

*E*xperimental

*S*tatus

of

*S*pin DIS

GERHARD MALLOT
CERN

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CONTENTS

- experimental method
- status of g_1 and A_1
- QCD Analyses
- status of g_2
- semi-inclusive reactions
 - flavour separation Δq
 - transversity h_1
 - gluon Δg and high- p_T hadron pairs
- exclusive reactions
- status of COMPASS

THE NUCLEON SPIN PUZZLE

- Nucleon spin:

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}\Delta\Sigma + \Delta g + \langle L_z \rangle$$

$$\Delta q = q^\uparrow - q^\downarrow + \bar{q}^\uparrow - \bar{q}^\downarrow$$

- quarks spins: $\Delta\Sigma = \Delta u + \Delta d + \Delta s$
- gluons spins: Δg
- orbital angular momentum of q & g: L_z
- Naïve: $\Delta\Sigma = 1$

EMC 1987:

$$\Delta\Sigma = 0.12 \pm 0.17$$

$$\Delta s = -0.19 \pm 0.06$$

SPIN STRUCTURE FUNCTIONS

- DIS with polarised beam and target

$$\sigma = \bar{\sigma} \pm \frac{1}{2}\Delta\sigma$$

- longitudinal pol. $\Delta\sigma_{\parallel} = \sigma^{\uparrow\downarrow} - \sigma^{\uparrow\uparrow}$
- transverse pol. $\Delta\sigma_{\perp} = \sigma^{\uparrow\rightarrow} - \sigma^{\uparrow\leftarrow}$

- Structure functions

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{\sigma} &= aF_1(x, Q^2) + bF_2(x, Q^2) \\ \Delta\sigma &= \alpha g_1(x, Q^2) + \beta g_2(x, Q^2)\end{aligned}$$

- QPM

$$\begin{aligned}g_1(x, Q^2) &= \frac{1}{2} \sum e_f^2 \Delta q_f(x, Q^2) \\ F_1(x, Q^2) &= \frac{1}{2} \sum e_f^2 q_f(x, Q^2)\end{aligned}$$

EXPERIMENTAL TECHNIQUE

- Double spin asymmetries

$$A = \frac{\Delta\sigma}{2\bar{\sigma}} = \frac{A_{meas}}{P_t P_b f}$$

- target & beam polarisations: P_t, P_b
dilution factor: f , fraction of polarisable nucleons
- depolarisation of virtual photon: D

$$g_1 \simeq \frac{A_{\parallel}}{D} F_1$$
$$g_2 \simeq \frac{A_{\perp}}{d} \frac{F_1}{\gamma} - \frac{y}{2} g_1; \quad \gamma = \frac{4x^2 M^2}{Q^2}$$

- virtual photon asymmetry

$$A_1 = \frac{\sigma^{1/2} - \sigma^{3/2}}{\sigma^{1/2} + \sigma^{3/2}} \simeq \frac{g_1}{F_1}$$
$$A_2 = \frac{\sigma_{LT}}{\sigma^{1/2} + \sigma^{3/2}} \simeq \frac{\gamma}{F_1} (g_1 + g_2)$$

$$0 \leq A_1 \leq 1; \quad |A_2| \leq \sqrt{R}$$

THE PLAYERS

All started 1972 at SLAC with E80 and E130!

SMC 1992–1996

CERN μ^+ beam: 100–190 GeV

targets: butanol, ammonia

twin target

SLAC 1992–1999, E142, E143, E154, E155, E155x

SLAC e^- : 28–48 GeV

targets: ^3He , butanol, ammonia, ^6LiD

rapid change of beam polarisation

Hermes 1995–

Desy e^\pm : 27 GeV

targets: ^3He , H, D; internal gas storage cell

rapid change of target polarisation

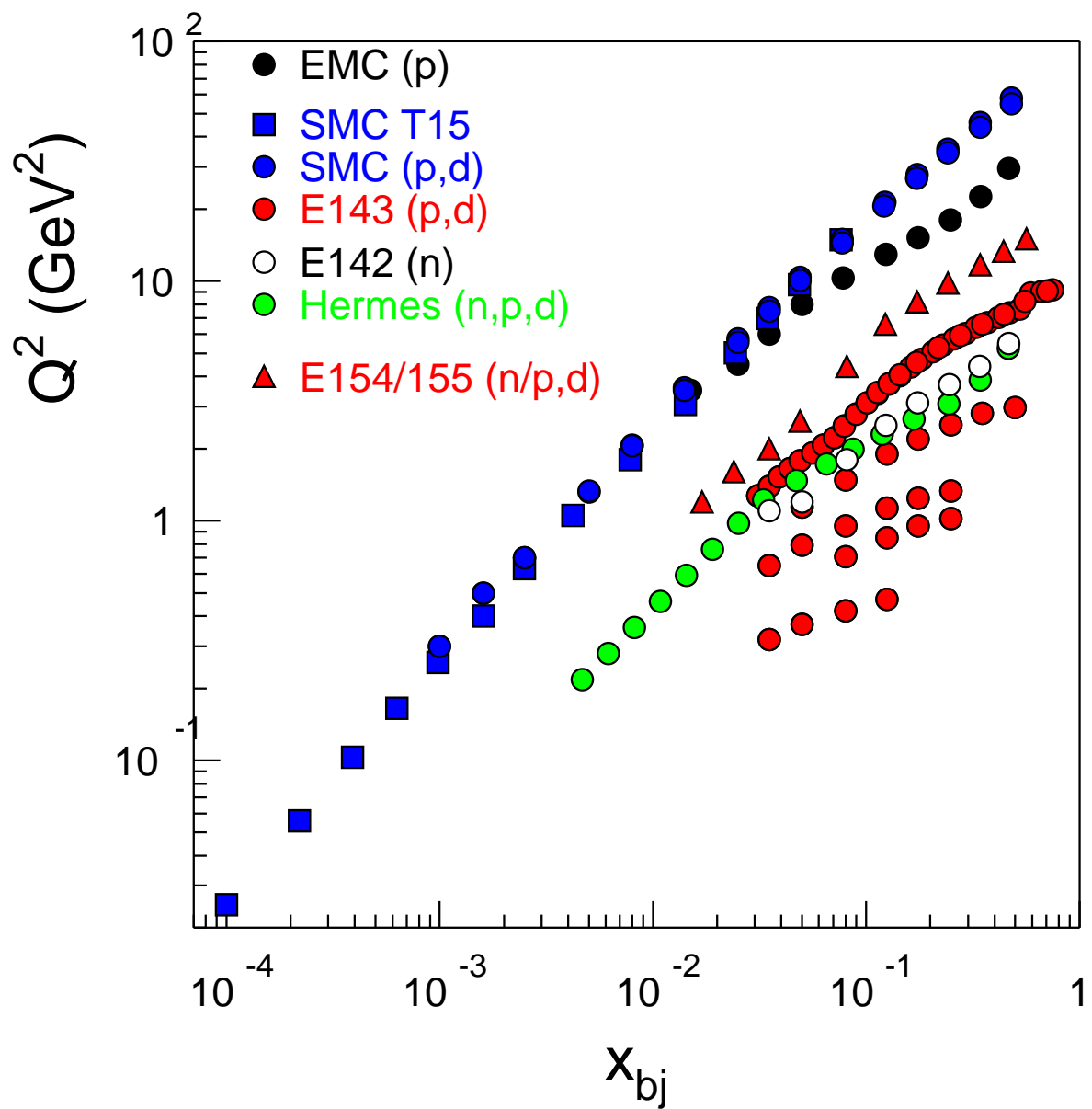
COMPASS 2001–

CERN, μ^+ : 100–190 GeV

targets: ^6LiD , NH_3 à la SMC

increased acceptance, particle ID

KINEMATIC RANGES



PRESENT STATUS OF A_1 AND g_1

- Recent data:

E155 $0.015 < x < 0.75$

g_1^p publ. 2000

g_1^d publ.

$Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

Hermes $0.02 < x < 0.8$

g_1^d preliminary release Feb'02

2000 data, high luminosity

g_1^p 1997 data published

$g_1^{p/d}$ $0.004 < x$

$Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

$Q^2 > 0.2 \text{ GeV}^2$

SMC $0.003 < x$

$6 \cdot 10^{-5} < x < 8 \cdot 10^{-4}$

g_1^p publ.

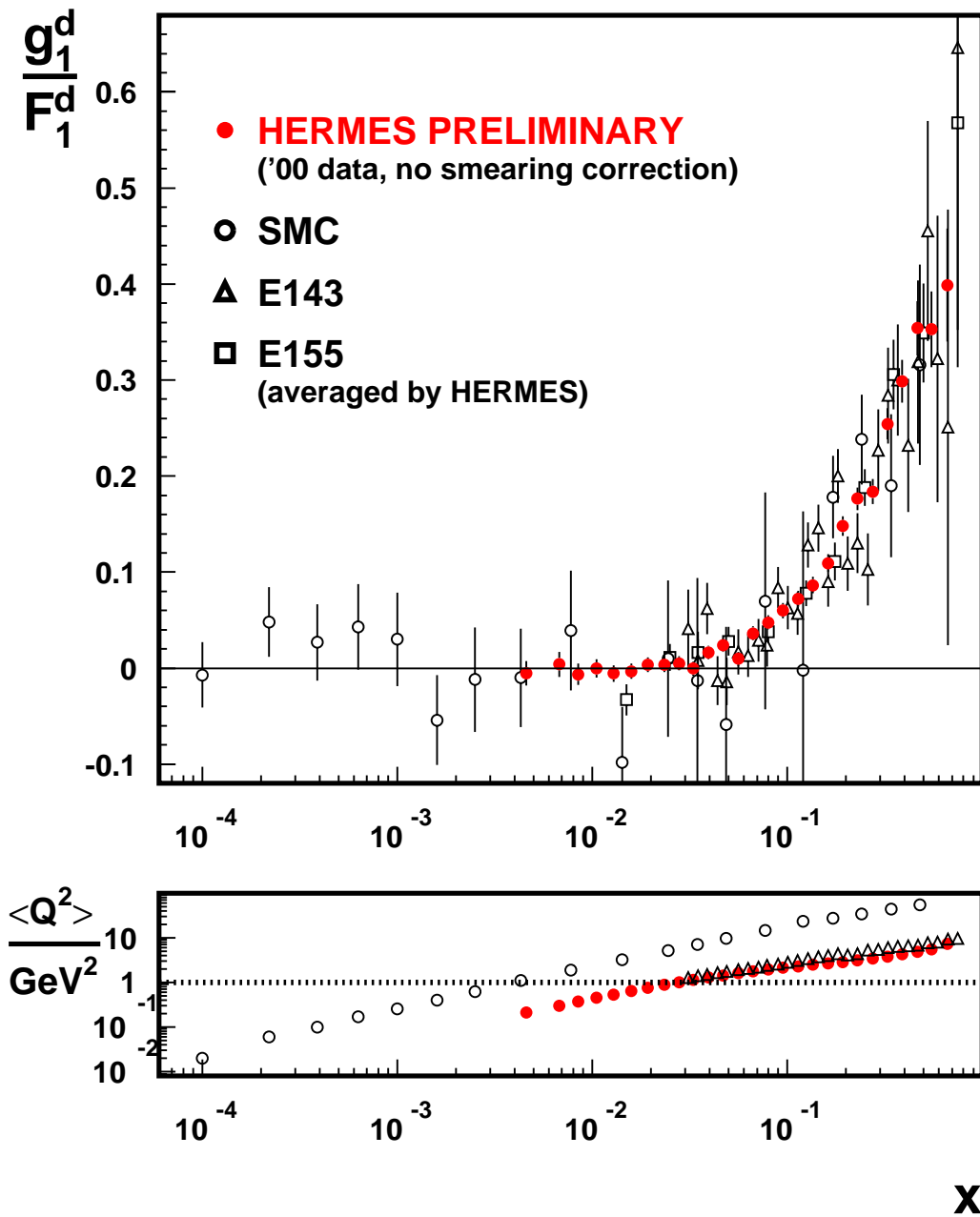
g_1^d publ.

$Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

$Q^2 > 0.02 \text{ GeV}^2$

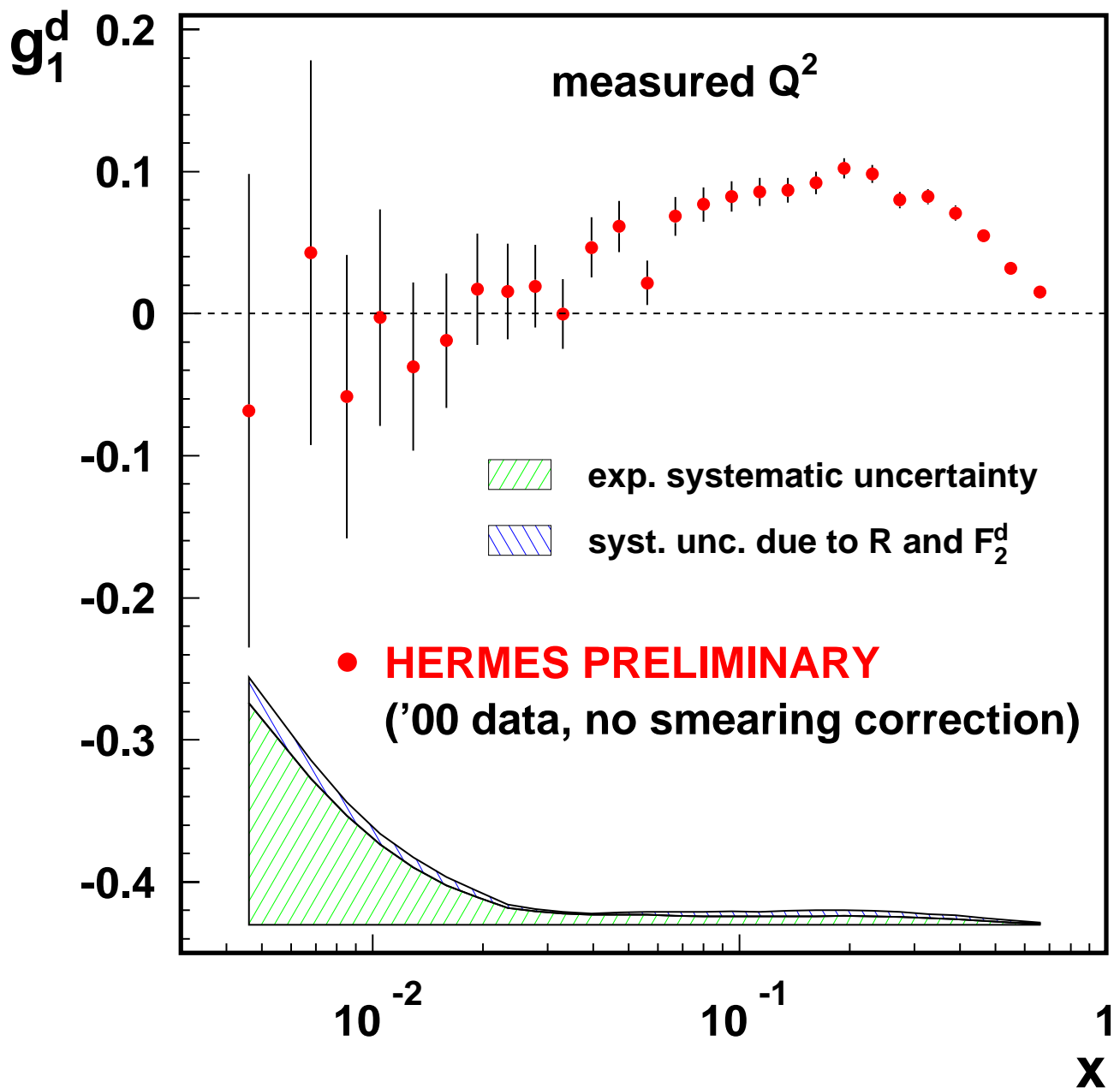
g_1^d / F_1^d WORLD DATA

- no Q^2 dependence visible
- excellent statistical precision

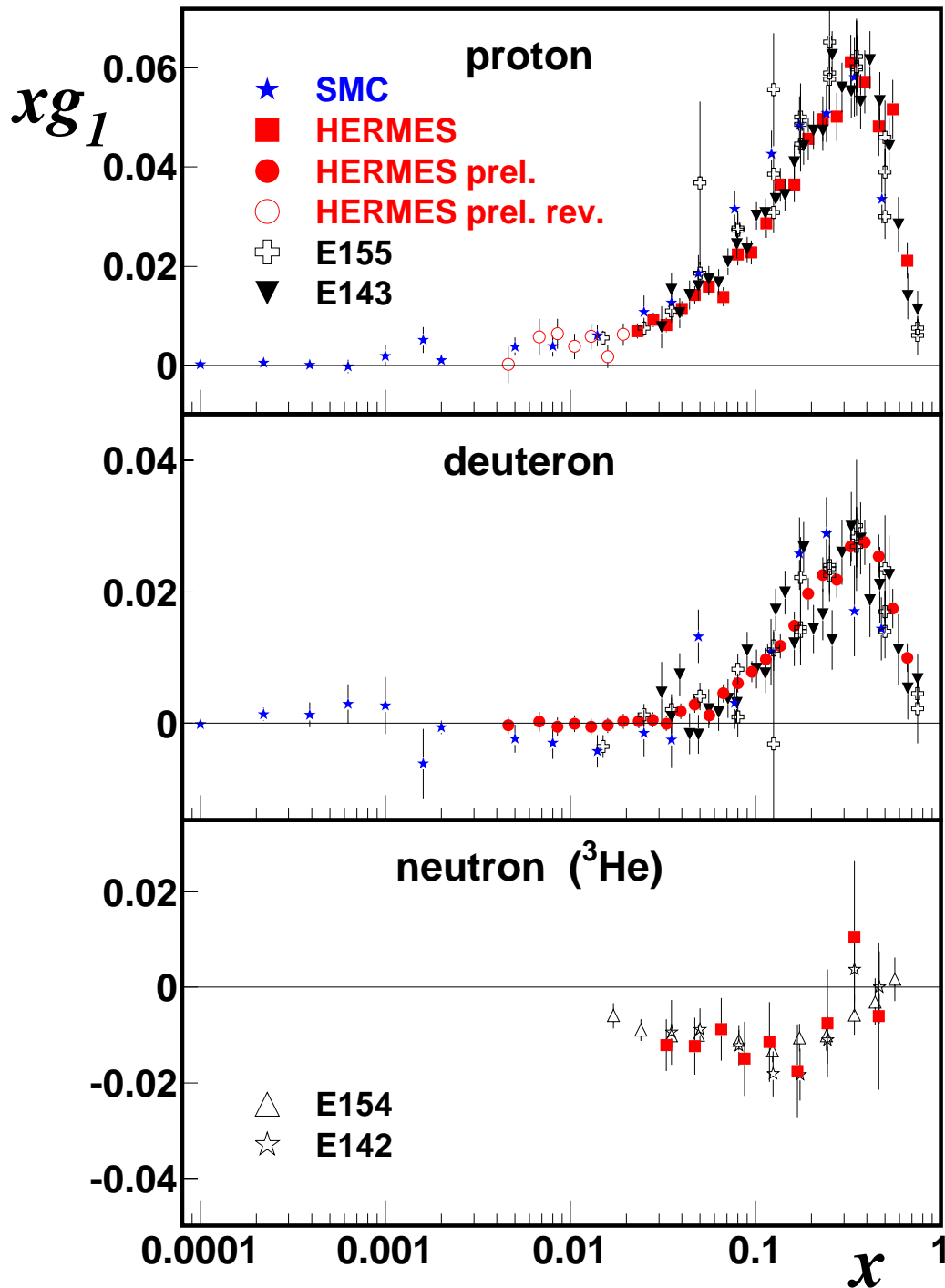


NEW g_1^d DATA

- Hermes year 2000 data



xg_1 WORLD DATA



QCD ANALYSIS, E.G. LSS

- Δu and Δd well determined

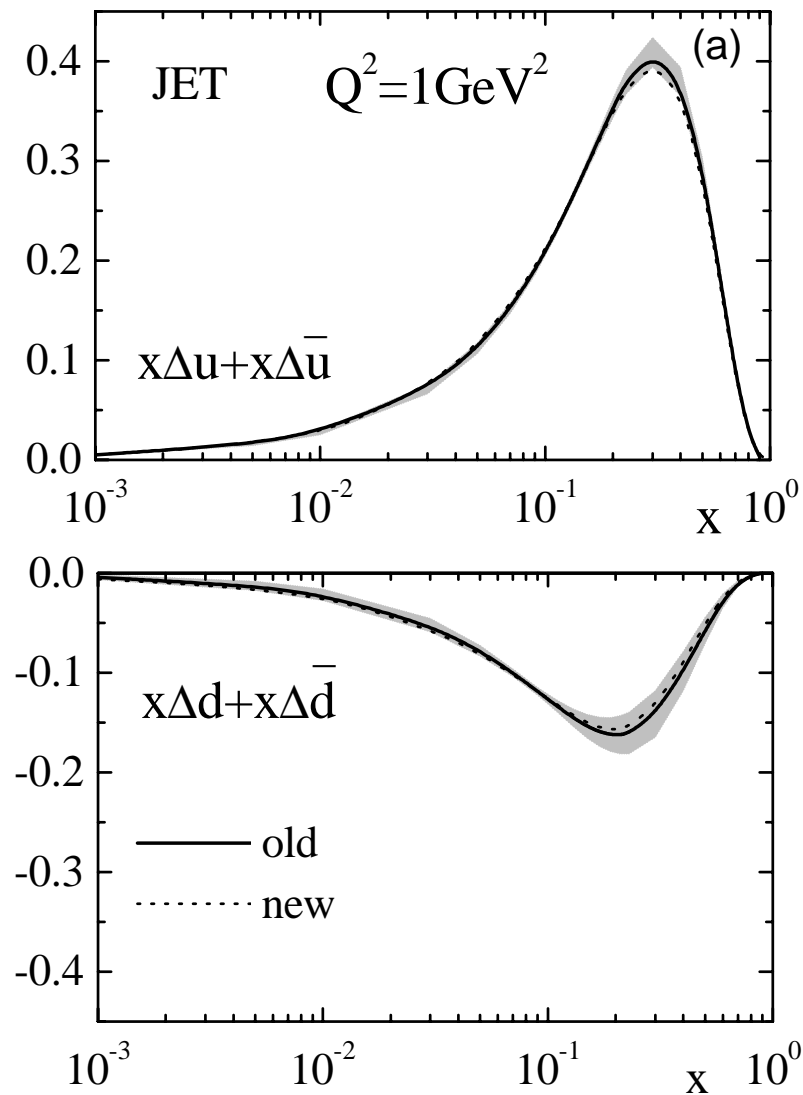


Fig. 6 (a)

Leader, Sidorov, Stamenov hep-ph/0111267

QCD ANALYSES

- Δg and Δs not well determined

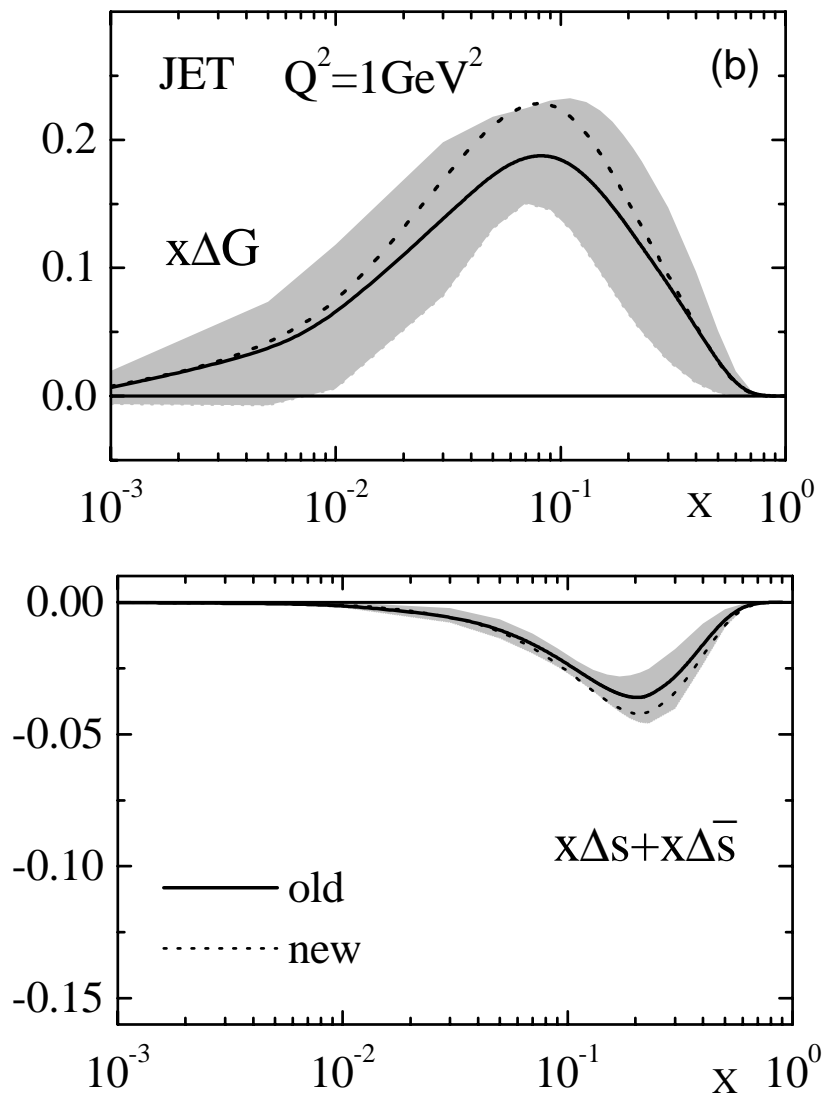


Fig. 6 (b)

