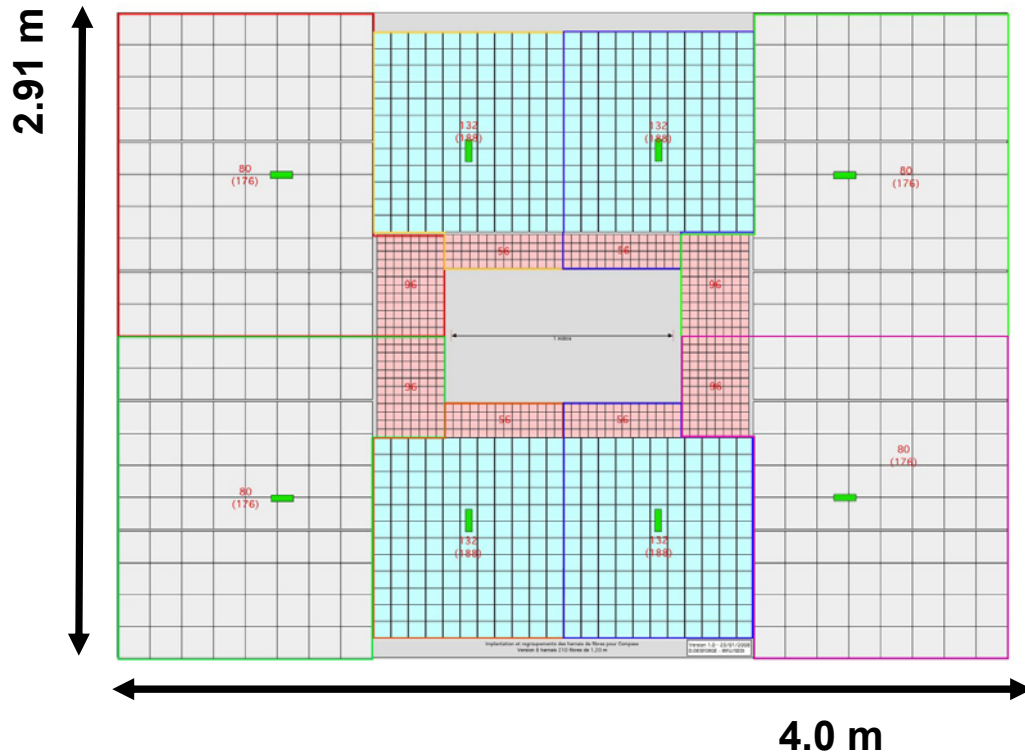


ECAL1, 1476 channels:

- Olga blocks (143 x 143mm²): 320 chans
- Mainz blocks (75 x 75 mm²): 580 chans
- GAMS blocks (38.2 x 38.2 mm²): 576 chans

ECAL2, 3072 channels:

- GAMS blocks: 1440 chans
- radhard GAMS blocks : 768 chans
- Shashlik modules: 864 chans

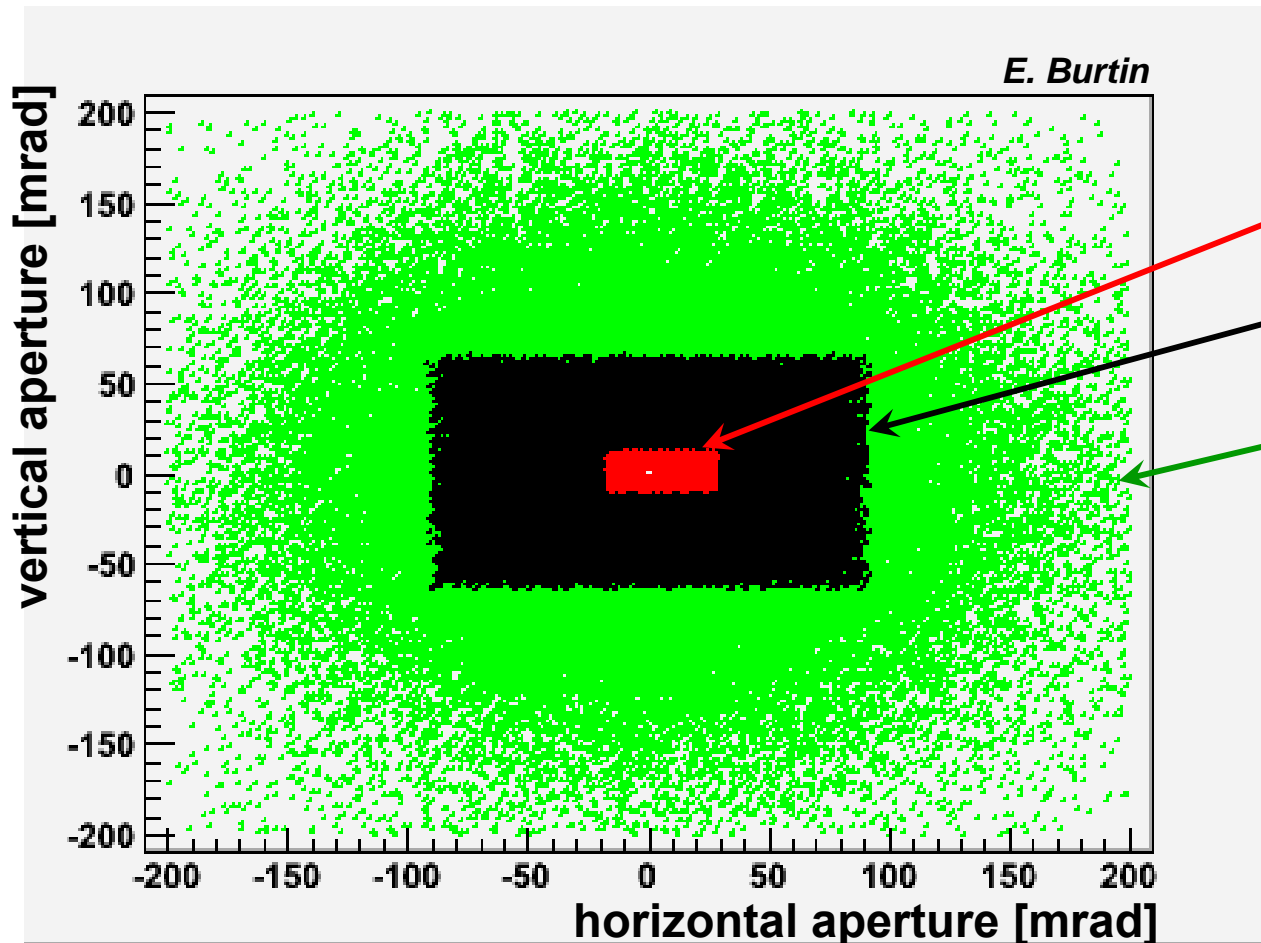




Calorimeter coverage foreseen



Goals: Detect DVCS photons & π^0



ECAL2 (existing)

ECAL1 (existing)

ECAL0 (to be built*)

**prototype test in 2008*

DVCS photons:

