

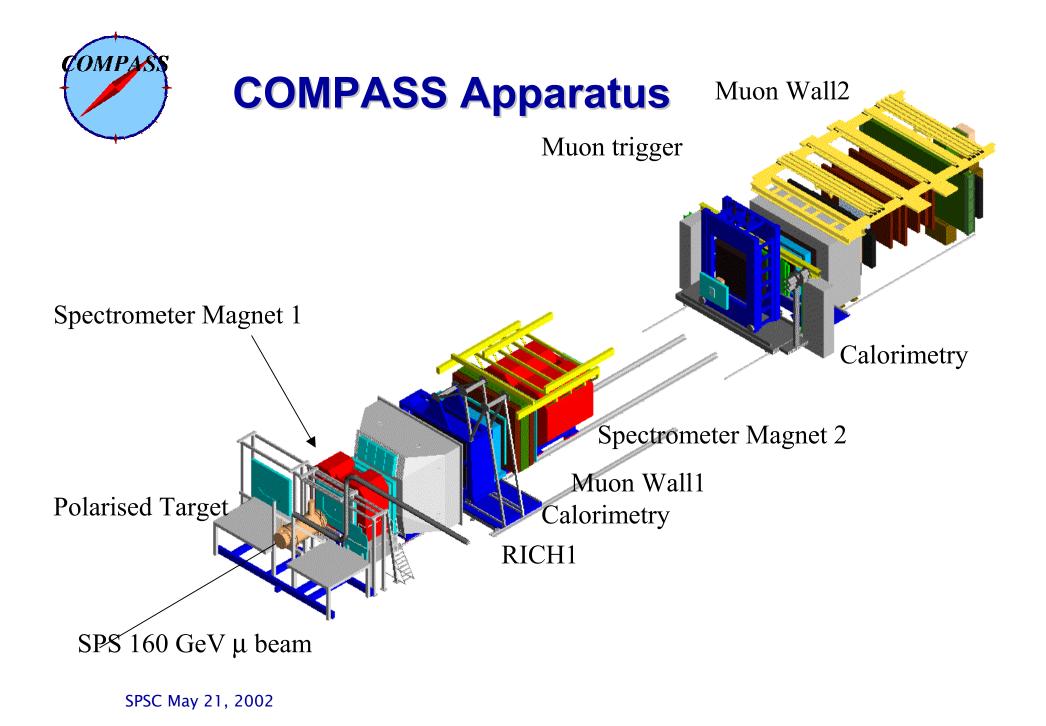
STATUS REPORT on the COMPASS EXPERIMENT

Franco BRADAMANTE Trieste University and INFN

On behalf of the COMPASS COLLABORATION

Bielefeld, Bochum, Bonn (ISKP), Bonn (PI), Burdwan and Calcutta, CERN, Dubna (LPP and LNP),Erlangen, Freiburg, Heidelberg, Helsinki, Mainz, Moscow (INR), Moscow (LPI), Moscow (State University), München (LMU), München (Technical University), Nagoya, Protvino, Saclay, Tel Aviv, Torino (University and INFN), Trieste (University and INFN), Warsaw (SINS), Warsaw (TU)

More than 200 physicists from 26 Institutes





ABSTRACT

YEAR 2001 RUN : SATISFACTORY

- all components installed, tested, and commissioned as foreseen in May 2001
- mention will be made of the performance of the novel detectors
- 30 TB of data collected

50% for detectors calibration and commissioning

50% of physics data, at the end of the period

- some analysis results

YEAR 2002 RUN: READY TO START WITH THE INITIAL LAYOUT

plus MW1 & MW2 electronics

large Q² triggering and tracking system in the SAS

MANY MORE DETECTORS AS COMPARED TO THE ONES WE HAD IN 2001

OUTLOOK



DETECTORS

- A QUICK LOOK IN THE EXPERIMENTAL HALL
 - the Large Angle Spectrometer (LAS)
 - ECAL1 frame
 - HCAL1
 - MW1
 - MW2
 - W45 in clean room
- PERFORMANCE OF THE DETECTORS IN THE YEAR 2001 RUN MENTION ONLY: PT