Leader, Sidorov, Stamenov hep-ph/0111267

QCD ANALYSIS, E.G. LSS

- Δg and Δs in different analyses differ strongly

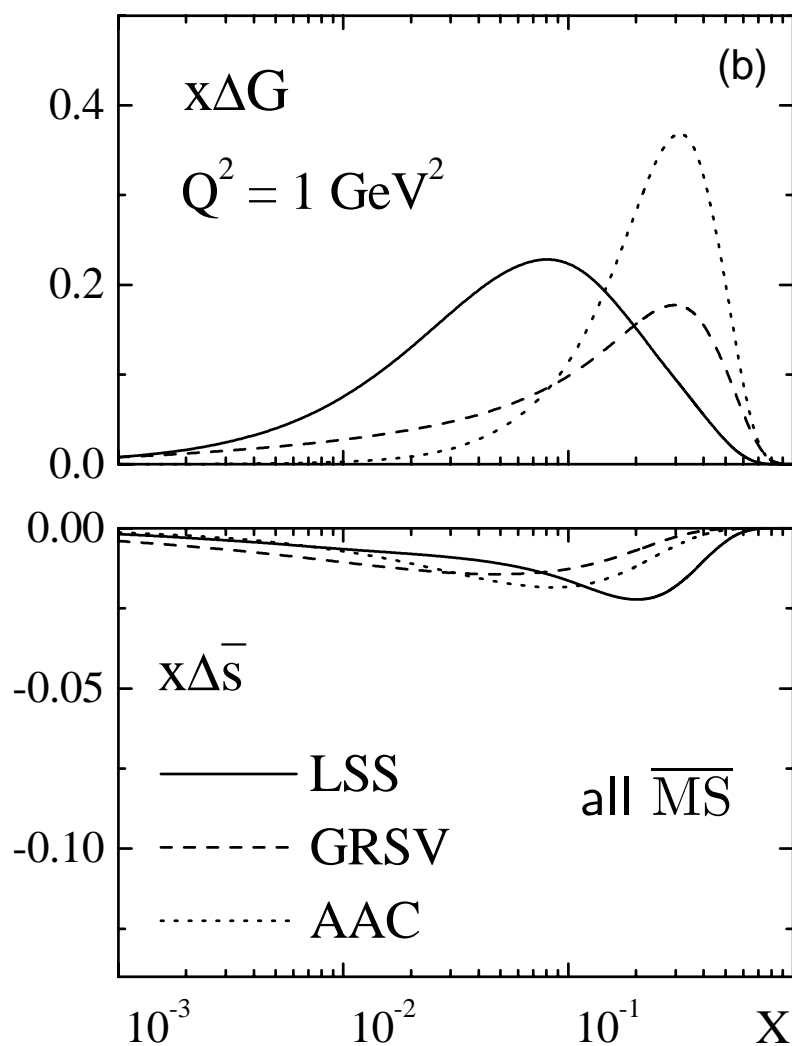
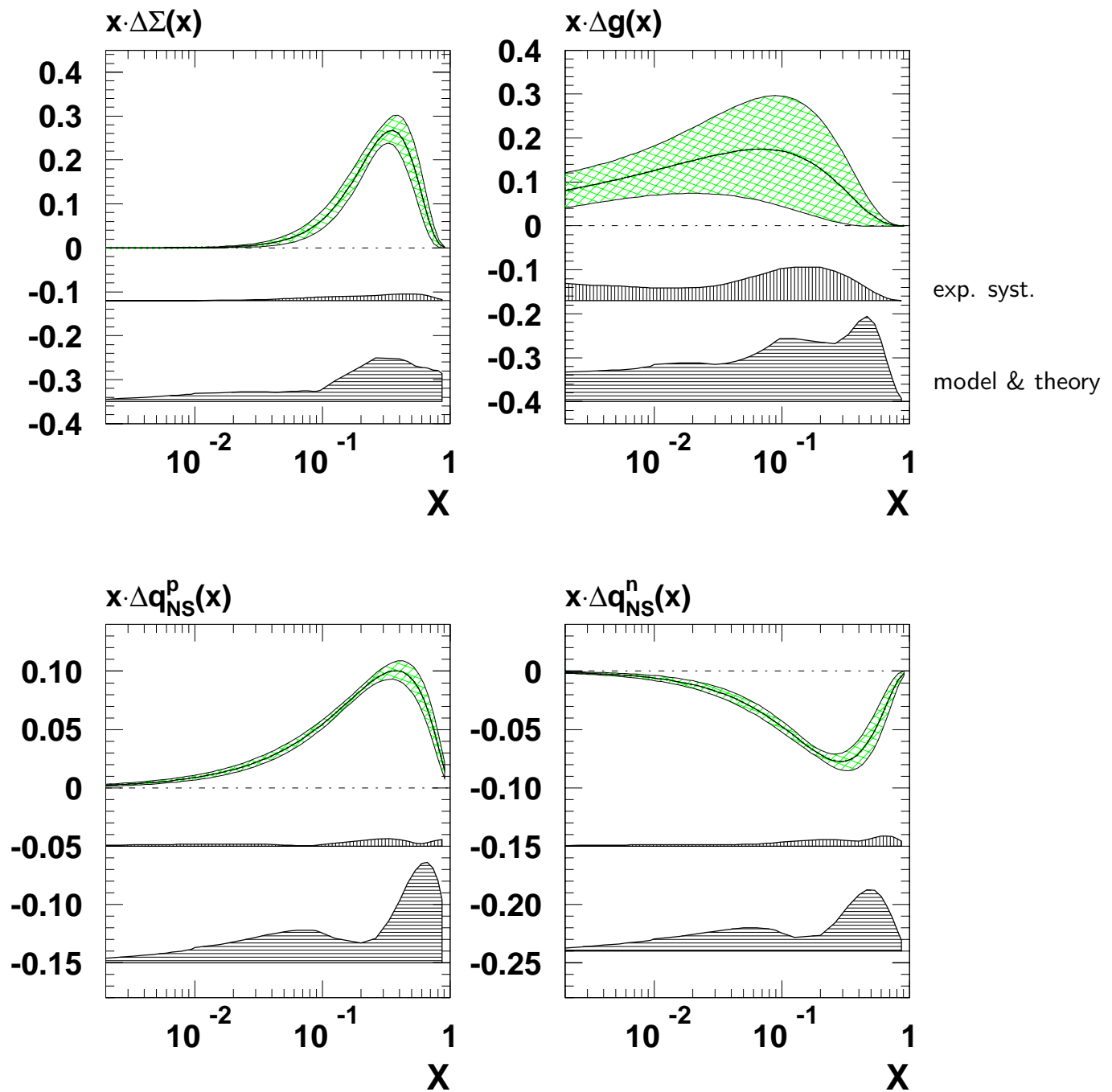


Fig. 8(b)

Leader, Sidorov, Stamenov hep-ph/0111267

SMC NLO FIT

- distribution functions, 'AB' scheme
- detailed error calculation



QCD ANALYSES

- good fits to data in NLO
- Δu , Δd well determined
- Δg , Δs , $\Delta \bar{s}$ hardly constrained
- first moments

$\Delta g > 0$ preferred, ≈ 0.7 @ $Q^2 = 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
 $\Delta \Sigma \approx 0.3 - 0.4$ jet, 'AB'; AAC: $\Delta \bar{q}$ uncertain at low x
 $a_0 \approx 0.1 - 0.2$

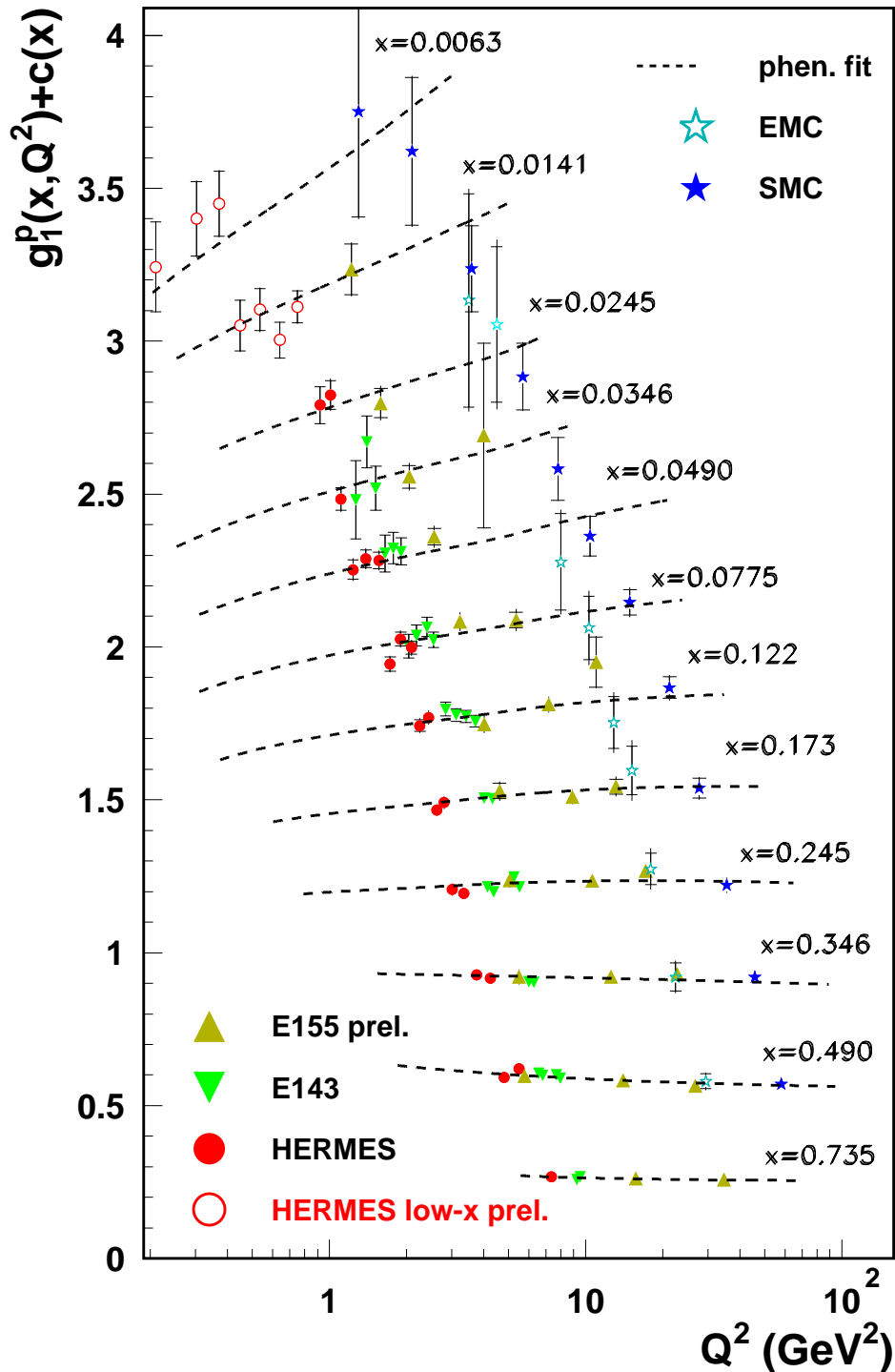
- Impact of recent data limited although of excellent quality

⇒ more data in SLAC/Hermes kinematics will not improve Δg , $\Delta \bar{q}$ much

⇒ needed:

data at large Q^2 and small x
direct measurements of Δg and Δs

$g_1^p(x)$ vs Q^2



C. Weiskopf, DIS2001

STATUS OF A_2 AND g_2

- $|A_2| \leq \sqrt{R}$

$$g_2(x, Q^2) = g_2^{\text{WW}} + \bar{g}_2(x, Q^2)$$
$$g_2^{\text{WW}}(x, Q^2) = -g_1(x, Q^2) + \int_x^1 \frac{g_1(y, Q^2)}{y} dy$$

- twist-3 term \bar{g}_2 , matrix element d_2

$$d_2 = 3 \int_0^1 x^2 \bar{g}_2(x, Q^2) dx$$

- data:

SMC

E142–E155

E155x prelim.