- 23% in Ecal2
 - 43% in Ecal1 (!!!)
 - 22% in Ecal0
-
- ~90% in total

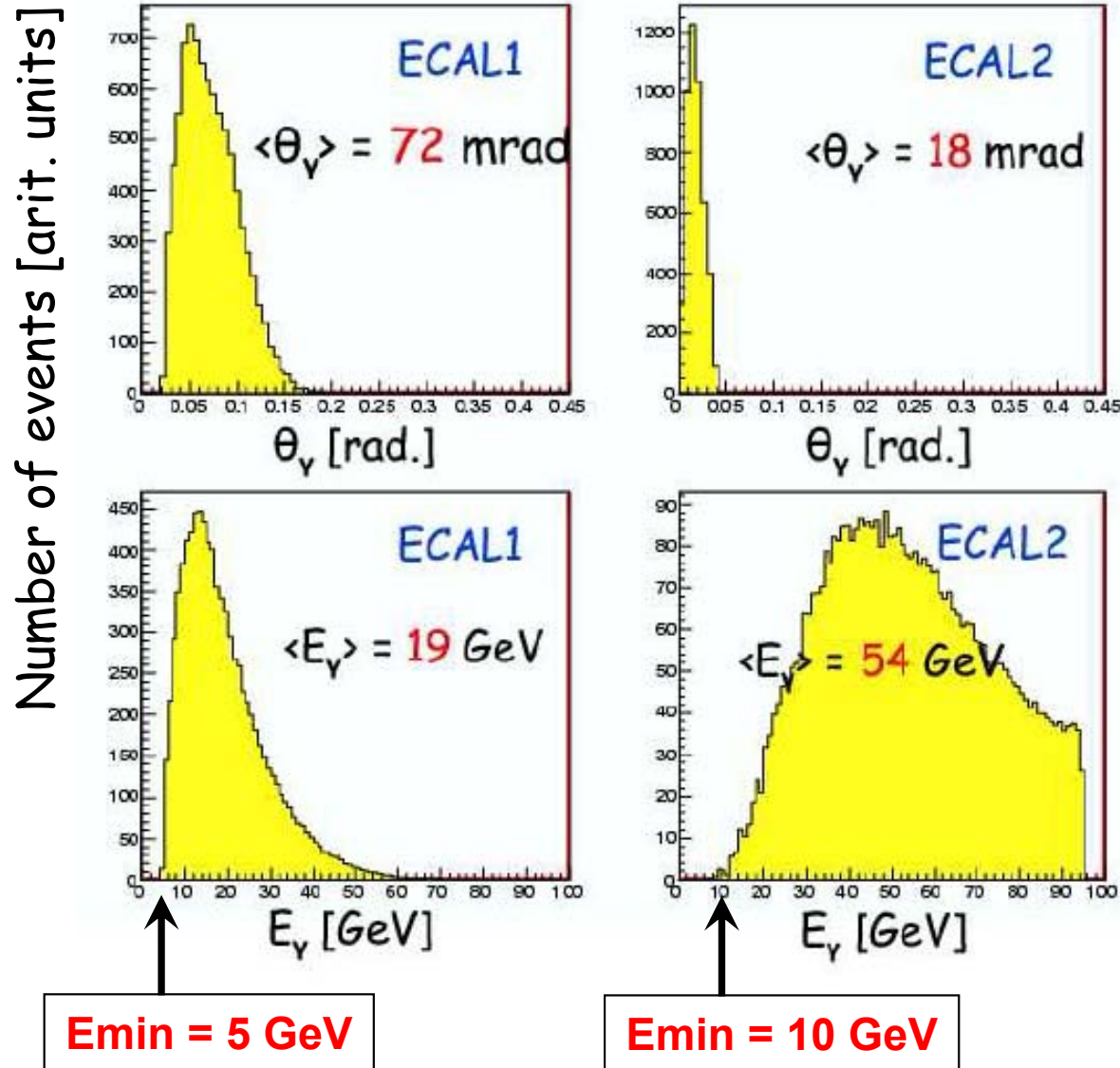
DVCS γ impact point at ECAL 0 location



Kinematical ranges for photons in Ecals



A. Sandacz





Demands for Calorimetry

Goal: DVCS photon detection & bckg suppression

Goal: DVCS photon detection

- $E_\gamma \geq 5 \text{ GeV}$ in ECAL1
- $E_\gamma \geq 10 \text{ GeV}$ in ECAL2

Also needed : Bckg suppression, i.e.

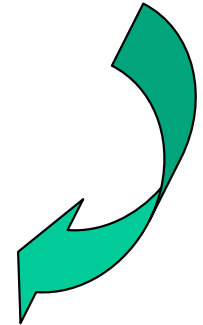
reconstruction of 2 photons from π^0 decay of

- $E_{\pi^0} = 5 \text{ GeV}$ in ECAL1
- $E_{\pi^0} = 10 \text{ GeV}$ in ECAL2



Probability to detect both bckgr photons from π^0 decay in lab syst.:

	Ecal1		Ecal2	
E_{thr} [GeV]	1.25	0.73	2.5	1.5
Prob. [%]	50	70	50	70



Needed for DVCS & good γ/π^0 separation:

- $E_{\text{cal1}}^{\text{thr}} \sim 1 \text{ GeV}$
- $E_{\text{cal2}}^{\text{thr}} \sim 2 \text{ GeV}$

Ecal1&2: Hardware thresholds: $\sim 150 \text{ MeV}$
 \rightarrow a priori no limitation for $E_{\text{thr}} < 1 \text{ GeV}$



T9 Test beam at CERN organised by Protvino IHEP



T9 Test beam data taken:

- SPS East area, Oct. 2007 (*Dubna, IHEP, Mainz, Torino, TU Munich, Saclay & Freiburg*)
- 1-15 GeV positron, μ^+ , pion and proton beam

=> first, preliminary results shown here

Detector components involved: ECAL, DriftChamber, HCAL

→ ECAL: *Shashlik (ECAL2), GAMS (Ecal1+2), Mainz & Olga (Ecal1)*

=> comissioning of **new devices**,
in view of improvements of **existing calorimeters**

Experimental setup

Hodoscope

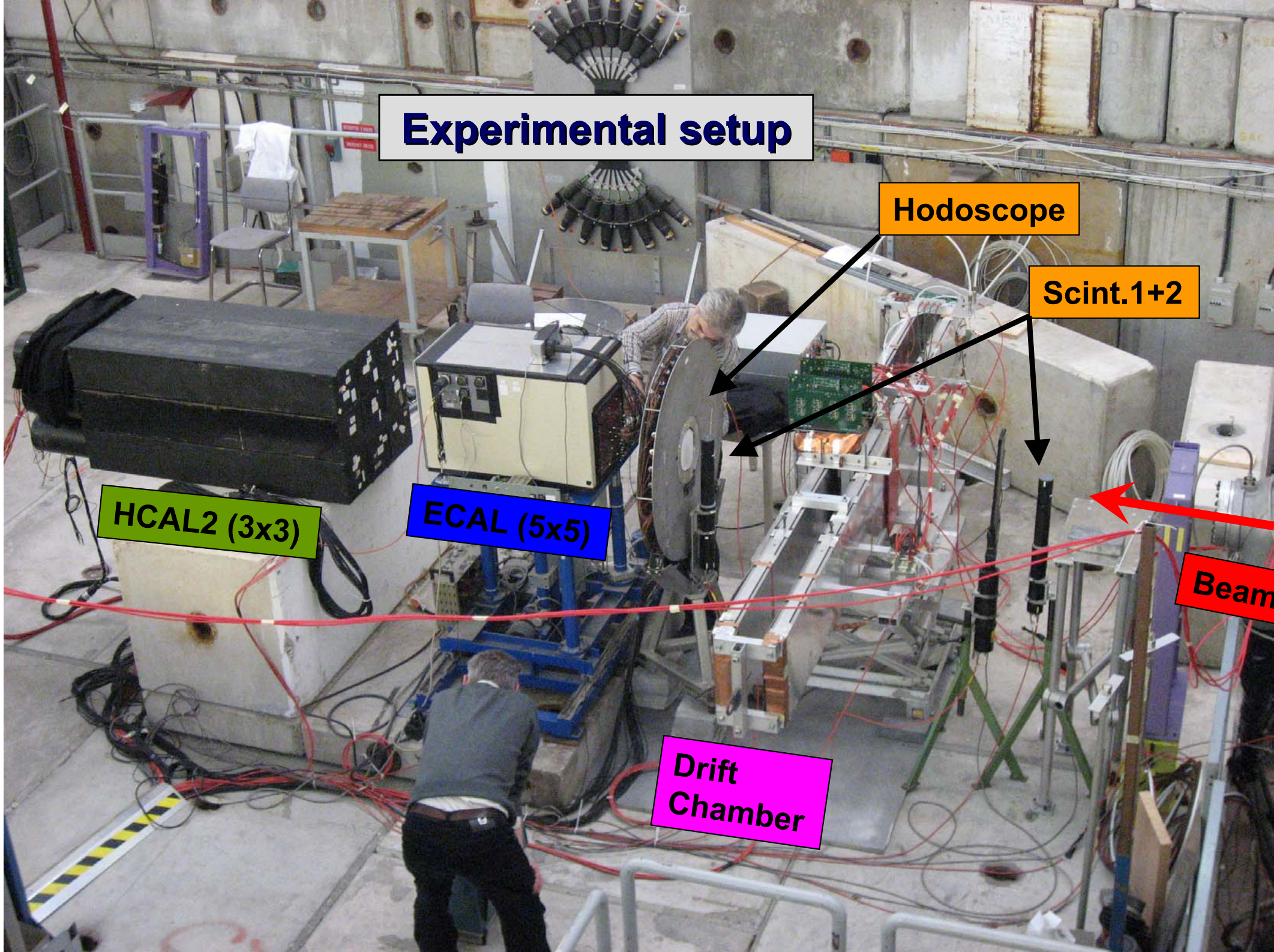
Scint.1+2

HCAL2 (3x3)

ECAL (5x5)