TRACKING DETECTORS: SciFi, Silicon

MicroMega's, GEM's MWPC, SDC1, STRAWS

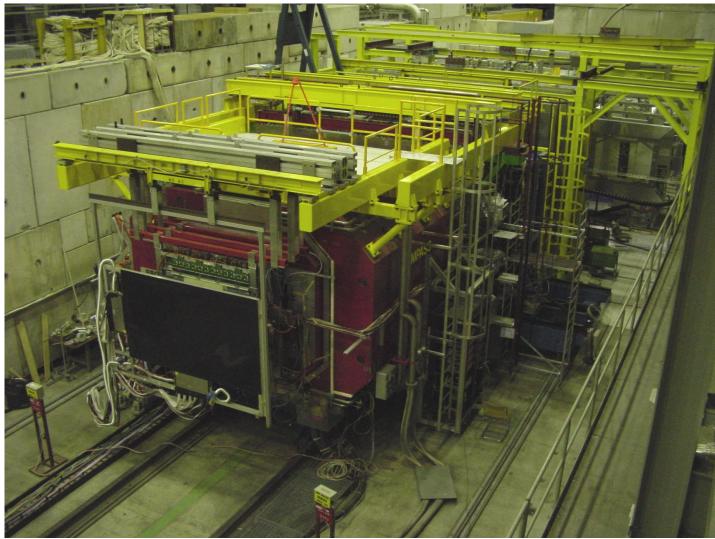
RICH1

for the full list, see SPSC-M-686, May 12, 2002

for a full description see the SPSC transparencies of S. Paul on May 2001



LAS + SM2 in the hall





ECAL1 frame



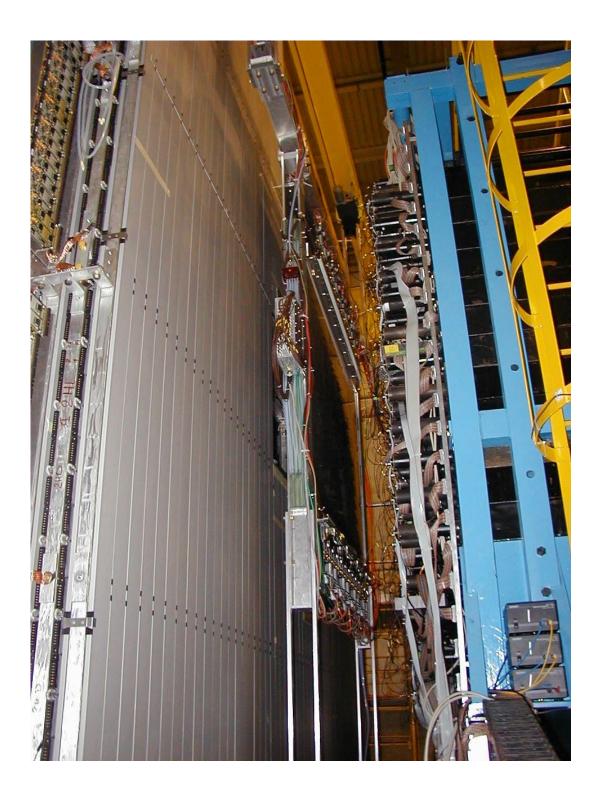






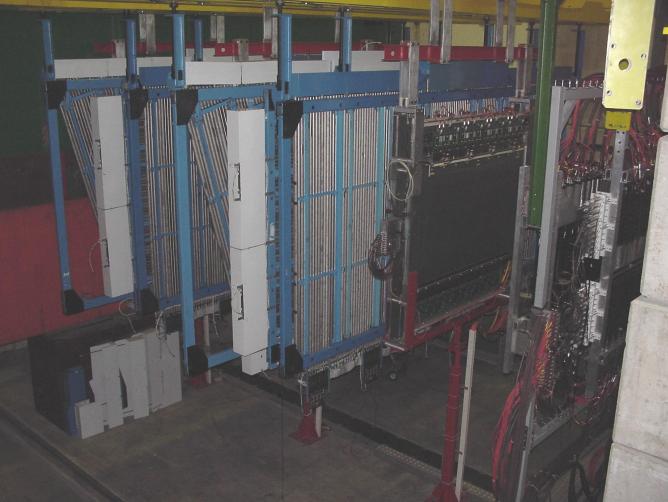


Muon Wall 1





Muon Wall 2





W45 in the clean room





2001 RUN

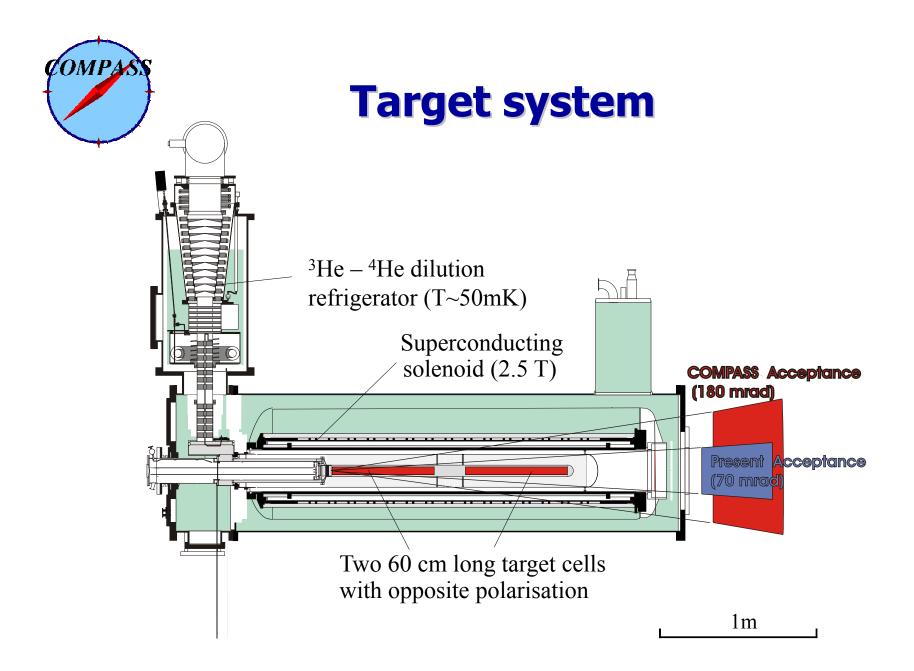
- All types of detectors on the floor
- Many systems fully commissioned
- Many novel detectors operated in nominal conditions (2 10⁸ μ/s)
- Tracking: half of the channels
- RICH1 fully equipped
- The polarized target hosted in the SMC magnet



Detector	Detail	2001	Remarks
Target	Magnet	SMC	new OIS magnet
			not delivered
	Material	^{6}LiD	
	Polarisation	+57 $-49%$	world record
BMS			ok
SciFi-Japan		4/4	ok
SciFi-D		8/8	ok
Silicon		2/4	about ok, see text
GEM		7/10	about ok, see text
Micromegas		6/12	ok
Driftchambers		1/2	ok
Straws		4/15 DL	3 ok
MWPC		15/15	ok
RICH1	mirrors	120/120	ok
	photon detectors	8/8	about ok, see text
	radiator gas	$50\% \ C_4 F_{10}$	topped up with N_2
MW1		100%	10% electronics
MW2		20%	10% electronics
HCAL1		100%	ok
HCAL2		100%	ok
Trigger	muon-scattering	100%	small Q^2
DAQ		50%	ok

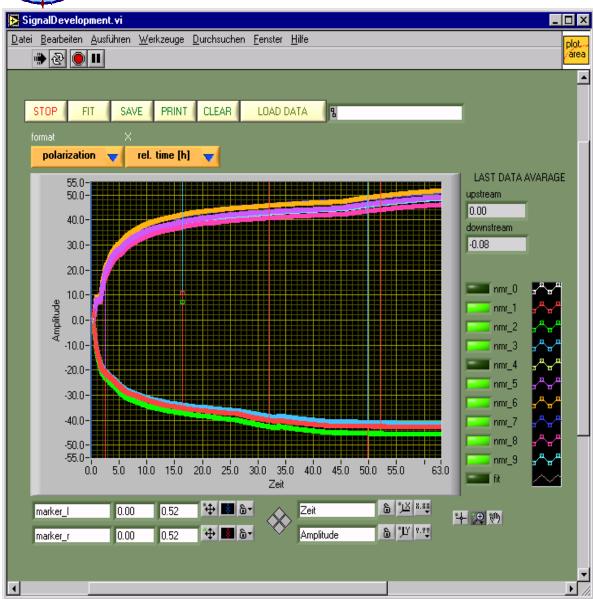
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Comparison of initial lay-out and 2001 apparatus





⁶LiD Target



Dynamic Nuclear Polarization

Dilution factor ~50%

Maximum P values

- 49% + 57%

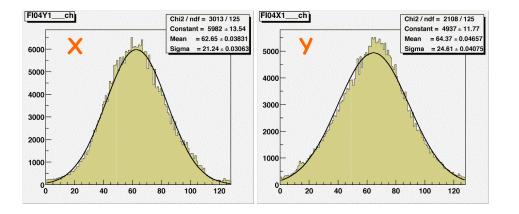
Spin relaxation time:

- -Longitudinal spin (2.5 T): too long to be measured
- -Transverse spin (0.5 T): >1000 hours



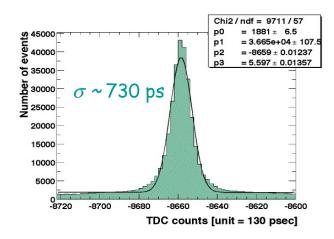
Scintillating Fiber Detectors

- 8 stations of scintillating fibers for tracking in the beam total of 18 coordinates, 3816 channels (1152+2x1132)
- fiber diameter 0.5 mm to 1 mm enormous rate capability: 5 MHz per fiber
- efficiency: typically 99%
 spatial resolution: 130 to 250 μm
- time resolution: 450 to 550 ps with TDC double precision mode additional improvement expected (350 ps)



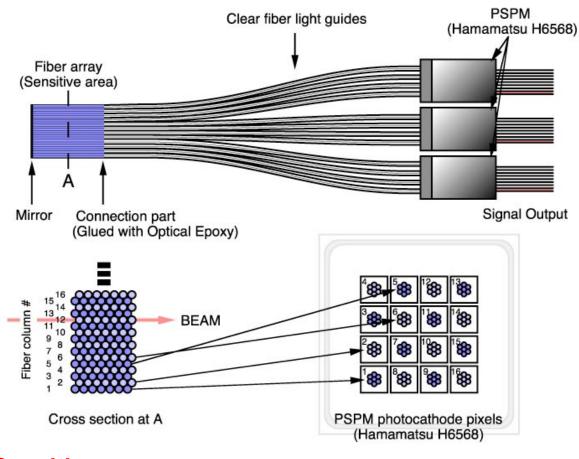
Beam profiles on SF4

time difference "SF1X -SF1Y" (time resolution SF1: $\sigma \sim 520$ ps)





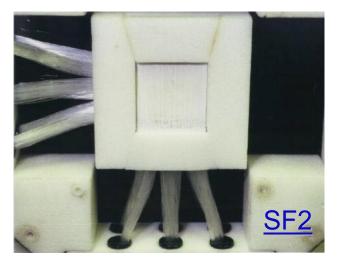
Japanese SciFi



Position-Sensitive

Photomultiplier (PSPM): H6568MOD (HAMAMATSU)