exploratory $|A_2| \ll \sqrt{R}$

$A_2^p > 0$, A_2^n compatible with 0

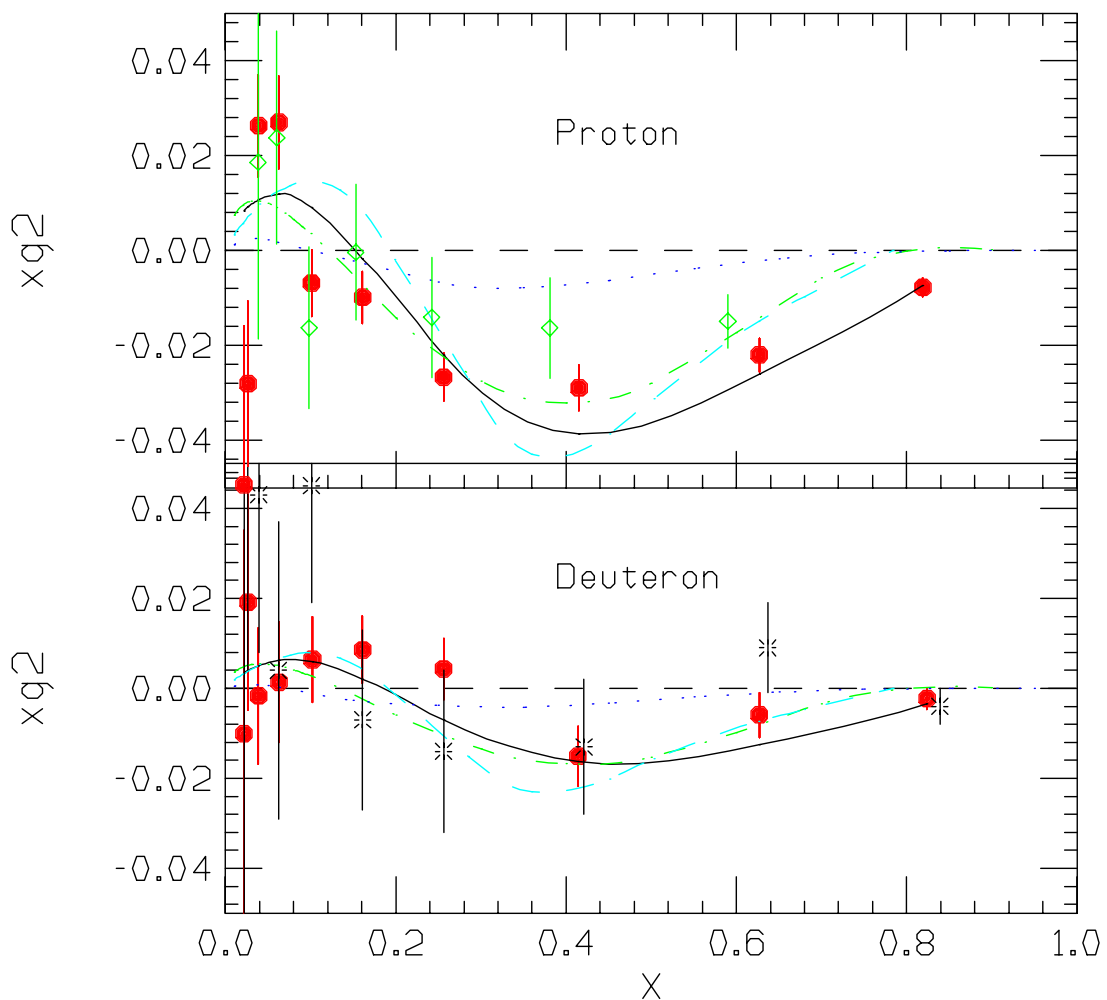
precise data!

STRUCTURE FUNCTION xg_2

- — twist-2 term: g_2^{WW}
- - - - bag model calculations

● E155X PRELIMINARY
 ⊕ E143 AVERAGE 29 GeV
 ※ E155 AVERAGE 38 GeV

xg_2^{WW} solid
 Stratmann: dot-dash
 Song: dot
 Weigel: DASH



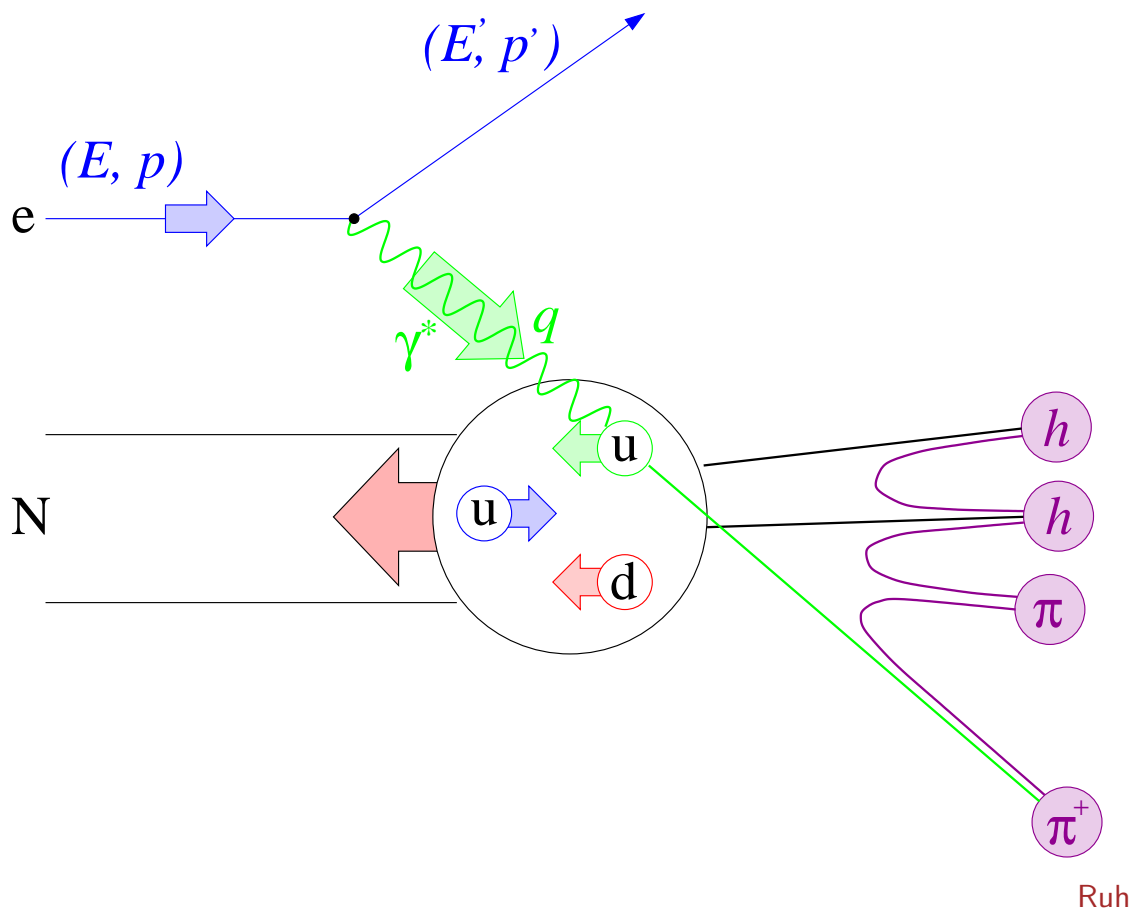
SEMI-INCLUSIVE ASYMMETRIES

- Fragmentation function D

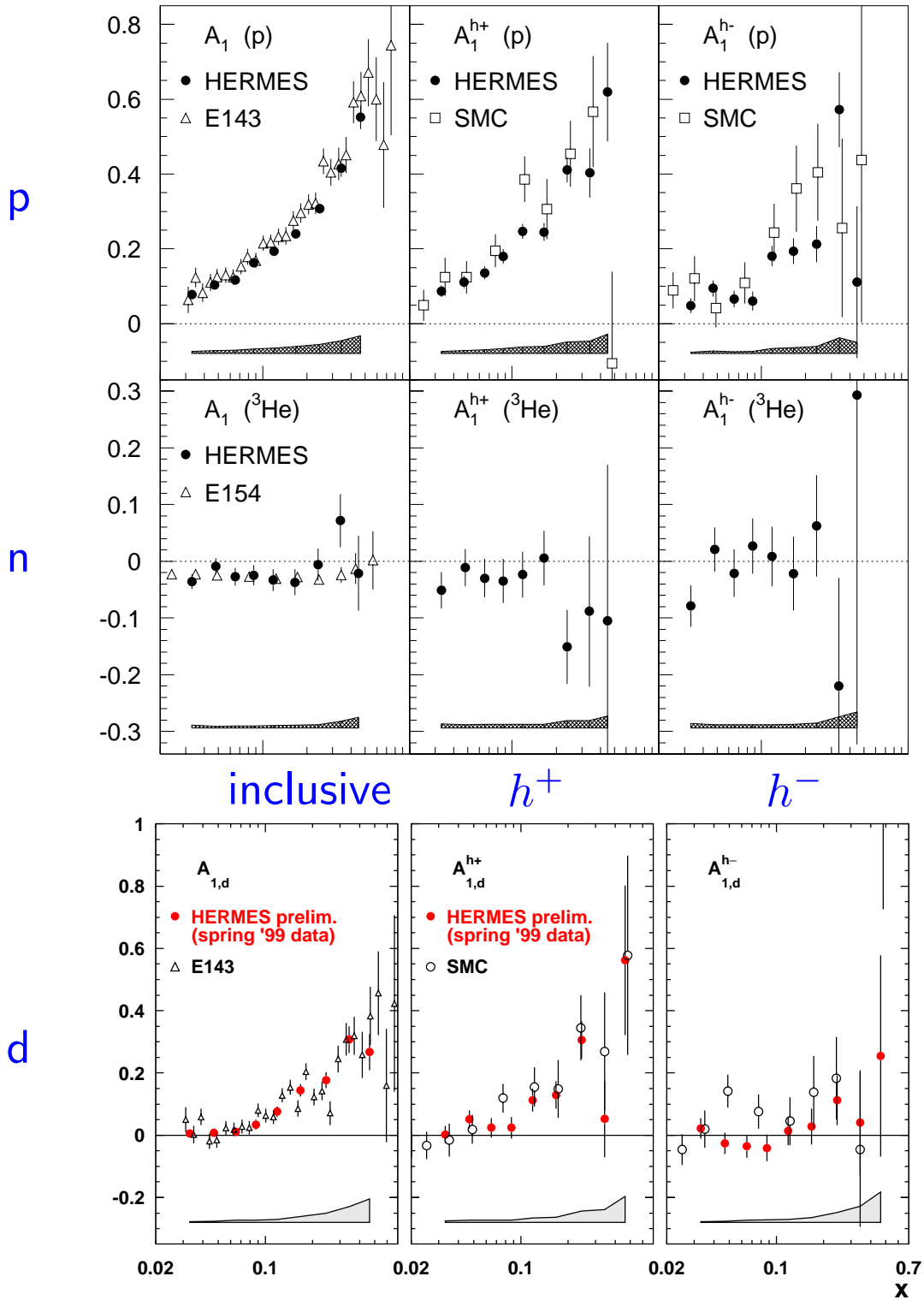
D_q^h from quark q into hadron h

$z = \frac{E_h}{\nu}$ energy fraction carried by h

$$A_1^h(x, Q^2) = \frac{\int dz \sum_f e_f^2 \Delta q_f(x, Q^2) \cdot D_f^h(z, Q^2)}{\int dz \sum_f e_f^2 q_f(x, Q^2) \cdot D_f^h(z, Q^2)}$$