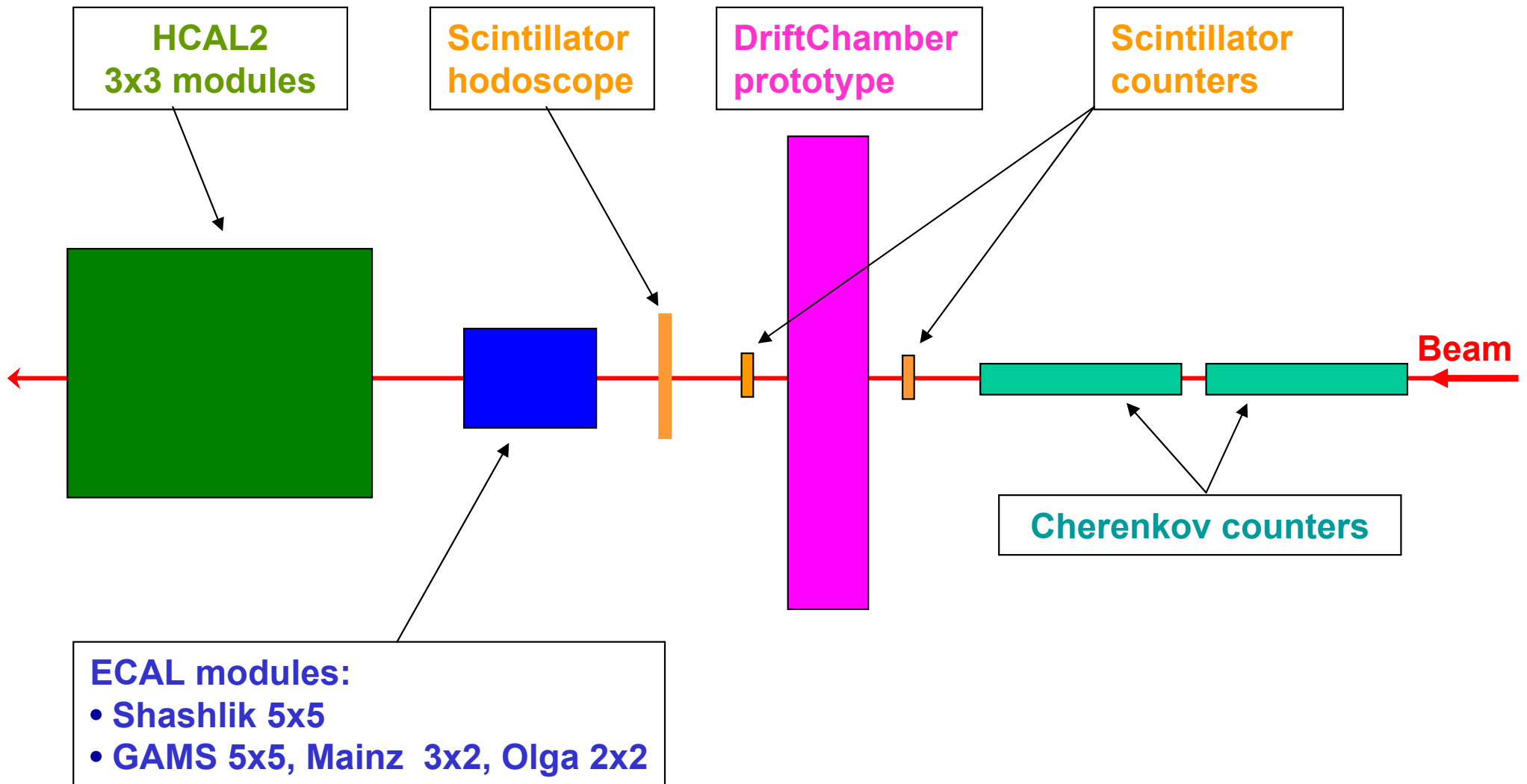
Beam

Drift Chamber



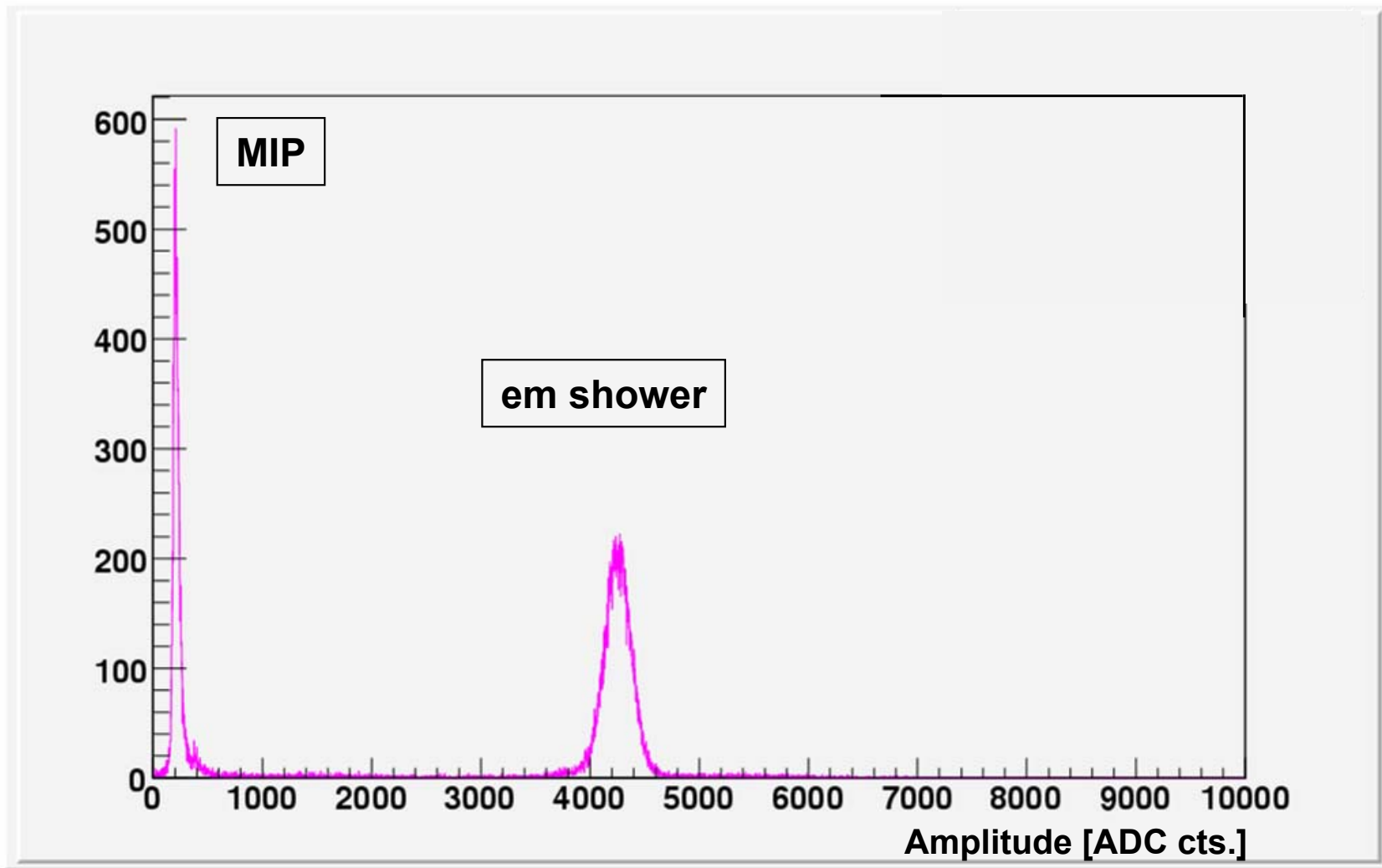


Experimental setup



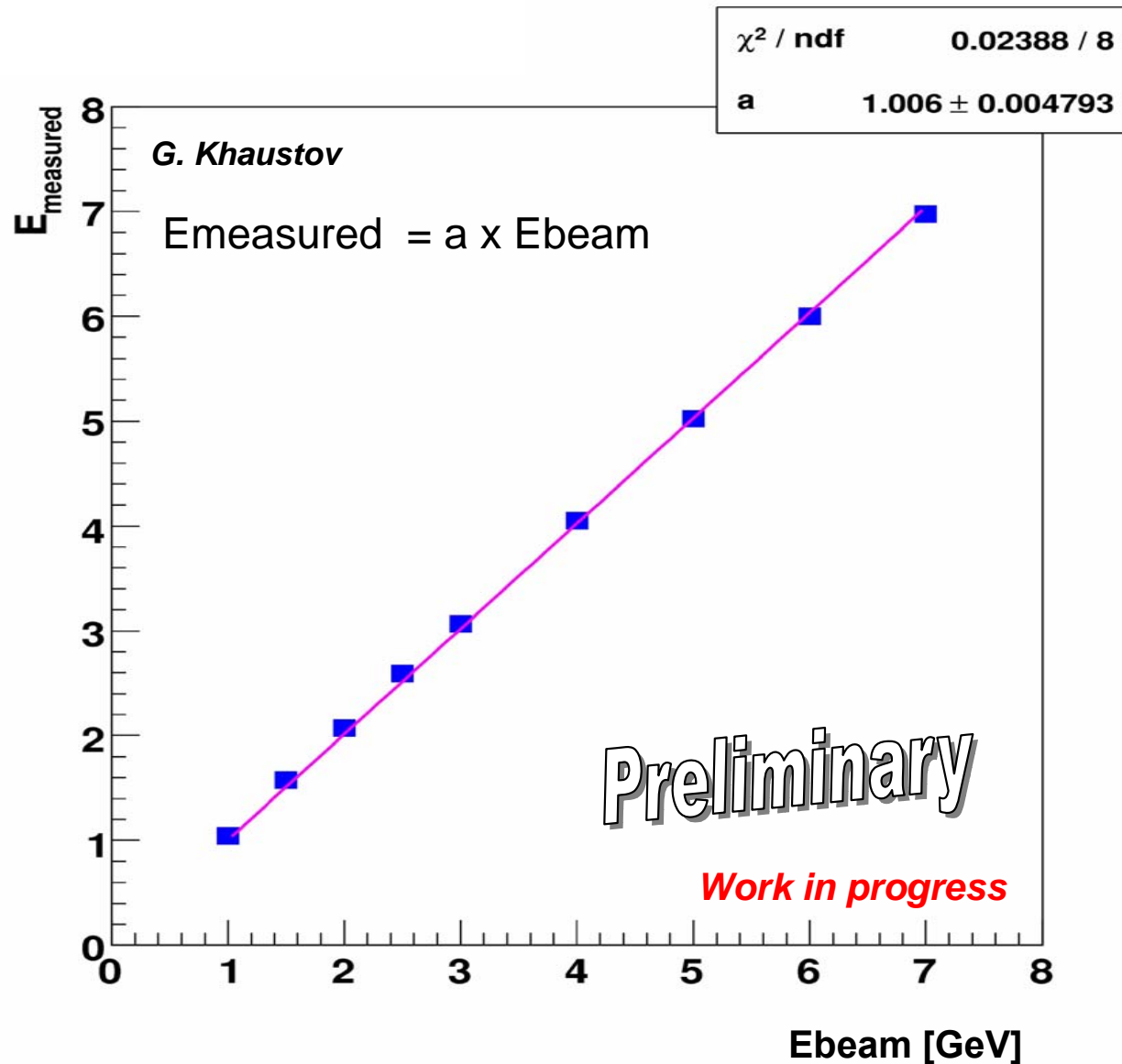


Shashlik: Muon & electron peak 4 GeV beam energy