- 16 ch Multi-Anode
- Booster for <u>the last 4</u> <u>stages</u> of dynodes

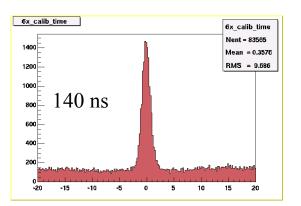


Sensitive area: 7-layers of Kuraray SCSF-78MJ 0.5 mm Ø

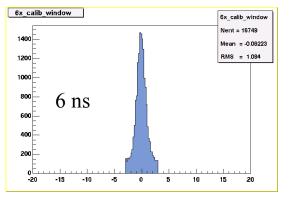


Station FI06 X – German SciFi

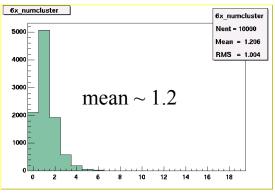
full time window



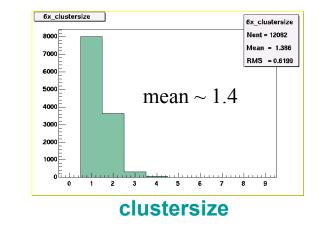
small time window

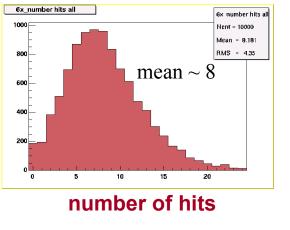


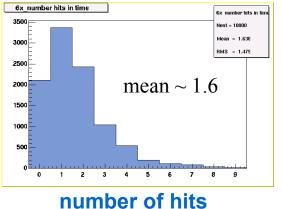
small time window



number of clusters



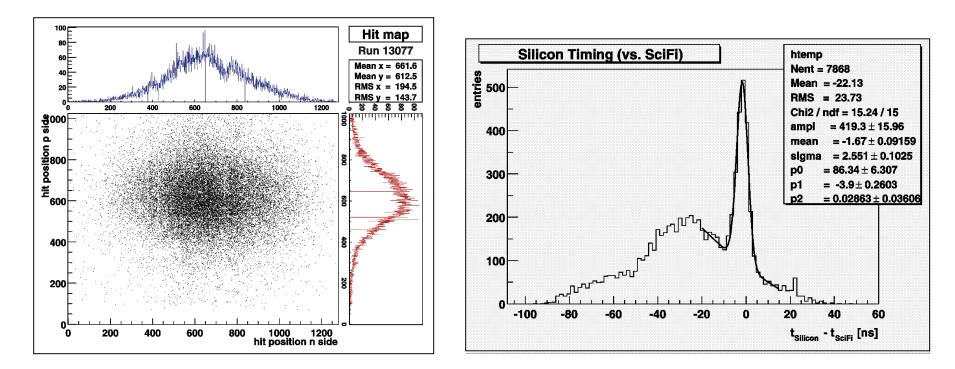






Silicon trackers

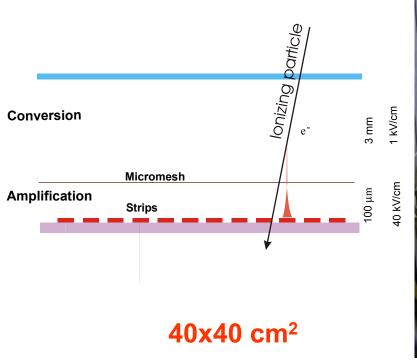
- 1 double sided silicon detector operated in 2001 (4 in 2002)
- strip pitch 50 μm
- dimensions 59.7x52.9 mm²
- time resolution 2.5 ns

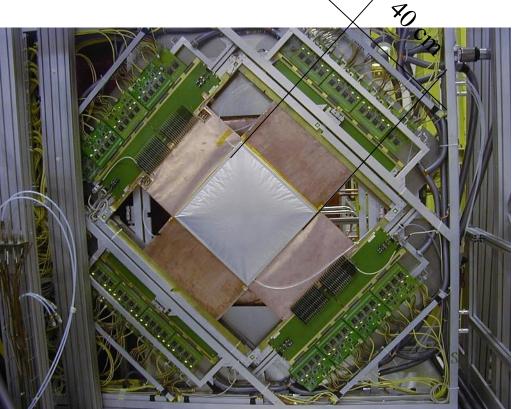




MicroMegas (Micro Mesh Gas Detectors)

Novel gaseous detector

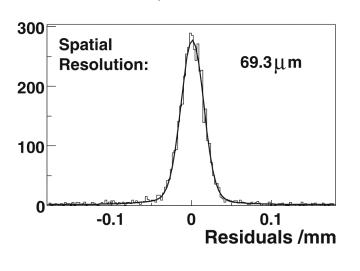






MicroMegas

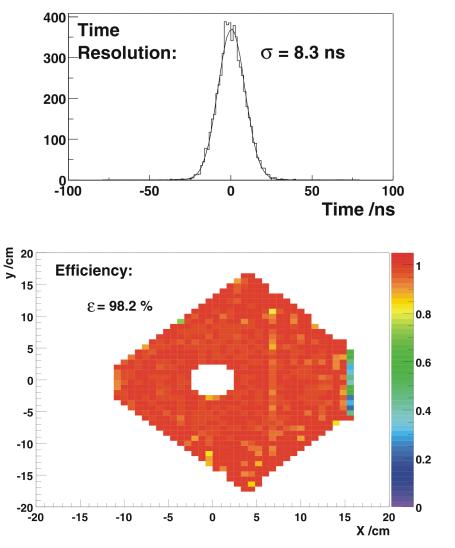
spatial resolution below 70 μm



efficiency larger than 97%

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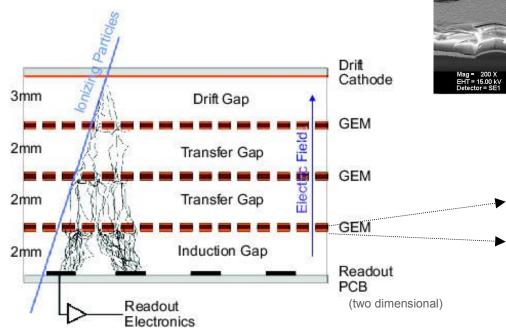
time resolution below 10 ns

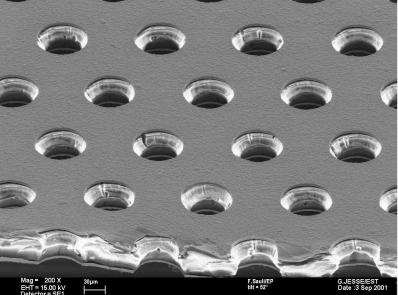


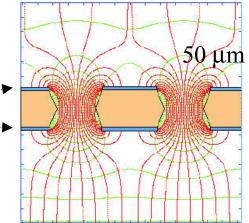




- novel gaseous detector
- efficiency ~ 96 97%



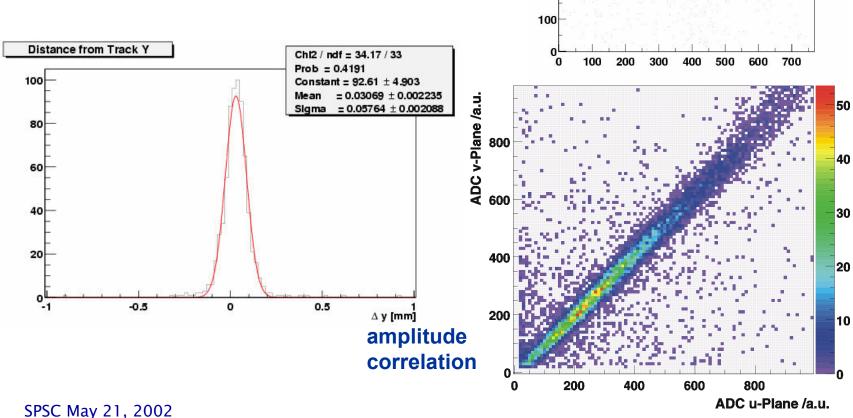








- two dimensional read-out
- spatial resolution ~60 μm
- time resolution ~ 15 ns
- deregulation of trigger timing in 2001