SEMI-INCLUSIVE ASYMMETRIES

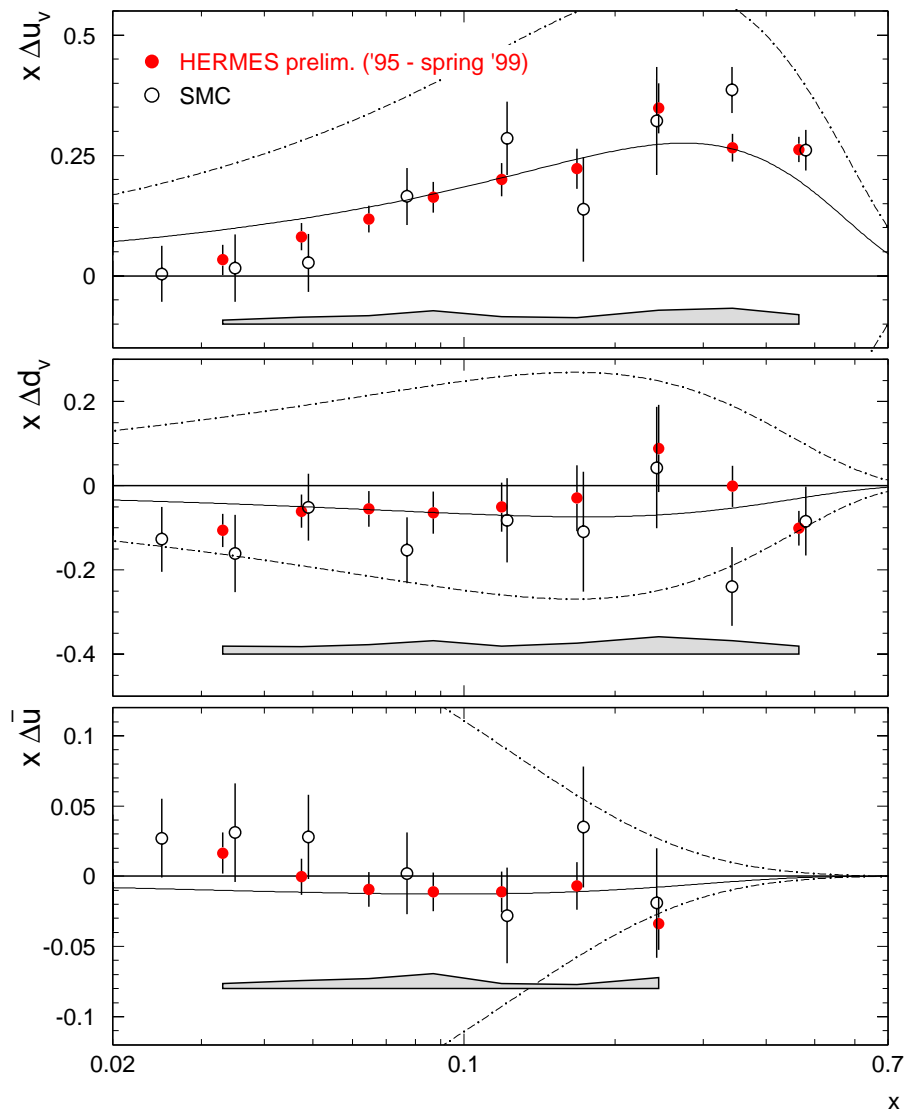


● low- x SMC data not shown

VALENCE AND SEA $\Delta q(x)$

- **Hermes and SMC** ($x > 0.02$) at $Q^2 = 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$
 errors: Hermes stat + syst. band, SMC total
 Hermes 2000 to come

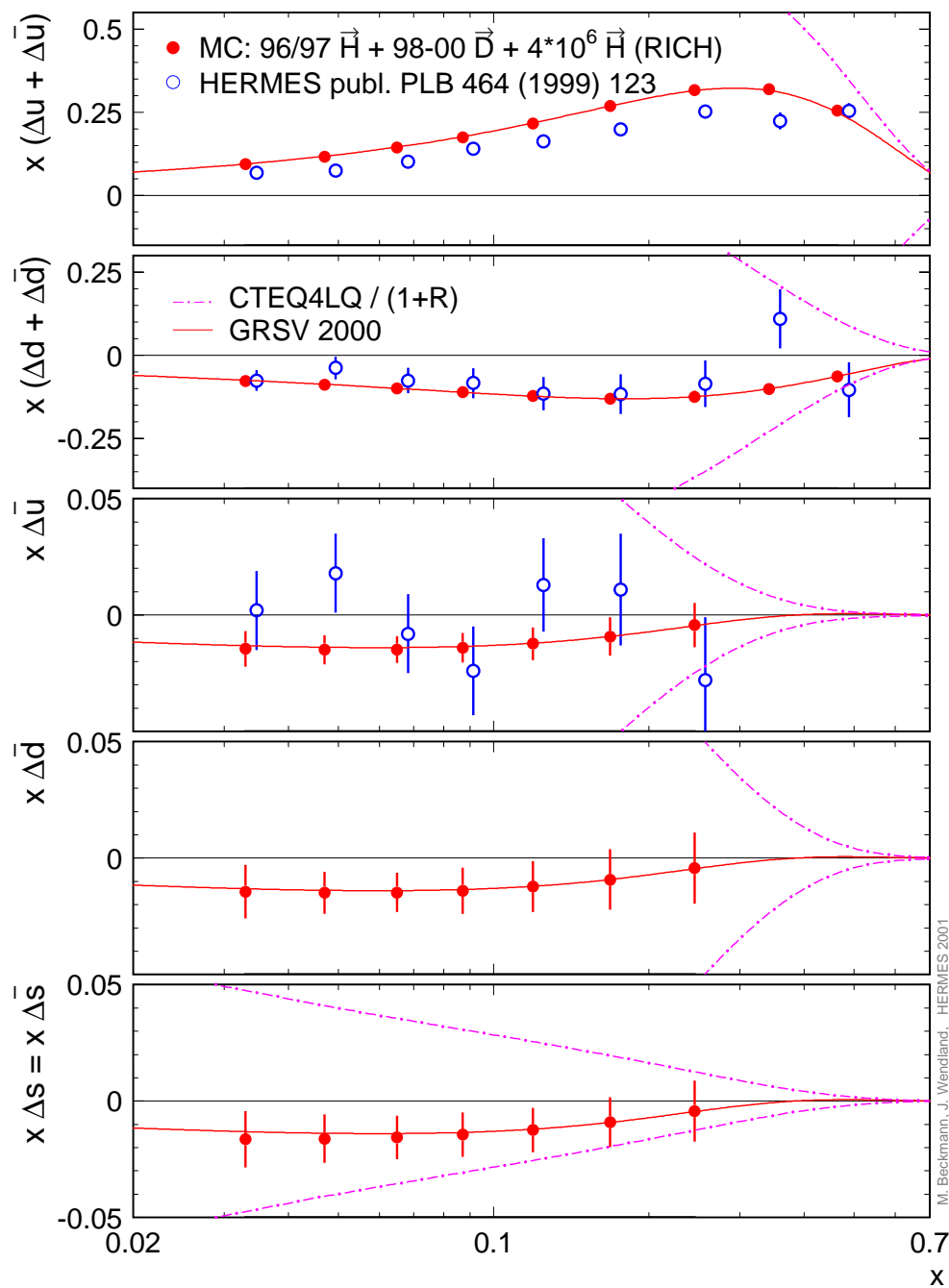
— GS A (LO) positivity limit



$x\Delta q(x)$ AND PROJECTION

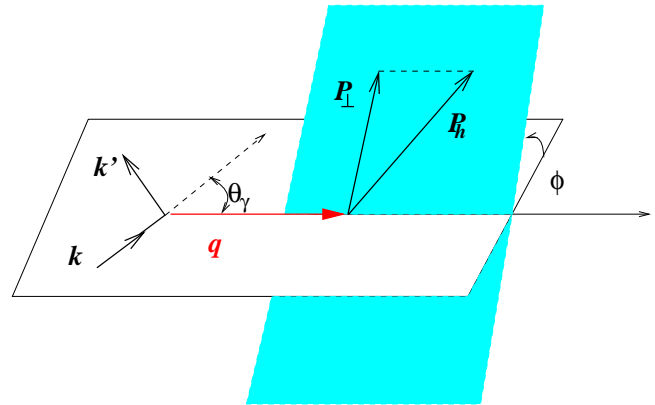
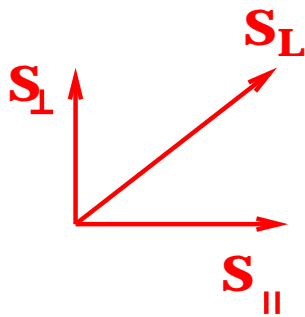
- Hermes data and projection

incl. 2000 data + 1 year additional p with RICH



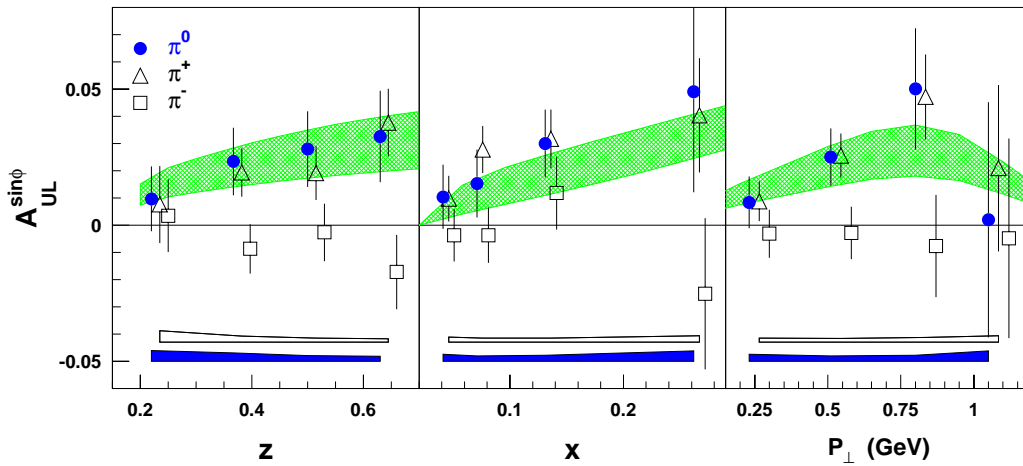
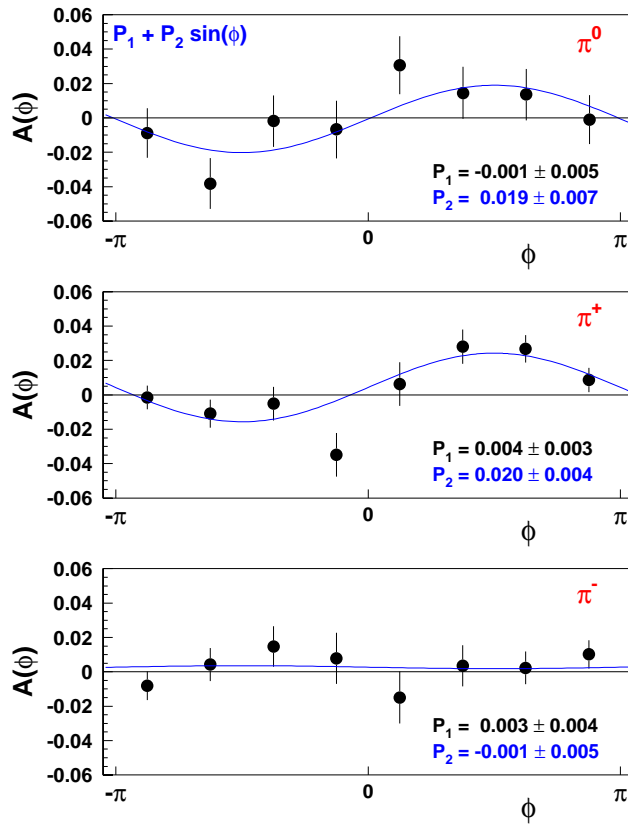
hep-ex/0108021

HINTS FOR TRANSVERSITY



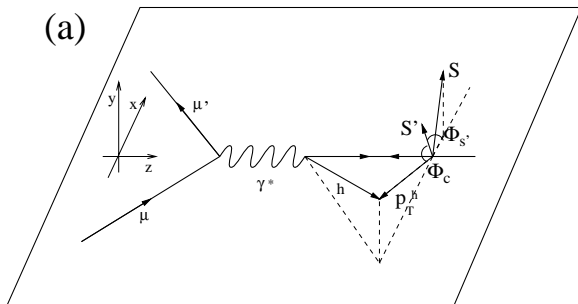
- **Hermes:** azimuthal asymmetry with longitudinal P_{target} due to transverse component in γ^* frame, $A_{UL}(\phi)$
 $S_{\perp}/S \approx 0.17$ in 1997 data
- **SMC:** short run with transverse P_{target} , $A_N(\phi)$
- $A_{UL}(\phi)$ and $A_N(\phi)$ related to h_1 and to Collins fragmentation function $H_1^{\perp}(z)$

HINTS FOR TRANSVERSITY



SMC COLLINS ASYMMETRY

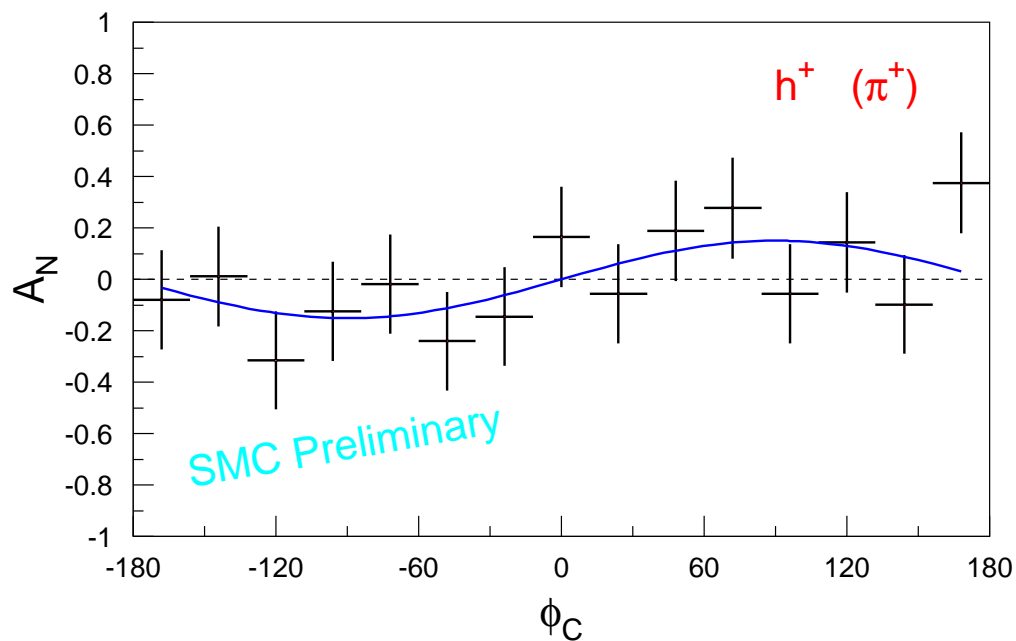
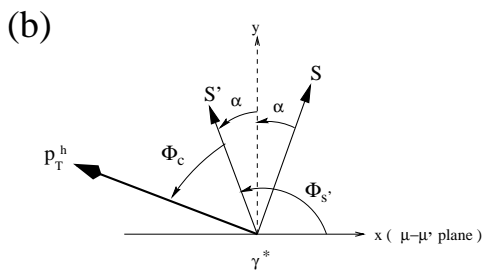
A. Bravar, DIS'99