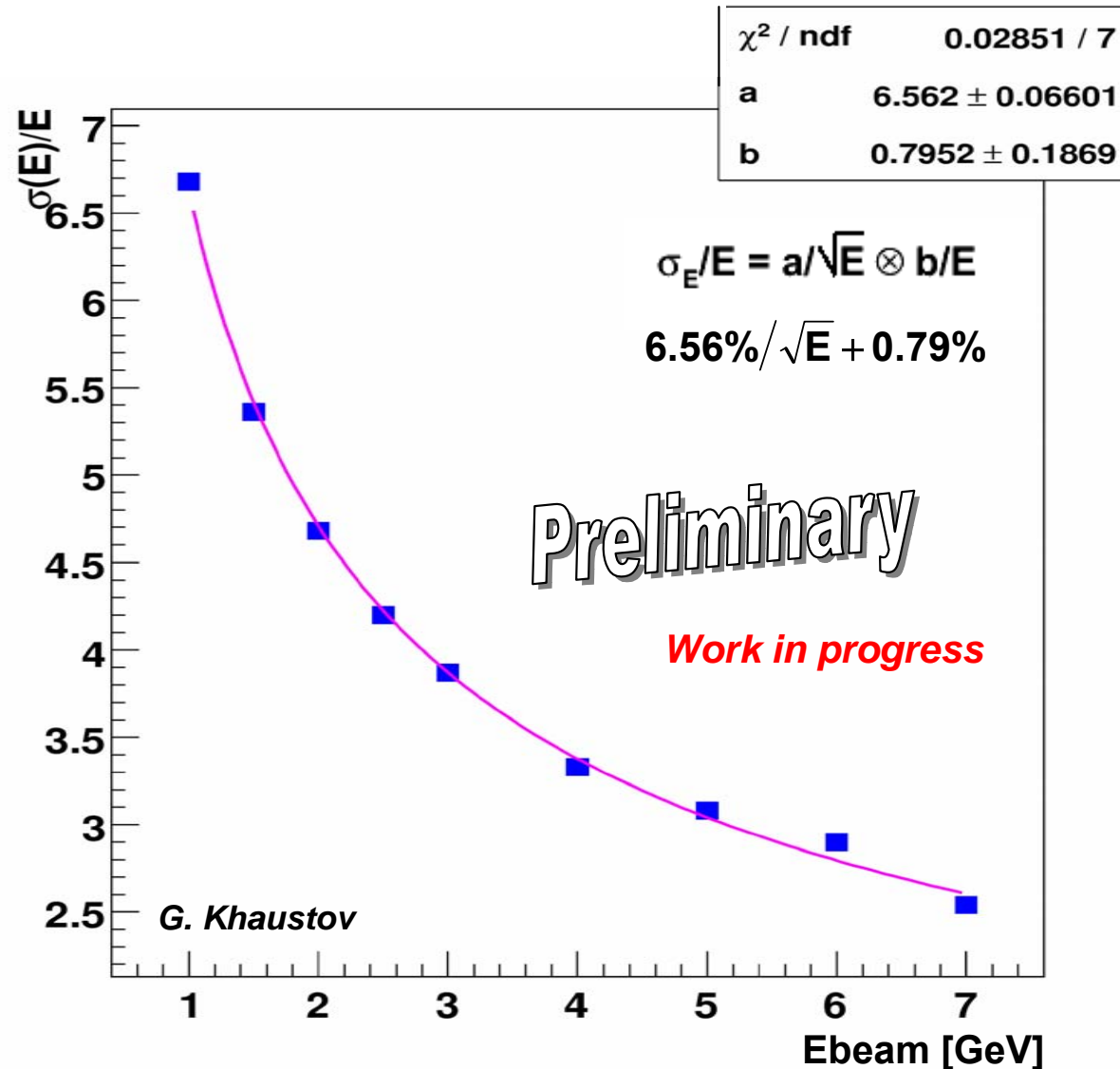


Preliminary results: Linearity – Shashlik modules





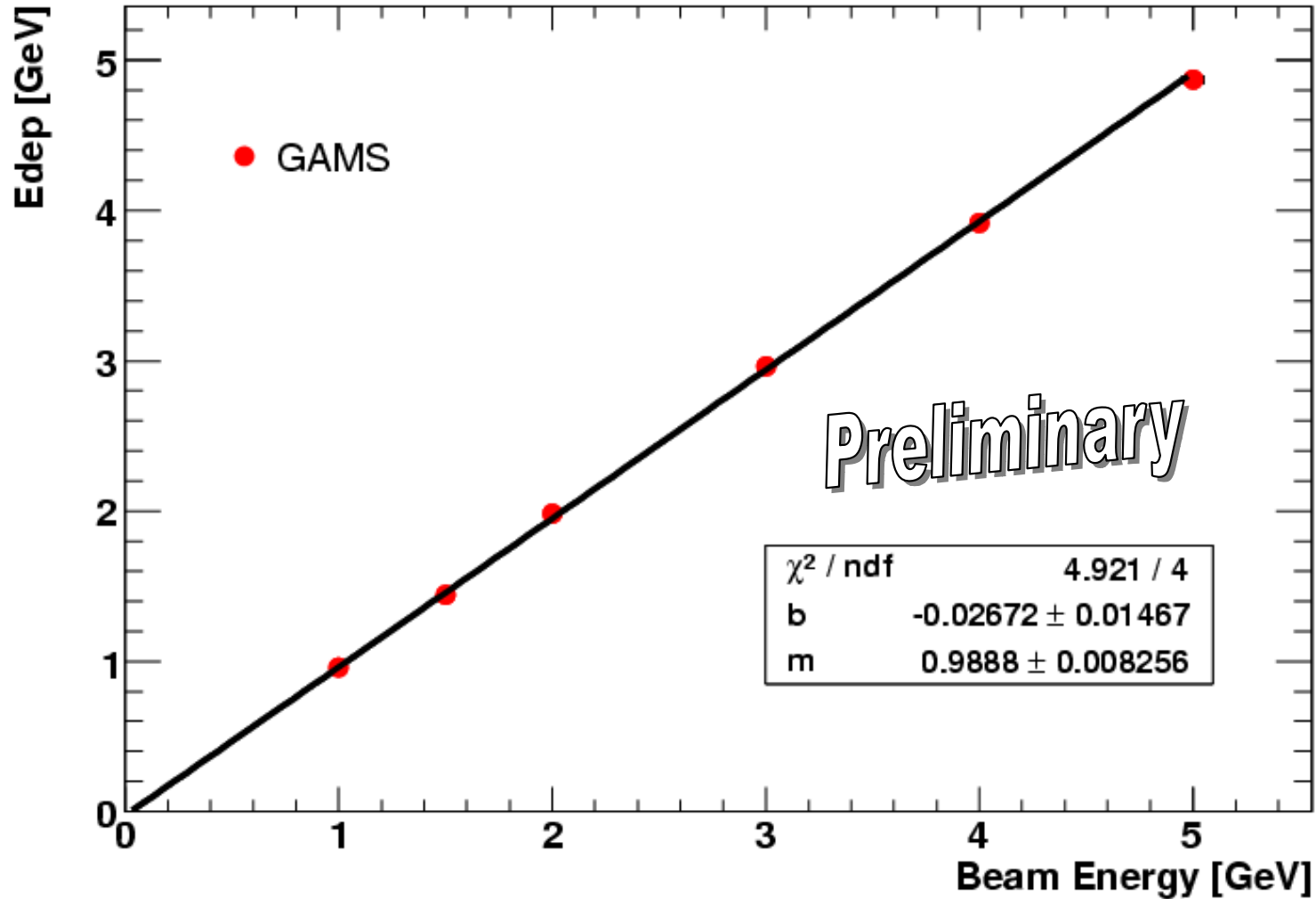
Preliminary results: Resolution - Shashlik modules