30 x 30 cm²

cdr05001-13198.root

GM01XY Hit map

700

600

500

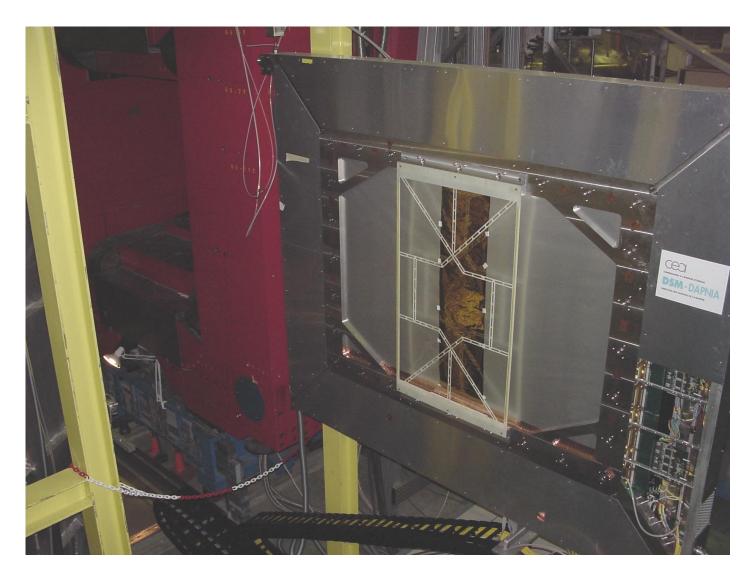
400

300

200



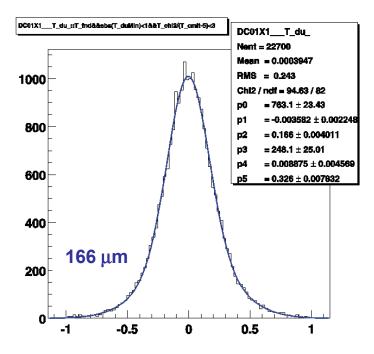
Saclay Drift Chamber (SDC)

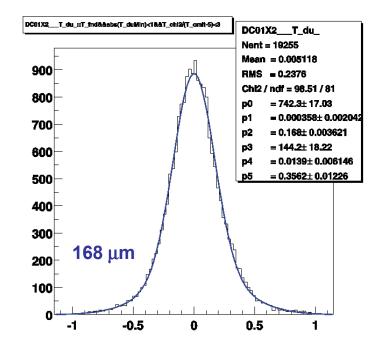




Saclay Drift Chamber (SDC)

- Large Area Tracking in SAS
- 1 chamber in 2001, 3 in 2002
- Each chamber provides 8 coordinates with resolution ~170 μm
- Efficiency 95 99.8 %





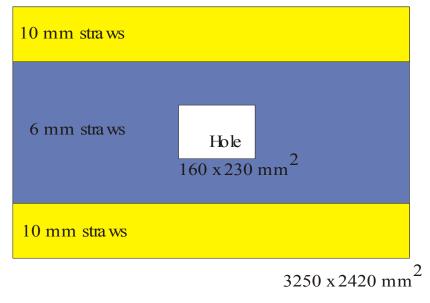




PROJECT IS ON TRACK

- 4 DL's commissioned in year 2001 (3 OK) efficiency 85 – 98% spatial resolution ~ 270 μm
- 6 more DL's presently at CERN
- production in Dubna has gone on smoothly finished by end of August
- gluing of protection gas windows ongoing in Hall 888
- 1 full module (6 DL's) being prepared



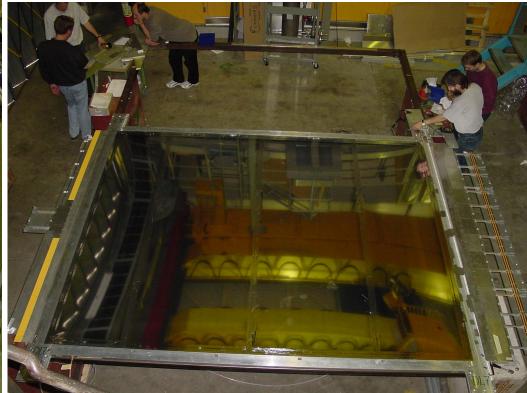




6 more Straw DL's at CERN



gluing of aluminized mylar foil





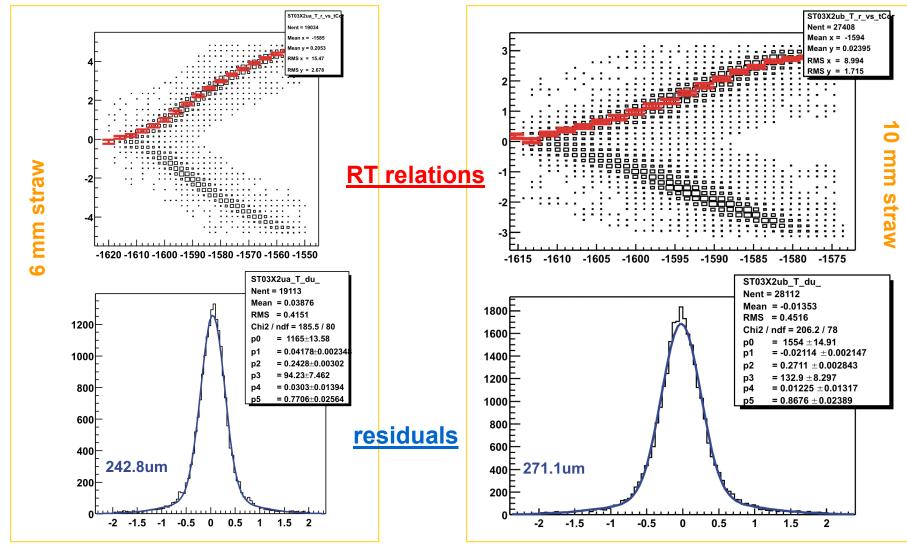
Assembly of first Straw Module (6 DL's)







STRAWs tracking results



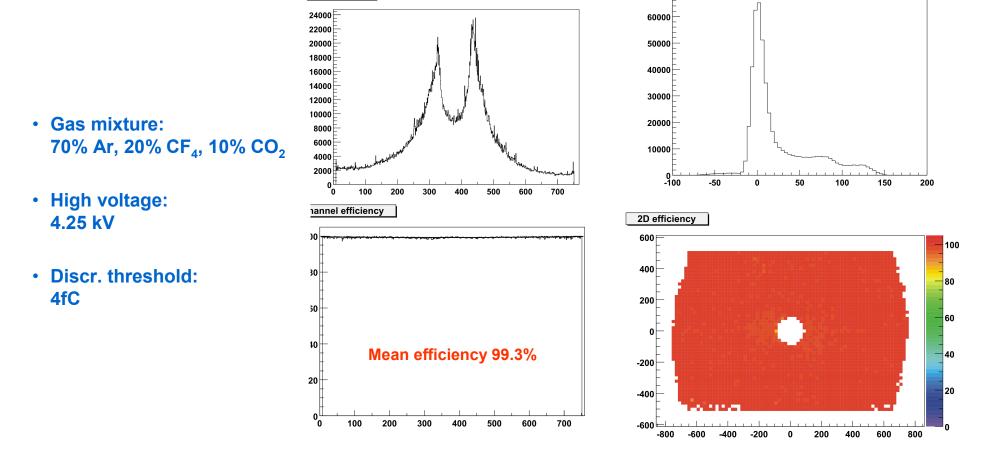


MWPCs

Hit timing

- Backbone tracking system in SAS
- 10 stations installed for a total of 31 planes