Transversely polarised target

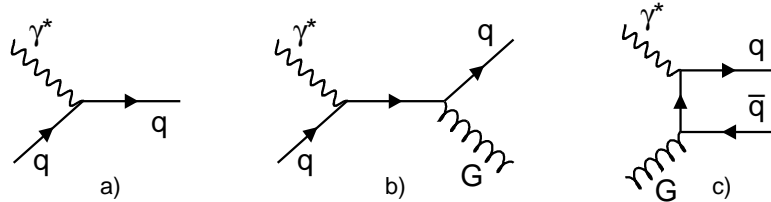
$$A_N = 0.11 \pm 0.06 \text{ for } \pi^+,$$

$$A_N = -0.02 \pm 0.06 \text{ for } \pi^-$$



HIGH- p_T HADRON PAIRS

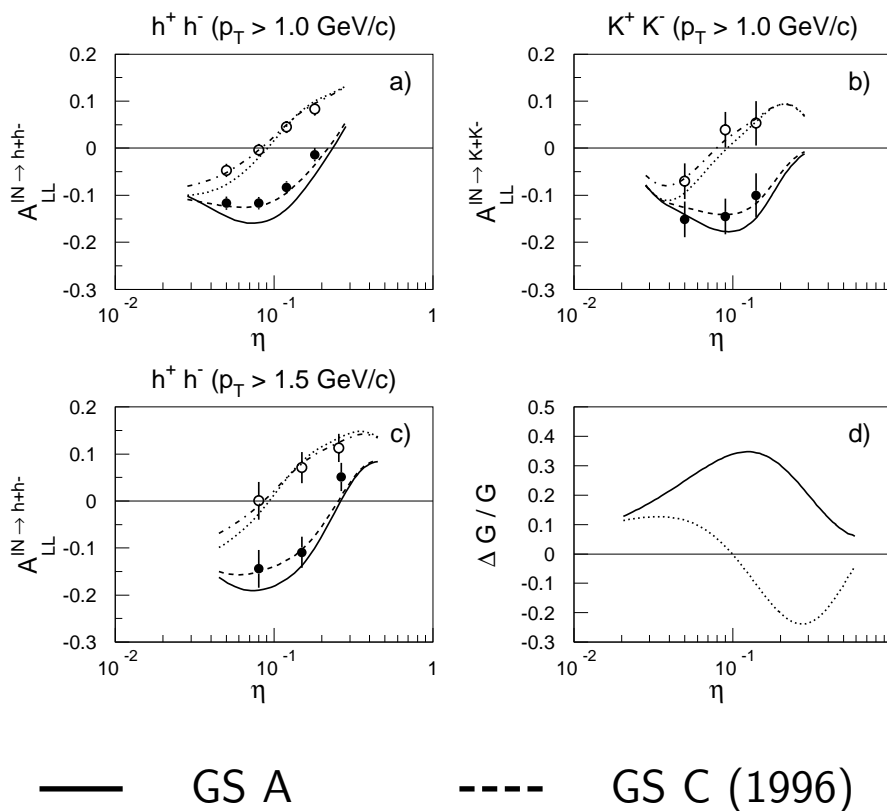
- Contributions: a) LO b) QCD Compton c) PGF



$$A_{LL}^{\ell N} \simeq \langle \hat{a}_{LL}^{\gamma g \rightarrow qg} \rangle \frac{\Delta q}{q} + \langle \hat{a}_{LL}^{\gamma g \rightarrow q\bar{q}} \rangle \frac{\Delta g}{g}$$

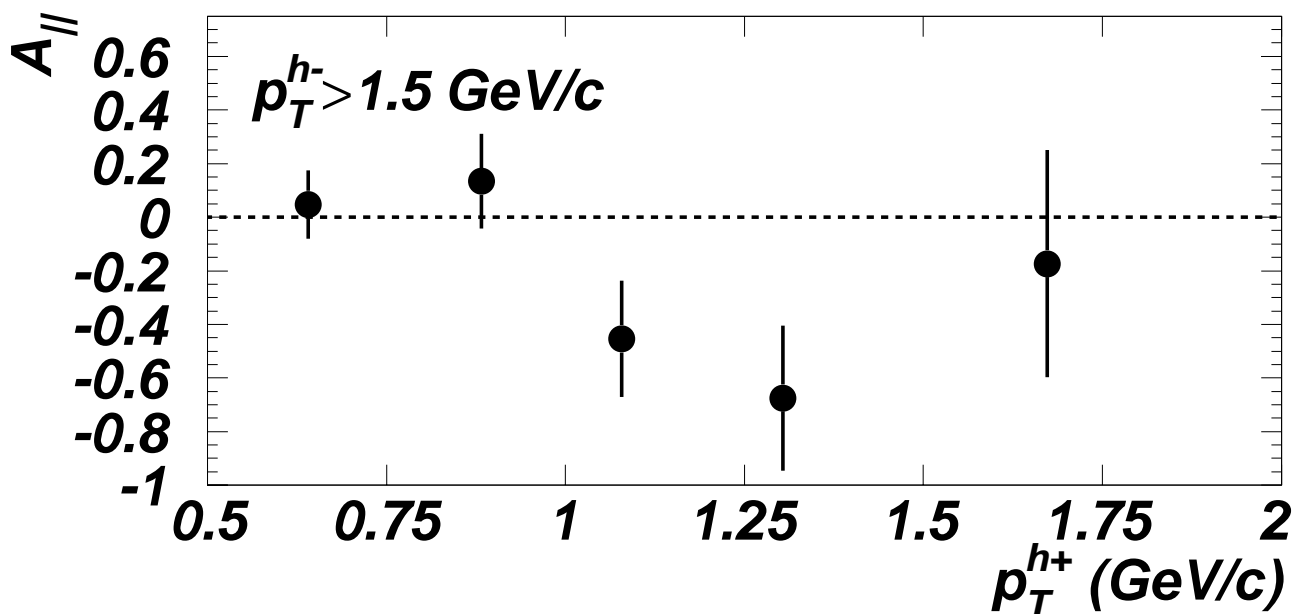
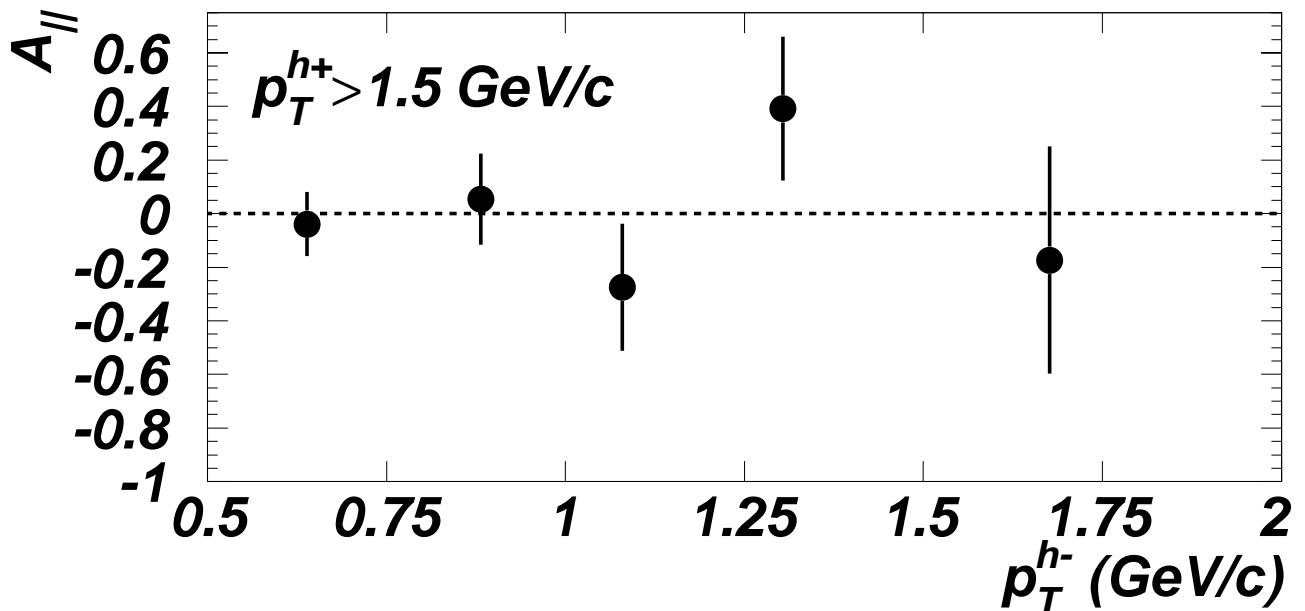
- projection for COMPASS

hep-ph/9710266



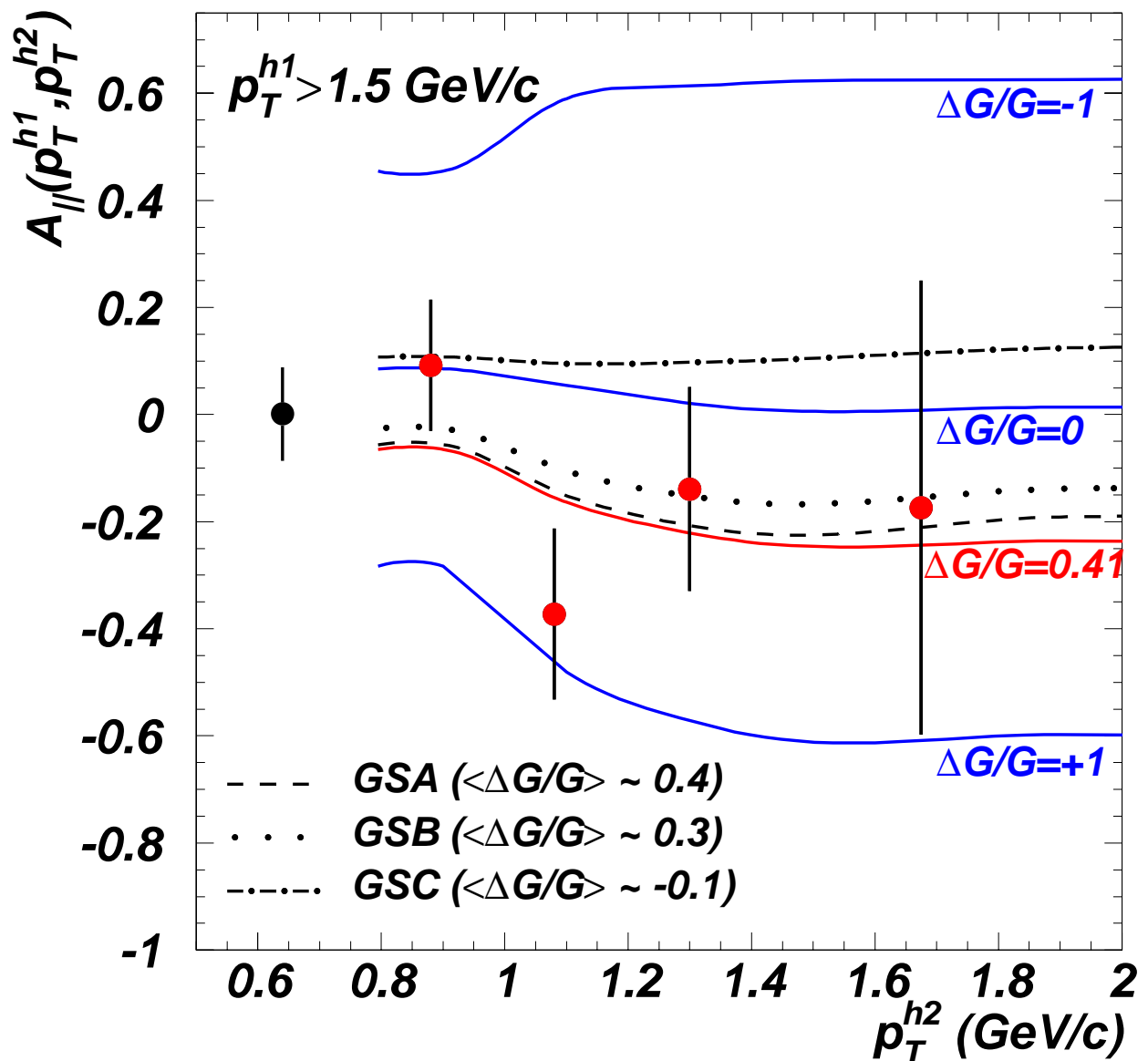
HERMES HIGH p_T HADRON PAIRS

- no effect for positive hadrons
- two points below zero at moderate p_T^2



HIGH p_T HADRON PAIRS

- Comparison for several gluon polarisations
- $\Delta g \neq 0$???????