Preliminary: No correction for non-linearity

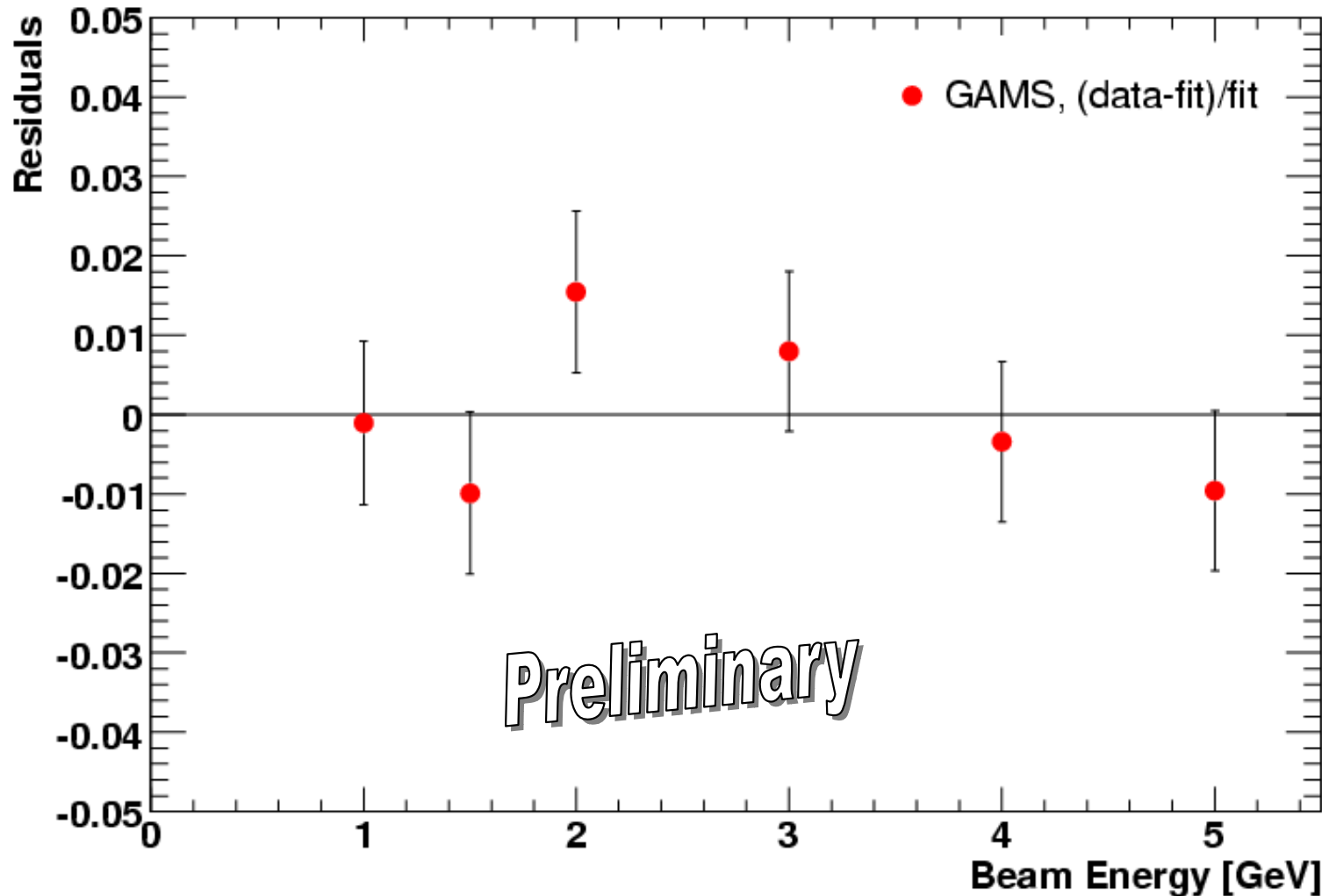


Linearity – GAMS





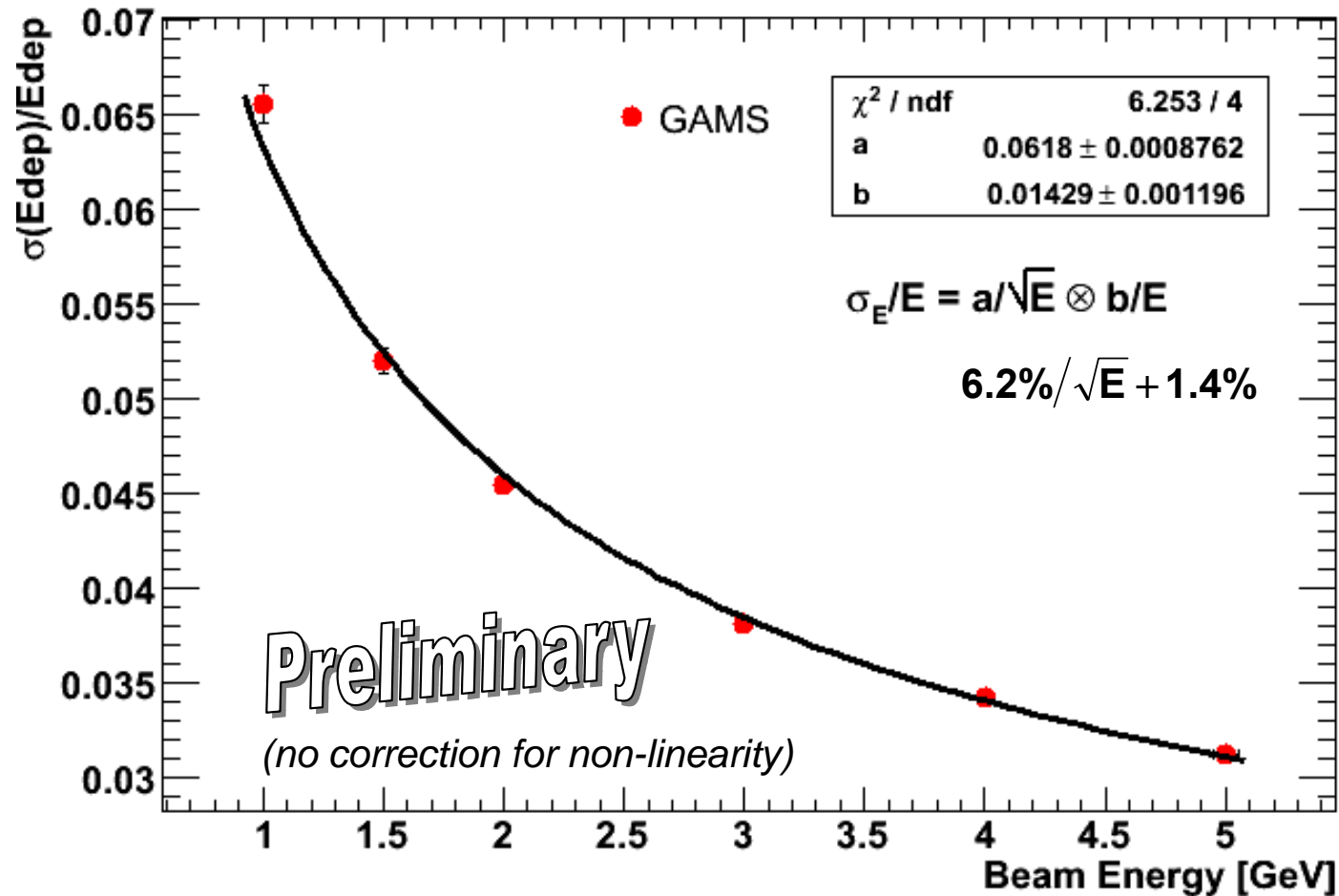
Linearity – GAMS



- error bars: statistical (small) + beam momentum uncertainty (incorporated)
- not all systematic effects yet taken into account
(e.g. beam position: yes, uniformity: no) → work in progress