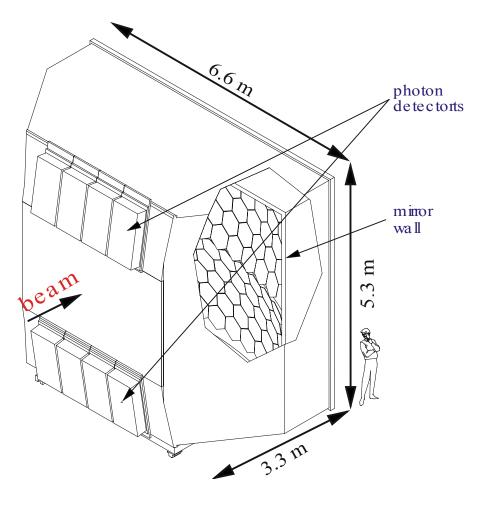
Hits profile





RICH1 Ring Imaging Cherenkov

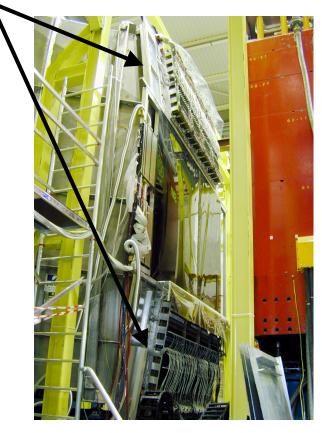
- 90 m³ (3 m C₄F₁₀)
- 116 mirrors (3.3 m focal length)
- 5.3 m² UV detectors
 - MWPC CsI photon-sensitive cathods
 - 8x8 mm² pads
- 84k channels
- p/K/ π separation up to 60 GeV





RUN 2001 – RICH1 FULLY INSTRUMENTED

Photon detectors (PD) : 5.3 m² of CsI MWPCs, 84,000 analogic read-out channels



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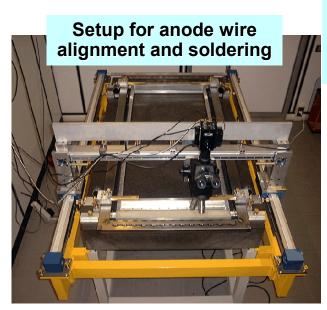


PDs electrical instability at high beam rate (6 over 8 PDs operated at 100-150 V lower than nominal HV)

Actions taken:

- hunting the technical problem: local wire defects.
- 4 refurbished wire planes
- 2 new wire planes (wire LUMAMETALL → OSRAM)

Status: PDs mounted again on RICH-1 vessel

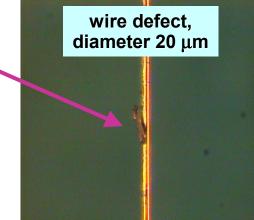


Csl photocathodes mounted with glove box



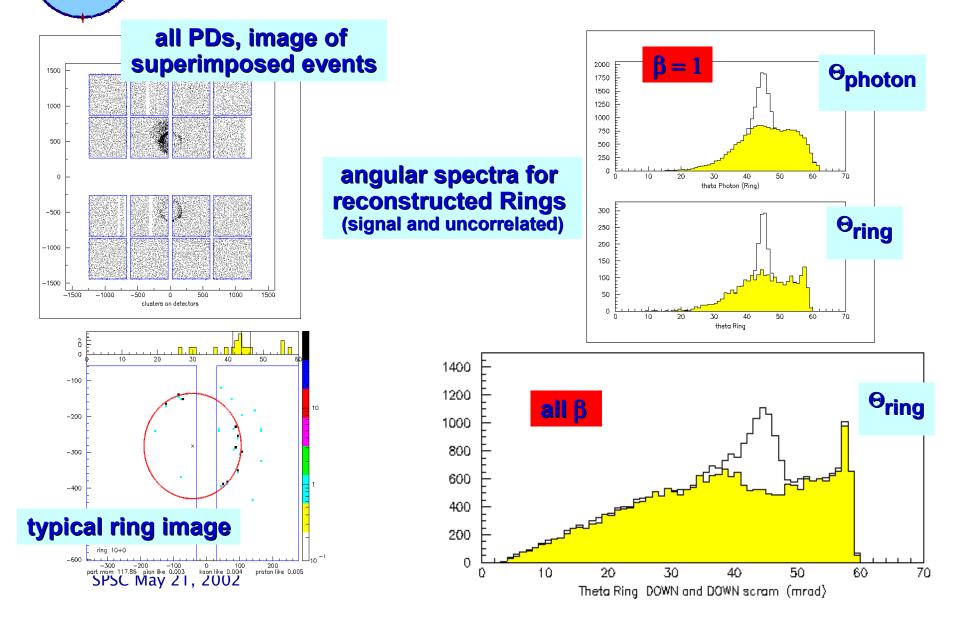
Photon detectors mounted On RICH-1 vessel





RICH1 – 2001 DATA

OMPA



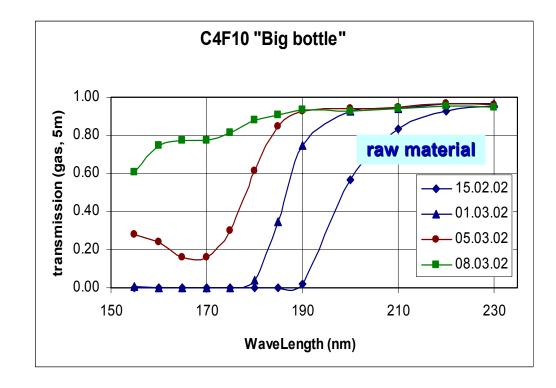


new C₄F₁₀ delivery, 570 Kg

better quality, polluting contamination:

mainly water

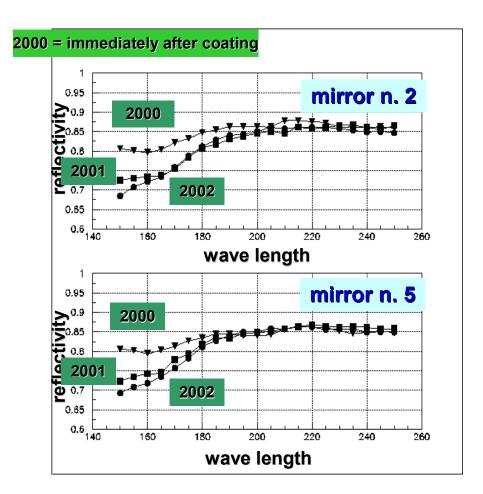
- new pre-cleaning installation:
 - cleaning in gas phase





RICH1 – MIRROR WALL

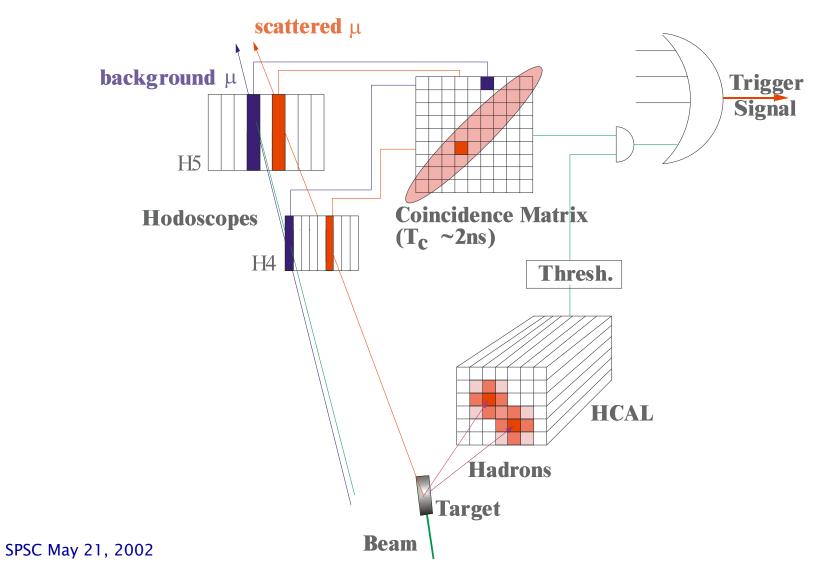
reflectance of 2 test mirrors measured after 2 years in RICH1 vessel: no degradation above 165 nm