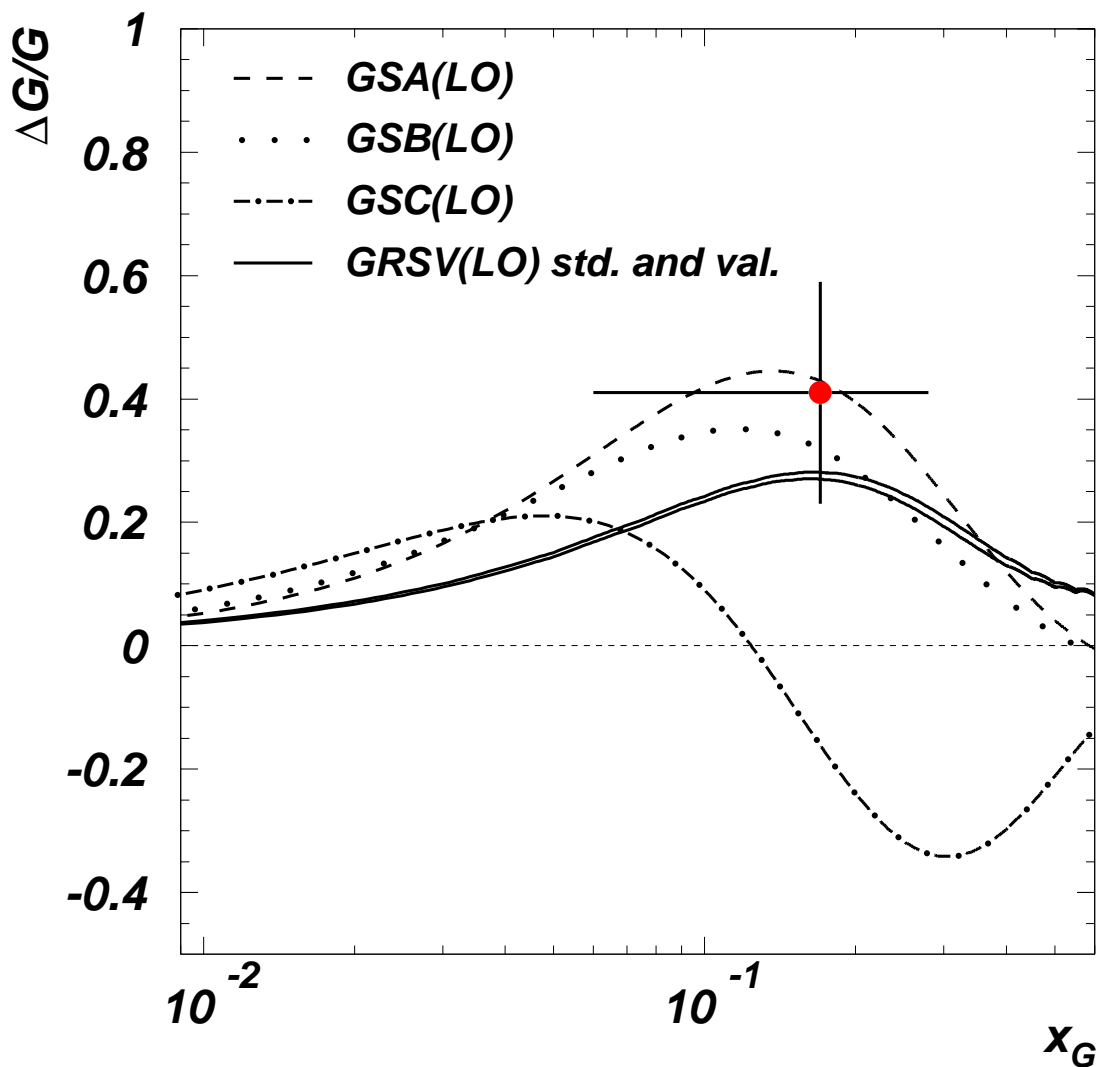
HIGH p_T HADRON PAIRS

- **Hermes conclusion:**

$$\Delta g/g = 0.41 \pm 0.18(\text{stat}) \pm 0.03(\text{syst exp})$$

$$\langle x_g \rangle = 0.17; \langle p_T^2 \rangle = 2.1 \text{ GeV}^2$$

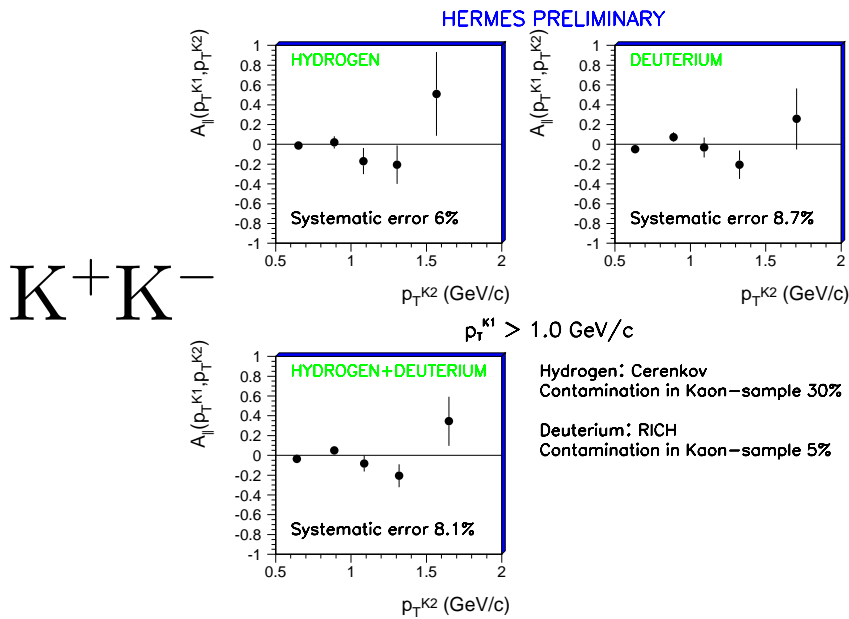
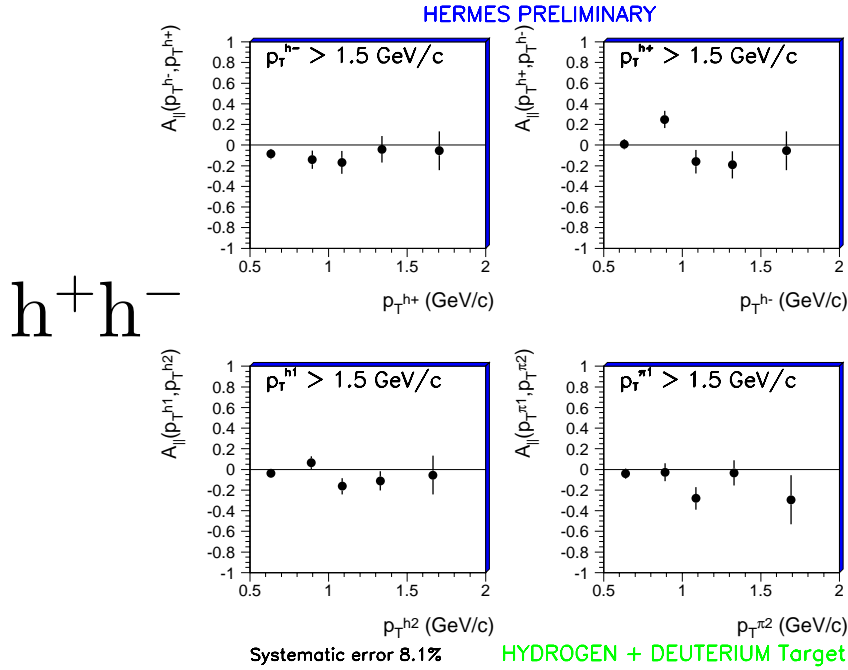
$$\int_{0.06}^{0.028} \frac{\Delta g}{g} g(x) dx \approx 0.6$$



PRL84(2000)2584

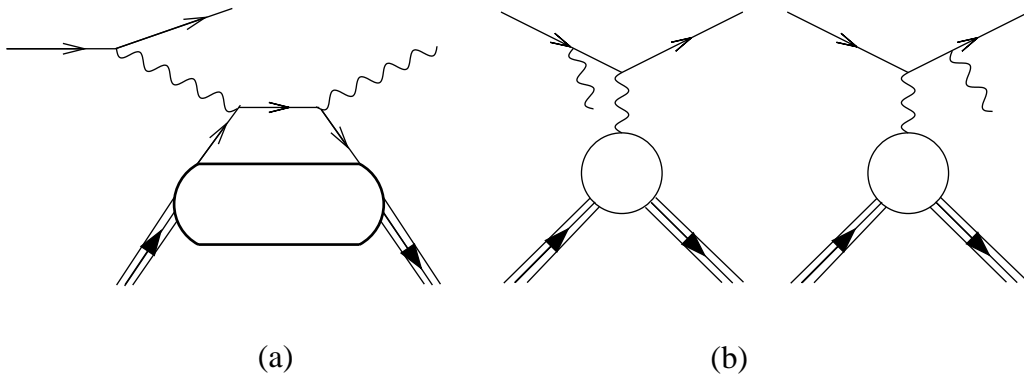
HIGH p_T h^+h^- & K^+K^- PAIRS

- Hermes preliminary 1996 – 2000



DVCS AND GPDs

- Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering
exclusive electroproduction of high energy γ
leaving nucleon intact $\ell N \rightarrow \ell' N \gamma$
- **Interference** with Bethe-Heitler process enhances its small amplitude



- **GPD's**, $H, E, \tilde{H}, \tilde{E}$ describe DVCS and exclusive vector and pseudo-scalar meson production
- **Ji's sumrule** related to orbital angular momentum

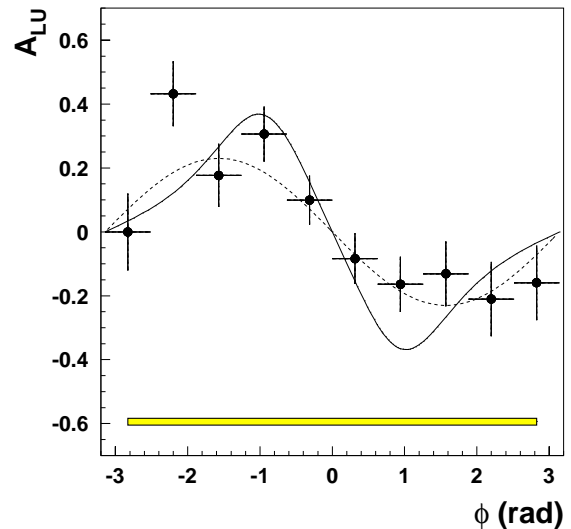
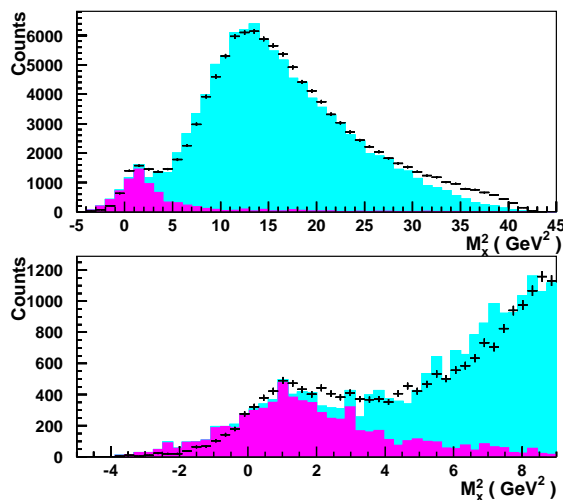
PRL78(1997)610

$$\int x dx [H(x, \Delta^2, \xi) + E(x, \Delta^2, \xi)] = 2J_q$$

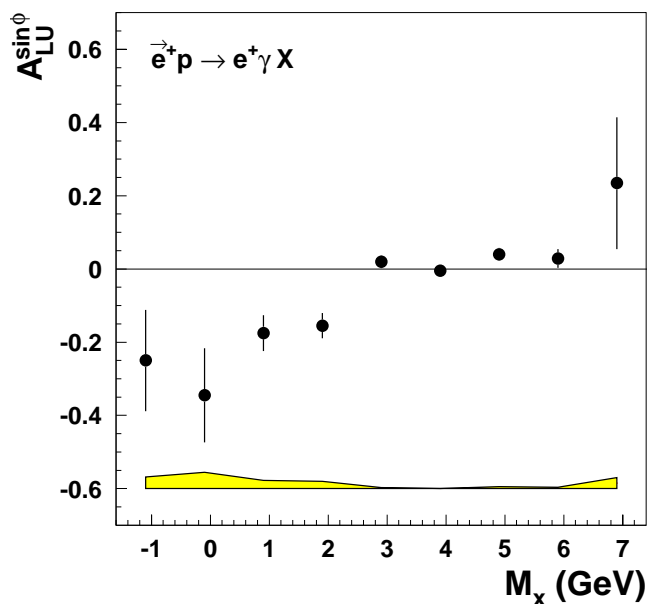
$$\text{for } \Delta^2 = -t \rightarrow 0$$