Energy resolution – GAMS



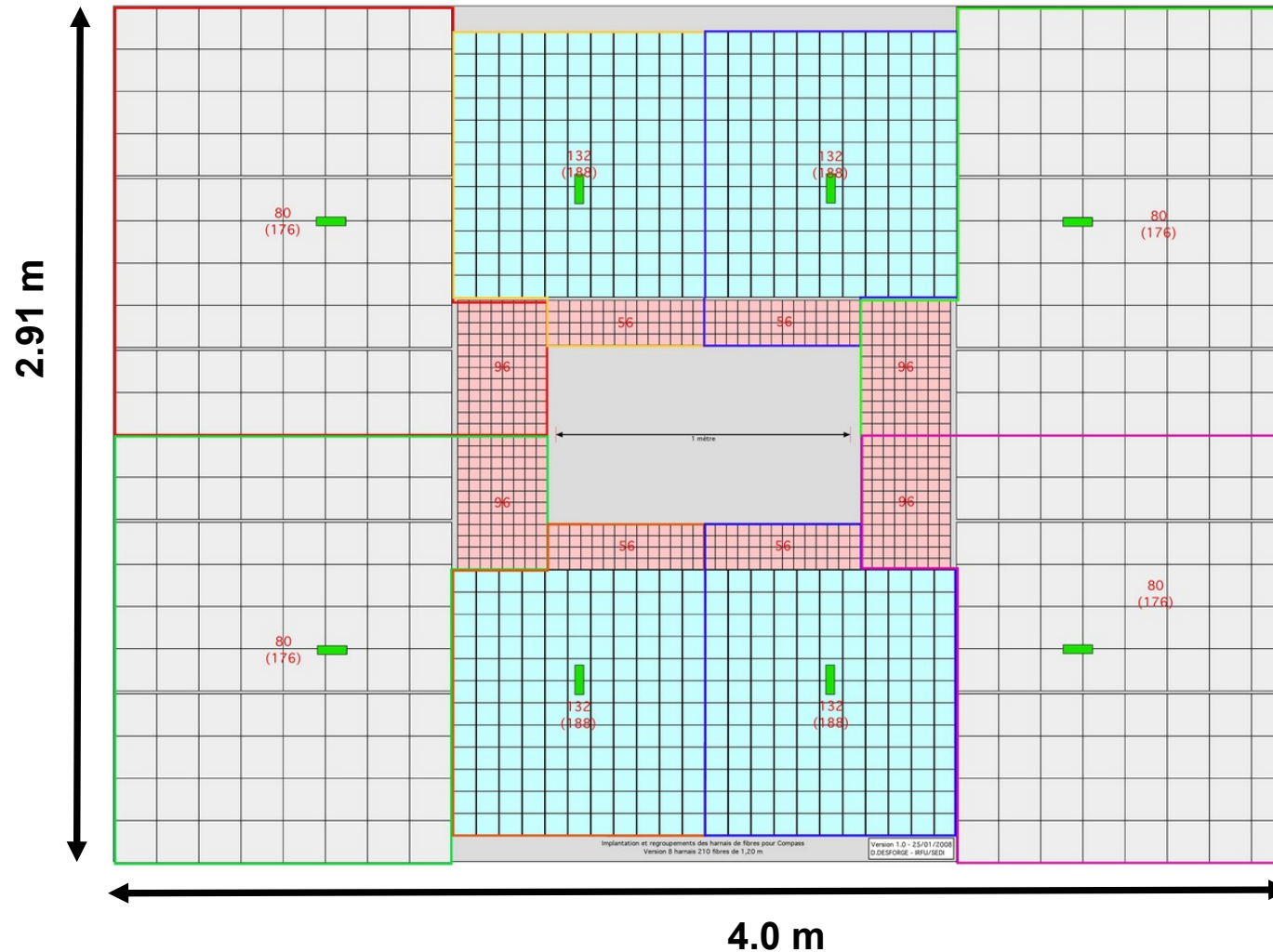
For comparison:

- Phenix: 6.2%/ \sqrt{E} + 1.2% (at higher E: 8.1%/ \sqrt{E} + 2.1%)
- Hermes: 5.1%/ \sqrt{E} + 1.1%

sampling calo's
homogene calo's



Calibration / monitoring of ECALs using muons?



- huge dimensions of ECAL1 → peripheral cells
- electr. calib time consuming, monitoring



Calibration using muons – before inter-calibration

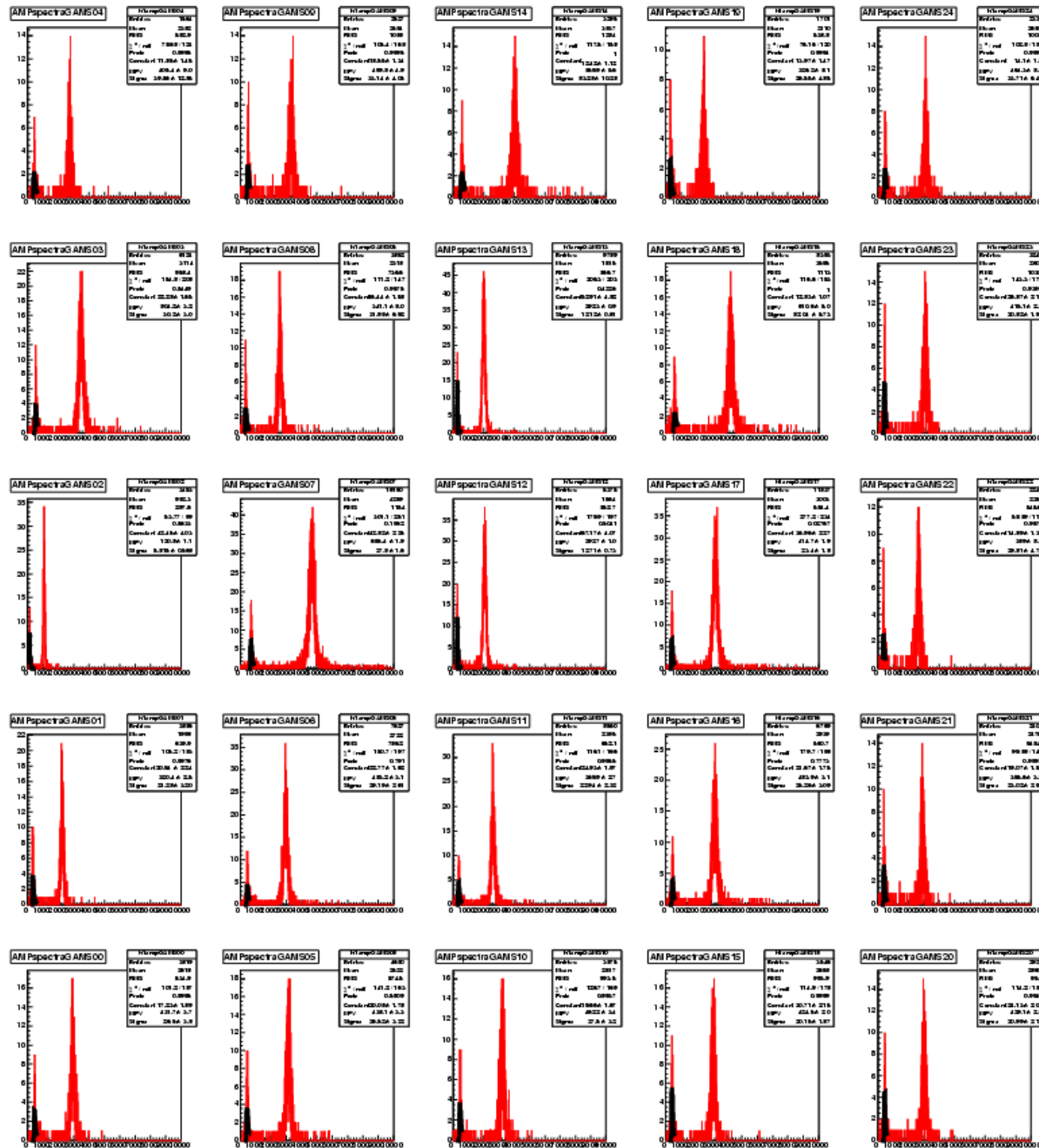


- 5 GeV, electr, μ
- beam centered in **each cell**

1.) intercalibration:

$$\rightarrow c_i = E_{MIP} / A_i$$

$E_{MIP} \approx 0.7\text{GeV}$ (guess)