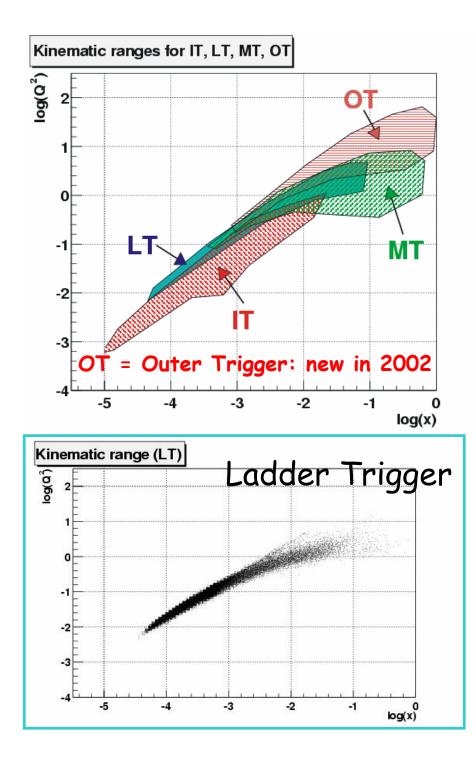




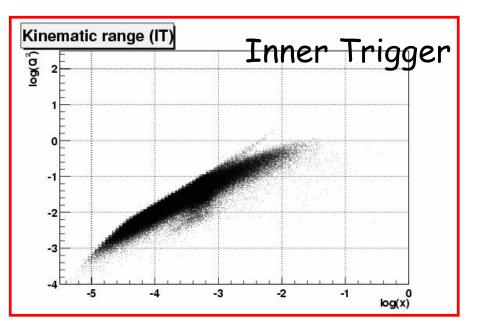
Trigger concept

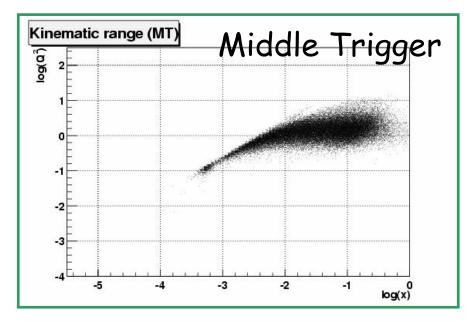
Trigger: (H4 * H5) * (HCAL1 v HCAL2)





Trigger







DAQ and ONLINE

FEATURES

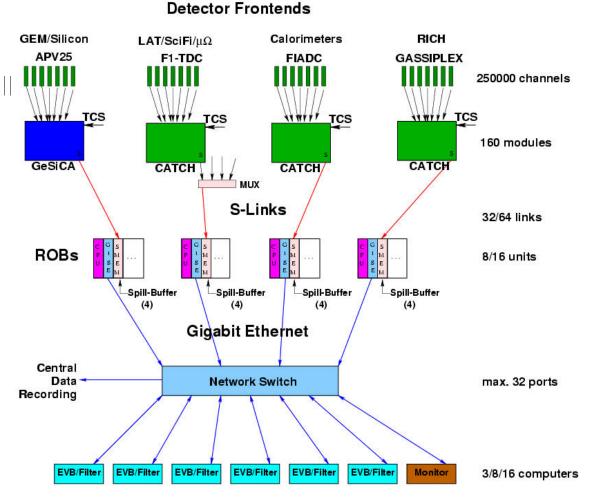
- Pipelined readout architecture
- Data transfer via S-Link
- Buffering of burst (SPS duty cycle ~30%)
- Network eventbuilding

REQUIREMENTS AND PERFORMANCES

- Total number of channels 250k
- Trigger rates 5 50 kHz
- Event size ~ 30kB
- Data rates 0.6 6 GB/SPS spill

SOFTWARE

- ALICE DATE
- ROOT (COOOL)



DAQ Computers

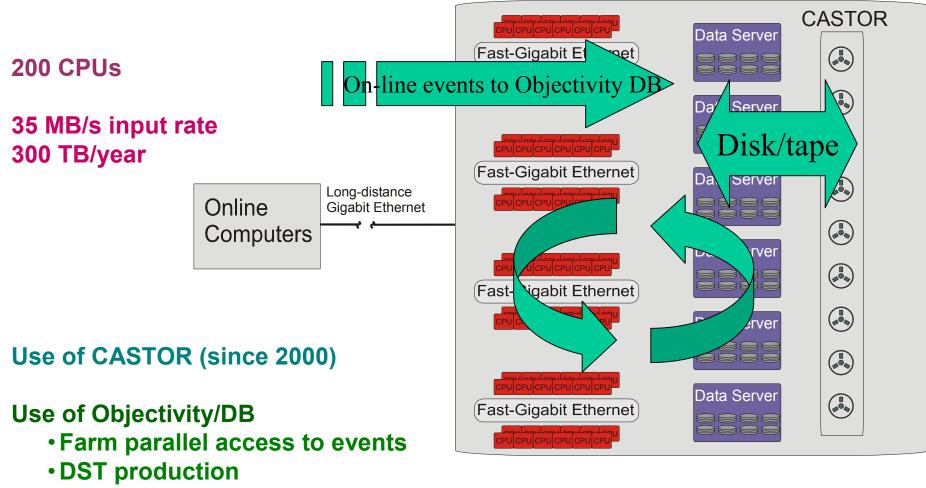


DAQ upgrade in 2002

	2000	2001	2002
Eventbuilders	3	8	12
Readout Buffers	8	16	16
Spill Buffers	28	60	64
CATCH	20	112	143
Switch	1x3 9300	3x3C 4900	4x3COM
	12 ports	24 ports	48 ports
Trigger/spill	10 k	10-20 k	20 k
Data/event	< 5kB	< 20 kB	~ 30 kB
Max Rate	10 MB/s	40 MB/s	40 MB/s



COMPASS Computing Farm

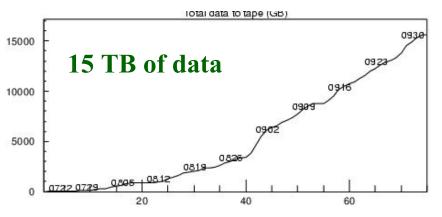


RAW-DST connection without data duplication



Data Recording: 2001 data taking

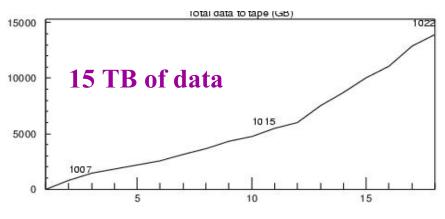
Beg. Jul \rightarrow Beg. Oct



Setting up period

- new detectors put in place and commissioned
- on-line system fully commissioned
- first look to the data
 - Debugging
 - Alignment
 - Calibrations

Smooth data taking



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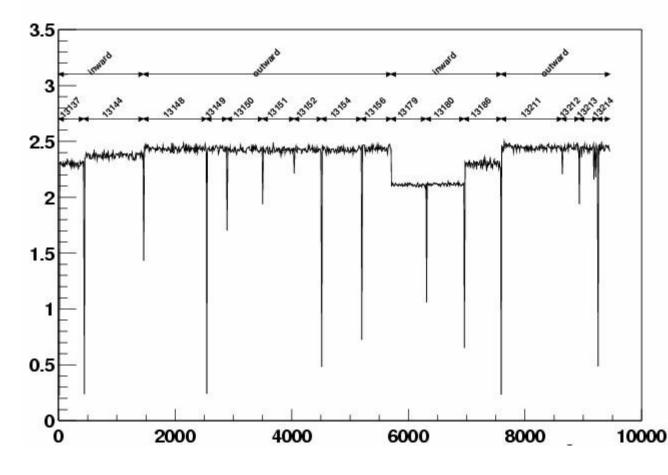
- Two weeks "smooth data taking"
 - event size close to nominal (30 kB)
 - event rate close to nominal (35 MB/s)



- ON GOING
- HINTS ON
 - DST production
 - Event display
 - Vertex rexonstruction
 - $-~\rho,\, K^{0},\,\Lambda$ signals and mass resolution