OBSERVATION OF DVCS

- **Hermes** beam spin asymmetry in M_p region
Missing mass spectrum and azimuthal distribution



- Extract $\sin(\phi)$ -moment, $A_{LU}^{\sin \phi} = \frac{2}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\sin \phi_i}{P_i}$

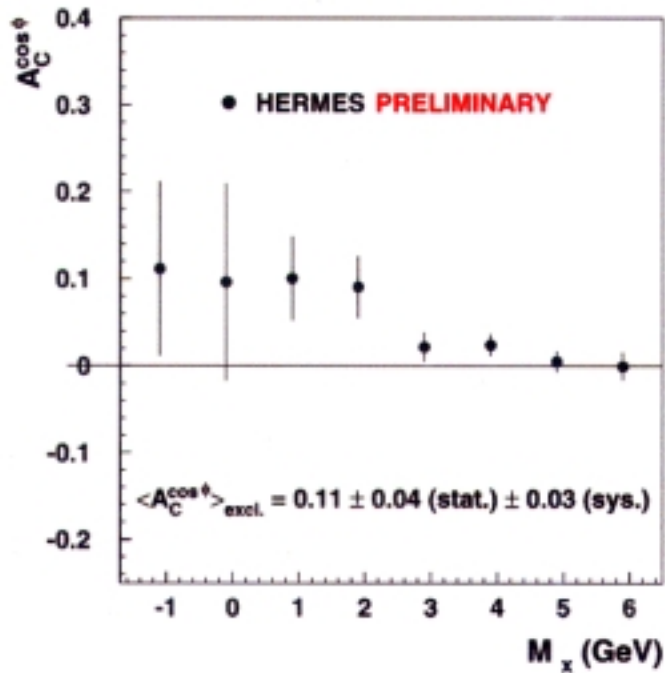
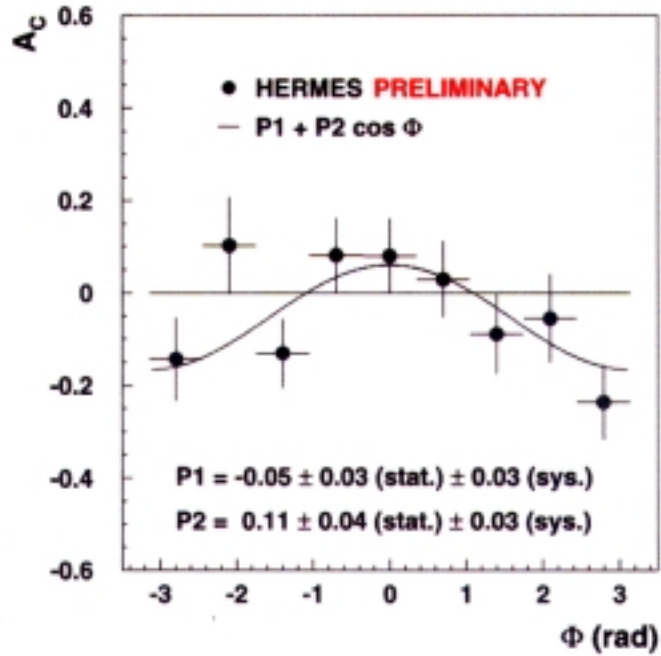


Hermes PRL87,182001

CLAS PRL87,182002



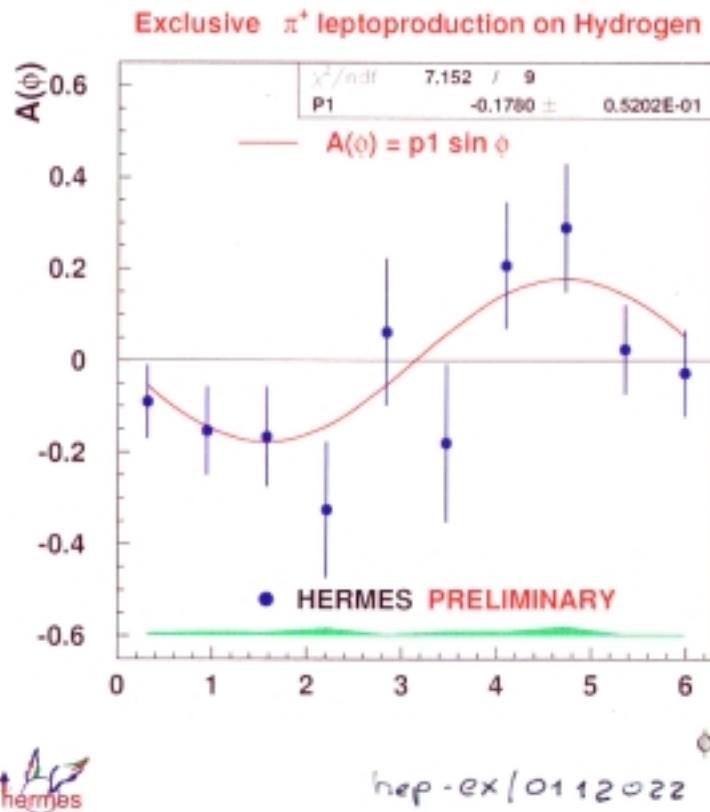
DVCS – charge asymmetry



K. Rith, Feb. 2002

Exclusive $e\vec{p} \rightarrow e'n\pi^+$

cross section asymmetry



$$A(\phi) = A_{UL}^{\sin \phi} \cdot \sin \phi$$

$\sin 2\phi$, $\cos \phi$, $\cos 2\phi$ moments
compatible with zero

$$A(\phi) = a \sin \phi + b \sin 2\phi + c \cos \phi + d \cos 2\phi$$

systematics:

- 5% on target polarisation
- 2% background correction

K. Rith, Feb. 2002

COMPASS AT CERN

Physics goals:

- with muon beam 100–190 GeV/c
 - ◇ $\Delta g/g$, gluon polarisation
open charm production: $D^0 \rightarrow K + \pi$
high p_T hadron pairs: h^+, h^-
 - ◇ Δq , flavour separation: Δq
 - ◇ h_1 , transversity
 - ◇ ΔD_q^Λ spin dependent fragmentation
 - ◇ g_1, g_2 , structure functions at small
- with hadron beams $\pi, K, p, 80\text{--}300$ GeV/c
 - ◇ polarisability of π and K, Primakoff
 - ◇ glue balls
 - ◇ charm decay

STATUS OF THE COMPASS EXPERIMENT (TRACKING)

1998 Start of **construction** at CERN

2000 First stage of **commissioning**, few detectors

2001 Complete **commissioning**, first **data taking**

Status tracking detectors:

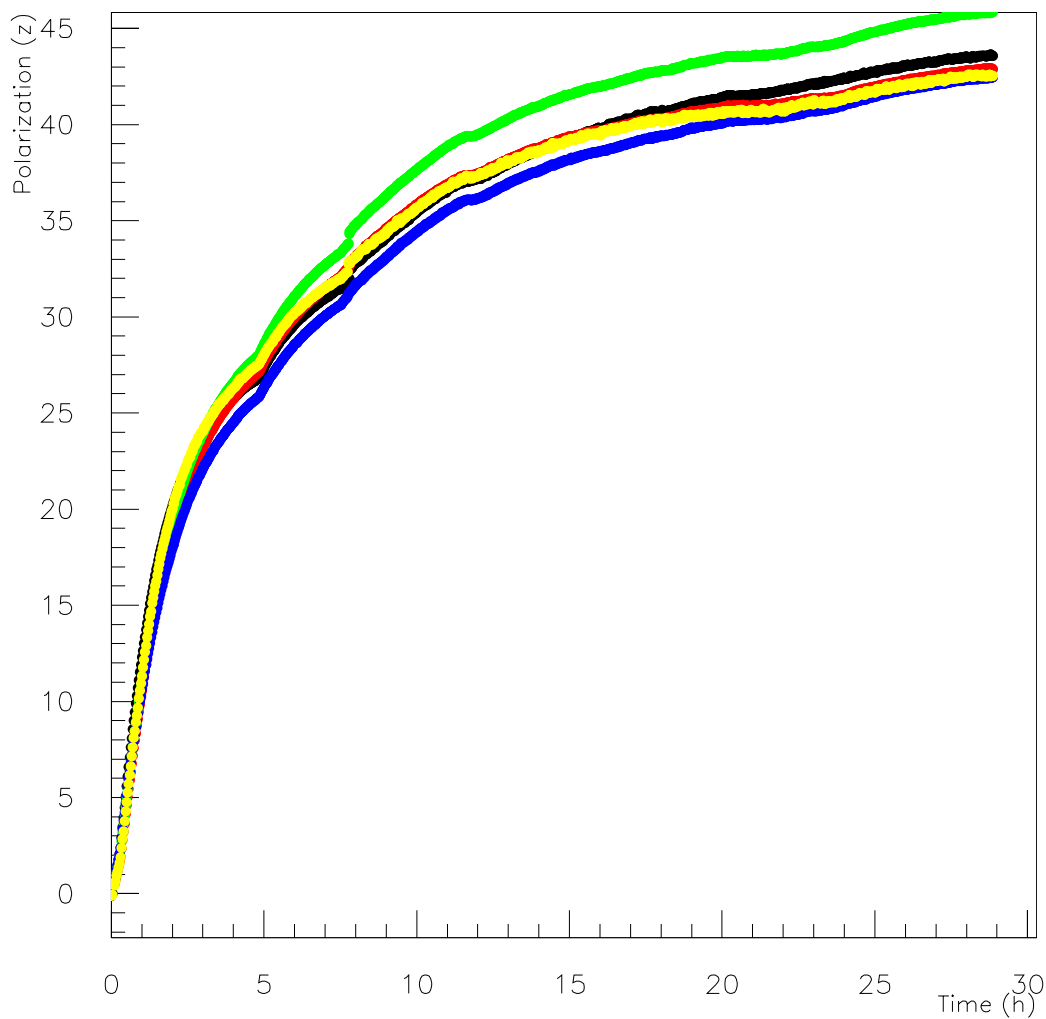
detector	# planes	fraction
SciFi	18	100 %
silicon	16	50 %
GEM	40	70 %
Micromegas	12	50 %
Drift	16	50 %
straws DL	15	27 %
MWPC	31	100 %
muon wall 1 DL [†]	8	10 %
muon wall 2 DL [†]	9	10 %

[†] prototype readout, inner muon identification by MWPC

Average: about 70 % operated in 2001!

POLARISATION BUILT-UP

- target material ${}^6\text{LiD}$ (${}^6\text{Li} = \alpha + \text{d}$)
- WR polarisations reached: $+57\%$, -49%
@ 2.5 Tesla field



COMPASS DATA TAKING 2001

- commissioning till Oct. 10
- smooth data taking for about two weeks with $2 \cdot 10^8$ muons/spill, 160 GeV
- complete 2001-detector
- 14 TByte of data with 30 kByte/event
- about 500 Mevents collected
- reconstruction started
- computing farm with 200 CPUs set up
- well on track for 2002 data taking: May 27 – Sep 10

SUMMARY

- Excellent data on DIS from p, d, n targets
- Good description by NLO QCD
however x, Q^2 range of data **too small**
- $\Delta g, \Delta s$ hardly constrained
- first glimpse on transversity h_1
- semi-inclusive DIS:
 $\Delta u, \Delta d$ well determined
 $\Delta \bar{q}$: $\Delta \bar{u} - \Delta \bar{d}, \Delta \bar{s}, \Delta s$ hardly constrained
- **GPDs**: we saw tip of iceberg!
GPDs cannot be mapped in full kinematic space
combinations and special values measurable
 \Rightarrow go exclusive
- new player **COMPASS** on track for 2002