5x5 GAMS matrix
Same ampl. range
for all 25 cells



Calibration using muons – after inter-calibration

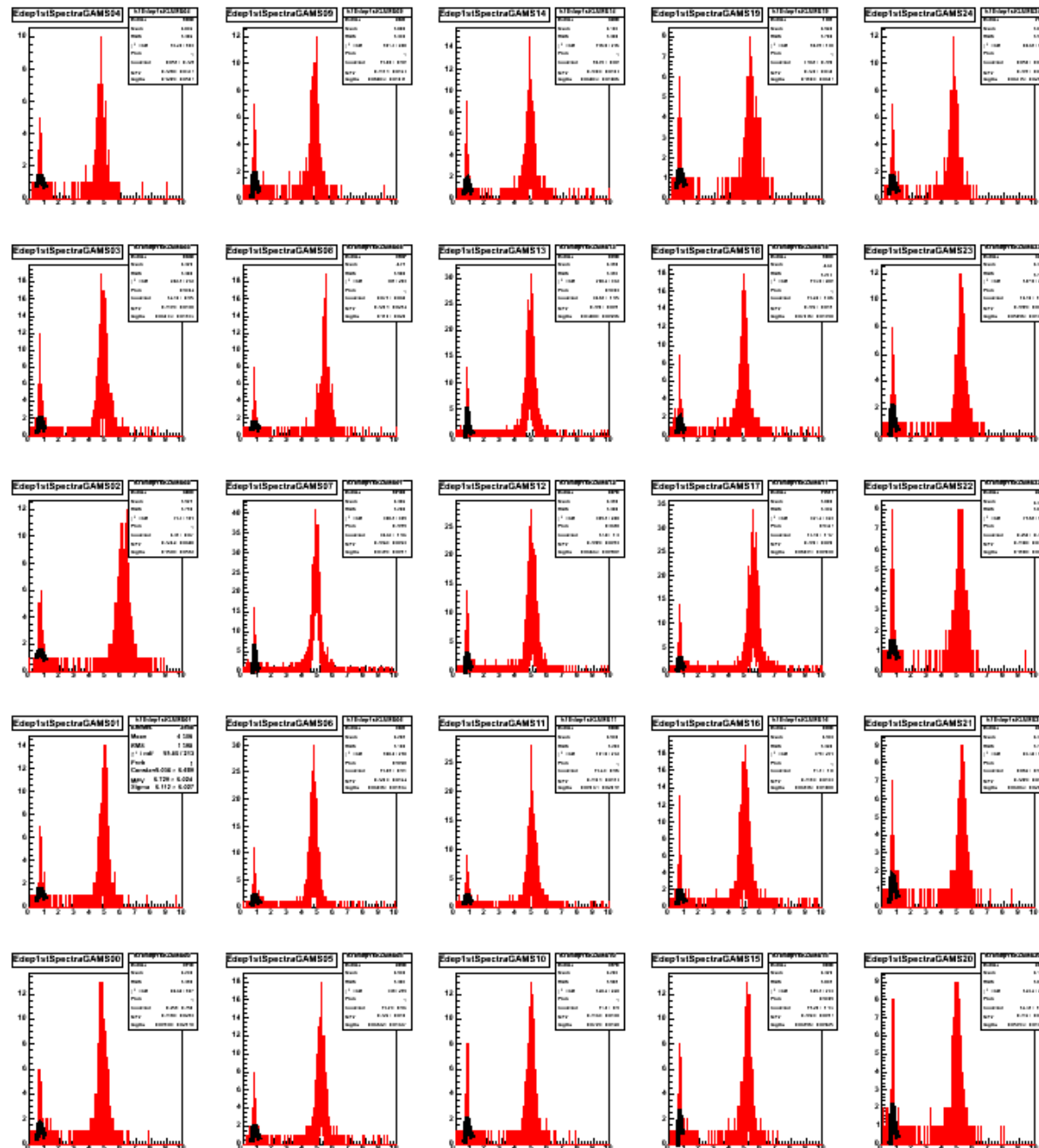


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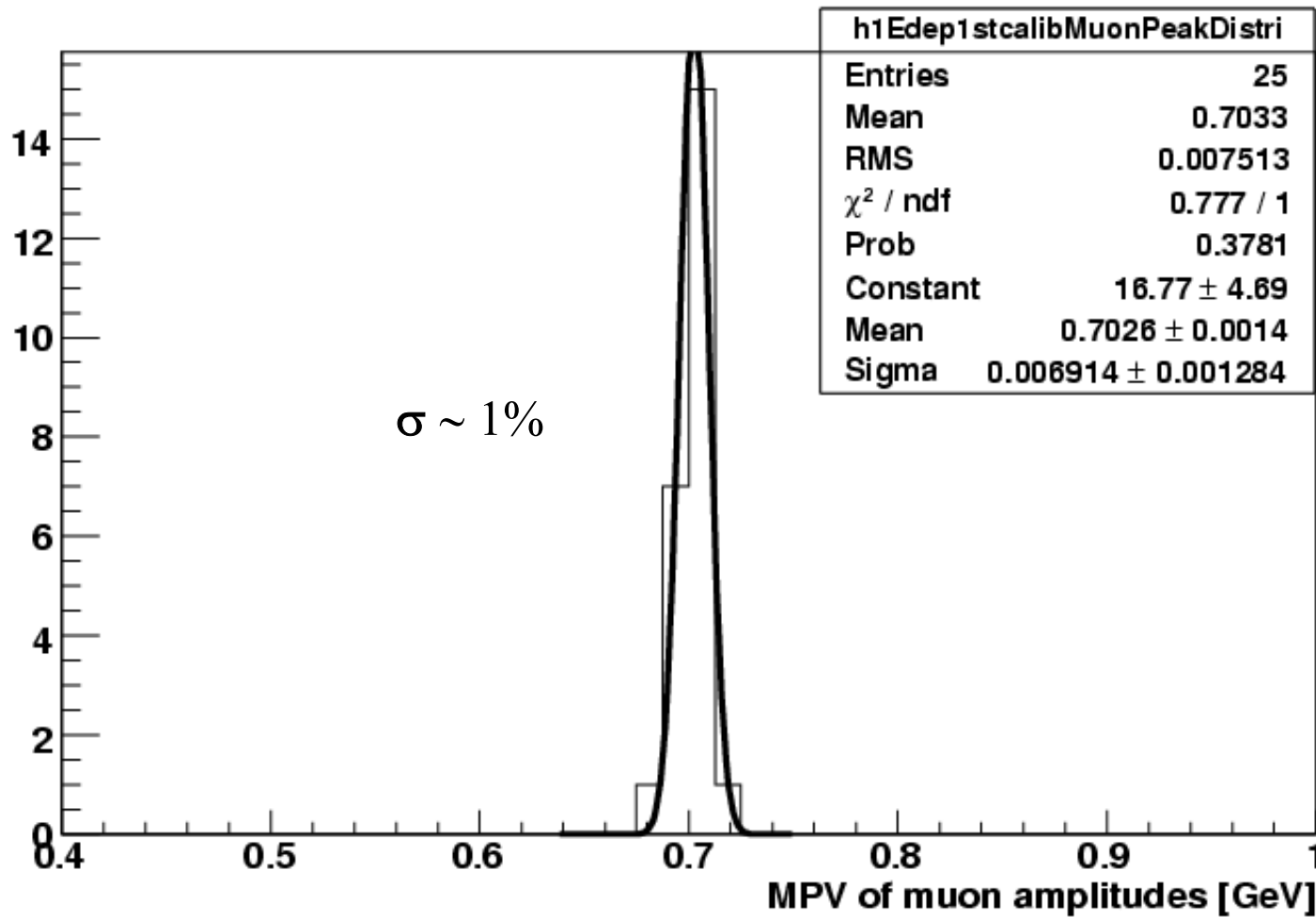
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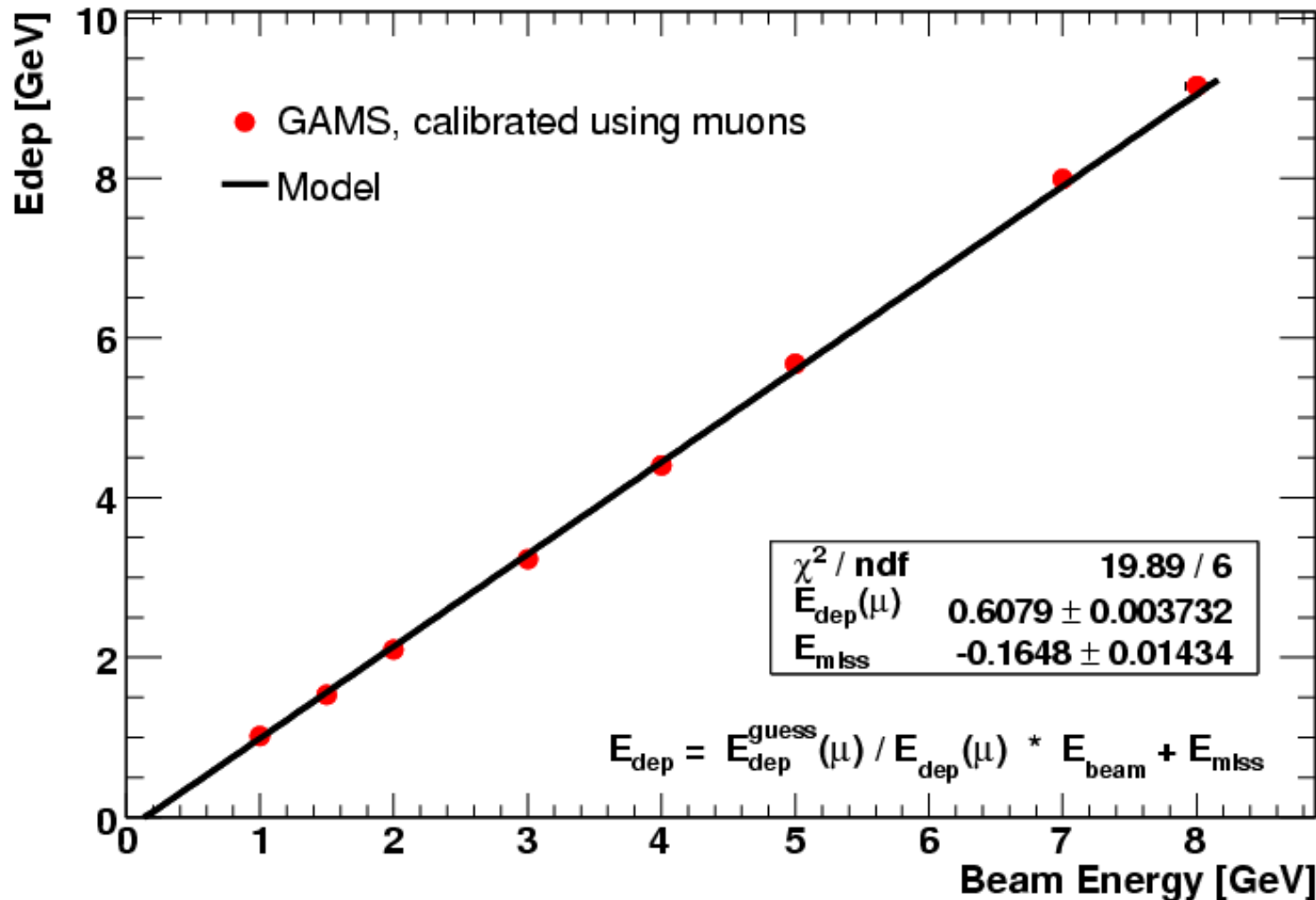