DST production

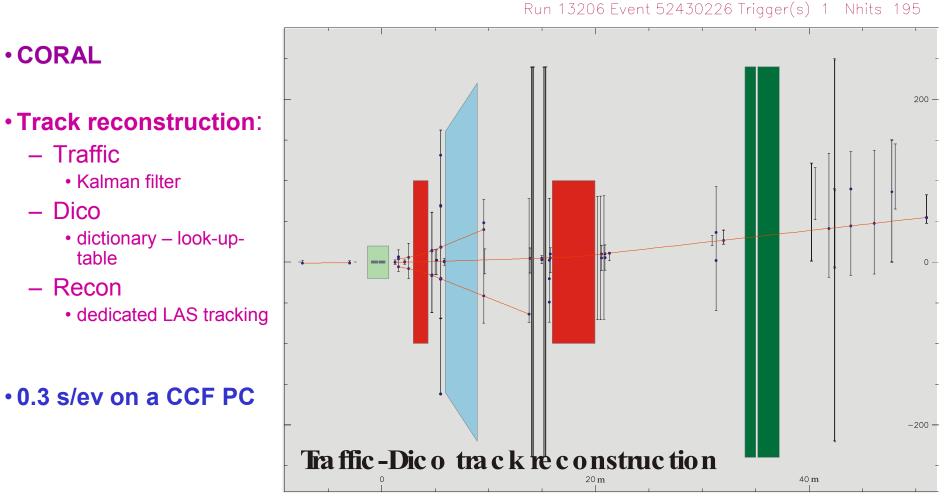


Primary vertex mean multiplicity vs data block

- Few days of data analyzed (20%)
- Still improving the reconstruction code, calibrations etc.
- Multiple reprocessing of the best data so far



Event display (2001 data)

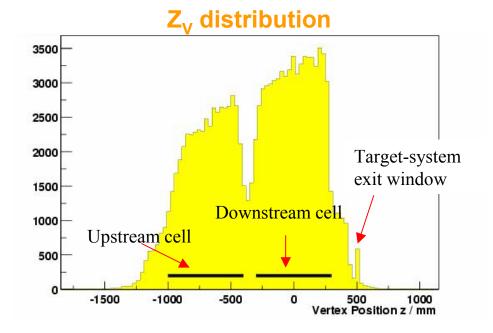




Primary vertex reconstruction

Primary vertex

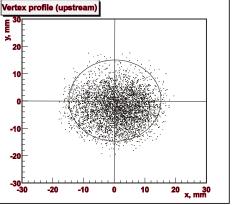
- 1 beam particle •
- 1 triggered ٠
- at least one additional track •

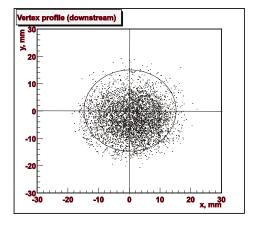


 $Y_v vs X_v$ in the upstream and downstream target cells

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y, mm

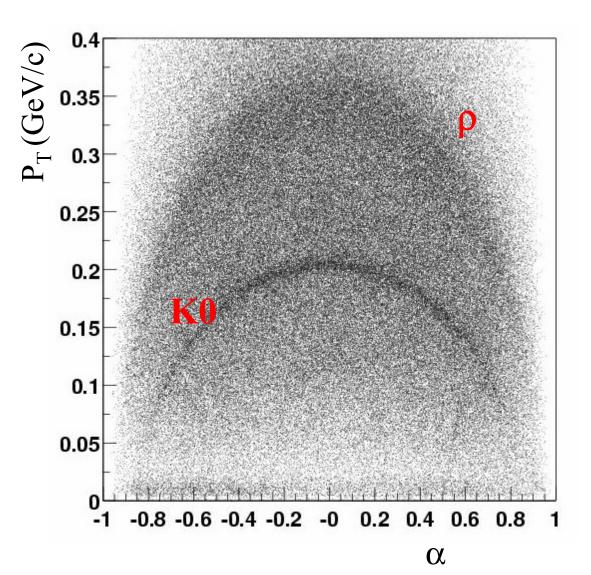






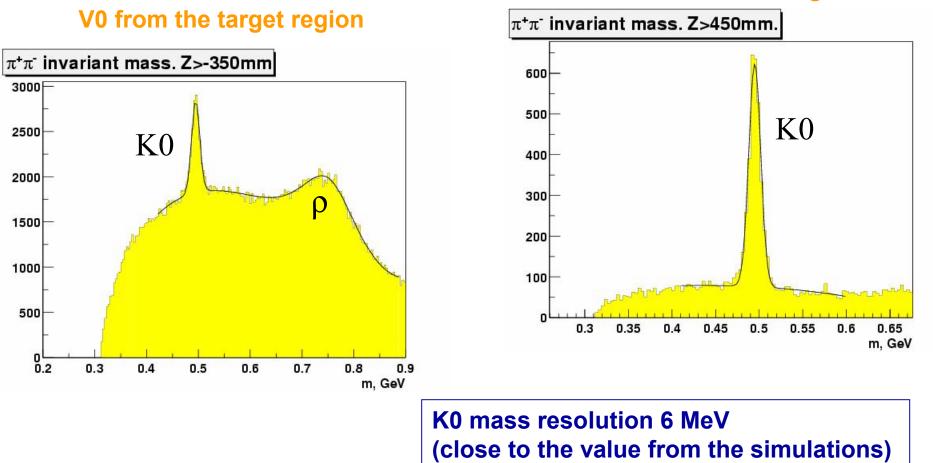
Secondary vertices

Armenteros plot of the V0s reconstructed in the target region

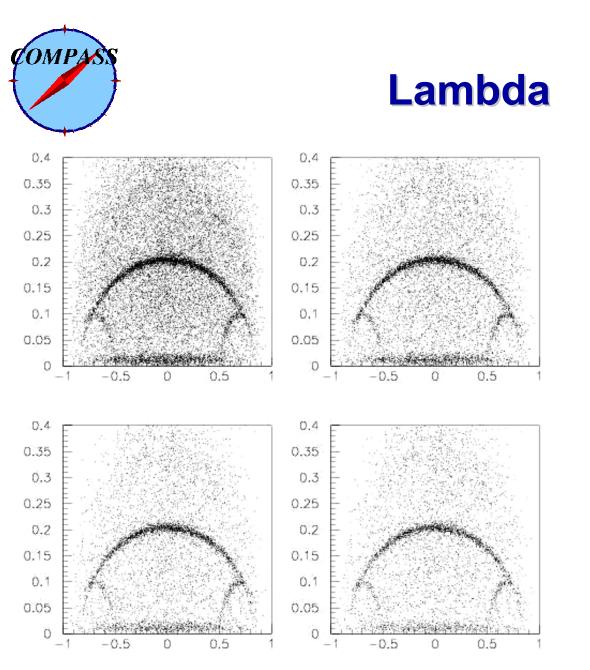




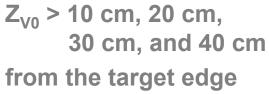
K0 and ρ

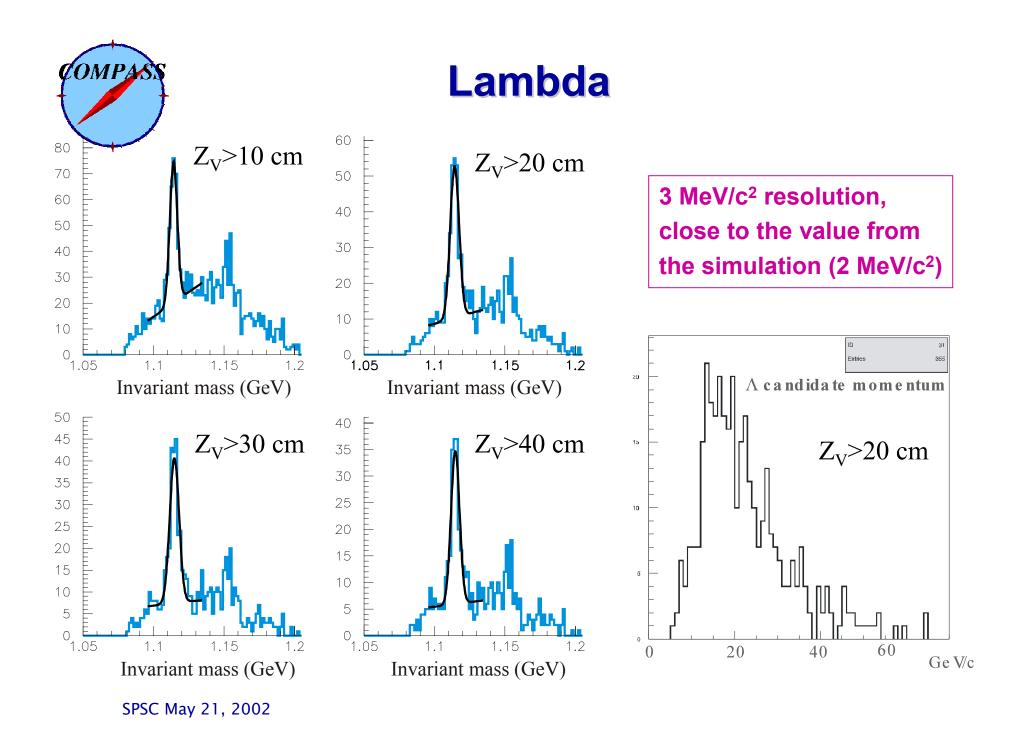


V0 outside the target



Armenteros plots outside the target volume







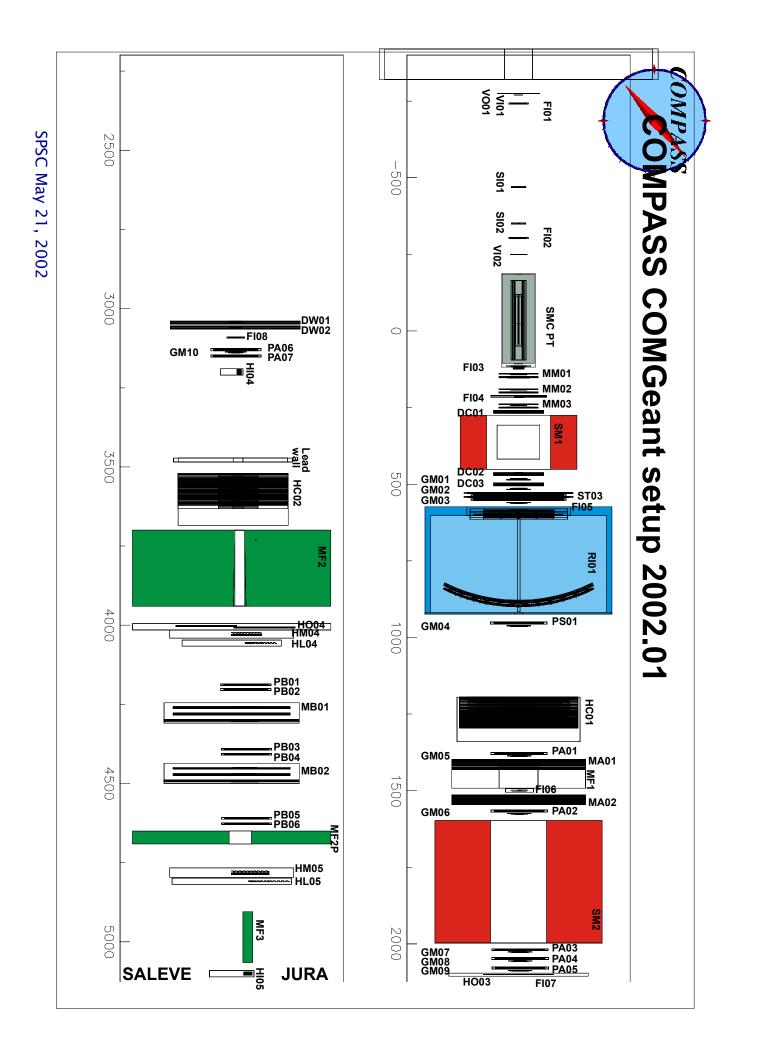
SET-UP for 2002

INITIAL SET-UP

WITH SOME REARRANGEMENTS

- TRACKING BETWEEN PT and SM1
 - 3 MicroMega's stations (4 planes each)
 - 1 SDC
- TRACKING BETWEEN SM1 and RICH1
 - 2 SDC
 - 1 Straw Module (6 DL's)
- MUON WALLS fully instrumented
- PLUS LARGE Q² (~50 GeV²)
 - H3 H4 Hodoscopes
 - DW01 DW02 large area drift chambers
 - (5.2x2.8 m², former W45 in SMC, with new COMPASS read-out)

AND THE SMC PT MAGNET





COMPASS MAGNET

- AGREEMENT has been reached with OXFORD INSTRUMENTS on the termination of the present magnet project, and the COMPASS Collaboration is taking over the responsibility for the completion of the magnet system.
- Several options for the completion of the COMPASS Magnet are under investigation (to which OIS might contribute).
- For the year 2002 run the SMC PT Magnet will still be used. The implications on the muon physics program were detailed in our Memo of Oct. 26, 2001



Ratio of effective acceptances for OIS and SMC target solenoids

Channel	Energy (GeV)	Evaluation	SMC/OIS accept.
$D^{0}(D^{0})$	100	raw evts.	0.57
		weighted evts.	0.46
	160	raw evts.	0.76
		weighted evts.	0.67
D*	100	raw evts.	0.36
		weighted evts.	0.44
	160	raw evts.	0.64
		weighted evts.	0.65
high P _t	160	raw evts.	0.76
semi-inclusive	100	x ≤ 0.03	<u>~ 1.0</u>
longitudinal target pol	•	$x \simeq 0.2$	0.54
semi-inclusive	100	x = 0.05 0.15	0.73
transverse target pol.		x = 0.45 0.55	0.23
	160	x = 0.05 0.15	0.76
		x = 0.45 0.55	0.28
polarisation	160	$\mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{F}} < 0$	0.5
		$\mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{F}} > 0$	0.98
inclusive DIS	100	$x = 0.5; Q^2 = 30 \text{ GeV}^2$	1.0
		$x = 0.5; Q^2 = 50 \text{ GeV}^2$	$\simeq 0.5$
	160	$x = 0.5; Q^2 = 50 \text{ GeV}^2$	1.0
		$x = 0.5; Q^2 = 100 \text{ GeV}^2$	<i>∼</i> 0.65

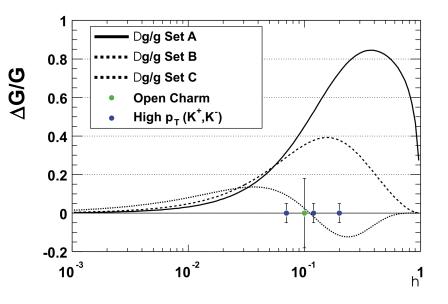


Projected results

Statistical accuracy after 80 days of ⁶LiD data taking with 160 GeV muons and SMC magnet

Open Charm Production

- low systematic error
- 16k reconstructed charm events
 - $\rightarrow \delta(\Delta G/G)_{st} \sim 0.18$
- one data point at < η > ~ 0.1
- High p_T hadrons
 - Compton background
 - low statistical error
 - <η> reconstructed: three data points 0.04 < η < 0.2





IN 2002 ~ 100 DAYS OF RUNNING \rightarrow FULLY FOCUSED ON MUON RUNNING

Running time effectively reduced by a factor of two

THE INITIAL LAYOUT IS COMPLETED (WITH ADDITIONS) THE SPECTROMETER WORKS

detectors, DAQ, off-line are all state-of-the-art DATA LOOK GOOD EXCELLENT PERSPECTIVES BUT WE NEED BEAM TIME

COMPLETION OF THE SPECTROMETER RICH2 & calorimetry some tracking & triggering system upgrade of DAQ

--- ONGOING ----