Distribution of muon amplitudes A_μ (fitted Edep(μ) in 25 GAMS cells, after intercalibration)





Description of electr. signals at different energy? - fit of $E_{dep}(\mu)$ & E_{miss}



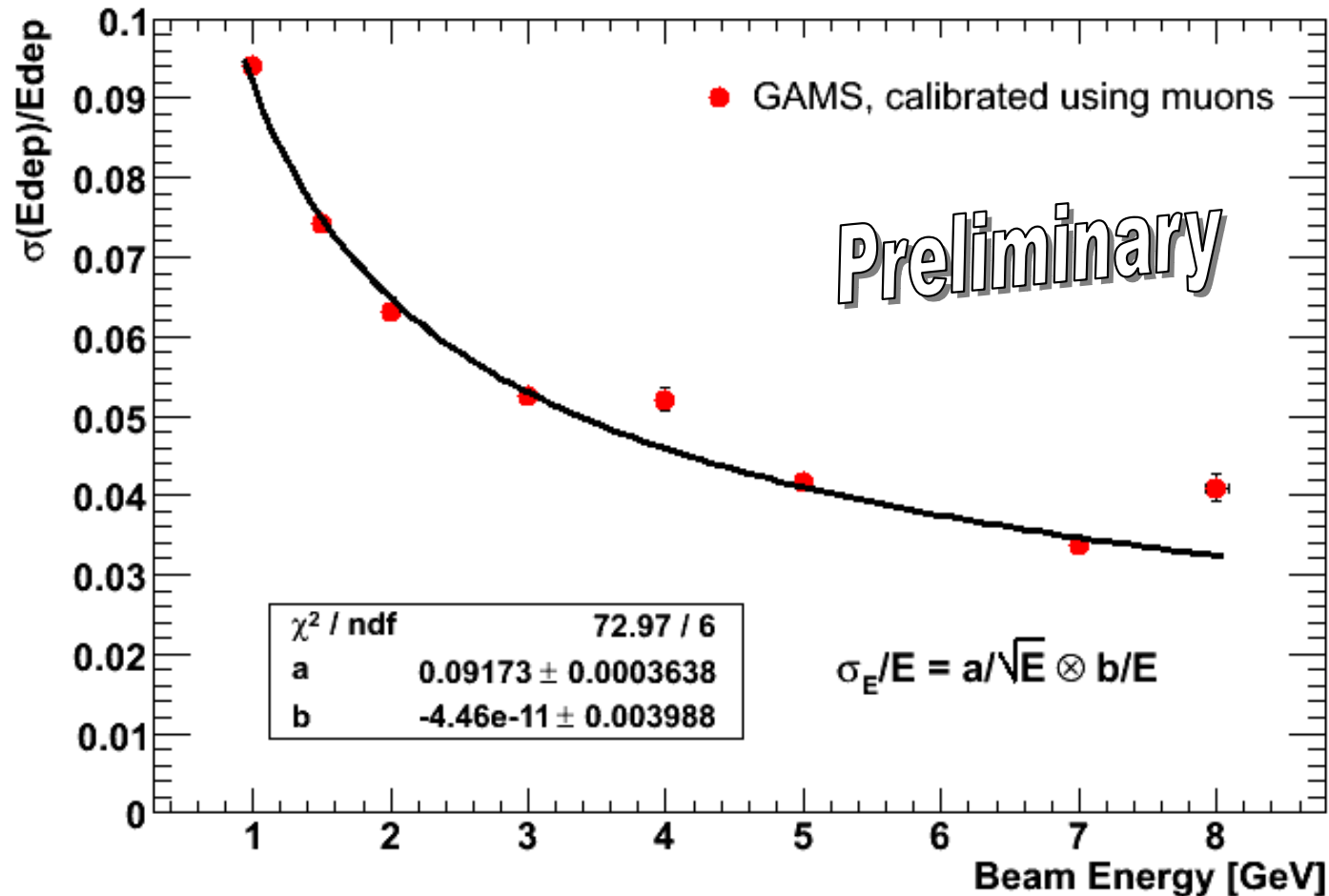
Simple fit model:

- assumed (and shown before) \rightarrow *Linearity*
- allow for correction of guessed $E_{dep}(\mu) \Rightarrow$ *indirect measurement of $E_{dep}(\mu)$*

$\Rightarrow E_{dep}(\mu) = 0.61 \text{ GeV}$ (cf. indirectly measured value: 0.62 GeV, PDG: MIP=300MeV)



Resultant resolution on electr. signals (after inter-calibration using μ)



Resultant resolution:

- inter-calibration using muons
 - cross-calibration w electron signals
- => *resolution obtained by this method: ~2-3 % worse*

Work in progress



Conclusions & outlook

- **Calorimetry crucial** for Hadron run 2008/09 and GPD via DVCS
- **Test beam** measurements at CERN T9 *initiated & organised by Protvino IHEP*
- **First, preliminary T9 analysis results** (work in progress):
 - o **linearity & energy resolution** (Shashlik modules, GAMS modules)
→ *performances as expected, details to be studied*
=> **realistic input for preparation of DVCS proposal**
 - o **Calibration using muons**
=> **inter-calibration using muons possible** (~ 1%)
→ **cross-calibration with electron needed for proper final calibration**
(independence of muon and electron signals)

Outlook:

- **Combined Ecal+Hcal reconstr.**
- **New laser monitoring system** (before LEDs)
- **Further beam tests** foreseen this year (higher energies, H2 North area, ECal0 R&D, T9)
- **Going for excellent calorimetry** as needed for **COMPASS future program**